"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.

Fair to-day; unsettled, warmer Sunday; moderate north to east winds.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,334. * * * NEW YORK, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1910.—SIXTEEN PAGES. and Section Devoted to Review of Books. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

ROBIN TAKES POISON ON WAY TO COURT

Swallows a Dozen Hyoscamine Tablets in Auto, but Stomach Pump Saves Him.

NOW IN BELLEVUE PRISON

No Report Yet on His Mental Condition and None on the Outlook for Depositors in Closed Banks.

Joseph G. Robin, who is accused of having looted two banks and caused the closing of an insurance company, attempted to commit suicide yesterday afternoon when he found himself compelled to face arraignment in General Sessions. He managed to obtain a box of hyoscamine tablets and took twelve of them just before it was time for him to start downtown from the home of his sister, Dr. Louise Robinovitch, at 28 West 126th Street.

He collapsed in the Detective Bureau of the Criminal Court, and prompt measures had to be taken to relieve him. William Travers Jerome, his counsel, and Dr. Austin Flint, his physician, reported to Judge Crain that it was impossible for him to appear at present, and his arraignment was postponed. Robin was removed first to the hospital in the Tombs, and from there to the prison ward in Bellevue Hospital. There he will stay till he is sufficiently recovered to appear in court.

Robin did not take sufficient poison, it was said yesterday, to endanger his life, but the particular drug is slow in its action, and he will be ill for some days. No report has yet been made as to his mental condition, as the alienists who were sent to see him on Thursday afternoon merely passed on his physical condition.

Tracing Bank Peculations.

Neither the Banking nor the Insurance Departments was ready yesterday to tell what the examination of the books of the Northern and Washington Savings Banks and of the Rochester Title and Guarantee Company had brought forth. Both Supts. Hotchkiss and Cheney were out of town, and the examiners continued their work of unraveling the accounts. The sale of the Aetna Indemnity Company, on which an option expiring Thursday afternoon had been granted to a strong financial interest, has fallen through, and until the present tangle with the Robin companies has been straightened out it is not thought likely that any buyer will come forward.

Robin passed Thursday night at the home of his sister. He was technically in the charge of Lieut. Detective Bernard Flood of District Attorney Whitman's staff, who was posted in the house, but not in the prisoner's room to prevent his escape. Isidore Kresel, partner of ex-District Attorney Jerome, also was in attendance as the counsel of the prisoner. Robin was actually under the care of Dr. Louise Robinovitch, his sister, and a trained nurse, and it was said early yesterday morning that though he seemed in somewhat better physical condition than on Thursday he was still much troubled by gallstones and kidney affection.

Dr. William Mabon, of the Manhattan State Hospital on Ward's Island, who represented the District Attorney, and Dr. Austin Flint, retained by the defence, came to the District Attorney's office in the course of the morning and reported that as a result of their examination, which had not extended into the mental aspects of the case, the prisoner was quite able to appear in court and plead to the indictment charging him with grand larceny for the theft of $80,000. They declared that they had spent two hours in a thorough examination of the prisoner, and in spite of the kidney and gallstone trouble thought him fit to come to court.

In the absence of District Attorney Whitman it was then arranged by Assistant District Attorney Nott that Robin should be arraigned before Judge Crain in Special Sessions in the afternoon.

Went to Court in His Auto.

Robin traveled to the courts in his own automobile, in which he had made his dash through New Jersey on Wednesday morning. He was escorted by Detectives Flood and Leigh and was accompanied by his sister. As he stepped across the sidewalk from his house, clad in a long tan ulster and cap, he walked very slowly leaning on a cane, but there was nothing about him even then to show that he had already swallowed a big dose of poison. He appeared to be an invalid, but it was known that he had been ill for days and he had quite recovered his self-possession and lost the nervousness which had been so marked while he waited in the waiting room of the Erie Railroad in Jersey City on Wednesday.

On the way downtown he gave the first sign of the poison. He had a sinking spell, but had revived sufficiently at the Criminal Courts Building to alight with the assistance of his sister, and made his way into the elevator. As he was carried up, however, his strength rapidly failed him, and it was all Dr. Rabinovitch could do to encourage him to stagger across the narrow hallway outside the District Attorney's office to the Detective Bureau. There he sank in a chair and gave way completely.

His condition was so serious that the detectives suspected there was something more the matter with him than mere fainting spells resulting from his recent illness. He was breathing rapidly, his face was flushed, and his eyes were dilated. As he tried to rise from his chair he staggered and almost fell and appeared to be again on the verge of collapse. Word was send to Assistant District Attorney Nott to come at once, and he came in with Mr. Kresel.

A message was sent across to the Tombs Hospital telling Dr. McGuire to come at once and bring a stomach pump, and a call was sent in for an ambulance from the Hudson Street Hospital.

Dr. Flint was already in the building and as he felt Robin's pulse he found that it was very weak and recorded 160 beats to the minute. When he asked the prisoner what he had taken, Robin turned to his sister and said:

"I'm a dead man. I'm dying. I've taken poison."

Dr. McGuire and Dr. Hock of the Hudson Street Hospital at once began to work over him, and as he began to revive he told them that he had managed while his nurse had left his room for a minute to get possession of a box containing twelve tablets with 1-112 grain of hyoscamine in each and had swallowed them. They had been made up by the prescription of his sister to act as an antidote to the morphine which he had been forced to take in order to dull the pain of the gallstones and kidney trouble.

Poison Dose Not Fatal.

This relieved the fears of the doctors somewhat as a dose of one-tenth of a grain of hyoscamine was not likely to be fatal. It is, however, a drug with a slow action, and in Robin's enfeebled condition after a severe illness its effects might be very serious. He was removed to District Attorney Whitman's office, and there for fifteen minutes the stomach

Continued on Page 2.

DEWEY'S WINES FOR NEW YEAR'S
Champagnes, Wines or Grape Juice.
H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 138 Fulton St., N.Y.
—Adv.

PINCHOT SEEKS WOMEN'S AID

Hopes to Show That Conservation Means Economy in the Household.

In an effort to hitch the housewife's electric washing machine to the Pinchot propaganda against capitalists in search of power sites, the Conservationists are now going to have a magazine with a liberal "woman's section."

Thomas R. Shipp, Secretary of the National Conservation Association, says that since womankind's next great emancipation is going to be from kitchen drugery through the use of electric inventions, the need to be on guard against monopolistic overcharges for electric current is peculiarly her own.

The campaign will be conducted not only through the magazine, but through all associations of women who can be interested. Alice Bennett, a member of the Women's National Rivers and Harbors Association, has charge of the propaganda in this city. She pledged the Women's Trade Union League to her cause yesterday, and stated that she has an appointment to present it to Mrs. William Cumming Story, President of the Women's Republican Club, next Thursday.

Miss Bennett, who has just returned from a conference with the Conservationists in Washington, asserted that they are unanimous in the belief that President Taft's threats, made through Attorney General Wickersham, to "break the General Electric Company," are merely meant to throw dust in the eyes of the public while the most valuable power sites in the country are quietly turned over to the interests who are in control of the General Electric Company. She insisted that three bills up for action before this session will accomplish the result, and it is upon these bills that she wishes to concentrate the opposition of all organization women in the country.

A display of electric appliances which can be made of use in the household with cheap current will be maintained in Washington as part of the Conservationist programme.

CEILING FALLS AT LECTURE.

Six Hurt and Audience Thrown Into Confusion at Educational Alliance.

An audience of about 700 men and women in the auditorium of the Educational Alliance Building, at East Broadway and Jefferson Street, was thrown into a panic last night when a section of the heavy cement ceiling fell in. Four men and two women seated near the stage were cut and bruised and were attended by a physician from Gouverneur Hospital. Another woman fainted as the crowd surged to the doors. She had to be carried from the building.

A lecture was being given in the hall at the time on the Hebrew holiday, Chanuka, and the lecturer, Mr. Maslansky, had just got well started when the crash came. Persons in every part of the hall jumped to their feet and pushed their way to the exits, fearing the entire ceiling would tumble down on them. The cries of those who were hurt added to the excitement.

In the meantime some one had sent in a call for an ambulance to Gouverneur Hospital, and when it came clanging along the street a big crowd collected outside the building. The incident brought the lecture to an end, as none of those who were safely outside would venture into the auditorium again.

REWARD FOR SOLIS'S CAPTURE

Panic-Stricken Rich Men of Camaguey Offer $10,000.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Dec. 30.—Congressman Arteaga of Camaguey Province has called on President Gomez to tell him that the whole Ciego de Avila region is panic stricken by the proceedings of the brigand Solis, and that several wealthy men have offered $10,000 for the outlaw's capture.

It is still uncertain whether Solis has killed the boy whose ransom money he failed to get. The rurales have not succeeded so far in picking up the trail they lost the day after Christmas.

TWO DAYS OF COLD DUE.

Storm Warnings Up from Florida to Maine—42 Below Zero in Winnipeg.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Cold and storm throughout most of the country will prevail during the next forty-eight hours, according to the United States Weather Bureau forecast. From Florida to Maine along the Atlantic Coast storm warnings are up. In the Northwest the mercury is falling, 20 degrees below zero being recorded in Duluth, Minn., and Devil's Lake, N. D.

These conditions, the Weather Bureau declared, are due to the passage northward of the storm that has been centred in the South. From the Appalachian Range to the Rocky Mountains the mercury is falling steadily, conditions being aggravated by another storm that is brewing in the extreme Northwest.

In Winnipeg, Manitoba, the thermometer stands at 42 degrees below zero.

A cold wave, born of a storm in the South, struck New York yesterday noon and nipped the noses of those in the street. Until late at night the wind blew with a velocity of forty-eight miles an hour. The temperature was 19 degrees above zero at 10:15 o'clock last night. The temperature may go down to 15 or 16 degrees to-day, with fair skies; but to-morrow will prove unsettled and warmer.

PHOTOGRAPHS NEW STAR.

Discovery of the Rev. T. E. Estin Observed by Prof. Pickering of Harvard.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Dec. 30.—A new star, discovered recently by the Rev. T. E. Estin of Waisingham, England, in the constellation Lacerta, in the northwest, half way between zenith and horizon, announcement of which reached this country to-day, was observed and photographed to-night by Prof. Edward C. Pickering and his assistants in the Harvard observatory. The star is now of the seventh magnitude and is losing strength.

Following the announcement of the discovery the Harvard astronomers overhauled their photographs of the past few months. It was found that the star did not appear in the heavens on Nov. 16, but that it was there on Nov. 23, from which time to Dec. 7 it was of a magnitude of 5.5.

It was possible to observe it with the naked eye during its first appearance, the astronomers said, but that at the present time a field glass is needed to distinguish it.

The photographs of the star and its spectrum taken to-night show eleven well-marked bright lines.

Mr. L. H. Van Cleft announces that one of the attractions for New Year's Eve at the Cadillac Restaurants, Times Sq., will be the automobile room.—Adv.

BATHTUB MEN'S PLEA FOR CLEMENCY FAILS

Department of Justice to Insist on Jail Sentence if They Are Convicted.

THEY PROPOSED COMPROMISE

Would Consent to Civil Injunction if the Government Was Satisfied with Fines in the Criminal Cases.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The new phase of trust busting afforded by the sight of indicted violators of the Sherman law appealing to the Government for clemency varied the routine of the Department of Justice to-day.

The representatives of the so-called Bathtub Trust visited the department to obtain if possible an agreement on behalf of their clients by which they could go into court, plead nolle contendere, and take their chances of the court imposing fines and not jail sentence. The errand was fruitless.

Counsel for the Government positively refused to-day to discuss the cases or what occurred in the conference. The greatest secrecy was observed in regard to the whole matter, many officials at the Department of Justice denying that any conference took place. It can be stated on high authority, however, that the indicted trust officials did not improve their case at all by making the appeal. They were told that the Department of Justice had no authority to discuss leniency in a criminal case where there was no necessity to do so to obtain evidence of a crime having been committed. The testimony taken by the Government in the criminal case is complete.

The Government counsel declined to go into any discussion of the matter and the counsel for the defendants left the department assured that the case would proceed to trial without any agreement looking to clemency being made.

The offer of compromise said to have been tendered by the visiting lawyers was in effect that the Standard Sanitary Manufacturing Company and other defendants in the civil action should appear before the United States Circuit Court at Baltimore and consent to the permanent injunction the Government asks, if the Government would be satisfied with fines and no jail sentences in the criminal action. It was pointed out that an effectual dissolution of the offensive combination the Government charges would be effected if the injunction were agreed to.

The Department of Justice, however, thinks the combination is as good as dissolved. This week it learned that four concerns in the combination sent out notices to the trade that they were no longer parties to the alleged price-fixing agreement.

The recent declaration of Attorney General Wickersham, following the window glass trust case in Pittsburg, that he would insist on prison sentences in all future convictions in anti-trust cases was the answer to the second proposition.

The conference was participated in by Assistant Attorney General Kenyon, Special Attorney Edwin P. Grosvenor of the Department of Justice, Frank H. Watson, United States District Attorney for the Eastern District of Michigan; John C. Rose, United States District Attorney for Maryland; Rush Taggart, the well-known corporation lawyer of New York, and Leo Butzel of Detroit. Mr. Taggart and Mr. Butzel are counsel for the trust officials.

In all there are thirty-seven individuals under indictment, with personal bonds amounting to $4,000 in each case, and fourteen corporations for violations of the trust law. In each case there are two indictments of ten counts each. Four counts of each indictment charge conspiracy in violation of the anti-trust law, four charge combination in restraint of trade, and two charge monopoly.

There are civil suits as well as the criminal, the former being for the purpose of dissolving the trust. The bill for the civil suit was filed in the District Court of Maryland before Judge Thomas J. Morris. The Government has completed the work of taking testimony in the civil cases, but the defendants will be given several weeks in which to prepare their evidence in defense.

The criminal suits were instituted in Detroit before Judge Henry H. Swan in the United States District Court for Eastern Michigan. The reason for the indictments being sought in that State is that the meetings of the various trust officials, for the purpose of preparing their schedules of prices for the different sections of the country, with a view to controlling the trade, were held in Mount Clemens, Mich. The Government has very complete evidence of the acts constituting the crimes alleged, and it is the expectation of its counsel that they will secure sentences of from one to four years imprisonment in a Federal penitentiary.

The criminal case will be tried probably some time in March. The defendants will have their hearing on Jan. 4 and plead to the indictments. After that there will be an interval of a few days in which they will have the opportunity to move to quash the indictments or to demur, and then in due time the case will come on for trial. It is not now certain that Judge Swan will try the case, as he is entitled to retire from the bench on Jan. 26 after ten years' service. It is expected that on account of his health he will announce his intention to retire probably before he would be able to try the "Bath Tub" case. What Judge, therefore, will sit in the trial is uncertain.

It is known that the Government cannot always be confident that a Federal Judge will regard violations of the anti-trust law as being in the same category as other crimes seemingly more heinous, and it is not impossible, despite the hopes of counsel, that the Government will be disappointed, and may see the defendants in this case go free, with nominal fines as was the case in the trial of the members of the Imperial Glass Company, when each indicted man was fined $500 and the company $2,500, and no jail sentences were imposed.

The Government seeks real punishment in all the pending trust cases, and apparently, from all that can be learned through the various department officials, the Attorney General has defined a policy in all these prosecutions which will be adhered to. It is easily recognized that the members of the Bath Tub Trust concern, embracing in the aggregate $60,000,000 of capital, and manufacturing an output of from $16,000,000 to $20,000,000 annually, would be glad to pay almost any conceivably reasonable fine to escape imprisonment.

But Mr. Wickersham learned a bitter lesson from the flagrant and defiant conduct of the members of the Window Glass Trust in openly assessing the fines paid by them upon their employes. He regards this as an act of refined cruelty, and one that shows how defiant of the rights of individuals trusts can be. He is convinced that nothing short of actual personal physical punishment can ever be relied on to make the law a terror to evildoers.

He did not take part in the conference to-day, being at home at work on his argument in the Standard Oil and Tobacco Trust cases, which will soon come on for hearing in the Supreme Court. It is very doubtful if the Attorney General would have participated in this conference or will participate in any others for the purpose of securing clemency for indicted trust heads. He rests his refusal to consider appeals for leniency on the general ground that there cannot be any reason why one trust more than another should expect to receive clemency. If one set of violators of the law are so treated, many others will be encouraged to expect the same remission.

PINEHURST-CAMDEN-FLORIDA
Best and quickest service via Seaboard Air Line Ry. Office 1,183 Broadway.—Adv.

SEAMSTRESS HAS WRITTEN A NOVEL.

Marguerite Andoux's book received a big prize in France for a story written in her spare time. Read of it in **To-morrow's Sunday Times.**

600 REPORTED DEAD IN MEXICAN BATTLE

Chihuahua Hears That Relief Force Has Had Four Days' Fight with Rebels.

NAVARRO STILL BOTTLED UP

Official Report Admits a Skirmish, but Says the Way to Mal Paso Is Now Open.

EL PASO, Dec. 30.—A special to THE TIMES from its correspondent in Chihuahua says:

Luque's relief column has encountered four days' fierce fighting near Casa Colorado and its loss is six hundred men killed. The insurrecto loss is slight. The column is badly demoralized. Navarro's command is still bottled up near Mal Paso.

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, Dec. 30.—(Via El Paso, Texas.)—An official report received to-day says that Col. Escuedero, commanding a scouting force of the Federals, encountered a band of insurrectos in Mal Paso Wednesday, and that after some fighting the insurrectos retired. No details were given as to the killed or wounded.

The report was sent by Gen. Luque to Gen. Hernandez, commanding the Chihuahua military zone. Gen. Luque declared that the pass was cleared and it was he who asked for the repair train which left here yesterday afternoon. This train did not enter the pass yesterday, but at the railroad office to-day it was stated that the telegraph line probably would be restored by night.

Yesterday belated information reported the pass open, because a gasoline car had made the trip through it without molestation or sight of the insurrectos. Luque's report indicates that the insurrectos either disdained to molest the car or preferred that the impression should go forth that the pass was unoccupied.

In the absence of details officials believe it was only a small band of scouting insurrectos that was encountered. It is certain that Luque would not have ordered an unprotected repair train into the pass unless he felt certain there was no formidable opposition.

Rumors which have now been current for five days continue to the effect that there has been serious fighting. There is no confirmation to the reports.

Every preparation has been made here for the reception of federal wounded, but it is insisted that this is for the wounded of previous fights. The wounded must be brought through Mal Paso if transported by train, which is taken as further confirmation of the official report that Mal clear of insurrectos.

REBELS MAY GET CRUISER.

Luckenbacks, However, Say the Detroit Will Be a Coal Carrier.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Somebody has suggested that the unprotected cruiser Detroit, which was sold yesterday to R. I. Corbett, 6 Bridge Street, New York, for $20,000, or several thousand dollars above her appraised value, is to cut a figure in the revolution now going on in Mexico. The rumor to that effect started in quarters where the insurrectionists have their agents and sympathizers in this country, and Navy Department officials say that they have no means of telling whether it is true or false. They only know that Corbett has paid for the old cruiser.

To-day J. L. Luckenback presented himself to Rear Admiral John C. Frémont, commanding the Boston Navy Yard, and asked to have the ship turned over to him for Mr. Corbett. The department decided that Luckenback must have an order from the purchaser. Accordingly, the Detroit is still in the hands of the Government.

The vessel had been appraised at $13,812, and Corbett paid his $20,000 knowing of the appraisal at the lower figure. The other bids were $16,564 by John F. Burke of Boston, $15,267 by the Boston Iron and Steel Company, and $14,400 by Arthur H. Page of New Orleans.

In the opinion of the Navy Department officials the Detroit has no value as a seagoing ship, and the only thought of her was that she could be worked up into junk. They say that the worst thing that could happen to an incipient revolution would be the possession of such an old tub as the Detroit.

In the Maderist junta here it was admitted that the revolutionists had money enough to buy the Detroit and to spend whatever would be necessary to put her in shape for service. It was said also that there had been discussion of the idea of using one or two ships on the Gulf side of Mexico to convey military expeditions from Yucatan northward to the Rio Grande. The revolutionists claim to have practical possession of Yucatan and to have more men there than they need.

R. I. Corbett is a cashier at the office of the Lewis Luckenbach Estate, a transportation, towing, and wrecking firm, at 6 Bridge Street. He denied last night that the Detroit had been purchased with the intent of using it in a Mexican revolution, and declared that he had bought it only to turn the ship over to his firm for use as a coal-carrying barge. The vessel will be completely overhauled, he said, and then used to carry coal in the waters near New York.

LILLIS RETIRES FROM BANK.

Victim of Cudahy's Attack Makes Public No Plans for the Future.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 30.—Jere S. Lillis, who was attacked by John P. Cudahy with a knife March 5 last, retired to-day as President of the Western Exchange Bank here.

Lillis made no announcement in regard to his plans for the future.

Driscoll Bars Confetti To-night.

First Deputy Police Commissioner Driscoll gave final instructions for the New Year's Eve celebration to Manhattan Inspectors and Captains yesterday. He told them to impress upon the policemen that the use of ticklers and confetti will not be tolerated and that the lock step and flying wedge is tabooed and all other forms of rowdyism. There will be no vehicular traffic on Lower Broadway in the vicinity of Trinity Church.

Substitution [illegible]
If a change is noticed in your [illegible], examine wrapper and [illegible] sent a substitute in place of [illegible]—Adv.

INJUNCTION HALTS DR. EWALD'S INQUIRY

Surgeon Facing Charges Similar to Those Against Dr. Kunitzer Seeks Court's Protection.

ALLEGES MOTIVES OF MALICE

Says County Medical Society Wishes to Injure Him—Hearing Before Justice Bijur on Next Wednesday.

The Board of Censors, which heard the charges resulting in the expulsion of Dr. Robert Kunitzer from the Medical Society of the County of New York, planned to meet last night at the Academy of Medicine, 17 West Forty-third Street, to hear charges against Dr. Louis Anton Ewald, but forebore in the face of a temporary injunction, served on some of their number earlier in the day, restraining them not only from holding any trial, but even from discussing the matter at all. The order had been signed the day before by Supreme Court Justice Bijur, and the argument is set for next Wednesday.

Dr. Ewald's brief summons to the hearing, signed by Dr. Linnaeus E. La Fetra, Secretary of the Board of Censors, informed him that it was charged that he, in conjunction with Dr. Robert Kunitzer, had "caused to be changed certain records of the Sydenham Hospital."

This summons contained a copy of the joint charges brought before the society by Egon Egghard, formerly Superintendent of the hospital, and a nephew of Dr. Kunitzer, and Dr. Ewald flatly refused to answer the summons because, he declares, that he resigned before any charges were brought against him, and on this ground he will ask the Supreme Court on Wednesday to grant him a permanent injunction restraining the Medical Society from holding any sort of a hearing on the affairs of one who is not of their number.

The peculiar situation was explained last night by Dr. H. Seymour Houghton of 301 West Eighty-eighth Street, Chairman of the Board of Censors. According to his account, the board met on Dec. 12 for its final hearing in the Kunitzer matter, which was referred to the whole society on Tuesday night. At the meeting on Dec. 12 it was decided to hear the charges against Dr. Ewald, but he was for the time being not a member of the society, being under a year's suspension as the result of action taken early last Summer by the board. It was therefore necessary to reinstate him to membership in good standing and notice to that effect was sent him by the Secretary of the Comitia Minora. He received this on Dec. 13 and the next day sent in his resignation, which was received at the society on Dec. 15. On Dec. 17 Dr. Ewald received the summons, which he returned on the ground that they had no jurisdiction over him.

This is the contention on which Dr. Ewald got his temporary injunction, but the society's counsel, Almuth C. Vandiver, holds that, according to the by-laws, resignations are accepted only by the Comitia Minora at its next regular meeting, which will take place on Jan. 9, and he further points out that one by-law holds that "no resignation shall be accepted from a member owing dues or assessments or under charges."

Dr. Ewald's indignation breathes even through the formality of his petition to the Supreme Court. He describes himself as of "unusual and unique skill and ability as a surgeon," and says that he is "well known throughout the medical profession as an expert and specialist in such diseases, and is regarded very highly as such among physicians and laymen."

The defendants named in the papers are the County Medical Society and the individual members of the Board of Censors, and their purpose, according to Dr. Ewald, is "to try this plaintiff pro forma on said charges, to again listen to his denial of the truth of the same, not to believe him, and find him guilty of the same, and then unanimously recommend his expulsion from the membership in the said society."

Dr. Ewald contends that the action of the Board of Censors was "for the purpose of humiliating him and of disgracing him, and out of malice."

Dr. Kunitzer was expelled from the Medical Society by a vote of 392 to 38 on charges of complicity in permitting the records of the hospital of which he was Vice President to be changed to sustain the claims of Dr. Ewald, who had set forth in the "Festschrift" of the German Hospital that he had performed sixty-nine times an operation of extreme rarity and delicacy. Many doctors were frankly incredulous. They suspected exaggeration. It was later stated that twenty-seven of these were performed by Dr. Ewald as visiting surgeon of Sydenham Hospital, and an investigation of the records there led first to his expulsion from the Obstetrical Society and later to his suspension for one year from the County Medical Society.

According to Dr. Houghton, who was authorized to explain the whole matter last night, the investigations of these two bodies were conducted through committees, and the investigators from the Obstetrical Society, among them Dr. Franklin Dorman, accompanied those from the Medical Society when they reviewed the records some time later.

It is Dr. Houghton's contention that in this interval certain changes took place in the records, which were detected by the secret and minute notes taken in the first investigation by Dr. Dorman. He had even made note of such trifles as the existence of a tear in a page. Dr. Ewald's own records were so flawless, however, that the Board of Censors went no further than a suspension, but Dr. Houghton says that the fact of the hospital records having been changed was so palpable that it was necessary for some one to be blamed, and he describes Supt. Egghard as the "billy goat."

In his application to Justice Bijur Dr. Ewald points out that another hearing would simply mean a repetition of a story which the Board of Censors has chosen not to believe, and he protests that the board is filled with prejudice against him. An expulsion would be a detriment, he explains, in that a large part of a surgeon's practice is built on retainers from other members of the profession, many of whom are sure to be members of the Medical Society, among which membership, he asserts, it would be bad ethics to retain one who had been expelled.

Dr. Houghton is very careful to assure people that he ascribes to Dr. Kunitzer no sordid motives in the course of action, which Egghard charged him with having pursued. If he did do as charged, Dr. Houghton feels that it was merely to maintain the record of the hospital for good work. As for Dr. Ewald's purpose in making assertions which have been criticised as grossly exaggerated he gave it as his opinion that the action was dictated by the same impulse which inspired Dr. Cook.

"Substitute medicine for the north pole and there you have it," Dr. Houghton said last night. "You know some of us call him Dr. Cook."

"Happy New Year." 1910—Hear Trinity Chimes—1911. Fine Musical Entertainment. Souvenirs. Tables reserved for New Year's Eve without restrictions to wine. Kalil's, 14, 16 & 18 Park Place.—Adv.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS imparts delicious flavor to grapefruit and desserts. Use it freely at your Christmas table—refuse substitutes.—Adv.

ARMY TO USE WIRELESS.

Kansas Posts Ordered to Discontinue Use of the Telegraph Wires.

Special to The New York Times.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 30.—The War Department of the Government is to use wireless telegraphy to communicate between army stations in the West. Orders were received at the headquarters Department of the Missouri in this city today to cease sending army telegrams by commercial telegraph lines and to make use of the wireless system which has been installed here and in Fort Leavenworth and Fort Riley, Kan.

Stations also are being installed in the army posts in Cheyenne, Denver, and other Western points. There is a large volume of telegraphic communication between headquarters here and the army posts, particularly those in Kansas. For that reason Fort Leavenworth and Fort Riley were equipped immediately after the central station here. The Fort Omaha station, which was the first erected, has been furnished with the very latest equipment.

CLAIMS PART OF $2,000,000.

Woman Sues as Common Law Wife of Slain Cincinnati Man.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Dec. 30.—A fight over the $2,000,000 estate of L. V. Atkins, a wealthy proprietary medicine manufacturer, who was shot and killed by his former business partner, began in the Probate Court here to-day in the hearing of the suit for a share of the estate brought by Florence Fugazzi of Cincinnati, who claims she is the common law wife of Atkins.

Counsel for the sister and brother of Atkins declared that she was not the wife of Atkins, and claimed that she was married to Thaddeus Rowe in Windsor, Can., on Dec. 14, 1908. Her attorney said she was never married to any man but Atkins.

VIENNESE FLEE CENSUS.

Official Questions Go Too Minutely Into Their Private Affairs.

VIENNA, Dec. 30.—The people of Vienna of all classes are fleeing the capital for a few days to escape the city census owing to its inquisitorial nature. Not only are details concerning age, income, occupation, &c., required, but every conceivable discreet and indiscreet question, including minute particulars as to sanitary arrangements of households, are asked.

As a further indignity the census returns must be submitted to house porters, who shall notify the police whether the details given are correct.

PENNSYLVANIA FOR TAFT.

Pittsburg Hears Dalzell Has Pledged the State for 1912.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 30.—Representative John Dalzell has promised President Taft the undivided support of Pennsylvania, according to a Pittsburg paper whose Washington correspondent is perhaps closer to Dalzell than any one else. The paper quotes Dalzell as saying:

"The Pennsylvania delegation will be solidly for President Taft in 1912. I have not heard the slightest hint of opposition to him."

This statement was made by Dalzell immediately after he had come from a conference with President Taft, at which it is believed the Pittsburg Congressman spoke to the President in the same strain.

Also it was stated that Roosevelt and Taft now are pulling together in the interests of harmony in 1912. At the psychological moment the Colonel, it was said, will declare in favor of Taft, Dalzell paving the way by announcing Pennsylvania in line for the present occupant of the White House.

OLD DUTCH MANSION BURNED

Century-Old House at Flatbush Left in Ruins by Flames.

Many residents of Flatbush, some of them afoot and others in automobiles, journeyed to the Hunterfly Road and Kouwenhoven Lane at 9 o'clock last night, led by the glare which lighted the sky, and which showed that the Dutch mansion, more than 100 years old, was on fire. How the blaze started no one knows, for the house has been vacant for years.

The flames had gained good headway before the firemen arrived, however, and before they had been quenched the old house was in ruins.

Interested spectators who had hastened to the fire were astonished to discover after it was all over that they had walked two or three miles from home and could get home again only by walking back over the route they had come, for the trolley cars go nowhere near the old mansion.

TO STOP COLLEGE DICTATION.

High School Teachers Believe That It Hurts Their Work.

SYRACUSE, Dec. 30.—Clarence D. Kingsley, Chairman of the New York City High School Teachers' Association, to-day submitted a report to the State Convention of the Associated Academic Principals on the question of college domination of high schools.

The report, which has been indorsed by many leading educators throughout the country, calls for less dictation of the high-school courses by the colleges and urges less restrictions as to college entrance without lowering the standards. The Principals consider this question one of the most important concerning high schools at the present time.

State Commissioner of Education Andrew S. Draper thinks colleges are too exacting in their requirements for admission, and particularly that they lay too much stress upon knowledge of what is in books and too little upon the power to do things. He also thinks that colleges should receive the graduates of recognized high schools and give them their opportunity to show whether they can or not do college work.

TRUCE IN TRACTION WAR.

Five-Cent Fare to Continue Till Feb. 12 Between Chicago and Suburbs.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—Truce until Feb. 12 in the traction war of Chicago and it surrounding suburbs was declared to-day at a conference of the interests involved, with Judge Peter S. Grosscup, in the United States Circuit Court.

Representatives of eight nearby villages and cities appeared with the city's representative and that of the railway interests and agreed to the truce, in which the old five-cent fare will be restored.

A HOLIDAY BY THE SEA.
Take Pennsylvania Railroad three-hour trains from Pennsylvania Station, the only service from the heart of New York to Atlantic City. Special returning service January 2.—Adv.

CITY CASH FLOWED IN TILL THE BANK SHUT

$60,000 Deposited in Northern, Saturday, After Controller Had Ordered $40,000 Out.

HYDE'S DEPUTY IS BLAMED

But He Says Prendergast Gave Him No Indication the Bank Was Shaky —Hyde Can't Be Held for It.

The city's financial department, headed by Controller Prendergast, it was learned yesterday, is convinced to a man that if the city loses the $50,000 it has tied up in Joseph G. Robin's Northern Bank of New York, over and above the $150,000 covered by bond, it will be because City Chamberlain Charles H. Hyde, who left this city on Dec. 3, is duck shooting somewhere down South instead of attending to the duties of his office.

It is also the opinion of Controller Prendergast and others, it was learned, that Deputy City Chamberlain Harry J. Walsh, while a very nice young man, honest to the core, has not sufficient experience to be a satisfactory Acting City Chamberlain, and therefore it was a serious mistake to make him bear at this time the large responsibilities of that office.

These opinions were supported by a story of incidents in the last year and a half concerning the Northern Bank and the city's deposits in it, leading up to the present situation, putting $50,000 of city money in jeopardy.

About a year and a half ago the Fourth National Bank became interested in a proposal to take over the Northern Bank, known then to be in the hands of Robin. At the request of President James G. Cannon of the Fourth National, Mr. Prendergast, not then elected Controller, and Henderson M. Wolfe, now Chief Auditor of Accounts in the Controller's office, entered the Directorate of the Northern Bank for the purpose of learning its financial condition, and, if need be, straightening up its affairs preparatory to its passing under the control of the Fourth National.

They began active work in the bank Directorate in May, 1909, continuing their special activities far into the following month. Mr. Wolfe at this time, Controller Prendergast observed, proved himself extremely capable. The Directors met afternoon after afternoon, often sitting far into the night, with the result that before the end of June, 1909, Mr. Wolfe had ready for the use of his fellow-Directors a complete list of every depositor in the bank, the amount of his deposit, the standing of the men who recommended the account, the nature of every customer's loans, his record in past dealings, his business pursuits, and his financial standing. Few Board of Directors, Mr. Prendergast says, have ever worked more diligently or effectively.

Robin's trail of skyrocket finance was detected through various heavy loans, and the Directors, particularly those who represented downtown interests, told him he would have to straighten up his affairs. Officers of the bank were instructed not to lend certain other customers a cent until present accounts were balanced. There was altogether a general stiffening of the bank's business methods as a result of the Prendergast and Wolfe efforts.

In the Fall of that year Mr. Prendergast was elected Controller and early in the following December he resigned from the Northern Bank Directorate and was soon followed by Mr. Wolfe, whom he invited to become chief auditor of the city's accounts.

Shortly after the new administration took hold, with Mr. Hyde, formerly Mayor Gaynor's law partner as City Chamberlain, Mr. Hyde informed Controller Prendergast that he needed a Harlem depository for city money and asked Mr. Prendergast's advice about the bank to be chosen. The Controller replied that the City Chamberlain must use his own judgment, but he himself knew the directors of the Northern Bank well, that he knew the affairs of the bank to be then in good shape and, he thought, improving, and that, all things being equal, he would like the city to favor that bank. A few days later he was informed by the City Chamberlain that the Northern Bank had been made a city depository, as it was most convenient to the city business building in Harlem.

In May of this year, Controller Prendergast got private word that Robin, instead of mending his banking ways as he had promised, had returned to his old tricks. He got in touch with City Chamberlain Hyde immediately, and said to him in effect:

"Have you any security against that deposit in the Northern Bank?"

Mr. Hyde said he had not.

"Well," replied the Controller, "I can't go into details, but I would strongly suggest that you send for President Grant of the bank and tell him his bank must give a bond."

City Chamberlain Hyde acted on the suggestion as the Controller was informed later.

Everything went on smoothly as far as the Controller knew until Thursday of last week, when State Supt. of Insurance Hotchkiss informed him that an investigation of the Northern Bank's affairs was reaching a critical stage. Controller Prendergast got Mr. Hotchkiss out of bed at the Hotel Manhattan as early as 7 o'clock the next morning to renew inquiries regarding the condition of the Northern Bank. Supt. Hotchkiss intimated to Mr. Prendergast that the bank was doomed.

An hour later, or as soon as practicable, the Controller called in Deputy Chamberlain Walsh.

"How much money have you in the Northern Bank?" the Controller asked.

"About $180,000," replied the Deputy Chamberlain.

"How much bond has the bank given?"

"I think about $150,000," said Mr. Walsh.

"Well, draw out right now [Friday morning, Dec. 23] $30,000, no, $40,000, so you will be at least $10,000 under your security."

"All right," replied Mr. Walsh, and $40,000 was that day withdrawn.

On the next night, that is, Saturday, Mr. Prendergast received confidential information that it was practically certain that the Fourth National Bank's deal for the Northern Bank was off, and that it was more than probable that the Northern Bank would not open on the next business day, Tuesday of this week.

The Controller was in touch with Mr. Hyde's deputy on Monday night, Dec. 26.

"I understand that the Northern Bank is not to open to-morrow," said the Controller. "The city is safe, though, for I suppose you drew out that $40,000 as I told you."

"Oh, yes," replied Mr. Hyde's representative. "But the collections in Harlem for Friday and Saturday, amounting to about $60,000, have been deposited."

"What!" exclaimed the astounded Controller, "after what I told you on Friday, and after you had drawn out $40,000 to protect the city, you let $60,000 of the city's money go in?"

Mr. Walsh said that was the case.

The Controller was so dumfounded that he couldn't speak for some moments, but when he did the remarks he made were strong and to the point. However, the bank did not open, and the city's money was in it when it closed.

Persons who knew of these things about the City Finance Department yesterday were saying that no one should be severe on Mr. Walsh. He was doing the best he could, but that the city needed its City Chamberlain for other purposes than duck shooting on a houseboat.

It is barely possible that the city will get back $10,000 of the $60,000, that amount having been taken to the bank on Saturday afternoon after banking hours, and hence possibly not entered in the bank's books.

Mr. Walsh himself, when told last night that he was blamed for allowing the collections in Harlem for Friday and Saturday to be put in the Northern Bank after he had been instructed by the Controller to draw out $40,000 to protect the city, said that the Controller never told him a word about the precarious condition of the bank, either at the time he instructed him to draw out $40,000 or at any other time. Mr. Walsh said Mr. Prendergast did tell him to take out $40,000 to get below the amount of the bond, but gave no other reason.

"If I had had any intimation that the bank wasn't all right I would have taken out every cent of the city's money on that Friday morning," said Mr. Walsh. "As a matter of fact, it was I who told Mr. Prendergast about the bank's condition when I talked with him on Monday night. He seemed surprised."

When asked if Mr. Prendergast then scolded him for letting the Friday and Saturday collections go in, Mr. Walsh said he wasn't clear on this point, but recalled that the Controller expressed great regret that this had been permitted. Mr. Walsh said it was due him to make emphatic his statement that the Controller had given him no intimation regarding the bank's condition.

Until a few years ago Mr. Walsh was a political reporter on The Brooklyn Eagle. He is also a lawyer, but he is a young man whose experience in finance began in a very small way five years ago, when Controller Metz brought him to the Finance Department as a city auditor. At the beginning of the Gaynor administration he was transferred to the City Chamberlain's department and made Mr Hyde's chief deputy.

Because of the city's possible loss through the Northern Bank, the question was raised yesterday whether or not Mr. Hyde or his bondsmen could be forced to make the loss good. Ex-City Chamberlain Martin, Mr. Hyde's successor, said last night that Mr. Hyde could not be made to repay such money unless it was shown that the money had been purposely deposited in a bank which there was good reason to believe unsafe.

It also developed yesterday that under Mr. Hyde the city has been less insistent in demanding bonds of bank depositories than under Mr. Martin. Mr. Walsh admitted this, saying it was unfair to a good bank to require a bond on which it would have to pay one-half of 1 per cent. in addition to the 2 per cent. interest. Mr. Martin said he did not require bonds of the stronger banks, but understood that the present City Chamberlain had been more lenient than he, though how much he did not know.

STILL NO TRACE OF HYDE.

The Prospect Is That Prendergast May Hold Up His Salary.

No word was received yesterday from City Chamberlain Charles H. Hyde, who is supposed to be journeying toward Florida in his houseboat, the Wild Duck, and who is wanted as a witness before the Legislative Investigating Committee. It was said at his office that he had not sent any messages acquainting his staff with his whereabouts. No one appears to know when he will return.

There is a possibility that Mr. Hyde will not be able to draw at least half of his December salary, amounting to $500. Yesterday a citizen, whose name was withheld, lodged a protest with Controller Prendergast against paying over the money on the ground that Mr. Hyde had not earned it. Mr. Prendergast admitted that the complaint had been filed but would not comment upon it.

"Knowing the intimate relations existing between the Mayor and Mr. Hyde, I do not intend to get mixed up in this matter," he said.

Under the new order recently established, the salaries for the month of December are made in two payments. On Dec. 20 a check for $500 for the first half of the Chamberlain's salary for the month was sent to Mr. Hyde's office, and this check, it is supposed, is reposing in the City Chamberlain's safe. The second payment of $500 will become due to-day, and the Controller has full authority to decline to deliver it. Whether or not he will take this step he would not say. The case is not without precedent. During the latter part of the McClellan administration George A. Morrison, a Brooklyn Alderman, announced that he would be away for a month, and notified Controller Metz that he would not accept his salary for the time. The money was turned over to the conscience fund.

Mayor Gaynor, it was talked about the City Hall yesterday, is becoming much annoyed over the constant criticism concerning his Chamberlain's continued absence. He feels, it is said, that there is danger of his administration being criticised. One report had it that the Mayor had sent a peremptory message to Mr. Hyde through the latter's secretary to return to the city at once. On the other hand, it was pointed out that the Mayor has refused to take the matter seriously and that he has no intention of concerning himself in the affair whatever.

It was stated by employes of Mr. Hyde's office yesterday that the affairs of the office are not suffering in any way by the Chamberlain's absence. Everything is running along smoothly, they asserted, and Mr. Hyde might remain away for another month without the city being even inconvenienced.

MEMORIAL TO MISS ANTHONY.

Suffragists Raising a $150,000 Fund to Help Carry On the Cause.

A Susan B. Anthony Memorial Week, beginning Feb. 15, is planned by the National Woman Suffrage Association to celebrate the birthday of the great worker for the enfranchisement of women, and an endeavor will be made to raise a fund of $150,000 to carry on the fight for equal suffrage. It is felt that such a fund would be a more satisfactory memorial than anything else in the way of a monument. Miss Kate M. Gordon, Second Vice President of the National Association, has prepared a circular to be sent broadcast asking for contributions.

Contributions are asked in set sums to simplify the matter of giving, and a scale is sent out with the circular. Women are asked to give as follows: Doctors, lawyers, journalists, actresses, artists, and nurses, $1 each; teachers and stenographers, 50 cents; business women, $1; department store employes and factory employes, 10 cents each; home-makers, according to their ability to give; college women, $1, and college students, 25 cents each.

A teacher herself for fifteen years, Miss Anthony was all her life an agitator for equal pay for equal work for the women of the profession, and the women teachers are particularly asked to contribute to the fund. Where women are able, Miss Gorden asks that they contribute more generously than the schedule demands, and where they are not able to do as much she tells them to send in smaller sums.

In locations where no suffrage organization exists to receive contributions, subscriptions may be forwarded to either Miss Jessie Ashley, 505 Fifth Avenue, New York City, or Kate M. Gordon, 1,800 Prytania Street, New Orleans, La.

FALLING ELEVATOR KILLS BOY

Companion, Learning to Run Car, Fatally Injured in Harlem Apartment.

Tenants in the Huntington Apartments at 218 West 112th Street, alarmed by a loud crash, were brought running into the halls from their rooms at 6 o'clock last night. They found that the passenger elevator had dropped from the seventh floor to the basement.

The roof of the car had fallen down and between it and the floor were buried John Mosse and Alexander Jones, both of them negroes. The former was the elevator boy and the latter was learning to operate the car.

Jones, it was found, had been killed instantly. Mosse's back was broken and he was carried to the J. Hood Wright Hospital where it was said that he would [illegible] came to fall is not known.

JOINT RATE CONTROL WITH CANADA SOON

Taft Said to Approve International Board Planned by Knapp and Canadian Agent.

DOMINION IS FAVORABLE

Text of Report Withheld, but Large Powers Are Advised—Will Require Treaties to Carry It Out.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Negotiations that have been going on for some months between the officials of the American Inter-State Commerce Commission and the Canadian Board of Railway Commissioners came to an end to-day. As far as the representatives of these two bodies are concerned all difficulties in the way of establishing some joint tribunal with the same authority over through rates crossing the frontier from one country into the other, that either body now has in its own territory, have been smoothed away.

Chairman Martin A. Knapp of the American commission and J. P. Mabee, head of the Canadian board, called at the Department of State to-day and presented their joint report. As it is a diplomatic matter the Commissioners were directed by the State Department not to make public at present the result of their negotiations. The text of the report, therefore, is not available.

Mr. Mabee, however, who has been in conference with Mr. Knapp here for several days, speaks with assurance of the willingness of the Canadian Parliament to ratify a treaty creating such a joint commission, and he also quotes President Taft, after an extended interview yesterday, as heartily indorsing the scheme. It will be a part of the Administration's task to secure the ratification by the Senate of a treaty yet to be formally negotiated by the State Department. This department also is said to be very friendly to the whole plan as mapped out by Mr. Mabee, representing Canada, and Chairman Knapp, on behalf of this country. These two men have done the real work of negotiation at close range without the assistance or drawback of the diplomatic staffs of either the United States or Great Britain. Should the outcome be what is now expected a not unimportant phase of the whole affair will be the direct communications that will have been definitely established with Canada without the interposition of the mother country.

This method has already been on trial in regard to the reciprocity treaty, but it looks now as if the plan for railroad control will be legalized first. Mr. Mabee said this afternoon that until the formal reports to the two Governments had been made he could not discuss the details of the plan agreed to the number of representatives on the International Board or the manner of their proposed appointment. He was, however, enthusiastic about the general proposition.

"Mr. Knapp and myself have agreed on every item in the plan, and it now appears to me that the near future will see the long wished for tribunal in full operation," said Mr. Mabee. "Our ideas coincided in every way, and we both believe that we have worked out a comprehensive scheme for the establishment and operation of the proposed tribunal.

"There is no doubt in my mind that it will fill a long felt want on both sides of the border line. It will put an end to the acrimonious discussions that are continually arising between carriers and shippers; it will engender a better feeling between the two interested classes and in every way will facilitate traffic between the two countries.

"Both the railway interests and the shippers in Canada will welcome it with open arms, and I imagine that the same is true of those on this side of the line; but of them I am not in a position to speak. However, I may say from what I have seen in Washington I believe it will receive the aid of the present Administration.

"I had a long talk with President Taft yesterday, and he seemed to be thoroughly in accord with our plan. The same is true of the officials of the State Department. If the Washington Government pushes the matter through as quickly as the Ottawa Government will, I am satisfied it will be but a short while before the tribunal is in full operation.

"Even though our plan is perfectly satisfactory to both Governments it will, of course, be necessary to draw up a treaty and to have the same ratified by the legislative bodies. Canada is ready and willing to act, so no loss of time need be looked for from that side. I trust that the same will be true of the United States."

Though the text of the report is withheld, it is known that the Commissioners have agreed to recommend the creation of an International Railway Commission, whose authority shall extend to the regulation of international rates, both freight and passenger, and which may prescribe through routes and joint rates and through bills of lading between points in one country to points in the other. The commission will have authority over all international transportation and may be appealed to by shippers or carriers in either country for relief from what they may deem oppressive methods or regulations, or excessive or unreasonable rates.

The principal subject under consideration by the designated representatives of the two governments was the method by which the commission should be created. It finally was decided to recommend that the arrangement between the two countries should be concluded by treaty, rather than by joint legislation.

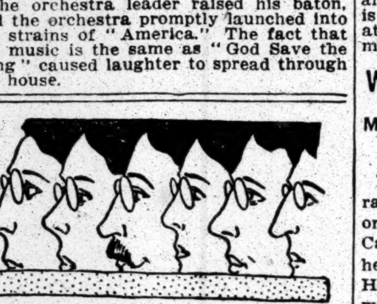
STAGE SALUTE TO TAFT.

Chorus Men Draw Swords and Band Plays "America" When He Enters.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—President Taft is an inveterate theatregoer. Always when he enters a playhouse the orchestra and players suspend until he is seated, the audience rises, and the orchestra plays "The Star Spangled Banner." Then the play is resumed.

When Mr. Taft and his family entered the Presidential box last night a comic opera was in progress. Knowing the President was to attend the management had arrayed a squad of the chorus men in military trappings, and when Mr. Taft entered they marched to the footlights, flashed swords, and stood at salute until the President was seated.

The orchestra leader raised his baton, and the orchestra promptly launched into the strains of "America." The fact that the music is the same as "God Save the King" caused laughter to spread through the house.



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GOOD BUSINESS YEAR.

Bradstreet's Finds Outlook for the Coming Year Hopeful.

Bradstreet's and Dun's Review made public yesterday their reviews of the year 1910, and the former a forecast of the business outlook for the new year. Both comment on the business depression which marked the latter half of the year just closed. Dun's says:

"Notwithstanding the reaction of the last six months, a vast aggregate of transactions was achieved, and labor, on the whole, was well employed at continued high wages, and building operations were extensive. The census disclosed an enormous increase in population. Signs of increasing economy in living and increasing preparation for a new advance in enterprise manifested themselves. An encouraging demand for bonds sprang up at the close of the year. The absence of demoralizing speculation and the prevalence of a sound conservatism were the best safeguards of the future."

Bradstreet's says of the outlook:

"High prices of most products, and especially foods and raw materials have been a sort of endless-chain burden to labor, to manufactures, and to trade generally, which free buying of some generally esteemed non-essentials has not entirely concealed.

"It will hardly be confidently claimed that home demand for food products is sufficient to take up the surplus productions of the country in a year such as this just closing, and in view of foreign competition, bred of large crops in the rest of the world's surplus-producing countries, American participation in this trade is hardly possible at present price levels. The situation of affairs would seem, indeed, to point to liquidation being necessary in costs of production, and past liquidation in the stock market may perhaps find a counterpart in natural products, which seem to have advanced more largely than manufactured goods, having possibly been affected by the speculative spirit so much in evidence in securities markets in 1909, and which, perhaps, found its mainspring in the excessive supply of cheap money in that year. If any such movement toward cheaper cost continues it is hard to see how labor can avoid contributing thereto. In this connection a test may perhaps be made of the theory advanced by many that the increased supply of gold in the world has made for a permanently higher range of all prices. Pending an approxomately final settlement of the tariff question, for which one offered solution is the permanent commission plan, something like repression of the country's obviously large productive capacities to fit the comparatively narrow channels of small and frequent buying for actual needs, rather than large and confident anticipation of future wants, would seem in keeping with the conservatism manifest in so many lines.

"A period of peaceful progress, and of genuine co-operation in the restoration of normal conditions of expansion in the country's activities, would seem necessary if the general community is to reap the benefits of the prosperity always present in a country possessing the magnificent advantages of this one, but which, like all comparatively new countries, experiences growing pains that to some unsettled minds pass for serious ills of the body itself. Quiet conservatism and level-headed treatment of the problems apparently pressing for solution are to be enjoined if the country is to reap the full benefits of the readjustments already in evidence and those to be met with, and, it is to be hoped, satisfactorily made in 1911."

Dun's Review does not venture on predictions for the new year.

REPORT ON NEW HAVEN ROAD.

Certificate Validating Its Stock Filed by Legislative Commission.

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—A certificate validating the outstanding securities of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad was filed with Secretary of State Olin to-day by the special commission created by the last Legislature to examine the company's property.

The report shows that on June 30 last, which it finds to be the only practical date to ascertain the indebtedness, the New Haven's outstanding capital stock was $104,435,600, and its indebtedness was $289,711,863.63. It "further certifies that the aggregate corporate assets of the corporation were sufficient as of June 15, 1910, to secure its outstanding capital stock and indebtedness to the amounts hereinbefore stated."

Accompanying the certificate a note said in part:

> The return of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company as of June 30, 1910, disclosed capital stock to the amount of $121,878,100. There were 172,946 shares of capital stock on that date in the treasury of the New England Navigation Company, and 1,479 shares of stock were in the treasury of the Rhode Island Company. By virtue of the stock ownership of these companies by the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, certificates to said amounts have been treated as treasury stock of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, and not as outstanding capital stock.

All payments to the New Haven on account of stock subscriptions and premiums by the New England Navigation Company, it was said, had been deducted.

KINGSLEY NOT OPTIMISTIC.

Insurance President Regrets Legislators' Attitude Toward Business.

In the opinion of Darwin P. Kingsley, President of the New York Life Insurance Company, conditions in general for the coming year leave much to be desired. He regards the business outlook as hardly conducive to cheerfulness.

"If I were to name a controlling cause," he said yesterday, "I should charge it to the fact the Governmental functions have not been well or wisely performed. Business, vigorously and efficiently carried on, expanded beyond the comprehension of the average legislator, and at many points beyond the range of clear legal interpretation. Business then committed some of the grave errors that human beings under such conditions have always committed; broadly speaking, it was honestly conducted and represented unprecedented efficiency.

"Reforms were necessary, but certainly not so necessary in the conduct of business as in the efficiency of the supervising authorities. Reform, however, took just the opposite course. It attacked business bitterly, and attempted to correct its own remissness in a half-hearted way. 'Put these men in stripes,' was the attitude of the Government toward the leaders of many of the greatest industrial enterprises of the day.

"Even President Taft, in his last message, took the strange position that existing laws should be let alone, and that the business man, at the risk of fines and the jail, should be compelled to go ahead and find out what the law means. This is a bad, not to say an intolerable, situation, and the business of the country must suffer accordingly."

WOMAN MAY DIE OF BURNS.

Mrs. Cahill's Clothes a Mass of Flames When Neighbors Reached Her.

Dave Hoviss of 309 East 105th Street, ran down stairs from his flat on the second floor to that occupied by Mrs. Mary Cahill and her son, Thomas, when he heard Mrs. Cahill screaming last night. He broke down her door and found the woman a mass of flames.

With the help of his wife and neighbors, Hoviss extinguished the flames in Mrs. Cahill's clothes and stamped out the fire that had started in the flat. Mrs. Cahill was taken to Harlem Hospital badly burned, and it was said that she probably would die.

Thomas Cahill came in just after his mother had been taken away. He reproached himself for not having returned home earlier. He said his mother always sat up till he returned home at night, and it is supposed that she fell asleep while waiting for him in front of the kitchen stove, and that a live coal fell on her skirts.

New Year's Mass for Night Workers.

The New Year's mass for night workers will be celebrated in St. Andrew's Church, City Hall Place and Duane Street, at 2:30 o'clock on Sunday morning. The Rev. Luke J. Evers will officiate. The principal soloist will be John A. Finnegan, tenor of St. Patrick's Cathedral.

Union Wants New Service Board.

The Central Federated Union authorized its Subway Committee, at a meeting in Labor Temple last night, to ask Gov. Dix to appoint a new Public Service Commission in case, by the time the Governor takes office, some subway plan has not been proposed and approved.

STETSONITES TO TRY FOR CHURCH CONTROL

Hope to Name Five Trustees of the Big Christian Science Congregation Here.

COULD NULLIFY LAST BY-LAW

Mother Church Directors Will Ignore Further Statements About Mrs. Eddy's "Resurrection."

The old struggle for control of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, the most wealthy Christian Science congregation in this city, which seemed to have ended last January in the temporary defeat of Mrs. Augusta E. Stetson and her followers, threatens to break forth again. It was learned yesterday that the church is divided into two camps, one believing in the ultimate resurrection of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, the other standing stanchly by the more material view of the Christian Science Directors.

Already plans are on foot by the "resurectionists" to regain control of the church Board of Trustees at the annual election next month when five vacancies on the board are to be filled by congregational vote. Although Mrs. Stetson herself, who heads the believers in the immortality of Mrs. Eddy, is taking no part in the campaign her friends are acting independently of her. They say that Mrs. Stetson's church following has a vote in the chaurch affairs. The entire voting membership of First Church is not in excess of 1,500, judging by congregational elections in the past, so they believe they have the power to elect a majority of the Board of Trustees who will represent the views of Mrs. Stetson.

The church by-laws provide that no one representing the views of Mrs. Stetson, or not members in good standing in the church, can hold office in its board. They also provide that in the event of charges being filed against any member of the board that member shall be suspended until an ecclestical trial takes place and final judgment passed. These by-laws were adopted about two months ago.

But the Stetson sympathisers say that if a majority in the Board of Trustees represented the so-called resurrectionists they would have power themselves to pass upon any charges which might be made, and in the event of interference by the Mother Church Directors the test of their authority could be taken into the courts. Moreover the moral effect of a victory by the "resurrectionists" would largely recruit their forces, in which case a two-thirds majority might be swayed to change the by-laws independently of the Mother Church in Boston.

The announcement of Mrs. Stetson that she expects a "manifestation" by Mrs. Eddy and her return to assume the leadership of the Church brought forth an energetic protest yesterday from officials of the Mother Church. Eugene R. Cox, Chairman of the Christian Science Publication Committee of this State, had this to say:

"There is nothing in the teachings of Christian Science nor the writings of Mary Baker Eddy, its discoverer and founder, to justify any statements looking to physical resurrection, and any tendency or thought in that direction is abnormal in a Christian Scientist, as it takes accountof the personality of Mrs. Eddy, which she deprecated. To attempt to deify her, or make her equal with God or Jesus the Christ, is equally repugnant to the normal teachings of Christian Science.

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—Alfred Farlow of the Christian Science Publication Committee said to-day:

"I do not see any reason why I should give attention to these various statements concerning the 'resurrection' of Mrs. Eddy coming from persons who are not recognized nor representative Christian Scientists.

"Mrs. Stetson is no longer a member of the Christian Science Church. She may hold any belief in relation to the Church as may any outsider. But it would be a waste of time for those in the Church to deny all the statements which are made by those who are not Christian Scientists in regard to the Church or Mrs. Eddy."

HOXSEY SOARS 10,575 FEET.

Feared His Previous Feat Might Not Stand, and Still Beats Records.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 30.—Fearing that through some technical error or oversight the height record of 11,474 feet which he made last Monday might not stand, Arch Hoxsey, the California aviator, ascended to-day and broke all the world's altitude records but his own.

The two barographs he carried registered a height of 10,575 feet. This is nearly 1,000 feet under the world's mark he established on Monday, but it is 70 feet above the record of Legagneux, made at Pau, France, a short time ago.

A new record must, however, exceed the former mark by at least 300 feet. Therefore if the International Federation of Aero Clubs refuses to recognize Hoxsey's feat of Monday the Californian will lose the glory and prizes, the latter aggregating nearly $5,000, though by to-day's performance he will have the satisfaction of knowing that he holds the American endurance record.

He was in the air to-day three hours and seventeen minutes, or eight minutes longer than A. L. Welch.

NEW DISTANCE AIR RECORD.

Tabuteau Flies 362.66 Miles in 7 Hours and 45 Minutes.

BUC, France, Dec. 30.—Maurice Tabuteau, contesting for the Michelin Cup, today broke the world's aviation record for distance, covering 362.66 miles in a continuous flight of 7 hours 45 minutes.

Tabuteau had before made the best mark in this year's competition for the Michelin Cup, having on Oct. 28 made a flight of 288 miles. The cup is awarded annually, along with a cash premium of $4,000, to the aviator making the longest sustained flight within the twelve months. Henry Farman won the trophy in 1909, making 150 miles in 4 hours 17 minutes.

ARMY AIRMAN KILLED.

French Lieutenant Caumont Falls in Monoplane Test at Versailles.

VERSAILLES, France, Dec. 30.—Lieut. Caumont of the Army Aviation Corps, while testing a new monoplane to-day fell from a height of sixty feet. Both arms and both legs were broken. The injured man was taken immediately to the military hospital, where he died to-night.

As soon as he learned of the accident Gen. Brun, Minister of War, nominated Lieut. Caumont for the Legion of Honor, but death occurred before the cross could be taken to him.

ROBIN TAKES POISON ON WAY TO COURT

Continued from Page 1.

pump was applied. Robin made no resistance to the treatment, and did not display any marked determination to thwart the doctors and to end his life.

As soon as it was seen that there was no chance of arraigning Robin yesterday afternoon Assistant District Attorney Nott, Mr. Jerome, and Dr. Flint went down to General Sessions. Mr. Jerome there declared that he represented Robin and wished to inform the court that he was in no condition to be arraigned.

"The man has taken a drug," he said, "and cannot be stimulated. Ambulance surgeons and a physician are now working over him. The drug was taken under unavoidable conditions."

Judge Crain called Dr. Flint to the witness chair, and he testified that he had questioned Robin and that he had admitted taking poison. He also detailed Robin's symptoms, such as his pulse, the dilatation of his pupils, and his flushed face.

"From these swmptoms, do you think that the man has taken poison?" asked Judge Crain.

"Yes," responded Dr. Flint. "His sister substantiated his statement when I questioned her. She said that she kept the poison tablets in the drawer in his room."

"Can you tell the court the name of the drug which the man has swallowed?"

"Yes. It is hyoscamine."

"Is the defendant able to be arraigned?"

"Absolutely not. When I last saw him surgeons were slowly pumping out his stomach. It is a poison slow in its effect."

The Case Adjourned.

In these circumstances the case had to go over for the present. The surgeons found that Robin had eaten a hearty breakfast, and that this was all in their favor. The poison was mixed with the other substances he had swallowed and was less able to work directly on his system. After they had applied all the immediate remedies that they could Robin was put in a chair and carried to the elevator and across the Bridge of Sighs to the hospital ward in the Tombs. After staying there for a short time an ambulance was summoned and he was taken, under guard of Patrolmen Riech and Moolack of the Elizabeth Street Station, to Bellevue Hospital, where he will be kept in the prison ward until he can be arraigned

Dr. Louise Robinovitch was too much overcome by her brother's action in taking poison to accompany him. The fact that he had taken poison seemed to come to her as a fearful surprise as he collapsed in the Detective Bureau. She became hysterical and it was some time before she was well enough to leave the Criminal Court and go home in a taxicab The big white automobile had been sent home before, as it had been identified, and the usual crowd of sensation hunters, who hang around the Criminal Court Building had gathered around it.

When Robin arrived at Bellevue a man and a woman were awaiting him. The latter called up the District Attorney's office and gave the name of Miss Eckhardt. She said that she was Robin's private secretary and stonegrapher and was one of the few friends who had not deserted him. As soon as the ambulance arrived Robin was put on a wheeled stretcher and taken to the admitting room.

There Miss Eckhardt spoke to him, bending over him and wiping his forehead with her handkerchief. She whispered a few words to him, which she said afterward were merely words of consolation. For she declared that it would be proved that he was not guilty of half the charges made against him.

Robin gave his pedigree as Joseph G. Robin, 35 years old, a real estate broker of 19 Gramercy Park. He was born in Russia, he said, and had been in this country twenty years. The charge of grand larceny was entered against him on the blotter, but there was no mention of any charge of attempted suicide.

Sanity Test in Bellevue.

In the prison ward Dr. Gregory of the psychopathic ward visited Robin and seemed to be trying to get an idea of his mental state. The prisoner acted throughout his questioning in a dazed manner. When he was asked whether he wanted a drink of water he appeared not to hear the question and stared up at the ceiling. Then he began to talk about [illegible] entirely foreign to the subject. [illegible] last night at the hospital th[illegible] dition was fair and that he would probably recover.

The contents of Robin's stomach have been sent for analysis to Dr. Ernst J. Lederle's laboratories. Hyoscamine is one of the atropine derivatives and is akin to hyoscin, the poison which Dr. Crippen used to murder his wife. The usual dose is about 1-100 of a grain, and Robin took over a tenth. The effect on him will depend on his physical condition, but in the circumstances it is not believed that it will be fatal.

This is the second time within the last few days that Robin has attempted to commit suicide. His friends say that a few days before Christmast he tried to throw himself from a window, and from that time they began to suspect his mental condition. His attempt, with its effects becoming evident within the walls of the Criminal Court Building, recalled the suicide of Whitaker Wright, the naturalized American, who was convicted in London for his dealings with the London and Globe Financial Corporation and was sentenced to seven years' penal servitude. Immediately after his conviction Wright, while talking in the consulting room with his friends, drank a glass of whisky and water, in which he had dissolved a tablet of cyanide of potassium. As he drank it he fell down dead.

Chief Examiner Hughes of the State Insurance Department, talking yesterday of what his department had done to protect the insurance companies, pointed out that on Dec. 21 the Aetna Indemnity Company was notified that it must take from the Northern Bank three sums amounting to $42,905 if it desired to have them counted among their assets.

In the Riverside Branch the Aetna Indemnity Company had $35,408 credited to its capital and surplus and $2,311 credited to its office account. In the Fourth Street branch it had $5,186, which was credited to its Trustee account. The Insurance Department insisted that these be drawn out, and sent a representative who saw that certified checks were given for these sums, and that they were deposited the same day in two other banks of good standing.

In the same way on the following day the Title and Guarantee Company of Rochester was instructed to withdraw $2,007 from the Northern Bank under pain of having this amount deducted from its resources as counted by the Insurance Department.

State Takes Rochester Company.

Justice Page, in the Supreme Court yesterday, signed an order turning over all the assets of the Rochester Company to Supt. Hotchkiss. These assets have a nominal value of $180,000, and were seized by the Attorney General's office last week when the first rumors of trouble reached Albany.

In asking that the action of the Attorney General be confirmed, Deputy Attorney General Frederic J. Tanner told the court that the concern was practically defunct on account of Robin's actions in substituting questionable securities for good ones. One of the doubtful securities was a note for $50,000 signed by the Northern Bank of New York, the value of which it is impossible at present to determine. There was reason to believe, Mr. Tanner said, that Robin's friends and associates would endeavor to obtain possession of the securities.

The court, by signing the order, has put the Rochester concern absolutely in the hands of the Insurance Department, and has forestalled any attempt to involve the Rochester company in the difficulties of the other Robin corporations. Supt. Hotchkiss intends to wind it up independently.

Justice Amend, in the Supreme Court, directed yesterday Orion H. Cheney, State Superintendent of Banks, to pay to the receiver of taxes the capital stock tax due on the shares of the Northern Bank. It amounts to $8,186, and will be collected from the stockholders by the State Banking Department. If the tax had not been paid yesterday the bank would have been liable for a penalty of $100 a day. Gifford, Hobbs & Beard, counsel for the Northern Bank, consented to the issuance of the order.

It was learned yesterday that the franchise held by the South Shore Traction Company, one of the Robin properties, was approved by the Public Service Commission only after the Court of Appeals had ruled against its refusal to do so. The South Shore Traction Company was owned practically entirely by Robin. Of its outstanding 5,995 shares of stock, according to a report on file with the Public Service Commission, the Railroad Traction Construction Company, which was controlled by Robin, owned 5,691 shares; William B. Lomax, 160; Theodore Werner, 140; A. C. Hume, 2, and Frederick K. Morris and J. T. Wood, the President, 1 each.

The Board of Estimate in the Summer of last year granted to the company a franchise to construct a street railway from the boundary line of Queens County and Nassau, through Jamaica, to Long Island City, and thence across the Queensboro Bridge to Manhattan. On [illegible] the commission denied the [illegible] for permission to use this [illegible] the ground that the interests [illegible] safeguarded.

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HOW TO GATHER IN COLLEGE SOCIALISTS

Cornell's Nose in the Air Over a Harvard Subterfuge Which Brought Results.

UPTON SINCLAIR BRINGS PEACE

Tells Delegates to Intercollegiate Society Methods of Recruiting Must Follow "the Psychology of College."

The second annual convention of the Intercollegiate Society, included in which are delegates from sixteen colleges and universities, listened yesterday, at the Rand School of Social Science, 112 East Nineteenth Street, to reports of the progress of the work of extending the affiliations of the society.

At the afternoon session, while the delegates were discussing "Methods of interesting the general student body in the work of the I. S. S.," Harvard and Cornell clashed with many sparks. Julius Kuttner of Harvard said that in the beginning the Harvard Chapter, when it was about to bring on a Socialist speaker, advertised boldly that the meeting would be held under the auspices of the Socialist chapter. Often less than forty young men would attend.

The chapter then tried the plan of asking four or five of the professors to lend their names as members of a committee to indorse the talk. The meetings were then advertised as under the "auspices of this respectable group of men," Mr. Kuttner said. The hall after this, he said, was packed with 400 or 500 students, who listened to hot Socialism without knowing it. This exposition of the Harvard policy was applauded enthusastically.

Gus Egleff of Cornell, however, said that this method seemed to him to be too sophisticated, too subtle, too timid, too cowardly, even. The Cornell Chapter had stuck to the policy of boldly saying that a lecturer would come under the auspices of the Socialist group in the university and that he would talk about Socialism, so that every person who attended understood exactly what he was going into. And yet the Cornell meetings had been entirely satisfactory in their results.

The delegates at once took sides, and both Mr. Egleff and Mr. Kuttner had the floor six or seven times. In the end Upton Sinclair, who presided, with the intention of closing the argument, said that it would be best to adopt methods of interesting the general student body of any particular college "to the psychology of that institution"; that if the subtle Harvard method was more successful in Harvard than the frank method of Cornell, why, then, Harvard shuld stick to the subtle method, whereas Cornell might well stick to its open campaign. In other institutions, he went on, the chapters would do well to find out which method produced the best results and adopt the most effective method.

The delegates also argued a long time as to whether or not the convention should adopt a resolution protesting against the conviction of Fred D. Warren, editor of The Appeal to Reason, a Socialist newspaper in Kansas, and against the methods of his trial. It was said that Mr. Warren, in effect, had suggested that the same treatment be given ex-Gov. Taylor of Kentucky that had been given Moyer and Haywood, namely, that he be kidnapped in Indiana and taken back to Kentucky, from which he had fled, to stand trial. It was charged that in this he had printed defamatory matter, it was further explained, and he was convicted and sentenced to six months in jail. Now the sentence has been affirmed, and Mr. Warren will begin his sentence on Jan. 22.

Some of the delegates argued that the avowed object in founding the Intercollegiate Society was to promote "an intelligent interest in Socialism among college men and women," and that the organization had better not go so actively into the political business of the Socialist Party. In the end, however, the resolution was adopted, and it will, therefore, be considered, not only that the I. S. S. has protested against the conviction of Mr. Warren, but also that the newspapers stand reproved for engaging in a conspiracy of silence upon this flagrant transgression of the laws of the country and the laws of justice.

The dinner with which the Intercollegiate Socialist Society closed its second annual convention last night attracted so many prominent Socialists in addition to the delegates that the basement of Kalil's restaurant, 16 Park Place, could hardly accommodate them all. There were 350 guests present. In the confusion some got in and ate without paying for their ticket, so that Toastmaster Upton Sinclair in the midst of the speeches was compelled to make this announcement, which, he said was "painful."

> All Socialists are expected to pay for what they eat. Some didn't and yet ate. Only they and the recording angel know who they are—not meaning the recording angel who stood upstairs at the door to receive the money for the tickets. They will please see her and pay up.

"The Place of College Men and Women in the Socialist Movement" was the topic that was to guide all the six speakers. In introducing Dr. Albert Sudekum, Socialist member of the German Reichstag, Mr. Sinclair said that after all his listeners, and himself, too, for that matter, were but parlor Socialists as contrasted with the German Socialists, who are doing things.

"We get together and say our pretty speeches," he went on. "We have our nice dinners, and then the next morning the newspapers have a little fun with us, featuring such details as the fact that we happen to sit on the floor. We will do serious work in the future, no doubt; the Germans are already doing it. I take pleasure in introducing one of the most prominent of them, Dr. Sudekum."

Dr. Sudekum said that the German Socialists expect to win a voctory at the next general election, and if they do they will begin work at once on tariff and labor legislation. Germany has no fair franchise now, he declared. The nation was districted according to population in the early seventies, and these districts have not been changed since, although the population has about doubled. The growth has been almost entirely in the cities, where the Socialists have the power. If the country were redistricted, he said, the Socialist ability to manage the affairs of the country would be easy.

The guests at the dinner voted unanimously in favor of resolutions of protest against the secret method of trying Prof. Kotoku and his associates in Japan, the trial being of the same nature as the Ferrer trial in Spain, and also voted in favor of the protest against the conviction of Fred Warren.

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FLED ACROSS RIVER ICE CAKES LIKE ELIZA

Hackensack Witnesses an Eight-Mile Exciting Pursuit of a Negro Fugitive.

ALMOST DROWNED IN RIVER

But Gained the Other Shore and Beat Off Pursuers with Their Own Gun—Cornered at Last and Locked Up.

Chief of Police Dunn of Hackensack, N. J., had just received notice from the Paterson police yesterday that William Freeman, a negro, and his wife, who had been released from jail in Paterson on Tuesday were wanted for a hold-up in White Plains, when he saw the man and his wife walking along Main Street, Hackensack. Dunn was on his way home to luncheon and was unarmed, but he grabbed the negro, and, ordering the woman to follow, led Freeman to the police station.

Just as he opened the door of the station house the negro broke away and ran for the meadows which skirt the Hackensack River. Clarence Voorhis, Arthur Matthews, and Otto Metzler, who saw the escape, took up the chase. They followed Freeman to Court Street, down which he ran until he came to the creek near Long's dock. There was ice in the creek, and, seeing his pursuers close behind, the negro sprang out on a piece of ice. He leaped from this to another, and then another, till he finally made his way across the creek.

The men kept behind the fugitive, crossing the creek on the ice also. But Freeman then sprang on to another floating piece of ice in the Hackensack River. His pursuers took the leap after him and then began a chase across the half-frozen river. In the course of this Freeman twice slipped from an ice cake into the river, but each time managed to clamber on another piece of ice and continue his flight.

Across the river his pursuers cornered Freeman. Voorhis grabbed a gun from Elwood R. Munn, who had been hunting near by. Freeman attacked his pursuers and Voorhis tried to shoot him with the gun. It refused to explode, however, and Voorhis closed in on his man with the weapon clubbed in his hand.

He struck the negro on the head twice, inflicting deep scalp wounds. Then the gun broke. Despite the beating he had received Freeman wrested the stock of the damaged gun from Voorhis, knocked him and the others out of his path, and fled across the meadows.

Once again Sheriff Conklin and Constable Dunn, in an automobile this time, and Chief Dunn with Michael Gash in a carriage, closed in on Freeman just as he dashed out of the meadows at Teaneck. Gash caught Freeman, and the negro was too exhausted to offer further resistance. He was handcuffed and carried back to the Hackensack Jail, where he is awaiting extradition. He had covered eight miles in his break for liberty.

The man's wife had not tried to escape when he did, and Freeman was locked up with her. According to the police the couple held up a man in a buggy in White Plains recently and robbed him of $100, Freeman afterward cutting the victim cruelly with a razor. Freeman's wife is said to have held the horse while her husband made the attack.

Singing School for Suffragists.

Mme. Nordica is going to start a suffrage singing school as her contribution to the "cause," and any one, man or woman, over 16 who wishes to sing and vote may become a member by applying at the Fourteenth Assembly District Club of Mrs. Belmont's Political Equality Association, 140 East Thirty-fourth Street, where the singing school will meet every Wednesday at 8 o'clock. The school will be under the immediate direction of Mme. Gardner-Bartlett. Instruction will be free.

Opera Company Learns of Impostor.

The Metropolitan Opera Company has notified the police that some one is going the rounds in an attempt to raise subscriptions for the children of the chorus of the Metropolitan Company. The company itself has nothing whatever to do with the matter, and is indignant over the affair. George D. Pratt of Pratt Institute was approached and called up the Opera House and learned that the collection of the fund had not been started by the company.

Appellate Division Exonerates Barlow.

City Magistrate Peter T. Barlow, who was charged wtih being remiss in his duty March 29 last in accepting worthless bail for Harris Rothstein and Jacob and Joseph Goldberg, wanted for burglary and grand larceny in Massachusetts, was exonerated yesterday by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court. The proceedings against Barlow were brought by District Attorney Whitman, by order of Gov. Hughes. Barlow's defense was that he relied on the statement of the attorney for the prisoners.

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MURPHY CONTROLS SENATE SELECTION

Tammany Leader Holds Balance of Power in the Legislature, Last Figures Show.

CONSULTING LEADERS NOW

Boss Not Expected to Make Known His Final Choice Until Eleventh Hour—Brooklyn Cold to Shepard.

Line-Up in Legislature.

Democrats in Legislature	116
Necessary to control caucus	59
Controlled by Murphy:	
New York	39
*Kings	24
Queens	5
Richmond	2
New York City	70
Up-State	45

*One Senator doubtful.

Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, has it absolutely in his power to name the next United States Senator. This is universally conceded. How he will use that power may not be known until just before the caucus of Democratic Senators and Assemblymen meets in Albany to register his will. Murphy is known as an eleventh-hour man, who listens patiently to the views of lesser leaders to the last. It is possible that he may even give ear to some extent to public opinion on this question.

There are 201 members of the Legislature, 51 Senators, and 150 Assemblymen. Of these the Democrats elected last Fall 30 Senators and 86 Assemblymen, a total of 116 members of the Legislature, giving a Democratic majority on joint ballot of 31. To control the caucus of these 116 Democrats Murphy needs 59 votes. He is assured of more than that from New York and Kings Counties alone.

New York's Representatives.

From New York County, comprising Manhattan and the Bronx, there are 11 Democratic Senators-elect and 28 Assemblymen-elect. They are all Tammany men, and their votes on the Senatorship are considered safely tucked away in Murphy's vest pocket. Here are their names, with the districts they represent:

Dist.	Senators.	Dist.	Senators.
11.	C. D. Sullivan.	17.	John G. Saxe.
12.	T. D. Sullivan.	18.	Henry W. Pollock.
13.	J. D. McClelland.	20.	J. J. Frawley.
14.	T. F. Grady.	21.	S. J. Stilwell.
15.	T. J. McManus.	22.	A. J. Griffen.
16.	R. F. Wagner.		

Dist.	Assemblymen.	Dist.	Assemblymen.
1.	T. B. Caughlan.	16.	M. C. McCue.
2.	A. E. Smith.	18.	M. Goldberg.
3.	James Oliver.	20.	P. J. McGrath.
4.	Aaron J. Levy.	21.	J. A. Warren.
5.	J. J. Walker.	22.	Edward Weil.
7.	P. C. McElligott.	24.	T. A. Brennan.
8.	M. Graubard.	27.	W. R. Herrick.
9.	J. C. Hackett.	28.	Jacob Levy.
10.	H. Spielberg.	29.	H. J. Friedman.
11.	John J. Boylan.	30.	L. A. Cuvillier.
12.	James A. Foley.	32.	William Turley.
13.	James Hoey.	33.	John Gerhardt.
14.	J. J. Herrick.	34.	Seymour Mork.
15.	Ashton Parker.	35.	T. K. Eagan.

To these thirty-nine members from Tammany's own bailiwick must first be added six Senators and eighteen Assemblymen from Kings. There is a strong possibility that the number of Senators will be seven, as J. F. Duhamel, although elected as an Independence Leaguer, had the regular Democratic indorsement, and is expected to line up with the organization. Brooklyn is supposedly independent of Tammany Hall, but a "working agreement," as the leaders call it, has existed between the two since the death of Senator Patrick McCarren. John H. McCooey is the ostensible leader in Kings County, but the real power is wielded by a group of district leaders, including Sheriff Patrick H. Quinn, Election Commissioner James Kane, Thomas F. Wogan, James P. Sinnott, Thomas R. Farrell, and Thomas R. Byrnes. These men give orders to McCooey, instead of taking them from him. They are bound to each other and to McCooey for mutual advantage, and similarly they are all working in harmony with Murphy and Tammany Hall.

The Brooklyn leaders long ago became weary of the constant war between McCarren and Tammany Hall and of the succession of defeats at the polls that resulted from the leadership of McCarren, with consequent lack of patronage. Public opinion in Brooklyn would not countenance an open alliance with Tammany, but to all intents and purposes such an alliance exists. The old-timers, who date back to the days of Hugh McLaughlin, do not want Edward M. Shepard. They have known him for years as an independent force in Brooklyn politics, and it is only since the campaign for harmony was launched, less than two years ago, that they have been even openly friendly toward him. They have no interest in his possible election to the United States Senate, and at the same time realize that they can have no Brooklyn candidate unless it is Shepard. This is an additional reason why they are practically certain to fall in with any plans Murphy may make on this question. They will support Shepard, if Murphy desires, as a Brooklyn man. They will support somebody else—anybody else—that Murphy desires because they care nothing about Shepard.

Recruits for Murphy's Forces.

As the leaders go, so, of course, will the members of the Legislature go, with the possible exception of Duhamel, the Independence Leaguer. The men who may thus be added to Murphy's forces are:

Dist.	Senators.	Dist.	Senators.
3.	T. H. Cullen.	7.	T. C. Harden.
4.	L. M. Black, Jr.	9.	F. J. Sanner.
5.	B. S. Cronin.	10.	J. H. O'Brien.

Dist.	Assemblymen.	Dist.	Assemblymen.
1.	E. R. Terry.	13.	J. H. Donnelly.
2.	W. J. Gillen.	14.	James E. Fay.
3.	M. A. O'Neill.	15.	John J. O'Neill.
4.	C. W. Donovan.	16.	J. F. Jameson.
6.	J. H. Gerken.	19.	J. Schiffendecker.
7.	D. F. Farrell.	20.	G. F. Carew.
8.	J. J. McKean.	21.	H. Hyman.
9.	E. O. O'Connor.	22.	T. L. Geatons.
12.	S. W. Fry.	23.	L. Goldstein.

The Tammany forces also count on the Senator and all four of the Assemblymen from Queens as part of the Murphy forces. Politics in that borough is so complicated that by the time anybody masters the details of the situation it has entirely changed and new combinations have been formed. The one fact that stands out at the present time is that Cassidy is Murphy's man, and Cassidy has just been elected Chairman of the County Committee, putting him in the saddle as against Gresser and Harvey. Senator Harte is an out-and-out Cassidy man.

More Votes for Murphy.

Just how the four Assemblymen will line up in borough politics is open to question, but on the Senatorship they are all expected to stand with Murphy, because Cassidy does, and for the moment he is the "regular organization." This gives Murphy five more votes, as follows:

Dist.	Senator.	Dist.	Assemblymen.
2.	D. J. Harte.	2.	A. J. Kennedy.
Dist.	Assemblymen.	3.	C. E. Fitzpatrick.
1.	A. Zorn.	4.	H. I. Huber.

This gives Murphy a total of 68 votes in the Democratic caucus, nine more than are necessary to control. Richmond has a Senator, Howard R. Bayne, whose district also includes Rockland County, and an Assemblyman, W. A. Shortt. Both bow allegiance to Tax Commissioner Charles J. McCormack. He was until a year ago the avowed leader of Richmond County, but he yielded to Mayor Gaynor's objection to the appointment of county and district leaders to city offices and turned over the titular leadership to Eugene Lamb Richards. Mayor Gaynor then reappointed him. McCormack, however, remains the real boss, and he and his members of the Legislature are counted as assured to Murphy. McCormack fought with the McClellan forces against Murphy, but that was because he held an appointment from McClellan, and his loyalty to the Tammany leader at the present time is unquestioned. The two votes from Richmond give Murphy a total of 70, not including that of Duhanne of Kings, which he will probably get.

Gains Support Up-State.

Aside from Murphy's grip on practically the entire delegation from New York City, a number of the Democratic members from the up-State counties will follow his leadership. This was a foregone conclusion from the time Murphy wrested control of the State Committee from W. J. Conners. Mr. Conners's retirement as Chairman was finally accomplished by a unanimous vote, so that it was not made apparent just what up-State leaders were on Murphy's side, but it had become clear to Conners that at least some of them were, which caused him to withdraw as gracefully as possible.

There have been a few changes in the State Committee since last Summer, but they are in Murphy's favor rather than against him. Naturally the members of the Legislature from the districts where the leaders are favorable to Murphy will be aligned with his contingent from the city. There are these 45 Democratic members in all from the up-State counties:

SENATORS.

Suffolk-Nassau	J. L. Long
Columbia-Dutchess	F. D. Roosevelt
Ulster-Greene	W. P. Fiero
Schenectady-Schoharie	L. H. White
Oneida	T. H. Ferris
Tompkins-Schuyler	J. F. Murtaugh
Niagara-Orleans	R. H. Gittens
Erie	F. M. Loomis
Erie	S. J. Ramsperger
Erie	G. A. Burd

ASSEMBLYMEN.

Chemung	R. P. Bush
Clinton	J. B. Trombly
Columbia	R. N. Saunders
Delaware	C. L. Wheeler
Dutchess—	
First	F. A. Hoyt
Second	L. S. Chanler
Erie—	
First	J. S. Dawson
Second	O. G. La Reau
Third	L. J. Neupert
Fourth	E. D. Jackson
Fifth	R. E. Hearn
Sixth	A. Monczynski
Seventh	G. U. Wende
Greene	I. L. Patrie
Herkimer	J. C. Breitenbecker
Jefferson	L. W. Day
Lewis	R. E. Gregg
Montgomery	P. A. Bruce
Nassau	H. H. Holman
Niagara	B. F. Gould
Oneida—	
First	John W. Manley
Otsego	C. A. Miller
Rockland	G. A. Blauvelt
Saratoga	W. H. Martin
Schenectady	John C. Myers
Schoharie	D. D. Frisbie
Schuyler	J. W. Gurnett
Seneca	C. W. Cosad
Steuben—	
Second	J. Seeley
Suffolk—	
Second	Fred Sheide
Sullivan	J. K. Evans
Tioga	Otis S. Beach
Tompkins	M. McDaniels
Ulster	I. G. Washburn
Yates	F. Collin

In some of these district changes favorable to Murphy have occurred since last Summer. In Erie, for instance, where Conners was formerly in control, William H. Fitzpatrick is now the boss. He took Conners's own county away from him after Conners had been deposed as Chairman of the State Committee. Senators Ferris, Murtaugh, and Gittens, with the Assemblymen from their districts, are also said to be in line with the Tammany State leader. Other cases may develop when the caucus is held.

The only thing that would offer any chance of upsetting Murphy's control of the caucus would be a break between Tammany and the Brooklyn machine, and this is regarded as a remote possibility by Democratic politicians in close touch with the situation. It is this alliance chiefly that establishes Murphy as a State boss. For many years Tammany was kept from controlling the State by the alliance of Brooklyn, under Hugh McLaughlin, with David B. Hill, ruling the up-State machine. When McCarren became leader in Brooklyn the breach with Tammany was widened, but with his death and the new harmony arrangement in Brooklyn there is harmony with Tammany, too.

Thus Murphy is in a position to do what no Tammany leader has ever done before—name a United States Senator. Many years ago Tammany was able to name the Democratic candidate for Governor, but he was badly beaten at the election. This year, in the Democratic State Convention at Rochester, Murphy was in undisputed control, and his control of the Legislature is a logical outcome of that situation. During the Conners régime in the State Committee, Murphy, by alliance with Conners, was able to control the State Convention. About a year ago he undertook to control without Conners by eliminating the Buffalo statesman entirely. He succeeded in undermining Conners in the State Committee, and could have put him out in February, but the pleas of the harmony makers prevailed and Conners was permitted to hang on by Murphy's sufferance, until June 2, when he was supplanted by John A. Dix.

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[illegible]

SURE OF SMITH'S DEFEAT.

Senator Gebhardt Says That Only Republican Votes Can Save Him.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 30.—Declaring that he personally knows of enough Democratic members of the Legislature who will not vote for James Smith, Jr., for United States Senator to make it certain that he cannot be elected by his own party alone, State Senator William Gebhardt of Hunterdon County to-day added interest to the Wilson-Smith Senatorial controversy. He said Smith could be elected only in the event of enough Republicans being won over to offset the opposition in his own party, and he expressed the belief that ex-Senator Smith will be unable to effect any combination with the G. O. P. legislators.

Senator Gebhardt praised Gov.-elect Wilson for his stand on the question, and said it showed that Dr. Wilson is entirely free of being influenced by the "interests" which Smith has long represented in New Jersey Democracy.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Dec. 30.—Gov.-elect Woodrow Wilson had no statement on the political situation to make to-night, according to his secretary, H. C. Ross. Dr. Wilson came back to-night very tired from a six days' trip to St. Louis.

SENATE TANGLE IN OHIO.

Disaffected Democrats May Upset Plan to Elect Pomerene.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Dec. 30.—The caucus of the Democrats to decide on a United States Senator to succeed Charles Dick will be held on Jan. 6. In the Senate are 19 Democrats and 15 Republicans and in the House 70 Democrats and 49 Republicans, so that 77 votes will be necessary on joint ballot to elect.

The success of the caucus is in doubt, however, because the eleven Democrats from Cuyahoga County may not attend or be bound by the caucus. Hillencamp of Toledo, a member of the House, also will vote independently of the caucus.

If the Cuyahoga County delegation sticks to its present plan of remaining away the chances of Pomerene being nominated are very slim.

FOR WILSON'S INAUGURATION

Executive's Offices at New Jersey's Capitol Being Put in Order.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 30.—In connection with the arrangements being made for the inauguration of Dr. Woodrow Wilson as Governor of New Jersey, John W. Weseman, Custodian of the State House, and his force of assistants began to-day to prepare the executive offices at the Capitol for the event.

After being thoroughly cleaned the reception room and corridor leading to it will be elaborately decorated, and other parts of the building also will be adorned in honor of the occasion. The new Governor and his party will stand in front of the ornamental mantel and fireplace in the reception room for the reception that will follow the inaugural address in Taylor Opera House. Those who take advantage of the opportunity to shake hands with Gov. Wilson will file through the corridor and pass in line before him.

SHEEHAN IS LEADING IN SENATE CONTEST

Up-State Democratic Legislators for Him Because of Assistance in the Campaign.

MURPHY SAID TO BE BOUND

Tale of a Compact Made When Tammany Leader Had Little Hope of Carrying the Legislature.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 30.—Following the publication to-day of the letter from former Lieut. Gov. William F. Sheehan to Mayor Fuhrmann of Buffalo, formally announcing his candidacy for the United States Senate, the consensus of opinion expressed at the Capitol is that Mr. Sheehan has a better chance than any other candidate now in the field of occupying the seat which will be surrendered by Chauncey M. Depew on March 4.

Members of the Legislature, which will convene next Wednesday, have drifted into this city to prepare for their temporary sojourn here, and from statements they have made it would appear that as far as many of the up-State legislators are concerned the fate of Mr. Sheehan does not altogether hang on the word of Charles F. Murphy. Not one of these men will admit that he has any personal information as to how the sympathy for Mr. Sheehan in certain rural counties was created. It is doubtful if anybody, with the exception of Mr. Sheehan and Mr. Murphy, is fully conversant with the chain of circumstances that led to the present condition.

Credit Sheehan with Victory.

From the hints dropped, however, it is inferred that some time prior to the Democratic State Convention an understanding was reached between Mr. Sheehan and the Tammany chieftain, through which the former was enabled to bring about a situation which now is said to have got beyond Mr. Murphy's control. It is certain only that at least half a dozen Democratic legislators-elect have drifted into the capital bubbling over with gratitude to Mr. Sheehan, to whom they give credit for a Democratic victory in districts which have been regarded as safely Republican. When pressed they have admitted that it was through the bountiful supply of money provided by Mr. Sheehan and his backers that they had been enabled to put up the telling fight that resulted in their election.

"Mr. Sheehan may not be exactly the kind of man we believe should be sent to the United States Senate, but he has done a lot for the party by turning the control of the Legislature over to us, and I believe he is entitled to his reward." This statement, from one newly elected Democrat who recently visited the Capitol, is typical of what others have said in a different way.

It is a fact that long before the Democratic State Convention, and even before nominations to the Senate and Assembly had been made, representatives of Mr. Sheehan were busily at work "organizing" certain up-State districts which were doubtful or where the Republican majorities in other years had not been too large to shut out hope that they might be overcome in a year of pronounced Democratic drift.

At that time the probability of a Democratic majority in the next Legislature was regarded by the responsible party leaders as so remote that, according to current reports, Mr. Murphy believed that the shrewd Mr. Sheehan was taking a gambler's chance of getting any return on the investment made by him and his friends. This is regarded as the explanation of the supposed assurances from Mr. Murphy that if Mr. Sheehan met with success he would not be opposed by the organization in his candidacy for the Senate. Had the situation been such that the Tammany leader shared Mr. Sheehan's optimism, his friends declare, he might have hesitated before paving the way for such a resourceful politician to set himself up as a possible rival for the State leadership.

Murphy Controls Situation.

Such matters as an aroused public sentiment and an impressive protest from the rank and file of the Democracy apparently have not entered into the calculations of Mr. Sheehan and his friends, who figure that the strong claim he has on the gratitude of up-State Democrats who will sit in the next Legislature and the iron-clad pledges exacted on the strength of those claims will insure his election, provided Mr. Murphy keeps his hands off.

Even though there undoubtedly will be a handful of up-State Democrats who will sit in the next Legislature who may be averse to following the leadership of Mr. Murphy, a survey of the figures involved does not leave the slightest doubt of the Tammany chieftain's ability to control the Democratic caucuses of both Senate and Assembly, provided there should be no break in the friendly relations that now exist between him and John H. McCooey, the Democratic leader of Kings. The Democratic delegation to the next Legislature from New York City, taking the aggregate in both houses, numbers 70 out of a total number of 115 Democrats from the entire State. On a joint ballot 58 votes constitute a majority.

The Democratic members from Kings in the next Legislature will number 24—6 Senators and 18 Assemblymen. If the Kings delegation should come out for Edward M. Shepard it would require 34 votes out of a total of 45 up-State Democratic members for Mr. Shepard to make up the necessary majority.

Few of the up-State Democrats who will sit in the next Legislature have openly committed themselves on their choice for Senator. But the friends of Mr. Sheehan claim that a large majority of these will vote for him at the caucuses. Especially strong Sheehan sentiment is declared to exist in the Democratic organizations in counties throughout the southern tier.

MURPHY IN ALBANY TO-DAY.

Does Not Deny That He Has an Understanding with Sheehan.

Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, and the more important of his "braves" will go to Albany to-day to be present at the inauguration of Gov.-elect Dix and the various ceremonies attending the same. Mr. Murphy will leave on the 8:30 train this morning, accompanied by J. Sergeant Cram, Daniel F. Cohalan, Thomas F. Smith, Phillip J. Donahue, and Controller-elect Sohmer. They will be followed to-morrow by a large delegation of loyal Tammanyites on a special train.

Mr. Murphy had little to say about the Senatorship situation yesterday. When asked about the defiance of Senator Grady he replied: "That is a closed incident."

When he was asked if he had any comment to make on the definite announcement by William F. Sheehan that he was a candidate for the place, he replied:

"That is his privilege."

"It has been said that you have some pre-election understanding with Mr. Sheehan on the Senatorship," Mr. Murphy was told.

"Who said that?" he asked sharply.

The news came from Albany, he was told.

"That's the place to go for news," he replied. "That's why I am going up there to-morrow."

The general impression among Tammany leaders last night was that Mr. Murphy had finally conceded the election of Mr. Sheehan and that he would force the election of Senator Wagner as majority leader of the State Senate.

The Shepard Senatorial Committee, of which William Church Osborn is Chairman, will open headquarters at the Hotel Ten Eyck in Albany to-day. A committee of the leaders of the movement has been selected, several members of which will be actively present at the Capitol until the matter is settled. This Executive Committee includes such men as Alexander E. Orr, Herman A. Metz, Edward M. Grout, George Foster Peabody, George W. Wingate, and J. Edward Swanstrom.

CAN'T BAR MORMON EMBLEMS

Navy Department Won't Act on Complaint Against Utah's Silver Service.

The Navy Department is powerless to prevent the State of Utah from engraving on the silver service to be presented to the dreadnought Utah, now nearing completion, pictures of Brigham Young, the first Governor of the then Mormon Territory, and of the great Mormon Temple in Salt Lake City.

This information is contained in a letter written to Hugh Gordon Miller of 220 Broadway by Assistant Secretary of the Navy Beekman Winthrop. Mr. Miller recently filed a protest against the Mormon engravings on the Utah's silver service at the request of the Women's Republican Clubs of this city.

Mr. Winthrop's letter follows:

> Navy Department,
> Washington, Dec. 28, 1910.
>
> Sir: The department is in receipt, by reference from the President, of your letter of the 21st instant, protesting against the acceptance of the silver service presented to the United States steamship Utah by the State of Utah which, it is alleged, is engraved with a picture of Brigham Young and the Mormon Temple, and in reply begs to inform you that it does not feel that it can prescribe the pattern or design of any service. This, it would seem, it has no concern in, and in the past such details have always been considered as pertaining to the individual State. If it be true that the silver service for the Utah has been patterned as you report, the department is inclined to the opinion that it would be injudicious and inadvisable to raise any question of issues in which it can be in no wise concerned. Very respectfully,
>
> BEEKMAN WINTHROP,
> Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

The Utah controversy recalls that which followed the publication of the action of the State of Mississippi in engraving the picture of Jefferson Davis, the President of the Confederate States, on the silver service presented to the battleship Mississippi. All sorts of resolutions and objections were raised to this action on the part of Mississippi, but they had no effect, and the picture of the President of Southern Confederacy is on the plate.

APPORTIONMENT SUIT UPHELD

Justice Amend Directs Attorney General to Answer It.

Supreme Court Justice Amend overruled yesterday the contention of the Attorney General that the Supreme Court, New York County, lacks jurisdiction to consider the suit brought by William L. Reynolds and others to overthrow the present legislative district apportionment of the State. He directed the Attorney General to file an answer to the suit by Jan. 6.

Reynolds and others brought the suit to have the present legislative district apportionment upset on the ground that it had been illegally performed. The reapportionment was made during an extra session of the Legislature which was called by Gov. Hughes in 1907 because the bill was not passed at the regular previous session. The Constitution, it was asserted by the petitioners, expressly states that an apportionment bill must be passed at a regular session of the Legislature, and they hope to prove that the extra session cannot be construed as a regular one. In some quarters the suit was looked upon as an attack on the anti-gambling measures passed at the insistence of Gov. Hughes.

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TAILORED READY TO WEAR

Old Year's Going Out To-Night; Are You?

If you are, you'll want to be ready to greet the New Year in the time-honored way—
Up-to-the-minute clothes on your back.
And money in your pocket.
We'll be open this evening.

Shaggy great coats, English styled, $30, $35.
Presto-collar overcoats, $15, $20, $25.
Silk-lined overcoats, $30 to $45.
The famous BRILL TWENTY suits, $20.
Smart blue worsted cheviot suits, $18.
BRILL SPECIAL suits and overcoats, $15.
Full dress or Tuxedo suits, $30 to $50.
Stetson hats, $3.50, $5; silk hats, $6.
Perrin's lined gloves, of mocha, $3 to $5.
Imported canes, with electric light, $6.

Happy New Year to all who know us, and to all who ought to know us!

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY at 49th St., 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125th STREET, at Third Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.

FREES SECOND MRS. EARLE.

Former Julia Kuttner's Marriage to the Artist Has Been Annulled.

Julia Kuttner Earle, second wife of Ferdinand Pinney Earle, won an annulment of her marriage yesterday from the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, in a decision which overthrows the dismissal of her suit in the lower court. Earle and Julia Kuttner were married March 17, 1908, at Venice, Italy. His previous marriage had been with Marie Emilie Fishbacher in Paris in 1903. Before his second marriage the first Mrs. Earle won a suit for divorce against him on the ground of desertion in Paris. She failed, however, to have the interlocutory judgment made final until two months after Earle's second marriage.

"It appears that the plaintiff—Julia Kuttner Earle—was innocent," the decision says, "and that it was duly represented to her that the defendant was duly divorced from his former wife, and she, in good faith, believed that he was at liberty to marry her. In these circumstances the issue of the marriage, one child, should be deemed the legitimate issue of the mother."

GETS TIME TO PAY BILLS.

Court Gives Lawyer Fischer, Charged with Swindling, Chance to Settle.

Frederick G. Fischer, a lawyer, who refused his address, was in Special Sessions yesterday, charged with swindling five hotels by running up board bills and then refusing to pay. He was paroled in the custody of a court officer and instructed to make an effort to pay the bills. The court gave him until March 23 to settle with the hotel people.

Fischer was arrested on the complaint of M. L. Davidson, manager of the Hotel Astor, who stated that the lawyer owed the hotel $146.

Other hotels to which Fischer is said to owe money are the Hotel Victoria, $24.70; Hotel Imperial, $434.64; the Holland House, $368.12, and the Hotel Hargrave, $170.61.

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An exhilarating, healthful non-alcoholic beverage—looks like champagne and tastes better. Serve it

New Year's Day and all the time

It should be on every Holiday dinner table—good for the whole family.

Case of 12 quarts, $4.00
Case of 24 pints, 4.50
Or singly in pint and quart bottles.
Sold by all high-class grocers, drug stores, department stores, hotels and cafes.
Write for Book of Recipes.
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Suits and overcoats, regularly $18.00 to $20.00 (broken sizes) - 12.50
Suits and overcoats, regularly $20.00 to $25.00 - - - - - - 15.00
Suits and overcoats, regularly $22.50 to $30.00 - - - - - - 17.50
Suits and overcoats, regularly $27.50 to $32.50 - - - - - - 21.00
Suits and overcoats, regularly $35.00 and $40.00 - - - - - - 26.00
Suits and overcoats, regularly $40.00 to $50.00 - - - - - - 32.50
Overcoats, regularly $55.00, $60.00 and $65.00 - - - - - - 42.50

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Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
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Very Good Coats, double breasted, with rows of buttons, sizes 2, 3 and 4 years; regularly up to $1.98; in a clearance sale to-day, Saturday, at.......... 99c

Children's Coats, made of fine cloths; trimmed with silk; velvet and Caracul cloth coats trimmed; sizes 2, 3 and 4 years; $7 and $8 values, at.......... $4.75

Children's Coats, plain and fancy cloths and white corduroy; double-breasted style; trimmed and lined; sizes 2, 3 and 4 years; $4 value, at.......... $2.87

Girls' Dresses, plaid dresses, with pleat on front of waist; trimmed with plain colors and buttons; sizes 6 to 14 years; at.......... $1.29

Beginning Tuesday, January 3rd

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WOMEN'S MUSLIN, MARQUISETTE AND COTTON VOILE DRESSES, INCLUDING LINGERIE MODELS, ALSO LINEN AND CLOTH SUITS AND DRESSES, SUITABLE FOR WEAR AT THE WINTER RESORTS, ARE BEING SHOWN AT MODERATE PRICES, AS WELL AS SEPARATE WAISTS, MILLINERY, PARASOLS, GLOVES, SHOES, ETC.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

WALDO CRITICISES THE FIRE MARSHAL

Tells Graft Investigators Manhattan Office Is Much Below Brooklyn's Standard.

COMMENDS PRESSURE MAINS

They Are the Greatest Safeguard Against a Conflagration, Fire Commissioner Says—Wants Strict Laws.

Fire Commissioner Rhinelander Waldo is not at all satisfied with the way in which things have been run in the Fire Marshal's office in Manhattan. Yesterday when the Commissioner appeared as a witness before the Legislative Graft Investigating Committee in City Hall he said that the efficiency of the Fire Marshal's Department in Brooklyn far exceeded that of Manhattan, and that he was having the latter department thoroughly overhauled by competent men.

It was the first intimation the public had received that the Fire Commissioner and Fire Marshal William L. Beers of Manhattan were at loggerheads, or that the Commissioner was not satisfied with Mr. Beers's department.

The question of efficiency in the Fire Marshal's Department was brought up by the committee. The members were much impressed with the testimony given by Marshal Beers on Thursday, when he said that 9,581 fires had been investigated by him and his deputies since Jan. 1 of this year. He then offered suggestions looking toward fire prevention.

"The question of efficiency in the Fire Marshal's department depends on the efficiency of the man himself," said Commissioner Waldo. "In Brooklyn, where there is a much smaller force in the Fire Marshal's Department, they are accomplishing much better results than in Manhattan. The Brooklyn office, with one stenographer and one-fourth the force that is maintained in Manhattan, brings more persons to justice than does the Manhattan office.

The Fire Marshal's Department in New York City should properly be in the District Attorney's office. Its functions are legal rather than of a fire-fighting character. The main function of the Fire Marshal here is to investigate fires and see if there is any criminality attached to them. I am having the whole department of the Fire Marshal overhauled by competent persons and expect better results in the near future."

M. Linn Bruce, counsel for the committee, called Commissioner Waldo's attention to Marshal Beers's testimony that his office force was too small to thoroughly investigate all the fires reported.

"It is not well to waste too much time on fires where no suspicion of criminality appears," said the Commissioner. "His main duty is to find if a crime was committed in connection with the fires."

"Isn't it equally important to determine the cause of the fires?" asked Mr. Bruce.

"That is one of the functions of the department," replied the Commissioner, "but the cause of most fires is easily ascertained."

Mr. Bruce also called Commissioner Waldo's attention to the testimony of Marshal Beers and Fire Chief Croker, in which they told how dangerous it was to allow rubbish to collect in the cellars. He asked the Commissioner what could be done toward alleviating that fire menace.

"Give the Fire Department power to enforce its orders for cleaning cellars," said the Commissioner.

"And what would you suggest as a penalty for such refusal?" asked Mr. Bruce.

"Fine or imprisonment," was the reply.

Commissioner Waldo was also questioned about the so-called conflagration districts and the possibility of a great fire disaster here.

"As I remember it," he said, "there has been no fire here since 1838 that could be called a conflagration. The introduction of the high pressure service tends to reduce fire loss."

"Do you think that lofts and storehouses and factories should be equipped with automatic sprinklers?" was asked.

"Unquestionably," was the reply, "for at present we have authority to order them installed, but have no power to enforce the order. When such orders are refused, the matter goes to the Corporation Counsel and usually there are no results. The Fire Commissioner ought to have authority to bring into court such persons as disobey the order. There is one case in the New York office to-day where fire protection appliances were ordered installed four or five months ago, and no action has been taken yet. They were ordered some time ago on that building that burned the other night at Hudson and Laight Streets."

Commissioner Waldo told the committee that, in his opinion, the division of fire prevention in the Fire Department is in need of development to a greater extent than the division of fire extinction. The fire extinction also can be improved, he said, mainly by the extention of the high pressure system. The Commissioner also said he thought the division of fire prevention should be made a separate bureau from that of fire extinction.

Over insurance, said the Commissioner, is a distinct menace.

"A man can get out insurance without having the property inventoried," he added. "This tends to incendiarism. There are many incendiary fires which are really caused by laxity of the insurance companies in inadequately inventoring the property."

The Fire Department, however, is being extended, he explained, as rapidly as possible, as fast, in fact, as the necessary funds are allowed by the Board of Estimate.

The committee also wanted to know about advisable changes in the Building Code, but the Commissioner had no suggestions to make. He said there was no doubt that the character of buildings was improving. He suggested however, that the Fire Department might well be given entire charge of fire escapes. At present the department has no control over them. That is attended to by the Tenement House Commission.

SENATOR BOYNE EXPLAINS.

Resents Assemblyman Toombs's Criticism of His Vote.

State Senator Howard R. Boyne of the Twenty-third District gave out a letter yesterday to M. Linn Bruce, counsel to the Legislative Investigating Committee, explaining his connection with the so-called Anti-Conspiracy bill, and offering to appear before the committee to answer any question relating to this or any other matter dealing with his legislative record. Senator Boyne's letter was called forth by Assemblyman Frederick R. Toombs's criticism of him for opposing the bill. Mr. Toombs thought the public ought to know Senator Boyne's attitude toward this measure, inasmuch as he has been mentioned as a possible candidate for President pro tem of the State Senate.

Here is Senator Boyne's letter:

64 Wall Street,
New York City, Dec. 30, 1910.

Hon. M. Linn Bruce, Counsel to Legislative Investigating Committee, 18 Wall Street, New York City.

Dear Sir: My attention has just been called to an article in THE NEW YORK TIMES of this date, Page 2, Column 5, in which the Hon. Frederick R. Toombs is quoted as wanting to call attention to the fact that Senator Grady and myself "once joined forces to defeat the Anti-Conspiracy bill, aimed to prosecute the Milk and Poultry Trusts, which was introduced at the last session of the Legislature." Mr. Toombs is further represented as stating that I "worked against this bill with a zeal that was not always explainable"; that, "as a member of the legislative investigating committee, he has always thought that opposition to this particular bill might well be gone into," and that "he has also thought that the secretary of Senator Timothy Sullivan and myself 'would appreciate an opportunity to explain their activity against this measure.'"

The measure to which, I suppose, Mr. Toombs refers was a bill introduced by himself to amend the penal law in relation to conspiracies. It became a law by Chapter 395 of the Laws of 1910.

My only connection with this bill was to oppose it on the floor of the Senate.

I have not the faintest recollection of any one speaking to me about this bill or asking either my support or opposition. I did nothing for it or against it, except upon the floor of the Senate, and what I said there is a matter of public record. Neither Senator Grady nor any one else, so far as I recollect, ever spoke to me about the bill. It was reported from the Codes Committee, of which I was not a member, and I had no knowledge of it whatever until it came upon the calendar of the committee of the whole Senate for discussion.

As I remember the discussion, Senator Grady opposed the bill on the ground that it was too great an invasion of the personal rights and liberty of the citizen in requiring him to produce every document in his possession alleged to relate to matters under investigation, whether it in fact did or not. My objection to the bill was that it was unconstitutional in that it did not afford immunity to the witness for any crime that by his own testimony or by documents he was compelled to produce, he might be shown to have committed. My recollection is, further, that I characterized the bill as one having a good purpose but improperly framed, and I recommended that it be amended by affording immunity to the witness from prosecution for any crime that his testimony or the documents produced by him might show he had committed. In support of my contention I cited, I think, the Counselman case in the Supreme Court of the United States.

My vote accorded with my views, which have not changed, and I should vote precisely the same way on the same bill if opportunity allowed.

The insinuations of Mr. Toombs should be investigated, and I have to request that I may have an opportunity to go before the legislative investigating committee promptly, and answer any questions relating to this or any other matter in connection with my legislative career.

I am sending a copy of this letter to THE NEW YORK TIMES, with request for publication.

I am also writing to Mr. Toombs a letter, a copy of which I inclose, in which I call upon him to make good his statements or withdraw them.

I have further to say that the mention of my name in connection with the Democratic leadership of the Senate in the public prints or otherwise has been entirely unauthorized. Very respectfully yours,

HOWARD R. BOYNE,
Senator, Twenty-third District.

UPHOLDS BINGHAM DEMURRER

Appellate Division Says Mayor's Answer in Libel Suit Does Not Justify.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, by a vote of 3 to 2, reversed yesterday a decision of Justice Greenbaum overruling the demurrer of Gen. Theodore A. Bingham to a part of the answer of Mayor Gaynor in Bingham's $100,000 suit against the Mayor for alleged libel.

The suit arises out of the Duffy case, in which Mayor Gaynor, then a Supreme Court Justice, charged the police, including Commissioner Bingham, with "hounding" the boy and illegally keeping his photograph in the Rogues' Gallery, Mayor Gaynor, in his answer, set forth that his statements were privileged as the comments of a citizen to a public officer (Mayor McClellan) on the acts of a subordinate.

"Instances have been pointed out," the Appellate Division holds, "where the statements made were not fair comments on the acts of the Commissioner, but were defamatory of his character, first, charging him with scoundrelism; second, with being incompetent, corrupt, and a buffoon; third, a despot and lawless; fourth, possessed of the most dangerous and destructive delusion that any official can entertain in a free Government.

"It seems," the court adds, "that the answer does not justify at least so far as the charges above specified are concerned."

SUIT OVER DUTCH PAINTINGS.

Dr. Stilwell Alleges Paculli Sold Him Bogus Old Masters.

Testimony taken at The Hague before the United States Minister to Holland in the suit of Dr. John E. Stilwell against Emil Paculli, a picture dealer, was filed yesterday with the County Clerk. Stilwell asserted that Paculli sold him bogus old Dutch masters under representation that they were genuine.

Dr. Cornelius H. de Groot, who is connected with a museum at The Hague and with the Royal Dutch Picture Gallery, said that a painting, "Scene on the Meuse," alleged to have been painted by Jan van Goyen, was spurious. The painter lived between 1596 and 1656, while Dr. de Groot declared that the painting was not more than 100 years, probably not more than 50 years old.

Dr. Abraham Bredius, ex-director of the art gallery at The Hague, declared that the painting had been done by a clever imitator of van Goyen's work. Dr. Martin, director of the Royal Dutch Picture Gallery, said that in his opinion the painting was not more than 25 years old.

BANS TILDEN STATUE PLANS.

Art Commission Disapproves Madison Square Site, Also the Design.

The Municipal Art Commission has rejected the design and site suggested by the Tilden Memorial Committee for the Samuel J. Tilden monument. It was proposed to locate it in Madison Square facing Fifth Avenue, about midway between the Seward and Farragut statues.

The principal reason of the commission for disapproving the site is that there are already enough monuments in Madison Square.

HAIL HUMPERDINCK AS CHILD OF WAGNER

Composer of "Koenigskinder" Cheered by Singers and Critics at "The Bohemians'" Dinner.

PRAISES OUR LOVE OF OPERA

Foreign Composers Turning to New York for First Productions, He Says —Jadlowker Couldn't Be There.

Engelbert Humperdinck, whose opera, "Königskinder," was produced at the Metropolitan Opera House last Wednesday night, was guest of honor last evening at a dinner at the Hotel Astor, given by The Bohemians, members of which include the leading musicians of this city. Practically every well-known musician or musical critic of the city was among the diners, and all, either in speeches or by their applause, praised the German composed as "the king of modern operatic composers" and as the "child of Wagner."

"This quiet, gentle artist learned his art at the feet of the Great King, and we American musicians feel that he is indeed worthy to be one of the 'children of the King,'" said Walter Damrosch, while all the other diners cheered the neatly turned pun.

Both Walter and Frank Damrosch, as well as Franz Kneisel, Arnold Volpe, Victor Herbert, Arturo Toscanini, Max Spiering, and Nahan Franko were among the diners. And most of the artists who created male rôles in "Königskinder" last Wednesday night were also present. These included Alfred Hertz, who was the conductor at the Wednesday performance; Otto Goritz, who sang the rôle of the Fiddler, and Albert Reiss, who sang the broommaker's part, Karl Zörn, who is going to sing the rôle of the King's Son in the performance on Jan. 14, was also present and sang the aria from "Africana" toward the end of the dinner.

The presence of so many of the artists who are connected with "Koenigskinder" caused some of the diners to wonder at the absence of Hermann Jadlowker, who sang the principal rôle—that of the King's Son—last Wednesday night. One officious diner volunteered the information, which he said was authentic, that the German tenor had absented himself because he was "angry at the newspaper criticism of his singing which had appeared Thursday morning, and that when he understood that some of the critics were going to speak at the dinner he had refused to come." Secretary Herzog of "The Bohemians" and Herr Jadlowker both quickly said that this rumor was absurd.

Jadlowker at the Opera.

"Jadlowker wrote to us declining our invitation on the ground that he had to be elsewhere," said Mr. Herzog to THE TIMES reporter.

Herr Jadlowker, found at the Metropolitan Opera House at a representation of "Rigoletto," said to THE TIMES reporter:

"I am here because a countryman of mine—also a tenor, Dimitri Smirnoff—is making his American début. If I hadn't come here I suppose I should have been accused of being jealous of him. I wanted to be here. I also wanted to go to the dinner, but it was impossible to be in two places at once."

When it became known some time ago that Engelbert Humperdinck was going to be in this country, not only "The Bohemians" but also "The Schlaraffia," another and still older musical society in this city, planned to give dinners to the German composer. But the two societies decided that it would be more seemly if they all united at the same dinner. So last night seventy-five members of the "Schlaraffia" were present at the same long table as the "Bohemians" guests.

Rubin Goldmark, President of the Bohemians, acted as toastmaster.

"We are the first organization in this country—musical or otherwise—to greet the creator of the new masterpiece, and it is fitting that we should be the first to greet him as our societies represent the professional musicians of the city," said President Goldmark in introducing Prof. Humperdinck. "Every true musician admires those who have attained the eminence of being a recognized master."

All the diners then rose to their feet and vociferated a "Hoch soll er leben," waving their wine glasses in Prof. Humperdinck's direction.

"The only English I can say is 'I thank you very much,'" Prof. Humperdinck said in English as he rose, after the cheering subsided.

"Even in my own tongue I cannot do more than express my thanks," the composer went on in German. "I want to thank the Directors of the Metropolitan Opera House for having staged my opera in the very finest possible way. I want to thank them also for the artists they chose to perform the rôles.

New York an Opera Centre.

"I was in this country five years ago, and I want to say that America seems to have made a great stride in operatic progress since that time. The great composers of Europe are now having the first performances of their operas given over here instead of in their own country. European composers are coming to think that New York is the centre of the operatic art, and not the European cities.

"Before I resume my seat, I want to drink two toasts, one to the Metropolitan Opera Company of New York, and the other to the organization of New York musicians—The Bohemians."

H. E. Krehbiel, the musical critic, was the next speaker.

"I never felt so proud of my profession of musical critic as I did on Thursday morning when I read the accounts in the papers of this city of the first performance of 'Königskinder,'" said Mr. Krehbiel. "'Königskinder' represents pure, honest, simple beauty in music; and all the critics of this city, whether they belonged to the old school or new, seemed by their criticisms to have understood and to have appreciated this."

Walter Damrosch raised a laugh by saying that he had been so busy trying to recover the Metropolitan's stolen prize opera scores, in the last few days, that he hadn't time to prepare any speech for the dinner.

H. T. Finck, a musical critic who followed Walter Damrosch, described Humperdinck's early life as Wagner's amanuensis.

"Wagner," said Mr. Finck, "wrote so many pages a day and Humperdinck would copy them for him. Wagner called our guest 'Hump' in those days."

RIGOLETTO WITH NEW TENOR

Dimitri Smirnoff Makes American Debut—Miss Lipkowska as Heroine.

A performance of "Rigoletto" at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening by no means upheld the standard created by past performances of the work at this theatre. This opera has been sung once before this season, but with an entirely different cast—and, it must be confessed, with much better effect.

Last evening a young Russian tenor, Dimitri Smirnoff, made his American début, singing the part of the Duke. In a smaller theatre his voice might be more effective, as it is not without charm. It is rather white in quality, however, and his singing is exaggerated in style. His voice is also much too small for a large theatre. It is better to altogether waive a mention of this tenor's action, as pleasant remarks could not be made about it at present. He is tall, however, and presents a good appearance. It may be that he will achieve more success in French opera.

Miss Lipkowska, from Russia and Boston, paid New York her first visit this season to sing Gilda. Miss Lipkowska is as slender and young and pretty as ever, but she does not cope successfully with the vocal difficulties that Verdi's heroine offers to the singer. Her singing of the "Caro Nome" was curiously uneven in merit, and she ended this air in quite a different key from that in which she commenced it. Mr. Podesti was kind and held his hand in the air, delaying the final orchestral chord after her cadenza until it was drowned in the applause which this air always brings, no matter how it is sung.

Miss Flahaut sang Maddalena on this occasion; Mr. Amato was the Rigoletto, and Mr. de Sagurola the Sparafucile.

Verdi's opera was followed by a series of dances by the Russian dancers who reestablished the status of the art of Russia on a solid basis.

CHANGE TO 'THE SQUAW MAN'

Royle's "The Silent Call" Not in Shape for Presentation Here Monday.

The opening of Edwin Milton Royle's new play, "The Silent Call," scheduled for the Broadway Theatre next Monday afternoon, has been postponed, and Mr. Royle's older play, "The Squaw Man," will be revived in its stead, with Dustin Farnum in the leading rôle.

This week George Tyler, managing director of Liebler & Co., went to Washington to see the first performance of "Marriage a la Carte,' and then traveled to Springfield, Mass., to see "The Silent Call," which was put on there preparatory to opening in New York. Immediately afterward he telegraphed to the New York office to have a "production" of "The Squaw Man" get ready, as it would take at least two weeks longer to get the new play in shape for presentation in New York.

B. MARTIN, JR., LOSES CASE.

Appraisers Decide He Must Pay Duty on Antique Silverware.

Failure on the part of Bradley Martin, Jr., to comply with regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury caused the Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday to affirm the action of Collector Loeb in exacting a duty of 45 per cent. on antique table articles of silver or plated ware purchased by Mr. Martin abroad for his New York residence.

As there were no affidavits filed by Mr. Martin, the Collector classified the importations as "manufactures of metal," which calls for a tax of 45 per cent. Mr. Martin went before the board and maintained that, as the articles were more than 100 years old, they were entitled to free entry under Paragraph 717 of the Payne-Aldrich tariff law of 1909.

Judge Waite agreed with Mr. Martin that the articles are of artistic merit and had been in existence 100 years prior to their importation. At the same time he points out that the importer failed to file affidavits as prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury. For this reason the protest is overruled.

Ahearn Wins His Leadership Fight.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court sustained yesterday James Ahearn's title to the Tammany leadership of the Nineteenth Assembly District, which was contested by James J. Hines. The decision, like that of the Supreme Court, denies Hines a recount on the ground that even if seventy votes for Hines excluded by the Inspectors were counted, Ahearn would still have a majority of ninety-two in the primary election.

MATCHING STRENGTH OVER SUBWAY AWARD

Mitchel and Prendergast Are Canvassing for Votes in Favor of Competition.

CRISIS IS DUE ON TUESDAY

Will the Mayor Present Minority Report to Offset Interborough Condemnation Expected from Colleagues?

A crisis over the subway situation in the Board of Estimate is expected at the meeting of the Transit Committee to be held on Tuesday. There has been much speculation over the probable final line-up in the board on the Interborough Rapid Transit Company's offer as against the Triborough plan and the competitive idea.

The Transit Committee is composed of Mayor Gaynor, Controller Prendergast, and President Mitchel of the Aldermen. From the Mayor's various utterances on the subject it is taken for granted that he will stand behind the Interborough plan. The other two members are both frank advocates of the competitive idea and of the Triborough system. This puts the Interborough in the minority in the committee, and it is known that Mr. Prendergast and Mr. Mitchel are preparing a strong report against its plan for presentation to the board.

Whether or not the Mayor will present a minority report cannot be learned. He refuses to discuss the subject. He has had several conferences with Borough President McAneny of Manhattan, who is also counted on the side of the Interborough, and it is known that they are exerting every effort to find out how the other members of the board stand. Mr. Prendergast and Mr. Mitchel are just as anxious as they are to find out the position which the four other Borough Presidents are going to take, for while they are a clear majority in the committee they may be a small minority of the whole board.

The Interborough sympathizers in Brooklyn, who believe that the interests of the borough would be best served by the building of the proposed extensions to the present Subway, plan a mass meeting to be held in the Academy of Music next week. The Interborough plan has several influential advocates in Brooklyn, among them such men as Abraham Abraham of Abraham & Straus, Irving T. Bush, President of the Bush Terminal Company, and Charles A. Schieren, ex-Mayor of the old city, who were members of the Joint Subway Committee of the Chamber of Commerce and the Merchants' Association.

The Public Service Commission has informed the Board of Estimate that it has arrived at a settlement with the Interborough on the long-discussed claim on the construction of the so-called Bridge Loop Subway by which the company has agreed to a reduction of more than a million and a half dollars on the original claim of $6,198,514.

The commission's report adds that there is a balance upon the original contract price of $35,000,000, amounting to $576,425, which still remains unpaid.

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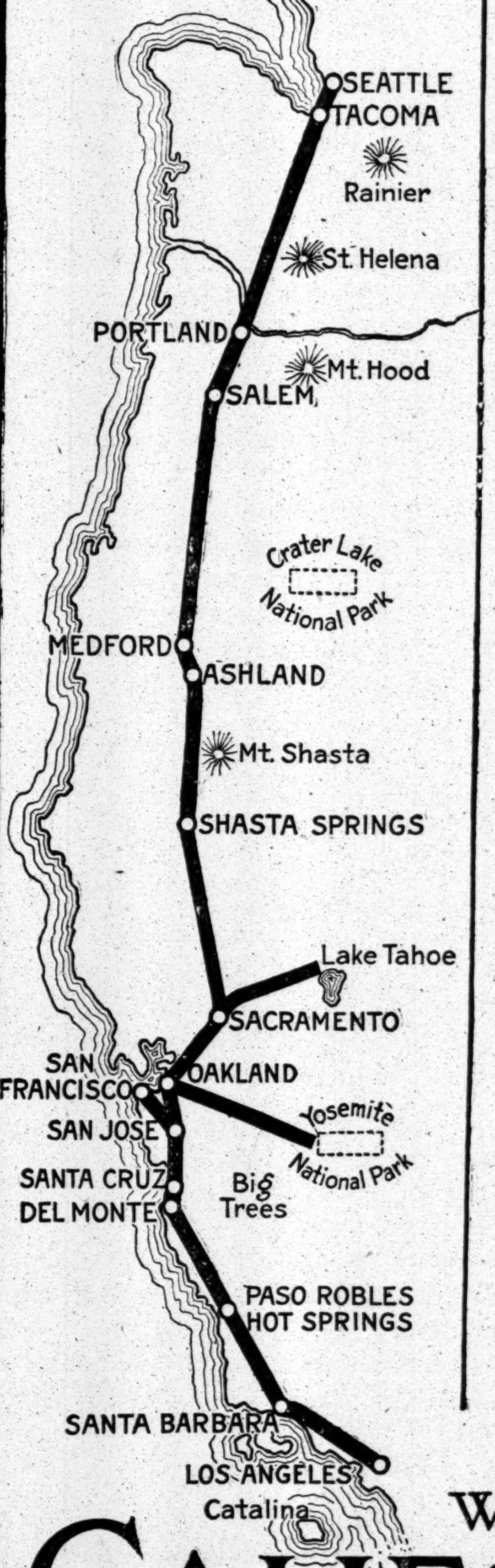

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HEALTH BOARD BAN ON PULLMAN BROOMS

Practice of "Brushing Off" Passengers Spreads Disease, Dr. Lederle Declares.

MANY COMPLAINTS RECEIVED

One Woman Tells of Contracting a Cold in This Way—Vacuum Cleaners Proposed as a Remedy.

All the colored porters in this country's Pullman cars would be deprived of their whisk brooms if the Health Department of this city, as well as many other sanitary authorities and private citizens who've been traveling in Pullman cars recently, had their way about it.

Both sanitary authorities and private travelers had a lot to say about "the whisk broom nuisance" yesterday. Disease germs are constantly settling on outer garments, say the travelers. But so long as the germs stay quietly on the outer garments, they do no harm.

It is only when they are started floating through the parlor car by the whisk broom of the colored porter that they begin to get in their deadly work, the authorities say. They are breathed in by the other passengers, and even by the person on whose outer garments they have been reposing. They lodge in the sensitive membranes of the nose, throat, bronchial tubes, and lungs; and become perniciously active. Tuberculosis, diptheria, smallpox, yellow fever, Asiatic cholera, typhoid fever, scarlatina, measles, pneumonia, the grip, and common colds are all known to be spread by the stirring up of dust in this way.

The Board of Health of this city has received many complaints against the whisk broom nuisance. One complaint was from a prominent woman. She said she was returning to this city on a Pullman car and that, just as the train entered the station, she was roused from a fit of abstraction by a disagreeable choking sensation and a desire to cough. She says she felt that something distasteful and inimical to her welfare was taking place near her. Looking around, she noticed that one of her fellow-passengers was being brushed by the porter. The dust from his garments was visible in the rays of the sun. Twenty-four hours later she developed a cold.

Her letter interested Health Commissioner Lederle so much that he sent it to the Public Service Commission to investigate. He wrote the woman who complained this letter:

> I beg to acknowledge receipt of your letter, complaining of the practice of brushing passengers' clothes in Pullman cars. You are quite right in your contention that this is a nuisance, and I am surprised that it has not been stopped before this. There is some question as to the best way of bringing about the reform. I have the matter under consideration and will communicate with you further.

"The brushing of passengers in closed cars with whisk brooms is eminently unsanitary, and the Pullman car people should take the matter up and see if some other way of brushing the passengers may not be discovered," said Health Commissioner Lederle yesterday. "The question has been discussed in scientific journals, and I have heard talk of legislation against the nuisance. I am inclined to favor the use of vacuum cleaners in the cars. If these cleaners were used the dust and microbes from the clothes would be sucked into receptacles. The brushing might also be done in a certain part of the car, where there was a good draft to blow the germs away."

Health Commissioner Lederle referred the reporter to Prof. T. Mitchell Prudden of the College of Physicians and Surgeons for information as to the infectiousness of dust in public conveyances. Prof. Prudden was out of town, but a pamphlet of his called "Dust and Its Dangers" says that many infectious diseases are passed on in this way. In this pamphlet he says:

> Public conveyances into which, especially in this country, people are huddled indiscriminately, are very rarely properly cleaned and dusted. A railway carriage which comes in from its hundred-mile trip is even a dangerous place, if by chance it has borne a passenger afflicted with bacterial disease. Yet these cars may be started out on the return trip with full loads of fresh victims after no other cleaning than a few random broom sweeps and a few flips of the feather duster over the window seats and plush-covered chairs. If the traveling public will not protest and insist on a more careful system of cleaning, matters will probably remain where they are.
>
> Sleeping cars and the staterooms of steamships and hotel bedrooms are almost always liable to contain infectious material. The tubercle bacillus is frequently transmitted from one person to another in sneezing and coughing, particles being thrown out in a fine spray. The infective agents of pneumonia, diphtheria, influenza, and of many common colds are also widely disseminated in this way.

The Eastern Superintendent of the Pullman Company is J. S. Merrill. Mr. Merrill said yesterday that his company would gladly do away with the whisk broom as soon as a better way could be found to brush their passengers off after a dusty ride.

"Meantime we will try to cater to a class of passengers who carry a minimum of microbes around with them," said Mr. Merrill. "We instruct our porters always to invite each passenger to step to the end of the car to get his brushing, so the other passengers won't inhale the dust. As for using vacuum cleaners on the passengers, we already use them in cleaning the cars themselves. But we'd have to install an elaborate system of batteries and wiring in each car. Besides, I've experimented with vacuum cleaners on my own clothes, but never with much success."

Supt. Merrill said he hadn't received any complaints against the whisk brooms.

DOG SPEAKS SEVEN WORDS.

Scientists Say He Understands German and Replies to Strangers.

BERLIN, Dec. 30.—The assertion of a gamekeeper near Hamburg that his dog can speak German, and has an understanding of the language sufficient to answer questions intelligently, has been taken so seriously by German scientists that a commission headed by Prof. Pfungst of Berlin University undertook an investigation.

It is stated that they found the animal possessed of a vocabulary of seven words which were clearly articulated. Of the number four were of two syllables. It is asserted also that the dog understands what is said to him and replies to the inquiries of strangers, within the limits of his knowledge of the language, without aid or suggestion from his owner.

Greek Earthquake Killed None.

ATHENS, Greece, Dec. 30.—No fatalities have attended the series of earthquakes in the province of Elis. The material damage, however, is considerable.

CAUGHT—GETTING INTO BED.

Light Which Brought Police to Yonkers Home, Was Mrs. St. John Retiring

Patrolman Thomas Morrissey, who before his appointment to the police force was a champion Marathon runner and accompanied the All American team to the Olympic games at London, and Mrs. H. A. St. John met Thursday evening at Mrs. St. John's home, 508 Warburton Avenue, Yonkers, under peculiar conditions. The St. John family notified Acting Captain William Crough of the First Precinct yesterday that their home would be vacant for a few weeks, and asked him to have a watch kept on it.

When the patrolmen were turned out last evening Morrissey, upon whose post the house stands, was instructed to pay close attention to it. He passed the house at about 10 o'clock and saw a light in a second-story window over the front porch. He went up the stoop and rang the bell, and when he got no response to his summons concluded that he was due for a battle with a burglar.

Morrissey summoned a man whom he asked to watch the house, and then telephoned to Headquarters for the reserves. As the wagon containing reinforcements stopped in front of the St. John home, Morrissey told the Lieutenant in command of his discovery and the policemen were distributed about the dwelling. Morrissey shinned up the porch post and into the window. As he flashed his electric lamp about the room he saw Mrs. St. John in the act of getting into bed, and she immediately sicked her dog on the intruder. Mrs. St. John said later that after notifying the police of her contemplated trip she had decided to stay in the city another day.

REA'S REAL NAME IS HIGGINS.

Man Who Had Stolen Opera Scores Held for Larceny.

"The Mystery of the Missing Opera Scores" still continues to be a mystery in spite of the fact that the scores are now in the safekeeping of the police at the 104th Street Station. It developed that Dennis Higgins of 228 East Sixty-fourth Street is the real name of John Rea, who returned the scores to the police on Thursday.

He was arraigned before Magistrate Steinert of the Yorkville Court yesterday morning on a charge of larceny brought by James McCombe, agent of the Adams Express Company's branch office at 1,257 Third Avenue and held in $2,000 bail for examination next Tuesday.

Following the recovery of the scores the Directors of the Metropolitan Opera House gave out the following statement: "Through the skill and diligence of the police the two opera scores submitted by composers in the contest opened by the Metropolitan Opera Company, under the names of "Chiascuro" and "Raffaello," which were stolen from the wagon of the Adams Express Company last Saturday, have been recovered. The sealed envelopes containing the real names of the composers, using these noms de plume have not been opened."

COOK NOW THANKS DANES.

Grateful for Their Reception of Him on His Return from the Arctic.

Dr. Frederick A. Cook, the traveler, in the course of an interview, sent a message of thanks to the Danish people for their reception on his arrival from the north in 1909. The message, which has been cabled to the leading papers in Copenhagen, follows:

> In response to the offer of the Nordlyset I take this opportunity to thank the Danish people for their uniform patience and loyalty to my interest. I have been deprived of much, but the sweetness of Danish hospitality will always remain to nurse the spark of ambition.

The interview appeared yesterday in the Nordlyset, a local Danish paper.

JEWS WARNED IN DUMA.

Accused of Financing Democratic and Socialist Parties.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 30.—After an exciting debate in the Duma to-day, the members of the Right, the Nationalists, and the Octobrists, by combining their votes, secured the rejection of a motion demanding urgent necessity for an interpellation on the recent student disorders in Odessa. The Duma then adjourned to Jan. 30.

In the course of the debate M. Schulgen, Nationalist, declared that the student disorders were inspired by the Constitutional Democratic and Socialist Parties for the sake of sowing revolutionary seed. These parties, the speaker declared, were acting under the orders of Finnish Jews, who were financing them.

M. Schulgen warned the Jews against such alleged actions, concluding his remarks by saying: "Every revolution in Russia will pass over Jewish corpses, for the Jews are on the side of least resistance and the infuriated mobs will not spare them."

PRINCE MAXIMILIAN RECANTS.

Vatican Organ Says He Has Acknowledged Errors in His Article.

ROME, Dec. 30.—The Osservatore Romano, the Vatican organ, in announcing the departure from Rome of Prince Maximilian of Saxony, who came to the Vatican to make explanations to Pope Pius in connection with a recently published article written by him, says the Prince signed an ample declaration openly acknowledging the errors contained in the article, which was thoughtlessly written.

The paper says the Prince renewed to the Pope his full and unconditional adhesion to the doctrines taught by the Church of Rome.

COUGHLIN DIES AN EXILE.

Chicagoan, Who Figured In Cronin Case, Was a Fugitive.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 30.—Dan Coughlin, one of the principal figures in the famous Dr. Cronin murder case in Chicago twenty years ago and now wanted in Chicago on a charge of bribery is dead at San Pedro, Honduras.

After his arrest in 1889 for participation in the Cronin murder while a Chicago policeman, Coughlin's conviction, his new trial after years of imprisonment at Joliet, and his acquittal, came his indictment for bribing witnesses in a railroad damage suit.

He fled to Honduras, but in 1907 returned to Mobile, Ala., where he was arrested. He escaped through legal technicalities and returned to Honduras.

$83,050 Tax on Jourdan Estate.

It was decided yesterday by Surrogate Ketcham of Brooklyn that Mrs. Emma Jourdan, widow of Gen. James Jourdan, who was President of the Brooklyn Union Gas Company, should pay a transfer tax of $83,050 on the estate left by her husband. Gen. Jourdan died several weeks ago, leaving practically all his estate to his widow. The property was appraised at $2,141,000 and the State Controller demanded the payment of $91,000 as the transfer tax.

BIG SUGAR FRAUDS IN SAN FRANCISCO

Philippines Sugar Brought in Free and Drawbacks Obtained When It Goes Out.

ONLY A BEGINNING IS MADE

Customs Officer Promises Further Trouble for Refiners—New Orleans Frauds Have Continued 15 Years.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—"When the Grand Jury now investigating the sampling of sugar at New Orleans finishes its work, it will be found that the frauds against the Government there have been going on for at least fifteen years."

That statement was made to-day by an official of the Customs Service, who declared that all the suspected frauds would be found in the sampling of sugar, and in the polariscopic tests which determine the saccharine contents upon which the importer pays duty.

An investigation of alleged "drawback" frauds at San Francisco is also imminent. In fact, it is known that a preliminary investigation has furnished evidence which leads Treasury officials to believe the frauds at San Francisco will eclipse those at New York, which the American Sugar Refining Company recently offered to settle for $700,000.

Evidence collected by the Customs Service is said to show that the Government has for years been paying drawbacks on Philippine sugar which came into the United States duty free, was used in the preservation of California fruit, and later exported as sugar imported from Java on which duty had been paid.

One official of the Treasury Department said to-day: "The troubles of the sugar importers have only begun. The discoveries of the frauds have only started."

HEARST FRAUD CHARGES FAIL

Grand Jury Won't Indict American Boy Scout Managers.

The Grand Jury which has been inquiring into the charges made against the managers of the American Boy Scouts by William Randolph Hearst, who alleged that money was obtained for the movement by false representation, reported yesterday that they had no evidence upon which they could indict, and dismissed the charges.

Mr. Hearst said that persons connected with the American Boy Scouts made a practice of calling up wealthy men on the telephone and saying that they were talking from the private offices of Mr. Hearst, and that Mr. Hearst would consider it a personal favor if they would contribute to the Boy Scouts. The solicitors would then call at the office of the person from whom they had asked the donation and get the money. Mr. Hearst at once resigned as President of the movement and placed the matter before District Attorney Whitman.

Among the witnesses who appeared before the Grand Jury were William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Supreme Court Justice Gerard, Frank A. Munsey, and William A. Reed. All testified that they had contributed large sums to the American Boy Scouts after they had been solicited in the manner described by Mr. Hearst.

Cornelius N. Bliss Much Improved.

Cornelius N. Bliss, former Secretary of the Interior and long Treasurer of the Republican National Committee, who has been confined to his home, 29 East Thirty-seventh Street, through sickness for the past ten days, was reported last night to be recovering rapidly, and it is expected that he will be about in a few days, at any rate, in time to celebrate his seventy-eighth birthday in the latter part of next month.

FLEET STARTS HOME TO-DAY.

Sixteen Battleships Bid Europe Farewell—Due at Guantanamo Jan. 16.

CHERBOURG, France, Dec. 30.—The sixteen battleships of the United States Atlantic fleet made a rendezvous off the Scilly Islands to-day, following good-byes at the French and English ports, where the officers and men have been entertained by Government officials and civic bodies for six weeks past. To-morrow the warships will start homeward, the immediate destination being Guantanamo, Cuba, where they are due on Jan. 16.

The First Division, consisting of the battleships Connecticut, Delaware, Michigan, and North Dakota, under command of Rear Admiral Schroeder, Commander in Chief of the Atlantic fleet, sailed from this port at 9 o'clock this morning. As the vessels passed out the Admiral from his flagship, the Connecticut, signaled a cordial message of farewell to the French naval authorities and salutes were exchanged with the French squadron. The Third Division, the Minnesota, Idaho, Mississipi, and Vermont, Rear Admiral Murdock commanding, sailed from Brest at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon.

Earlier in the day the second division, made up of the Louisiana, Kansas, New Hampshire, and South Carolina, left Portland, England, the American ships passing through lines formed by vessels of the British home fleet, the crews of which manned ship. The American bands played "God Save the King," the British musicians responding with "Auld Lang Syne," and the customary salutes were exchanged as the division proceeded seaward.

The fourth division, made up of the Georgia, Nebraska, Rhode Island, and Virginia, set sail from Gravesend yesterday.

By way of war practice the homecoming battleships will attempt to escape the vigilance of the scout cruisers lying in wait for them and surprise the American shores. The combined divisions, moreover, will have fleet manoeuvres on the voyage.

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—If there are any twentieth century Kidds, Morgans, or other buccaneers scouring the Spanish Main with piratical intent, they will have a chance next week of tackling a real treasure ship. The United States supply ship Celtic will then steam into the Caribbean to pay off the home-coming Atlantic fleet. The Celtic is loading about a million and a half of gold eagles and double eagles, to say nothing of beef, bacon, and other provisions.

The Celtic will land her gold and stores at Guatanamo and it will be pay day for the fleet as soon as the ships come in from European waters.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The battleship South Carolina is the only vessel of the Atlantic fleet which will not go to Guantanamo, Cuba. She has been ordered to Hampton Roads at the request of the State Department and has been designated to transport the body of the late Señor Don Anibal Cruz, Chilean Minister to the United States, back to Chile, taking the place of the battleship Delaware for that mission.

HAS TYPISTS IN HIS SUITE.

Chilean Grandee Comes Here with a Train of Private Officials.

To make sure that he should have all the conveniences of home in these northern wilds, Ezequiel Ossio, owner of extensive saltpeter mines at Canina, Chile, who arrived with a party of twelve on the United Fruit steamer Zacapa yesterday, brought with him his family and fifty-four pieces of baggage, a confidential secretary, a special attorney, an interpreter, and several stenographers. The party occupied eleven staterooms on the steamer. Señor Ossio and his party will stay for several days at the Hotel Seville, thereafter sailing for London, leaving only Ezequiel, Jr., the eleven-year-old son, here to study.

Another passenger on the same steamer was James D. Hanan, President of the United Boot and Shoe Manufacturers' Association, who has just finished a 60,000-mile trip through South America. At one time, while traveling at Buenos Ayres, he said, he encountered intense heat, and in the next thirty-eight hours such intense cold in the Andes that icicles formed on his clothing. American leather imports, he said, are eagerly bought in South America.

Baroness Hengelmuller Better.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The condition of Baroness Hengelmuller, wife of the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador to the United States, who is suffering from appendicitis at the Embassy here, was reported to-night to have shown some improvement. She still is in a serious condition, but at a consultation of physicians to-day it was concluded that no operation was necessary at present.

KILLS WIFE AND DAUGHTER.

Husband Was Reproved for Wearing Good Clothes to Work.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 30.—William C. Strickler shot and killed his wife and 19-year-old stepdaughter, Eula Kile, in their home, 2,418 East Lafayette Avenue, this city, to-day. Strickler then fired a bullet into his own head. He will die. The shooting was a climax to a bitter domestic quarrel, a member of the family saying Strickler was incensed because his wife chided him for wearing his best clothes to work.

Strickler was said to have been drinking, and when he entered the house he went to the room where the women were and upbraided them, finally drawing a revolver and firing. Eula fell dead with a bullet in her head. Two shots hit Mrs. Strickler's body, causing instant death. Strickler then turned the weapon against himself, sending a ball into his temple.

Eula, who was a telephone operator, and her brother and sister had remained at home to-day, fearing violence against their mother. The other children were in an adjoining room, but the shooting was done so quickly they were powerless to interfere.

IMPORTANT AT THIS TIME

What you own on January 9th, 1911, determines your liability to pay personal property taxes. Any money you have on deposit on that day in a commercial bank or trust company, or even in your own safe, is taxable at the rate of $17.50 for each thousand dollars, if you happen to be on the tax list.

One of the advantages of our guaranteed mortgages is that they are free from this tax. We have mortgages of all sizes, and guarantee a mortgage investment as small as $200.

No investor has ever lost a dollar.

BOND and MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO

Capital and Surplus, $8,000,000

176 Broadway, New York
175 Remsen Street, Brooklyn
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GIMBELS

Travel Centre of New York

Just As the Sun Sets On 1910

William Penn Congratulates Father Knickerbocker on the Doings of the Year

1910
GIMBEL BROTHERS
HUDSON TUBES CONCOURSE

Three Great Organizations Completed

The Pennsylvania Railroad has opened the largest and finest railway terminal in the world. The Hudson Tubes have completed their lines to Greeley Square, and opened the wonderful 33d Street and Broadway Concourse. Gimbel Brothers have established the marvelously successful Dry Goods business in the superb new building on Greeley Square, West.

Public service and comfort have been vastly increased by these three great organizations, completed in the year 1910, which is now ending.

Writing "Finis" to the Men's Furnishings Sale

Today marks the end of the first Gimbel Sale of Men's Furnishings—with a record that many an older business might well be proud of. But even on this last day, there is still good picking in many a fine lot that you would have to go far to duplicate. The Pleated Shirts at **$1.35**, for instance, of handsome French percales and madras, worth $2 of any man's money. Then the Pleated Shirts at **$1.10**, the Negligee Shirts at **75c** and **$1.25**, the fine Madras Pajamas at **$1.25**, and the Scarfs at **50c**—all vastly underpriced.

If your shirt drawer or tie-rack shows shortcomings, stop at Gimbels today and remedy them. Main Floor

For extra good measure, there is a special offering of Men's Lounging or Bath Robes, made of the famous North Star blankets, delightfully comfortable, at **$7.50** each, instead of $10, $12 or more. Main and Fourth floors

Six Special Items From the Year-End Millinery Clearance

As many small lots of the season's styles in Millinery as possible are booked to go before the close of the Old Year. The variety runs all the way from Hat Trimmings and Untrimmed Hats to the most superb productions of Gimbel milliners and Paris designers. Here are six groups of Women's, Misses' and Girls' Hats, whose little prices will be found specially attractive:

Women's and Misses' Trimmed Velvet Turbans	$2.50	Misses' Untrimmed Felt Hats	25c and 50c
Women's Ready-to-Wear Hats	$1	Girls' Napped Beaver Hats	$1
Misses' Rough, Soft Felt Hats	75c	Girls' Trimmed Felt Hats	$1

Main and Third floors

All Holiday-boxed Stationery at Half Price or Nearly

Correspondence Paper and Envelopes in fashionable styles and sizes, in specially attractive boxes for holiday giving, are now marked at half price or nearly so for this clearance.

Boxes contain one, two or three quires of paper, with envelopes; some are in cabinet form; others are cretonne-covered and can be used for glove or handkerchief boxes.

Prices are **12½c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 40c, 45c,** up to **$2.50,** formerly 25c to $5. Main floor

An Entirely NEW Sale of White Will Begin at GIMBELS, on Tuesday, January 3, 1911. Full Details in Sunday's Newspapers.

Today, ALL 1911 CALENDARS at 5c, 10c and 25c, Regardless of Former Prices. Main floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY SIXTH AVENUE
NEW YORK
THIRTY-SECOND ST. THIRTY-THIRD ST.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

564-66-68 Fifth Avenue
Forty-sixth and Forth-seventh Streets

Clearance Prices

on every article of Women's Winter Apparel in our establishment:

Reductions Averaging One-half of Our Former Prices

on Women's high-grade Custom-tailored Suits—Gowns—Evening Wraps—Street, Carriage and Motor Coats—Fur Coats—Fur Sets—and Millinery.

CLAYMORE SCOTCH
The foundation of Good Cheer.

This Scotch is Pure, Unadulterated Whisky, Very Mellow, in Quality Excellent

Where a Stimulant is Required it is to be Preferred to any other, Being Absolutely Pure.

CLAYMORE
SCOTCH WHISKY
BLUE-CAP
CLAYMORE
RARE
OLD
SCOTCH WHISKY

John Daniell Sons & Sons

FOR NEW YEAR'S

Special Importation of Fine French Kid

GLOVES

WOMEN'S 12B, Black, White and Colors, $3.00 value for.......... 2.50
WOMEN'S 16B, Black, White and Pastel shades, $3.75 value for.......... 3.00
WOMEN'S YELLOW MOCHA, one large pearl clasp, spear back, $2.00 value for.......... 1.50
MEN'S GLOVES, for street and evening wear, Tans, Gray, Slate, Yellow, White and Black.......... 1.50 & 2.00

Broadway, 8th and [illegible]

HOTELS TO BE FILLED FOR NEW YEAR'S EVE

100,000 Persons Expected to Make To-night's Celebration in Restaurants Greatest in Years.

MANY NOVELTIES FOR GUESTS

World's Markets Searched for New Gifts as Surprises to Diners—Plates $5 Each Without Wine.

Judging by the reservations for supper to-night at the various hotels and restaurants, the New Year's Eve celebration will be greater than that of last year. Close upon 100,000 men and women will take supper out to see the Old Year out and the New Year in. This means that a million dollars will be put in circulation in the city to pay for suppers, flowers, wines, cigars, and taxicabs. Since Jan. 1, 1910, four new restaurants, the Ritz-Carlton, Rector's, the Martinique, and Louis Martin's, have opened and will accommodate 3,500 guests to-night, but it has not apparently made any difference to the older resorts, which will be packed to their capacity.

In the restaurants the usual noise-making novelties will be introduced at 11 o'clock, with augmented orchestras, soloists, and singing quartets. At 11:55 o'clock the lights will go down to the accompaniment of the popping of corks from the bottles of wines from France and cries of "Good-bye, old year, good-by!" "Auld Lang Syne," and "Ring out the Old Year and Ring in the New." Happy men and women wearing funny caps on their heads, with tambourines, cowbells, and other joyous instruments in their hands will join in the refrain and clink the ice against their glasses, heedless of the headache that will ensue on New Year's Day.

Hundreds of youths will eat broiled lobster and quaff their foaming goblets of sparkling wine to-night, aided by glances from bright eyes, and sing the "Miserere" on Monday as they toy carelessly with their plates of pork and beans.

In order that there should be no violation with the midnight closing law, which Mayor Gaynor intends shall be strictly enforced, all guests will be requested to give their orders for wine and drinks before the magic hour strikes which ushers in the new year. By that time each table will be surrounded with ice buckets, in which the bottles will repose until they are needed by the thirsty revelers. It has also been said that even should a guest forget to give his order in time he will not go thirsty.

A few of the old-time restaurants like the Café Martin, at Broadway and Twenty-sixth Street, still hold to their rule, established years ago, that nothing will be served after 9 o'clock in the restaurant except champagne, but at the majority of places other drinks will be obtainable. As one well-known head waiter remarked: "We encourage our guests to drink champagne, but if we get a real millionaire who insists upon having his customary glass of domestic beer we shall give it to him because it would not do to lose his patronage."

Nearly every hotel and restaurant will have to-night novel souvenirs for the women guests, apart from the salt spoons, which have the habit, so head waiters say, of disappearing on New Year's Eve. August Keller, manager of the Ritz-Carlton restaurant, heard this yesterday, and decided that the costly gold service should be laid in lavender till next week to prevent mistakes. The table decorations generally will be roses, lilies, palms, ferns, evergreens, and banners.

Among the souvenirs to be given away to-night are gold-mounted pocketbooks in velour gris with gold pencil and mirror by James B. Regan of the Hotel Knickerbocker; gilt bonbon boxes in movable frame so that they can be hung up, are the surprises Fred Sterry of the Hotel Plaza has imported for his guests; gilt enamel powder boxes with mirrors will be given by the management of the Hotel Martinique; gilt hand mirrors with red parasols are the novelties the Bustanoby Brothers of the Café des Beaux Arts at West Fortieth Street and Sixth Avenue, have for their women patrons.

J. B. Martin of the Café Martin, Charles White, manager of Murray's Restaurant in West Forty-second Street; Capt. Churchill, at Forty-ninth Street and Broadway, and Louis Martin in Times Square, all declare that they have surprises in store for their guests, but will not divulge the secret until to-night.

In the list of hotels the Waldorf-Astoria leads off with 5,000 guests for supper a la carte, which has been ordered in advance, and this does not include 2,000 members of the Cornell Students' Club, who will also eat there. At the Plaza reservations have been made for more than 1,200 guests, and following last year's custom black silk masks will be handed to the women as they enter the hotel in order that they may put them on before entering the dining room.

Among those who have reserved tables at the Plaza are Mr. and Mrs. Reginald C. Vanderbilt, Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, Mrs. Reginald Ronalds, Theodore P. Shonts, Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, Senator and Mrs. Chauncey M. Depew, Mrs. George Wood Harbeson, Frederick Townsend Martin, Gen. and Mrs. Howard Carroll, E. Clifford Brokaw, W. C. Demorest, Paul Morton, Bradley Martin, Jr., and Oliver Harriman.

Some of the diners at the St. Regis to-night will be Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Gallatin, Henry Sanford, Edward C. Converse, Harry Content, Walter G. Ladd, Edward Sherson, J. L. Putnam, Albert Von Glahn, M. Guedella, J. H. Cowperthwaite, James Brown Potter, and Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hubbard.

On the opposite corner, at the Hotel Gotham, tables have been reserved for Mr. and Mr. Edwin Gould, Senator and Mrs. J. L. Frelinghuysen, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Whitman, Mme. Nordica, Mrs. Tiffany Dyer, Mrs. W. H. Hurlbut, and Mr. and Mrs. William Alexander.

At the Ritz-Carlton there will be Mrs. J. Blake-Baker, Charles S. Platt, Arthur C. Whitehead, Mrs. Stuyvesant Pierpont, Mrs. R. E. Knight, Miss Mildred Sherman, W. A. Prime, and Harry Holbrook.

Among the 2,250 guests at the Hotel Knickerbocker will be Baroness von Cramp, Judge J. M. Dittenhoefer, Consul General von Nuber, W. R. Grace, J. Roosevelt Roosevelt, John H. Hanan, Miss Marie Tempest, Baron F. Schroeder, Carl Schultz, Timothy L. Woodruff, Edward Lauterbach, and Charles M. Schwab. The usual trumpeters will parade through the hotel in quaint costume and blare forth the passing of the old year, and will welcome the new, while the boys from the school of St. Xavier, in Colonial dress, will wait upon the Knickerbocker's guests. Enrico Caruso will be the guest of Mr. Regan at his table to-night, and may be expected to sing "My Cousin Caruso," as he did last year.

The Hotel Astor will have 2,000 guests to-night, for whose entertainment the grand ballroom has been turned into a restaurant. Among them will be M. B. ates, H. Taylor Sherman, George J. Hall, Robert F. Amend, Capt. A. R. Wolfe, U. S. A.; Benjamin A. Hegeman, and Justice Peter A. Hendrick.

In most of the restaurants the price of supper will be $5 a plate, except at the Café Martin, where the price of the supper will be $10 on the Fifth Avenue side, without wine, and $5 per plate in other parts of the restaurant, where seats for 1,200 have been reserved. Maxim's restaurant in West Thirty-eighth Street has a special rate of $10 for supper, including wine, and all seats have been sold. In this restaurant at 11:55 P. M., when the lights go down, Father Time will appear with his scythe and cut out the old year, while a little Cupid heralds in the New Year.

Shanley's new restaurant in Times Square has provided a novel show, including a battle of flowers, for its patrons in keeping with the spirit of the season. Old Shanley's across on Broadway will, of course, be packed to capacity. Murray's in West Forty-second Street, the Kaiserhof on Broadway, Café Madrid, Café Boulevard, on Tenth Street; Hermitage restaurant, and the Cadillac restaurant in Times Square will all be packed to the doors with the happy, pleasure-loving New Yorkers on the eve of the New Year when every one, rich and poor alike, cries out, "Begone Dull Care."

Merchants

And Others

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Do not keep money in your safe over the double holiday when you can

Deposit it Daily Until Midnight in

THE GREENWICH BANK

Broadway, Cor. 45th St.

Established 1830

mber of the New York Clearing House

l and Surplus, $1,300,000.00

CORNELL HOCKEY VICTORY.

Yale Team Defeated, 4 to 3, in Game at Chicago Ice Palace.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—The first game of the series of three contests between the Cornell and Yale hockey teams was played to-night at the ice palace and resulted in a victory for Cornell, 4 to 3. The spectators were college alumni and hockey fans and the enthusiasm was high all the evening. Yale's team was by far the heavier. They suffered many penalties in the second half owing to rough play and the introduction of football tactics. The line-up:

Cornell, (4.)	Position.	Yale, (3.)
Vail	Goal	Martin
Smith	Point	Brooks
Warner	Cover point	Swenson
Crasweller	Rover	Loutrell
Magner	Centre	Cox
Scheu	Right wing	Harmon
Vincent	Left wing	Merritt

Score—First half: Cornell, 3; Yale, 0; second half: Cornell, 1; Yale, 3. Referee—Mr. Marks.

ST. PAUL'S GUILD STAG.

Boxing, Wrestling, and Songs Entertain Crowd at Columbus Hall.

With a varied programme, consisting of boxing and vaudeville numbers, the annual stag of St. Paul's Guild at Columbus Hall last night proved a great success and was witnessed by over 1,000 persons. The large hall was crowded to the doors and standing room only was obtainable in the balcony. Many of the best and most prominent pugilists in New York were present to lend their assistance. An occasional song or story by the different entertainers, carried the entertainment well up to midnight before the final number had been completed.

Some of the boxing exhibitions were really in earnest, while several of the more experienced ones amused the crowd by running into hard swings that sent them to the floor for the count, but it all amused the onlookers.

Joe Humphreys acted as master of ceremonies and introduced the celebrities by telling some of their past performances. All the boxing exhibitions were of three rounds' duration. In the first Paddy Sullivan went three rounds with Jim Brown, then a wrestling contest was staged in which Jim Galvin took on two opponents, Max Newman and Young Mundy, for five minutes each. Joe Jeanette and Jim Donovan, instructor at the City Club, put up a good contest, both being quick on their feet. Johnny Law met Young Mitchell; Dixie Kid and Jimmie Dohan engaged in a three-round bout. Knockout Brown refereed the bout between Charlie Burns and Skinny Kelly. Billy Glover and Jack Elliott mixed matters at a good pace for three rounds, and Sailor Stevens and Eddie Moran gave a three-round exhibition.

Irish Paddy and Moran Draw.

At the Bedford A. C. in Brooklyn last night Irish Paddy and Toto Moran fought ten rounds to a draw after an uninteresting battle. All the fighting was done in the first round, after which the bout dragged. Joe Franks beat Petey O'Brien in the semifinal in what proved an interesting go. A big crowd witnessed the contests.

Lester Knocks Out Ed Hagen.

TACOMA, Wash., Dec. 30.—Jack Lester of Tacoma managed by ex-heavyweight champion Tommy Burns and regarded by him as a promising "hope of the white race" knocked out Ed Hagen of Seattle in the ninth round of a ten-round bout here last night.

Zbyszko Makes New Challenge.

The Polish wrestler, Zbyszko, who was first to accept the challenge of Champion Frank Gotch, but who evidently was rejected in favor of Hackenschmidt, will keep his $1,000 forfeit money posted to meet the winner of the Gotch-Hackenschmidt bout. Zbyszko's manager, Herman, says:

"This money was posted in answer to a challenge from Gotch against any wrestler in the world. George Hackenschmidt, the Russian lion, accepted the offer after my money was posted, and, according to the reports, Gotch has seen fit to give him the preference. If this is a fact the forfeit will remain posted under the same conditions and terms for Mr. Zbyszko to wrestle the winner for the title."

Three-Cornered Tie in Billiards.

By securing a victory over E. V. Parker last night in the Harlem Class B amateur handicap 18.2 balk-line billiard tournament, Richard Everett caused a three-cornered tie for first place in the tournament between himself, Sylvester Levy, and William Viertel. Everett defeated Parker in a close game last night by the score of 210 to 117. Parker is handicapped at 180 points, while Everett is playing at scratch (210 points.) Thirty-five innings were required to decide the issue. Everett's best inning was the sixteenth, when he made a high run of 53. He also made three beautiful masse shots in this inning. Everett averaged 6, and made high runs of 35, 22, and 20. Parker's best efforts netted him an average of 3 12-35, with high runs of 28, 16, and 12. Sylvester Levy and William Viertel will cross cues in the play-off of the tie on Tuesday night. Both these players have won five games and lost one.

Princeton to Play Annapolis.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Dec. 30.—Princeton will play football against the Naval Academy next season on either Oct. 21 or Oct. 28. After considerable correspondent between the management of the two teams, a definite agreement has been reached that the game will take place on one of the dates mentioned. The schedule of the navy team will be a more difficult proposition than that of last season. It will open with Johns Hopkins on Oct. 7, and Penn State and New York University will be two of the midshipmen's opponents. Lehigh and the Carlisle Indians will not be on the navy's schedule next season. Lieut. Commander Harris Laning has been re-elected Secretary of the Navy Athletic Association. He is also officer in charge of athletics at the academy.

Stars in "B and K" Games To-night.

With an entry list numbering over 250, the indoor athletic carnival of Companies B and K, Seventy-first Regiment, in the armory, at Thirty-fourth Street and Park Avenue, to-night promises to furnish the athletic treat of the indoor season. The big event will be the ten-mile run, scratch, in which the starters will be Tewanima, Arquette, Obermeyer, Upham, Dwyer, Gilbert, Ryan, and Reynolds. Mel Sheppard, Abel Kiviat, and Dick Egan will run in the 880-yard run, scratch, which should prove one of the best races at that distance since Gissing beat Sheppard in the National championship at New Orleans last October. The bicycle race will also be a high-class contest. The distance will be two miles. Van den Dries of the New York A. C. will ride from scratch, and twenty-three riders will answer the starter's call. Fisher, the clever young Irish-American A. C. rider, will start from the ten-yard mark, and he should give "Van" a great tussle. Besides these feature events there will be seven open A. A. U. contests, which have drawn an unusually heavy entry.

New Year's Golf at Lakewood.

The Country Club of Lakewood, Lakewood, N. J., will have an open handicap on Monday, Jan. 2, with gross and net cups.

NOTES OF THE ATHLETES.

The six-mile handicap road run of the Great Neck Hills Country Club will be held Jan. 2, starting from the clubhouse at Susquehanna Avenue and Middle Neck Road. The event is open to all registered athletes in the A. A. U. Handsome prizes will be given. The following will be the officials: Referee, John J. Hayes; starter, John J. McHugh; clerk of course, Bob Kennedy; timers, John J. Dolan, Maxie Long, E. E. Bell, and E. F. LeCluse.

With what are said to be the finest prizes of the season the New York Caledonian Club will get into the amateur game at Madison Square Garden, Feb. 10, A. A. U. rules will govern, and the events scheduled are handicaps at 70 yards, 300 yards, 1,000 yards, three miles, one-mile walk, running high jump, putting 12-pound shot, and a medley relay for four men, to run respectively 220 yards, 440 yards, 660 yards, and 880 yards. A handsome bronze trophy will be awarded the organization scoring the greatest number of points on a basis of five for a first, three for second, and one for a third.

MANTELL OUTPOINTS JACK TWIN SULLIVAN

Bostonian Finishes Strong, but Fails to Overcome Victor's Early Advantage.

Frank Mantell, the Pawtucket middle weight, who has aspirations to occupy the middleweight throne, which has been vacant since the tragic death of Stanley Ketchel, met Jack (Twin) Sullivan of Boston in an elimination bout of ten rounds before the National Sporting Club last night, and earned the public's decision over the big "Twin." The Bostonian made a determined effort to finish the bout in a blaze of glory, and he accomplished his purpose, getting the better of both the ninth and tenth rounds, but the advantage he gained in these two sessions was hardly enough to take away the honors gained by Mantell up to that time. The Pawtucket boy outfought his opponent during the first eight rounds, only one of which went to Sullivan, and finished up on the right side in spite of Sullivan's late rally.

Mantell carried the fighting to Sullivan at all times from the first round until the ninth. The pair got away to a very slow start, and the opening round was nothing more than a series of clinches with no good blows struck by either man. From that time to the ninth round, when Sullivan for the first time assumed the aggressive, Mantell got no worse than an even break, excepting the fifth round, which Sullivan gained by a shade. Neither scored a knockdown during the fight, and neither had the other groggy from the hard punches which the big fellows continually handed each other. At the finish both were fighting hard.

Sullivan entered the ring with a bandage over his left eye, covering a cut which Porky Flynn opened in the twelve-round bout at Boston Tuesday night. Mantell immediately set out to plant hard punches on the wounded spot, and in the second round the plaster was knocked off. In the third round blood began to flow from the cut, and from that time to the finish there was no let-up, either in the stream of blood or in Mantell's efforts to land on the cut. Between the rounds Sullivan's attendants fixed up the injury and sent Jack out with the wound freshly plastered, but the covering lasted only long enough for Mantell to get over one right jab. At several stages of the fight both men were covered with blood, all of which flowed from the same small but deep cut. It was the only mark either showed at the end of the bout.

Sullivan was far from the fighter who has been somewhat of a terror in the middle-heavyweight division for several years, the last two rounds alone bringing out any real signs of his former skill. The big fellow was content, for the most part, to let Mantell do all the forcing, and Sullivan did far more clinching than was expected from a man of such recognized ability. Referee Haley had the same trouble that he usually has in star bouts trying to get the men to break, and often he had to use physical strength to separate the contestants. Mantell also showed a tendency to hold at times, but he was not at fault as much as Sullivan, the Pawtucket boy showing a desire to mix matters the greater part of the time. The two also took occasion to inject quite a little rough work into the struggle, and had to be warned by the referee. Sullivan's favorite method of violating ring ethics was in using his shoulder and elbow to butt Mantell in the clinches, and Frank got away with some "heeling," which cost him a reprimand from Referee Haley, and also the displeasure of the crowd.

Mantell left his corner before the bell rang and was standing almost in Sullivan's corner when the gong sent them together. They went into a clinch and both started in to hand out uppercuts, but with no success. It was a continual series of clinches from the opening bell until just before the end of the round, when Mantell landed a straight left jab on Sullivan's jaw and took a right swing in return. These were the only hard blows either landed during the round, and there were no honors. Mantell did the leading, and Sullivan's tactics caused most of the clinching.

The Pawtucket boy had the advantage of the second round. He continued to force the fighting and Sullivan preferred to back away or jump into a clinch in preference to doing any real mixing. Mantell landed a hard left jab on Sullivan's jaw early in the round and followed with a hard right swing, which rocked Jack's head. In the infighting Mantell also had the advantage, but Sullivan guarded well enough, so that the blows which he had to take lacked force when they reached his stomach. The plaster which had decorated Sullivan's forehead in the opening round began to loosen in this round from the hard jabs of the Pawtucket boy. Just before the bell Sullivan landed his first good blow, a right uppercut, which rocked Mantell's head, but during the greater part of the round Mantell had the advantage.

Mantell opened the third round with a left swing to Sullivan's jaw, and Jack returned a similar blow which landed hard on Mantell's head. Another straight left jab by Mantell took the plaster off Sullivan's eye, and the blood began to flow in a small stream down Jack's face. In a clinch Sullivan used his elbow, and was hissed for the foul work. Mantell landed a hard right on the Bostonian's head, and followed up with a left uppercut. Sullivan came back with a hard right to Mantell's stomach. Mantell was still forcing matters, and Sullivan showed no desire to meet the Pawtucket boy at this game. As the men parted at the bell Mantell slapped Sullivan on the shoulder with his glove in a brotherly fashion. The round was in Mantell's favor.

In the fourth Mantell rushed Sullivan to the ropes and landed some light upper cuts. There was considerable clinching in this round, and Mantell showed some rough work, which brought forth some advice from the referee. Sullivan landed a straight left on Mantell's jaw, and repeated a second later, and Frank came back with two uppercuts and a left swing to Jack's head. Sullivan had to take four successive uppercuts just before the bell sounded. Mantell had the better of the round.

In the fifth Sullivan showed more willingness to mix matters, and gained the advantage. Mantell opened the round with a right uppercut as Sullivan ducked into a clinch, but Jack got away, and shot back a hard left jab in the return. Mantell followed with some hard right swings, and Sullivan again came back strong. He planted a number of hard body punches in the clinches, and in the open fighting he jabbed Mantell repeatedly with his left. Sullivan was covered with blood from the cut over his left eye, but had the better of the round.

The sixth round and the two succeeding were in Mantell's favor. There was much clinching, and the fighting was far from fast, but it was due to Sullivan's desire to clinch. Mantell did all the forcing and landed often with a straight left jab. He also guarded well in the clinches. Sullivan was covered with blood all the time during the last five rounds, but it was not due to severe punishment, all coming from the small cut.

In the last two rounds Sullivan showed the speed which had been looked for from the start. He took the aggressive and had a decided advantage over Mantell in both rounds, but not enough to turn the verdict. Both were strong at the finish.

Wolgast Would Fight Moran for Title.

CADILLAC, Mich., Dec. 30.—Ad Wolgast, lightweight champion, has definitely announced that he would fight Owen Moran a finish bout within six months, as soon as his physicians assured him his broken arm was strong enough.

"In regard to my demands, they will stay just where they are," said Wolgast. "Whenever Moran is willing to meet me under these circumstances my manager will meet him and arrange a bout with him to take place inside of six months, this battle to go the route and be for the championship."

Johnson Will Fight for $30,000.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 30.—Jack Johnson, champion heavyweight pugilist of the world, said to-day he is willing to fight any man in the world under the auspices of Hugh D. McIntosh, provided he (Johnson) receives $30,000 win, lose, or draw, and provided that the fight be under the same conditions which governed the match between himself and Tommy Burns in Australia. He denies having received any fight offer from a Paris syndicate.

Forbes-Ryall Fight Prevented.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—The fight scheduled to occur between Harry Forbes, former bantam weight champion, and Lew Ryall last night in private outside of the limits of Chicago was prevented by the county authorities. It is said another attempt will be made to stage the fight next week.

REIGN OF AUTO BEGINS TO-NIGHT

First of Annual Motor Car Exhibitions Opens at Grand Central Palace.

After two months of planning and preparations and six weeks' work by a corps of scenic painters, carpenters, electricians, and other workmen, the international automobile and aviation shows will open at Grand Central Palace at 8 o'clock to-night. The result from indications promises to be one of the most successful in the history of shows conducted under the auspices of the American Motor Car Manufacturers' Exhibit Association.

Major Gen. Frederick Dent Grant, Commander of the Department of the East, U. S. A., is to make the address of welcome in opening the show and will comment on the use of the automobile and aeroplanes in modern warfare. The General, who will be accompanied by three aides, is to be tendered a reception after the address.

Following this there will be a special opening concert by the Blaufuss Orchestral Band of Chicago and vocal solos by Miss Rena Aubrey, the concert singer; John Baxter, and vocal selections by Jerome Remick's Trio. Instrumental solos are to be included.

The automobile show promises to be the mecca of retail dealers and jobbers from all over the United States. Thousands of persons interested directly or indirectly in the automobile business in New York will inspect the exhibitions, so that as a "dealers' show" it will be one of the most important ever held. A record-breaking general attendance on the part of the public is already assured, and the management has provided for a big rush to the opening to-night.

The first international aviation show, which is to be held in connection with the automobile show, will, of course, draw thousands of persons, who might never attend an automobile show ordinarily, but interest in the new types of Western cars will attract many prospective automobile purchasers to look over the motor car wares.

In the last week the decorators have completed the work of turning the Palace into a fairy garden of bright colors and flashing lights. It will present a beautiful spectacle to-night. Scenic artists have worked more than a month turning the back walls of the exhibits into Summer landscapes, and the theatre and hall of the Palace have been transformed so that former visitors would not recognize it. The floors have been covered with fire-proof red carpenting, which offsets the color scheme effectively.

The cars are in place with 150 demonstrators to show them and explain their fine points, and the aeroplanes are all in shape and reassembled. The doors of the show will be thrown open at 7:30 o'clock.

GETTING THE GARDEN READY.

Three Hundred Workmen to Prepare Building for Auto Show.

Madison Square Garden is a busy place. While one show is in progress in the main hall of the building, strenuous preparations are being made in the basement and all other available spaces for a bigger show, the annual exhibition of automobiles under the auspices of the Association of Licensed Automobile Manufacturers, which begins Saturday, Jan. 7 and continues for two weeks. For the last fortnight a staff of seventy-five decorators has been constantly at work, night and day, on those parts of the building not in current use.

Beginning Monday, the work of converting the Garden will commence in real earnest, when a corps of more than 300 steel workers, painters, decorators, electricians, carpenters, and other craftsmen will take complete possession of the building. Already the work in the basement is nearly completed, and the rathskeller, one of the features to be found there, is receiving its final touches. For the lighting and telephone service, 100 miles of wire have been stretched inside the Garden. J. S. Stewart, chief electrician of the Garden, says that more than 15,000 electric lights will illuminate the building.

WARNS MINOR LEAGUES.

Johnson Says No Higher Rank Will Be Given Eastern L. and American A.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—If officials of the American Association and the Eastern League appeal to the National Baseball Commission, which meets in Cincinnati next week, for higher rank, their request will be refused, according to B. B. Johnson, President of the American League and member of the National Commission.

"I don't think the American Association or Eastern League will ask to be promoted or to be permitted to withdraw peacefully from the National Association," said Johnson.

"The request will be denied, however, and if either of the leagues attempt to jump over the traces there will be something stirring in the ranks of organized ball."

Callahan May Manage Browns.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—James J. Callahan, former manager of the Chicago Americans and now owner of the Logan Squares, a City League team, may be selected as manager of the St. Louis American League Club, which recently changed hands. Callahan was in conference with Nat and Mark Ewing and E. M. Hodgman, the new owners of the St. Louis team, who came here several days ago from St. Louis. Mr. Hodgman, speaking for the party, said the question of a manager had not been settled, and the meeting to complete the organization of the club would not be held until after New Year's.

Spring Games for the Reds.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Dec. 30.—The itinerary of the Spring training trip of the Cincinnati Baseball Club was completed to-day. After the team finishes its preliminary work at Hot Springs, Ark., it will open its ante-season games at Louisville on March 25. Among other scheduled contests are:

New York Americans, at Cincinnati, April 1, 2, and 3; Cleveland, at Cincinnati, April 4, 5, and 6; Detroit, at Cincinnati, April 7, 8, and 9; Rochester, at Cincinnati, April 10 and 11.

Phillies Start South on Feb. 28.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 30.—Officials of the Philadelphia National League Baseball Club to-day decided on Feb. 28 as the date on which the team will start for the Spring training grounds at Birmingham, Ala. Three weeks will be spent in Birmingham, after which the club will split up into two squads and gradually work their way North. The regulars will leave Birmingham on March 21, and will play in Montgomery, Ala., on March 22 and 23; Columbia, S. C., on March 24 and 25; Washington, D. C., on March 27 and 28, and Baltimore on March 29 and 30. The local series with the Athletics will begin here on April 1.

Another Promise from "Bugs."

Catcher George Schlei signed with the Giants yesterday for the season of 1911. He makes the twentieth man to get into line. Manager McGraw received a letter from Pitch Arthur "Bugs" Raymond, in which Raymond promised to go to Dwight, Ill., next Tuesday and remain there until ordered to report in Marlin, Texas, next Spring.

Eight Clubs in Virginia League.

NORFOLK, Va., Dec. 30.—At a meeting of the Virginia Baseball League here to-day it was agreed to form an eight-club league, composed of Richmond, Roanoke, Norfolk, Lynchburg, Danville, Petersburg, Portsmouth and Newport News.

Brown Catholic Club Beats Aquinus.

The Brown Catholic Club basketball team defeated the Aquinus Medicos at the Second Battery Armory last night by a score of 25 to 8. Archibald, the former Amherst player, and Murray of last year's Manhattan team did the best work for the winners.

A Review and Forecast

Retrospect of the Financial Year. 1910 — The Evening Post — Outlook for the Financial Year. 1911

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To-day The Evening Post To-day

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COLLEGE PHYSICAL DIRECTORS MEET

Interesting Papers Concerning Hygiene and Exercise Discussed at Annual Session.

The whole gamut of matters incidental to the physical betterment of college students was exhaustively discussed yesterday at the annual meeting—the fourteenth—of the Society of Directors of Physical Education in Colleges, held at the Faculty Club, Columbia University. The session developed into one of all-day length, the varied topics on the programme calling out much interesting argument.

A. Alonzo Stagg of Chicago presided, with Prof. Paul C. Phillips fulfilling his duties as Secretary-Treasurer. Among those in attendance were William G. Anderson, Yale; George Goldie, Princeton; Anthony W. Chez, West Virginia; George L. Meylan, Columbia; R. G. Clapp, Nebraska; William N. Golden, Pennsylvania State; Fred W. Harvey, McGill; Royce D. Purington, Bates; John A. Davis, Pratt Institute; Howard P. Reiter, Wesleyan; Percy L. Reynolds, Massachusetts Agricultural; William A. Lambeth, Virginia; Clark W. Hetherington, Chicago; R. Tait McKenzie, Pennsylvania; Fred W. Marvel, Brown; Thomas A. Storey, College of the City of New York; Horace C. Swan, Trinity; John W. Bowler, Dartmouth; George W. Ehler, Wisconsin; Charles E. Hammett, Northwestern; D. B. Reed, Rochester; Hugo Bezdek, Arkansas; W. E. Meanwell, Wisconsin, and Dudley A. Sargent, Harvard.

The first paper read was by Dr. John W. Bowler of Dartmouth on "Air and Ventilation in College." In lieu of the absence of Dr. J. E. Raycroft of the University of Chicago, who was to have presented his paper on "The Bacteriology of Water in Swimming Pools," all the delegates in an informal discussion showed themselves conversant with the topic and canvassed many ways and means of ridding the pools of foreign matter.

Dr. George L. Meylan performed a double-header in the reading of two papers, these being "Report of the Committee on Administration, Curriculum, and Staff," and "The Functions of the Department of Physical Education in Its Relation to College Hygiene." A particularly well-written paper was that of Dr. William A. Lambeth on "Diet Dangers on Breaking Training." This provoked a wealth of discussion, George Goldie and some of the younger directors voicing their ideas on the subject in an entertaining way.

Probably the most important paper read, and one which proved a fitting wind-up to the afternoon session, was that by Dr. Dudley A. Sargent of Harvard on "Physical Exercise as One of the Factors in the Hygiene of College Life." This was really an interesting dissertation, and the author was conceded to have handled his subject from every standpoint. He admitted himself enamored of the "group work" idea, and pointed out that on a trip through Germany last year he had viewed the most wonderful team work it had ever been his good fortune to witness.

"It took the nature," he said, "of horizontal bar evolutions by a Berlin team and on the parallel bars by an aggregation from Frankfort, which was in a class by itself, and I don't believe could be duplicated anywhere. It was work like that which makes me feel that we ought to dwell more on group work and put a premium on such perfection of form.

"I have found, however, that no such numbers could be got out for the sake of exercise as is the case with football, baseball, lacrosse, basket ball, and kindred sports. I have also noticed that the feeling among most students is that if they are not good enough to make various teams it would be bad form for them to try for them.

"It has been found that the best results are obtained by regular exercise, but such does not hold the average student for any great period. It should be the aim of the society to have ideal standards of group sport, as group contests with a large number involved is the thing desired. Women are beginninig to approach gymnastic perfection from the standpoint of class work. I have found it next to impossible to get students to devote the time for just such work.

"There is an urgent need for floor instruction, and my recommendation is class drills. The movement is on the way but it must be continually hammered at in order to have it become effective. Introduce the greatest variety of sports and do not attempt to separate or specialize. Discourage the aims for individual excellence and work to instruct the mass of students in group work."

Cornell Football Committee.

ITHACA, N. Y., Dec. 30.—Thomas F. Fennell, Republican candidate for State Treasurer at the last election, and George Young of the Agricultural College, were to-day appointed alumni members of the Cornell Football Field Committee, which will have charge of the football policies of the university. Capt. W. E. Munk of the football team is also a member of the committee.

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WHITE MONK CHAMPION.

Noted Cat Wins Seventh Successive Title in Garden Show.

The Atlantic Cat Club's ninth annual exhibition, which has been held in conjunction with the New York Pigeon and Pet Stock Association's Show at Madison Square Garden, came to a close last night at 10:30 o'clock, resulting in the greatest exhibition in the history of the organization.. The entries and competition were far in excess of any other show, and many noticeable changes took place in the awards, as several of the newcomers won the blue ribbons over the seasoned exhibitors and former champions.

The most notable feature of the judging was the consistency of the famous champion White Monk. This cat again succeeded in carrying off the premier honors in its class, which marks its seventh successive victory at Madison Square Garden, a performance and distinction that no other cat ever won. White Monk has to his credit thirty-six victories, which he earned at the different shows of Boston, Chicago, Buffalo, Syracuse, and Hartford, among them being fifteen firsts, forty-eight specials, and fourteen challenge cups.

The sales of many of the best cats in the show was a distinctive feature of the closing day, and the Sales Committee has been kept busy in negotiating them, many of which were far beyond expectations. The figures given out by the committee before the closing showed that more than $1,000 had already been taken in, and it expected that fully $500 more would be added to the list, as many important sales were still pending.

A pair of kittens of the famous champion Shiroz, which was sold for the sum of $175, was the largest sale recorded during the show. Several other sales, ranging from $40 to $75, were also made. The silver breed of cat showed a marked improvement this year, and the exhibitors say that it will occupy a high place in future shows. Sandalphon was awarded the ribbon for the best cat in the show.

The show of the New York Poultry, Pigeon, and Pet Stock Association will continue to-day and come to a close at 10:30 o'clock to-night. The judging of yesterday's poultry was mostly confined to the special classes. This show has also been a record breaker in attendance and the display of poultry, both in the competitive and exhibition yards. English exhibitors made a creditable showing, and were especially prominent in the S. C. Buff Orpington classes. W. M. Bell of Ringwood, Hampshire, England, swept everything in this class with his various entries.

Several good sales were also recorded in the poultry exhibit. During the morning one of the English birds, a buff cockerel, a first-prize winner, was sold for $600. Most of the English stock brought here and sold by Mr. Bell has brought good prices.

W. J. TRAVIS IN FORM.

Veteran Garden City Golfer Has Low Medal Score in Pinehurst Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Dec. 30.—The fast golfers had things pretty much their own way in the first and second match play rounds of the seventh annual holiday week golf tournament to-day, and as a result Robert E. Hunter, the intercollegiate champion, and Walter J. Travis, at one time American and British champion; Paul M. Hunter of Midlothian, and Parker W. Whittemore of the Brookline Country Club, meet in to-morrow morning's semi-final. R. S. Bottome of Fox Hills, J. M. Thompson of Springhaven, Julia P. Bishop of Brooklawn, and Homer Boyer of Southboro survive in the consolation.

The features of the day were an afternoon card of 74 for Travis and a morning record of 32 going out. Robert Hunter won his afternoon match from William C. Freeman of Fox Hills on the home green, the last two holes being halved. The summary play in the President's Cup, or first of the four divisions, follows:

President's Cup or First Division.—First Round—F. W. Sibley, Dyker Meadow, beat Homer Boyer, Southboro, 3 and 1; Paul M. Hunter, Midlothian, beat R. I. Ireland, Cleveland, by default; P. W. Whittemore, Brookline, beat Julian T. Bishop, Brooklawn, 6 and 5; C. R. Gillett, Wykagyl, beat S. H. Patterson, Plainfield, 5 and 3; Walter J. Travis, Garden City, beat Dr. A. T. Haight, Wykagyl, 9 and 8; C. I. Becker, Woodland, beat J. M. Thompson, Springhaven, 6 and 5; W. C. Freeman, Fox Hills, beat H. M. Adams, Nassau, 3 and 1; Robert E. Hunter, Midlothian, beat R. S. Bottome, Fox Hills, 5 and 4.

Second Round—Paul Hunter beat Sibley, 4 and 3; Whittemore beat Gillette, 5 and 4; Travis beat Becker, 4 and 3; Robert Hunter beat W. C. Freeman, 1 up.

Consolation.—First Round.—Boyer beat Ireland, by default; Bishop beat Patterson, 6 and 4; Thompson beat Dr. Haight, 2 up; Bottone beat Adams. by default.

ANOTHER HUDSON FLIGHT.

Marcel Penot Will Attempt Aviation Trip from New Jersey.

Undaunted by the conclusion which attended the attempted flight by Morok, the Belgian, who crashed into a house when he endeavored to fly from New Jersey to New York last Monday morning, another aviator will endeavor to make the flight, but without the smash which attended Morok's adventure.

Marcel Penot, the French aviator, announced yesterday that he will start from the Guttenberg race track at about 9 A. M. Monday morning, Jan. 2, and attempt to make a landing in Manhattan somewhere in the vicinity of Columbus Circle.

Penot will drive a Mohawk biplane, which has been used successfully by George Byrnes and himself. The Mohawk biplane employs a powerful Harriman four-cylinder water-cooled engine, made especially for Penot. It closely resembles the Farman biplane. Penot is 32 years old and has been in America several years. He was born at Rheims, France, and previous to coming to America was employed in the famous wine cellars there.

Morok, the Belgian, who was injured last Monday, has nearly recovered. He attributed the cause of his accident to a frozen carburetor.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

"Night Lights" Under New Tariff Pay 20 Per Cent.—Other Decisions.

The status of so-called "night lights" under the Tariff act of 1909 was decided yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers, when it was held by Judge Hay that such lights are not the "tapers" mentioned in Paragraph 436 of the Payne law. Collector Loeb thought that the lights were dutiable at the rate provided for tapers, which is 35 per cent. on the value of the goods.

Godillot & Co., the importers, set up the contention that the goods fall within the tariff's provision for "unenumerated manufactured articles," with a customs tax of 20 per cent. When this question was before the board under the Dingley Tariff act, of 1897 the Collector's return at 20 per cent. as unenumerated manufactured articles was indorsed. General Appraiser Hay says in his decision that the Collector's reason for not following his previous assessment, as sustained by the board, doubtless grew out of the belief that the introduction of the word "tapers" into Paragraph 436 of the new law rendered that paragraph applicable to the merchandise in question.

In finding in behalf of the importers the decision says:

"Paragraph 436 embraces only matches, and the word 'tapers' therein we think refers to such tapers as are similar to matches. The record in this case, in our judgment furnishes no justification for departing from the previous classification, which was sustained by this board, and all of the reasons given in G. A. 6,974 apply with equal force to the case at bar. The protest is sustained and the Collector directed to reliquidate the entry assessing the night lights as unenumerated manufactured articles under Paragraph 480."

The board has overruled a protest filed by G. W. Sheldon & Co. regarding the classification of sofas upholstered in silk. The sofas in question were returned for duty under the present Tariff act as "manufactures in chief value of silk," with a duty of 50 per cent., whereas the importers alleged the sofas dutiable at 35 per cent. as "house furniture of wood."

The American Express Company was unsuccessful in its contention that silk worm gut leaders are dutiable at 25 per cent. as "worm gut" under Paragraph 462, Act of 1909. The Collector's assessment of 45 per cent. under the provision for "fishing tackle" is affirmed.

HARVARD LAW ELEVEN HELD.

Vanderbilt-Sewanee-Michigan Plays Crimson to No-Score Tie.

Special to The New York Times.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 30.—The Harvard Law School football squad and the Vanderbilt-Sewanee-Michigan team, coached for the event by "Hurry-up" Yost, played each other to a standstill this afternoon, neither side scoring. The field was wet and slippery and end runs were out of the question. It was line bucking and kicking for the most part, Harvard securing 20 yards on one forward pass early in the mix-up. The other passes were failures. Only once did either team come near scoring. It was in the second quarter when "Ham" Fish seized a fumbled punt and started toward Vanderbilt's goal line with a clear field. Brown, the diminutive tiger, overhauled him from behind and pulled him down on the 20-yard line. The visitors played the better team work. Otherwise the teams were fairly matched.

Schultz and Smith, ex-centres of Michigan, played the best defensive game of the contest, and on their side little Brown got a cheer every time he downed a big fellow among the visitors, which was frequent. For the Harvard squad Pfeiffer was the only man on the field who could stay on his feet. Galitti was another star. White, Fish, and Crumpacker did good work. The visitors were liberally applauded. The line-up:

Vanderbilt.	Position.	Harvard.
Covington, Hager	Right end	R. Hall
Powell, Hasslock	Right tackle	Fish
Smith	Right guard	Hoar, Hann
Schultz	Centre	Long
Faulkingberry, McGugin	Left guard	Parks
Sloane	Left tackle	Crumpacker
Stomart, Blake	Left end	Williams
Brown	Quarter back	Galitti
Neely	Right half back	Moore
Douglass	Left half back	Pfeiffer
Edgerton, Williams	Full back	White

CORNELL'S CHESS TITLE.

Pennsylvania Finally Beaten for Triangular College Championship.

Cornell's team emerged winners of the twelfth annual championship tournament of the Triangular College Chess League, the fourth round of which was contested at the Rice Chess Club in the Café Boulevard yesterday. Frank K. Perkins of Mount Vernon and Arthur Ehrlich of Brooklyn, the members of the winning team, both won their games, thereby regaining the lead which the Quakers had wrested from them the day before. Both finished with scores of three points out of a possible four, making a total of six to the credit of the Cornell team at the close of the tournament. Pennsylvania was a close second, with 5½ points, as a result of the fine playing of Norman T. Whitaker, who made a clean score of four straight wins, including defeats of both the Cornell representatives. His partner, M. Teitelbaum, however, could not quite keep this pace, and added 1½ points. Brown finished with one-half of a point, which was scored by F. H. Guild against Teitelbaum in the opening round.

It was Cornell's fifth victory in twelve tournaments, winning thereby the second leg on the third trophy placed in competition by Prof. Isaac L. Rice, who yesterday was re-elected to the Presidency of the Triangular League. Cornell's successes have been in 1900, 1901, 1902, 1903, and 1910. Pennsylvania won six times, in 1899, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, and 1909, and in addition tied with Brown in 1906, a tie which was not played off.

The pairings, openings, and results of the final round follow:

Board 1—Whitaker, Pennsylvania, vs. Durfee, Brown. Centre counter gambit. Won by Whitaker in thirty moves.

Board 2—Ehrlich, Cornell, vs. Guild, Brown. French defense. Won by Ehrlich in forty-one moves.

Board 3—Teitelbaum, Pennsylvania, vs. Perkins, Cornell. Petroff defense. Won by Perkins in twenty-eight moves.

At the annual meeting the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Prof. Isaac L. Rice, New York, President; William M. de Visser, New York, Vice President; Hermann Helms, New York, Secretary; Hartwig Cassel, New York, Tournament Director; Norman T. Whitaker, University of Pennsylvania, Chairman Players' Committee.

It was decided to hold the next meeting of the league in New York Dec. 26, 27, 28, and 29 of next year.

$3,000 Fire on Moncrief Race Course.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Dec. 30.—Much excitement was caused at Moncrief Park this afternoon, just after the first race, when fire of unknown origin broke out in the Racing Association's feed and implement stables along the turn out of the back stretch. Several horses which were stabled in the building were led out in safety. The fire was allowed to burn itself out. The damage was $3,000. The races were delayed owing to the dense smoke in the back stretch.

DECISIONS AND CALENDARS.

STATE.

Decisions.

The Appellate Division, First Department, announced the following decisions yesterday:

Walter A. Ledbetter, as receiver, appellant, vs. Kaufman Mandell, respondent.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinions by Miller, J., and Ingraham, P. J. (Ingraham, P. J., and McLaughlin, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Theodore A. Bingham, appellant, vs. William J. Gaynor, respondent.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and demurrer sustained, with costs, with leave to defendant to amend on payment of costs. Opinions by McLaughlin and Miller, JJ. (Miller and Dowling, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.

Daniel J. Green and another, respondents and appellants, vs. Fidelity and Casualty Company, appellant and respondent.—Judgment modified as directed in opinion, and as modified affirmed, with costs. Opinions by Miller and McLaughlin, JJ., and Ingraham, P. J. (Ingraham, P. J., and McLaughlin, J., dissenting.) Settle order on notice.

The People, &c., respondent, vs. William Darragh, appellant.—Judgment affirmed. Opinions by Clarke and McLaughlin, JJ. (McLaughlin, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Hyman Pashkoff, appellant, vs. Erie Railroad Company, respondent.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinions by Laughlin, J., and Ingraham, P. J. (Ingraham, P. J., and McLaughlin, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

People ex rel. National Park Bank, appellant, vs. Herman A. Metz and another, respondents.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

In the matter of Frederick R. Hamlin, deceased.—Order reversed and proceeding remitted to Surrogate's Court as stated in opinion, with $10 costs and disbursements to the special guardian, and the appellant to be paid out of the estate.

Julia K. Earle, appellant, vs. Ferdinand P. Earle, respondent.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs, and judgment ordered for plaintiff, with costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

William Nightingale, respondent, vs. J. H. & C. K. Eagle, Inc., appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. Opinions by McLaughlin, J., and Ingraham, P. J. (Ingraham, P. J., and Dowling, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

Martin L. Ungrich, appellant, vs. Henry Ungrich, Jr., et al., respondents.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Julia A. Dempsey, appellant, vs. City of New York, respondent.—Judgment reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Miller, J. Order filed.

Abraham Cohen, appellant, vs. Giveen Manufacturing Company, respondent.—Judgment reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinions by Ingraham, P. J., and Laughlin, J. (Laughlin and McLaughlin, JJ., dissenting.) Order filed.

William E. Hodgins, respondent, vs. Theodore A. Bingham, appellant.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and demurrer sustained, with costs, with leave to plaintiff to amend on payment of costs. Opinion by McLaughlin, J. (Dowling, J., dissenting in memorandum.) Order filed.

Maxi Erjauschek, respondent, vs. C. Otto Kramer, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Miller, J. Order filed.

Grant E. Middleton, an infant, respondent, vs. Dorothea Reutler, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by McLaughlin, J. Order filed.

Willard S. Allen, respondent, vs. Jacob Fromme et al., appellants.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. Opinion by Miller, J. Order filed.

Albert V. King, respondent, vs. Hudson River Realty Company, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Miller, J. Order filed.

Augustus E. Foran, respondent, vs. Royal Bank of Canada, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Laughlin, J. Order filed.

Angele Malaverneri, respondent, vs. Turner Construction Company, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Miller, J. Order filed.

Robert H. Ingersoll et al., appellants, vs. United Surety Company, respondent.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Clarke, J. Order filed.

Rudolph Podescht, respondent, vs. National Elevator Company, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Marie L. Harrison, as administratrix, &c., respondent, vs. Hartford Life Insurance Company, impleaded, &c., appellant.—Judgment affirmed, with costs, with leave to defendant to withdraw demurrer, and to answer on payment of costs in this court and in the court below. No opinion. Order filed.

Walnut Hill Bank, respondent, vs. National Reserve Bank, appellant.—Determination and judgment reversed, new trial ordered, costs in all courts to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

Annie Dugan, respondent, vs. New York Cab Company, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Denis Burns, respondent, vs. Degnon-McLean Company, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

People ex rel. Marie Boettcher, respondent, vs. Otto Boettcher, appellant.—Order and judgment reversed. Opinion per curiam. Settle order on notice.

Henry L. Ketcham, appellant, vs. Emanuel Neuman, respondent.—Order affirmed, with costs and disbursements upon the ground that the original verdict was excessive, without determining now what deductions, if any, the defendant is entitled to. Order filed.

Morris S. Daniels, appellant, vs. Clifford L. Middleton et al., respondents.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Michael Glennon, as administrator, &c., respondent, vs. The Star Company, appellant.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Louise Tiedjen, as administratrix, &c., appellant, vs. National Elevator Company, respondent.—Judgment and order reversed and new trial ordered, with costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Clarke, J. Ingraham, P. J., and Miller, J., dissenting on the opinion on former appeal, (130 App. Div. 504.) Order filed.

Richard Hirsh, respondent, vs. Press Publishing Company, appellant.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinion by Miller, J. Order filed.

Randolph Turner, respondent, vs. Charles E. Appleby, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Constantine J. McGuire, appellant, vs. Margaret E. Hughes, respondent.—Order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Export Trucking Company, appellant, vs. G. W. Sheldon & Co., respondent.—Determination affirmed, with costs, and judgment absolute ordered for defendant, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Aetna Life Insurance Company, respondent, vs. Duparquet, Huot & Moneuse Company, appellant. Same vs. same.—Determination, order, and judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Jefferson Trust Company, respondent, vs. John T. Dixon, impleaded, appellant.—Judgment and order affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Georgiana H. Salter, appellant, vs. Henry Browne et al., respondents.—Judgment affirmed, without costs. Opinion by Miller, J. Order filed.

Isaac N. Hebberd, respondent, vs. Elizabeth Schwarzler, appellant.—Judgment affirmed, with costs. No opinion. Order filed.

Henry R. Mygatt, plaintiff, vs. Richard R. Maslen, defendant.—Judgment ordered for plaintiff, with costs. Opinion by Scott, J. Settle order on notice.

Richard Rossiter, respondent, vs. New York Press Company, appellant.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and demurrer sustained, with costs, with leave to plaintiff to amend on payment of costs. Opinion by Miller, J. (Clarke, J., dissenting.) Order filed.

E. Gaston Higginbotham, appellant, vs. International Trust Company, respondent.—Judgment and order reversed, new trial ordered, costs to appellant to abide event. Opinions by Miller, J., and Ingraham, P. J., and Scott, J., dissenting. Order filed.

Patrick M. Carolan, individually, &c., plaintiff, vs. Anthony O'Donnell et al., appellants; Andrew J. Toland et al., respondents.—Order reversed and motion granted to extent stated in opinion. Opinion by Scott, J. Settle order on notice.

Carl Hauser, plaintiff, vs. Soma Herzog, defendant; Walter M. Rosenblatt, appellant.—Order reversed, without costs. Opinion by Clarke, J. Order filed.

Frances L. Wallace et al., appellants, vs. Virginia P. Bacon et al., respondents.—Judgment and order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Miller, J. Order filed.

In the matter of James J. Hines.—Order affirmed, with $10 costs and disbursements. Opinion by Clarke, J. Order filed.

In the matter of Charlotte Miller.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Miller, J. Order filed.

People ex rel. Wilbur C. Cosby, appellant, vs. Herman Robinson, as Commissioner, respondent.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements and motion granted. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

William P. Tuthill, respondent, vs. Morris Schnasi, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs. Opinion by Clarke, J. (Ingraham, P. J., and Dowling, J., disenting.)

Edwin M. Guinzburg, respondent, vs. Julius Joseph, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion granted, with $10 costs. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

Mary Croaley, respondent, vs. Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Company, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Scott, J. Order filed.

Margaretha Nickel, as administratrix, respondent, vs. Frederick Ayer, appellant.—Order reversed, with $10 costs and disbursements, and motion denied, with $10 costs. Opinion by Clarke, J. Order filed.

People ex rel. John J. Dougan vs. George McAneny, President, &c.—Motion denied, with $10 costs. Order filed.

In the matter of Peter T. Barlow.—Proceeding dismissed. Opinions by Ingraham, P. J., and Laughlin, J. Settle order on notice.

In the matter of Nathan B. Chadsey.—Respondent suspended for six months. Opinion by Scott, J. Settle order on notice.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Amend, J.—Ex parte business.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Chambers—McAvoy, J.—Ex parte business.

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SUPREME COURT—Amend, J.—Iron Masters' Realty and Construction Co v. Keating—Myron Sulzberger. Weiss v. Barr—Meyer Auerbach. Lefkowitz v. Millman—Leon Kronfeld.

SUPREME COURT—Page, J.—Wallace v. Kearns—William A. Keener. Murphy v. Ammermann—William H. Jones.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Amend, J.—Abraham Buxbaum v. Katharine M. Tiernan—Oscar W. Friedenrich. Realty Trust Co. v. Tina Myers—E. Oliver Champ. Arnold Adler v. Genevieve Schwarz—Carl L. Lewenstein.

SUPREME COURT—Page, J.—George D. Gregory v. Ledyard Construction Co.—A. Frank Shaw.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—Capt. H. W. Newton, Coast Artillery, detailed with Coast Artillery Reserves of the National Guard of the State of Washington.

Capt. J. E. Eubanks, Battery B, Field Artillery, Georgia National Guard, authorized to attend course of instruction at Garrison School, Fort Myer, Va.

Transfers.—Major S. W. Dunning, from Twentieth to Seventh Infantry; Major W. P. Burnham, from Seventh to Twentieth Infantry.

Major W. G. Penfield, Ordnance, will make not to exceed four visits per month during January, February, and March to works of the Colt's Patent Firearms Manufacturing Company, Hartford, Conn., to inspect material.

First Lieut. M. M. Garrett, Twenty-ninth Infantry, relieved from duty with Tenth Infantry and will join proper station.

Capt. J. E. Wilson, Coast Artillery, assigned to One Hundred and Forty-third Company.

First Lieut. T. M. Foley, Medical Reserve Corps, detailed as member of the board to meet at San Juan, P. R., Jan. 10, to conduct mental and physical examination of candidates for admission to the Military Academy, vice Major B. K. Ashford, Medical Corps, relieved.

Capt. J. Totten, Coast Artillery, relieved from assignment to Eighty-first Company and placed on unassigned list. Upon expiration of leave of absence he will report to commanding officer, Eastern Artillery District of New York, for duty on his staff.

First Lieut. S. P. Herren, U. S. A., retired, relieved from duty at Hitchcock Military Academy, San Rafael, Cal.

The following-named officers will report to Col. G. K. Hunter, Seventh Cavalry, President of the examining board Fort Riley, Kan., for examination for promotion: Capt. L. M. Koehler, Fourth Cavalry; Capt. R. E. L. Michie, Twelfth Cavalry.

The Navy.

Commander M. L. Miller to command the Vicksburg.

Lieut. C. W. Dinsmore to duty in connection with fitting out the Utah and duty on board when commissioned.

Lieut. D. T. Ghent to duty in charge of navy recruiting station, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.

Commander H. A. Bispham to the Monterey.

Commander R. H. Jackson to naval station, Cavite, P. I.

Lieut. Commander J. H. Dayton to home.

Lieut. C. L. Arnold to the Helena.

Lieut. W. L. Friedell to El Cano.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Paulding, Roe, and Terry at Havana, Solace at La Guayra, Pennsylvania at Mare Island Light, Glacier and Navajo at San Francisco.

Sailed—Leonidas, from Seawall Point for San Juan; Tallahassee, from Norfolk for Washington; Yankton, from San Juan for Samana Bay, Santo Domingo; Connecticut, Delaware, Michigan, and North Dakota, from Cherbourg for Guantanamo; Louisiana, Kansas, and New Hampshire, from Weymouth for Guntanamo.

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BRUSH	Cars. 1,875 Broadway. 'Phone 5369—Columbus.
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CORBIN	1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
CADILLAC	Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 8410 Col.
FIAT	"THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,786 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.
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WHITE	WHITE CO., B'way & 62d St. 'Phone 2952 Col.
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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, DEC. 31, 1910.

MR. SHEPARD AND MR. SHEEHAN.

Let us admit that the recent successes of the Democratic Party were in some measure, or largely, as Mr. Sheehan seems to imply, due to his "unostentatious labors" of political organization, which he assures us were "even more assiduous in days of darkness than in time of sunshine." We give Mr. Sheehan full credit for his untiring and effective work in organizing the Democratic forces. But is it not true that his loyalty was to his party, that his labors were for his party's sake, and for its upbuilding and success, not for his own personal honor and emolument? We have not the slightest idea that he would admit that he was laboring for himself, for the furthering of a personal ambition. Nor was he laboring for a mere transitory triumph of his party, for a brief day of sunshine to be followed by dark eclipse. Then why does he put himself forward as a candidate for the United States Senate when so many men have assured him, when it has been so often asserted with demonstration, that his election to the Senate would directly tend to shorten the Democratic Party's lease of power, would powerfully influence the voters of his own State to cast their ballots against his party at the next election? Mr. Sheehan is not a representative of those ideas by which alone the Democratic Party can prosper and be assured of a future. What is mere office to Mr. Sheehan that he should be willing to seek it at the great cost of defeat for his party? "Is life so dear or peace so sweet as to be purchased at a price of chains and slavery?" asked Patrick Henry. Is a chair in the Senate Chamber worth holding to a man who would be pointed at by his Democratic associates next year, or the year after, as one of the causes of his party's disaster? Wouldn't that be too high a price, Mr. Sheehan, to pay for a Senatorship, a price higher than you can afford to pay?

The two most prominent Senatorial candidates now in the field are Mr. Shepard and Mr. Sheehan. Does it comfort Mr. Sheehan to run over the names of his supporters and compare them with Mr. Shepard's supporters? Why is it that so many Democrats known all over the State, so many Democrats of high standing who, like Mr. Sheehan, have done much for their party, are advocating the election of Mr. Shepard, while so few, so very few indeed, of that stamp look with any favor upon Mr. Sheehan's aspiration? Plainly, it is because Democrats clearly see that their party's path to confidence and success lies through the realm of ideas and of wise policies, not through those fields of organization, however efficient, in which Mr. Sheehan has so assiduously labored.

Let us grant that the principles, the opinions, and the views to which Mr. Sheehan commits himself by his letter are all sound and worthy. Would he, or would Mr. Shepard, be in the Senate Chamber the abler and more convincing exponent of those opinions? Both Mr. Shepard and Mr. Sheehan must accept the common judgment of men as to their respective capacities. Judged by that measure, and it is the best measure, Mr. Sheehan must accept a good deal lower rating than Mr. Shepard in respect to his qualifications for the Senatorial office. While he has given days and nights to the work of organizing, Mr. Shepard has become a master of those foundation principles that must be the guide of those who shape our National policies. Mr. Shepard rises to the stature of a statesman, Mr. Sheehan must be content with the rank of politician. There is a world of difference between the two, particularly when an election to the Senate is concerned. Men will compare Mr. Sheehan's letter with Mr. Shepard's. Is there anything in Mr. Sheehan's proclamation of views that will for a moment bear comparison with this passage from Mr. Shepard's statement:

> It is necessary for patriotic Americans and the Democratic Party in a hundred ways, and in most fields of Federal legislation, to withstand the tendency to remedy wrongs whose genesis and cure are not yet understood by oppressive disregard of human rights which, though undoubted, seem inconvenient.

The note there sounded is beyond the range of Mr. Sheehan's voice. It reveals a broad comprehension of mischievous tendencies and of the perils of crude, groping, experimental legislation of which Mr. Sheehan gives no evidence. Mr. Shepard in the Senate would be a conspicuous figure. The eyes of the Nation would be upon him, as in past times they have rested upon the figures of those great men who in either party have won lasting fame and conferred lustre upon the Senatorial office. Does Mr. Sheehan really believe he would become a National figure if he should be elected to the Senate? Having all these considerations in view, and, in particular, having in view the unfortunate effect of his election upon the great mass of enlightened voters who will determine whether the Democracy's lease of power shall be short or long, we are convinced that it would be the wisest act of Mr. Sheehan's life if he should now publicly renounce his Senatorial ambition. In no other way can he do so great a service to his party or exhibit so high a devotion to its interests.

We urge upon all Democrats who desire the election of Mr. Shepard a faithful performance of their duty to make their wishes known, publicly, so far as may be, but at all events known to their Senators and Assemblymen. To that end we publish this morning a list of the Democratic Senators and Assemblymen from the City of New York with their districts indicated. The address of these members of the Legislature after Monday next will be the Senate Chamber and the Assembly Chamber, respectively, at the State Capitol. If Democratic voters in their districts who want to see Mr. Shepard elected will address to them strong appeals for a vote in that sense, we are confident that the impression produced will be sufficient to secure Mr. Shepard's election. Even though the Senators and Assemblymen addressed may be to a greater or less degree in bondage to political leaders, the pressure exerted on them will be transmitted to the leaders themselves. If the pressure is great enough, if the appeals made amount to a real expression of public opinion, the leaders and the members of the Legislature will bow to it.

THE NEW CUSTOMS RULING.

The new order issued by Collector Loeb to his deputies to limit the $100 allowance to returning travelers exclusively to articles of wearing apparel and personal use is quite in accord with the meaning of the customs law, though the interpretation has hitherto been broad enough to permit the admission without duty of any articles thus brought in to the amount of $100. This is not the Collector's own order, of course, but comes directly from the Treasury Department, and is based on a decision of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals. The issuance of the order was purposely delayed, as many persons had already sailed for Europe with the understanding that they might bring back, free of duty, any purchases not exceeding $100 in value. Thus much confusion at the piers and endless mortification of returning travelers were avoided.

But the new rule is now in force and will be continued, and voyagers to Europe will do well to bear it in mind. Hitherto customs officers have often been perplexed as to the interpretation of this clause in the tariff law. Pictures, trinkets, and furniture have been passed free of duty. But there is no manner of doubt that the intention of the law comprehended only wearing apparel and personal effects. A clear ruling upon it was therefore most desirable. The opinions, moods, and prejudices of the traveling public are not to be taken into consideration. We live, and some persons are fond of saying we thrive, under a high protective tariff, and the law should be enforced.

THE FERRY STRIKE.

The strike on the city ferry to Staten Island was made as troublesome to all concerned as the strikers could manage, of course. This is the necessary result of labor's conducting its relations with capital on the theory that wage earning is war. Accordingly no notice was given, and the hour selected was that at which the ferry traffic was largest, so that the inconvenience might be great enough to put pressure upon the city authorities to surrender at discretion. The urgency was great enough to extort a promise to consider the demands after New Year's, and the men returned to work provisionally.

They have themselves to thank if the outcome of the consideration of their demands shall result to their disadvantage on a fair consideration of the merits. They were receiving $90 instead of the going $75, they were working short hours, with extra number of hands, and under conditions of work more sanitary and convenient than those enjoyed by men in private service. They enjoyed these conditions, although the ferries are not profitable, being burdens upon the taxpayers. In other words, under the conditions attending the employment of private capital the ferries would be insolvent. In the sense that neither gave full equivalent for what they received the farepayers and the ferry hands were both pensioners of the city to the extent that they received something for nothing. The strike is useful if it calls the attention of the taxpayers to the meaning of municipal operation to them, causing reconsideration of the policy toward pending problems.

The commuters were far from satisfied with what was done for them, and were petitioning for increased service upon a second ferry. Like the ferry hands, they were almost thankless, although the city disbursed on the ferries in one year more than the taxes paid by Richmond Borough. This had taken a turn for the better, and it was the effort to introduce something like business methods which caused the strike. On a municipal boat of tonnage smaller than a private ferryboat twelve hands were employed instead of seven, although the city boat was more modern and more easily worked. Other ferries maintain a single emergency boat, and no emergency crew, the working crew shifting to the emergency boat when used. The city maintained two emergency boats, and paid the crews when idle. The city crews worked in three shifts under the eight-hour law for city workmen, and private crews are accustomed to work two shifts to a boat each day with long "swings." Under such conditions, recently somewhat improved from the standpoint of the administration, and made worse according to the view of labor, the city paid in one year for 21,827 eight-hour days when boats were out of commission, and for 43,839 days on which no work was done. This was too good to last, and the strike was against an effort to make the men earn their wages.

These details ran up for the city a total deficit on its ferries of about $700,000 annually. This was net after deduction of fares, and without including interest, repairs, or depreciation, which have been neglected for several years, and will be formidable. Including these items the ferry deficit has been semi-officially calculated at a round million, or the interest on, say, $25,000,000. That would build quite a stretch of subway, and would go far to build a tunnel from the Battery, or across the Narrows, or to Bayonne at least. When the city is at these costs and losses the firemen were not well advised in calling attention to their sufferings. If they do not like their jobs they are free to leave them, and we are mistaken if public sentiment will not demand that their successors shall be allowed to earn their livings in peace. To ask that the taxpayers shall sympathize with public employés in any such disorders as accompanied the express strike is straining indulgence. The "rights" of labor are dear to trades unions, whose selfishness and intolerance sometimes are almost unendurable. More precious and important are the rights of all to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness in peace.

This is not the only city, nor the only Nation, in which labor is proving that it regards itself as superior to all other interests. In Los Angeles labor has carried this spirit so far that the community is rising en masse against it. In France to-day labor is threatening disorders against the execution of a unionist convicted of murder. In Italy 146,000 employés of Government railways are ready to-day for a labor war, and threatening "sabotage," which does not need definition to those who remember the express strike here or the teamsters' strike in Chicago. If labor thinks the time opportune for such adventures it is mistaken. Advisers like Haywood and Gompers are seeking to enlist labor in a "class conscious" war against capital. It is better friendship to caution labor against anything so rash, and so certain to result disadvantageously. In this particular case it is necessary to think of the interests of the city. In all cases it is necessary to think of the rights of the non-unionists, say nine-tenths of the working class, and a larger share of the entire community. The man who thinks himself underpaid has an opportunity to make himself a better workman and be paid according to results outside the unions. Or inside the unions he has a right to sink himself to an average and accept a sacrifice wage. In no case has any wage earner any right to interfere with the livelihood of others, under any plea whatever. In justice to the law-abiding majority it is necessary to be hard toward the lawbreakers. The ferry hands ought to get a fair wage, and a short answer if they ask for more.

STILL COVETING THE PARKS.

The threat to take part of Bryant Park as a site for a new building for the Academy of Design is still in the air. All the city parks are always in danger of encroachment or obliteration. A court house building has been proposed for Battery Park, and strong influences are still secretly working to seize nearly all of City Hall Park for the law courts. Undoubtedly the very sight of open spaces here and there in the otherwise densely crowded city excites many of our fellow-citizens to a sort of frenzy. Designing buildings to occupy lands which they think are now foolishly wasted for park purposes seems to occupy much of the leisure time of some architects.

But the sentiment of a large majority of the people may be relied upon to protect our parks from any further encroachment of any sort. The Academy of Design will never have a building in any public park on Manhattan Island.

THE INHERITANCE TAX.

The attention which has recently been directed to the inheritance tax has revived recollection of cases which tend to show that the inconveniences and injustices inflicted under it are far from theoretical. At this time there are pending suits to collect inheritance taxes from the estates of W. H. Tilford in Wisconsin and of John Stewart Kennedy in Minnesota. These gentlemen were residents of New York, and their heirs are resisting the collection from their estates of taxes equal to moderate fortunes upon the demand of States which would not have thought they had any claim before the time of retribution for wealthy malefactors in the interest of the poor and the morals of the Nation.

The case of Mr. James Henry Smith occurred under the comparatively innocuous earlier form of the New York law, but will suffice to make goose flesh grow on the skins of the wealthy who now have new terrors added to death. George Smith was an Englishman who lived and died in England, but left forty millions in bonds in a New York safe deposit box. There was no claim to a tax except the mere fact of the deposit of the bonds, which are not a good object of taxation anyway, the property under the mortgage being already taxed. Yet the estate paid two millions inheritance tax in New York, besides four millions in England, and $700,000 to Illinois. When his nephew, James Henry Smith, died New York took another million. Is it any wonder that the publication of these facts gave a boom to the safe deposit box renters in New Jersey?

It would seem to be significant of something that the facts published at that time gave a certain satisfaction, whereas now the similar announcement by the Controller awakes echoes of another sort. Uncounted millions of English, French, and German capital are invested in New York corporations, and now the owners discover that the mere fact of ownership exposes their property to a tax of perhaps one-quarter even if transferred to relatives no more remote than nephews and nieces. And this toll is taken by a State so affluent that it has no need to levy any direct taxes whatever, and has in its Treasury more idle millions than any State Government ought to have.

It is odd that a tax so unpopular and oppressive should have passed hitherto with so little challenge. If constitutional in its principle, at least it would seem that there ought to be some legal limitation upon its duplication and extortion. The suggestion that the tax ought to be National instead of State differs from the conclusion reached by the conference upon State and local taxation at Columbus. That conference passed resolutions that Federal taxation ought to be limited to Federal objects of taxation, and that inheritances ought to be limited to the States, and that the principles of comity require such an adjustment of tax laws that the same property shall not be subject to duplicate taxation. Perhaps one reason why the statute is not resisted is that evasion is so easy unless the decedent is taken unawares. There is no mystery about it, for books have been written detailing the methods followed in those nations that use this tax because of their necessities, and are imitated by us, although a superfluity of tax resources exists among us. When our treasuries are bursting with wealth, why should we cast about for new taxes?

THE SITUATION IN LISBON.

As lately as the middle of this month hopeful reports came from Lisbon of the workings of the Provisional Government, which is burdened with the task of forming a new Constitution and preparing the way for the Legislative Chamber to supersede the old bi-cameral Parliament, elect a President, and carry forward the broad programme of national reforms already outlined. Portugal was at peace, on the surface, Dec. 15, but scarcely a fortnight later there are alarming reports of threatening disturbances. The loyalty of the army and navy is questioned and there are vague rumors of a conspiracy to restore the monarchy and reinstate King Manuel. We must assume, as these reports come from authoritative sources, that the conspiracy has taken on some definable shape, and has some other and more serious basis than the inevitable desire of reactionaries to restore the old order.

The republic, which the Provisional Government upholds, is only three months old. Yet it is said that the laboring classes are already expressing their dissatisfaction. Clearly, if that is the case, the abolition of arrests on suspicion, the recognition of the right to strike, and the reduction of municipal taxes on food do not satisfy them. They feel that they bore the largest share in establishing the new Government, and they hoped for more than they now expect to receive from it. Trade is poor throughout Portugal. This seems to be the chief cause of the discontent. The disaffection of the working classes is much more dangerous to the republic than the dissatisfaction of seekers for preferment, or the intrigues of the royalists.

There are no reports of outbreaks, and there is no reason as yet for fearing that the plans will not be carried through and the permanent Government organized early in the Spring. Young republics cannot exist without friction while the paths of provisional governments in Latin countries are always thorny. The people who want more than they can get exist everywhere and make trouble. The Portuguese must learn slowly the principles of self-rule, and in spite of the discouraging reports, we feel sure that they have made a good beginning.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Ohio's Farmer Boodlers. The "clean-up" of 2,000 vote-sellers, constituting one-third of the adult male population of Adams County, Ohio, is to be followed, if Gov. Harmon has his way, by an investigation of political conditions in several of the adjacent counties. Judge Blair, who is fining the hundreds of self-confessed rural criminals the amount of money they received for their votes, declares that the investigators are "going to clean up Adams County as it has not been purged since the civil war."

It is because the county has not been purged since the civil war that men past eighty years old are now trudging to the town of West Union to confess, be disfranchised, and avail themselves of lighter fines than those who will be arrested under the wholesale indictments. For a generation fathers in this fast-diminishing population have bought their son's votes and sold their own. Adams County, as well as the neighboring Pike, Lawrence, Jackson, Gallia, Clermont, Highland, and Brown Counties which have in the past decade been sapped of their strength by the growing cities. The result has been like that observed in the "rotten boroughs" of rural Connecticut—political and moral corruption; also, doubtless, physical decay and disease.

The cities are not so wicked as the rural communities. In the cities the great regenerating forces of education, ethics, and religion have their strongholds. The tide of reform and progress is but just sweeping into the country districts. The yoking up of the telephone and the telegraph, and the further penetration of their systems, rural free postal deliveries, better roads, fast freights, speedier means of passenger transit, together with a reform of agricultural methods will before long bring prosperity, an increase of population, and the benefits of science, the arts, and good morals into the farming counties. The dwellers in them are already rather better than heathen. They are becoming acquainted with their sins and shortcomings, and are coming forward to the mourners' bench.

Civil Service Grades for School Teachers. In his report on the public schools Supt. Maxwell comments upon the "widespread discontent" manifested for four or five years past by the city's teachers over their salaries, and proposes that they be paid according to civil service grades. He acknowledges the strength of the "equal pay for equal work" propaganda carried on by the women teachers, supported, as it is, by the general opinion that the lowest salaries paid are insufficient. To concede their point, however, and retain the men needed in the schools would cost $10,000,000 extra each year—$10,000 for each man. This would be something of a luxury. To reduce the salaries of the men to those of the women would result in an exodus of the ablest men teachers. To pay according to the sex of the pupils taught is opposed by the women teachers as an evasion of their contentions; it would tend to segregate the pupils too much according to sex, and would deprive the girl pupils of the advantages of being taught by men.

Discarding these three solutions, Dr. Maxwell believes that a grading of teachers without respect to sex into Classes "A," "B," "C," and so on, assigning all to places in Class B with a uniform salary as soon as they receive their permanent licenses, and advancing the fit and meritorious to Class C with a higher salary in the discretion of the Board of Superintendents would do away with most objections. The admission of teachers to the grades of salary above Class C would be the work of a committee of three or five controlled by the Board of Education. But the teachers should be assigned to classes of pupils without regard to salary by the Board of Superintendents. This system, he urges, would reward industry and exceptional merit in the teaching staff, assure a flexible system of assignments, and permit transfers of teachers without occasioning jealousy.

Unquestionably there are excellent features in this plan. But would not its operation result in the promotion to the highest salary grades of more men teachers in proportion to the whole number employed than of women teachers? The women would never be content with that.

Pullman Porters Need Not Be Alarmed. Out in Chicago it is reported that the Pullman porters feel alarmed over the report that their employment of whiskbrooms on trains will soon be prohibited by law as insanitary. The whisking of dusty garments is insanitary; it is unnecessary. Most travelers loathe the process. But it is the excuse for the exaction of tips by porters. The tips serve as an excuse to the rich Pullman Company in paying the porters but 83 1-3 cents a day wages.

Instead of opposing it, the porters should send a delegation to Washington to have this measure put through. They should also urge the passage of a supplementary bill, as an amendment of the Hepburn act, forbidding the payment of tips on trains. A tip implies a discrimination in service, every form of which should be prohibited to inter-State carriers and their agents and servants. We think the Pullman porters, or, if they are not enlightened in their own interest, travelers who have been imposed upon by the Pullman Company, will recognize the applicability of this principle in a railroad anti-tipping bill, and will be able to persuade Congress to pass it.

These two measures passed, the wages of Pullman porters would at once go up. Their necessary services must be paid for. Make it unlawful for the beggar company to collect the payment in gratuities above the regular passenger rates, and it would quickly see the propriety and necessity of giving this class of its employés a proper place on its payroll.

ADVANCED FOOTBALL.

Organized cheering has less means of expressing degrees and varieties of emotion than any other form of expression, with the possible exception of the foghorn. The most effective and natural form * * * is music.—President Lowell of Harvard.

I.

It was forty thousand sang there,
Half for Harvard, half for Yale,
And a mighty chorus rang there
When Yale's goal kick didn't fail;
For the touchdown had been splendid,
And the run before a rouser,
So the Blue her soul expended
On selections from "Tannhäuser."

II.

Then Harvard bucked Yale's line for gains
And made full thirty yards;
The Crimson baton beat the strains
That thrilled the eager guards;
And o'er that field of football might,
Of epic deeds and gory,
Fair Harvard sang, in great delight,
Sweet bits from "Trovatore."

III.

Yale got the ball and bucked the line,
But couldn't gain an inch,
And Harvard cried, "Oh, this is fine!"
And "Isn't it a cinch?"
"We're so excited we must sing,
In high and clear falsetto;
So let the Crimson chorus ring
From Verdi's 'Rigoletto'!"

IV.

The fight was hard, the score was tied,
And music rose and fell;
But only one fool freshman tried
To rouse an old-time yell.
And when a touchdown won the game
And Yale grew merry very,
The Crimson put the Blue to shame
By chanting "Miserere."

E. S. V. Z.

COLLEGE SUFFRAGISTS.

Says They Find in "the Cause" a Relaxation.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I feel forced to reply to your editorial article on "Suffragism and the Colleges." The Cornell club of which I was one of the twenty-six charter members was started in 1902. We survived the ridicule of up-State papers and criticism from all sides without even so much as one encouraging look from a full-fledged suffragist of the outer world. It was not until the second Winter that we had the help of a trained suffrage speaker. At Barnard the club was started by a then undergraduate, Caroline Lexow. At Vassar Inez Milholland, while an underclasswoman, tried to start a club, but suffrage in organized form was forbidden by the Faculty, who also refused the request of the students to allow Jane Addams to speak to them on suffrage. The result is that we have more active suffragist workers from Vassar than from any other college.

I admit that hundreds of us college women naturally enough still take an interest in the clubs we helped to found, and in so doing I feel we are doing a great work. What more precious subject could be taught in the universities of a true republic than love of liberty and interest in Government?

You say in your article: "They have all they can properly do to study their lessons." We are dealing with women approaching or of voting age, not with kindergartners. Do you realize that thousands of women students work their way through college and that over half are faced with the problem of self-support at once on graduation?

I think that girls faced with the necessity of accepting a salary of $600 at the hands of the State while their fellowmen students get $900, or young women doctors asking in vain for admission to hospital examinations, have found that a good rousing suffrage meeting was a relaxation rather than a burden to their minds. NORA BLATCH DE FOREST.

New York, Dec. 27, 1910.

Wickedness and Suffrage.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent Margaret Carleton ironically asks me to answer the riddle of the universe—the old, old puzzle of why human nature is both weak and wicked. Only suffragists presume to know the answer. And the panacea for all evil that they offer has not worked. Miss Carleton suggests child labor, yet the child labor laws of many of the manhood suffrage States are models, while those of the woman suffrage States are notoriously behind the times. She mentions the white slave traffic, yet men and women who live in Colorado call it the most immoral of the States having like conditions. Such also is the opinion of the National President of the Florence Crittenden Homes for Wayward Girls.

From her historical allusions Miss Carleton fails to draw the logical conclusions. Abraham Lincoln met with opposition, yet the principle for which he and so many other good men stood received the sanction of the majority within a comparatively short space of time, as all truth is bound to do. It is on this experience that democracy is based. The woman suffrage agitation, starting at the very same period as the anti-slavery agitation, and enlisting some of the same advocates, has been agitating ever since, and is still backed only by a small, though noisy minority. Why is the majority convertible to one reform in twenty or thirty years, and unconvertible to another reform (?) though it rage for more than sixty? The very interest of the statistics of the English women municipal electors, canvass lies in the fact that this class of women have had their local government vote for more than a generation. Theirs is no snap judgment. It is based on years of experience in politics.

MARGARET DOANE GARDINER.

Albany, Dec. 28, 1910.

British Investments.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If the figures compiled by an editor of The Statist and quoted in your issue of last Sunday are correct, do they not show an extraordinary state of affairs in a country which is seriously embarrassed by the number of her unemployed and has to provide pensions for her citizens who are over seventy years of age? The figures I refer to are:

British investments in India and the colonies	$7,770,000,000
British investments in foreign countries	8,190,000,000
Total	$15,960,000,000

of which $2,275,000,000 has been provided in the last three years.

It seems to prove that Britain is beginning to bear the same relation to the rest of the world that cities like Newport, R. I., do to the rest of this country, that is, that it will become a place inhabited by the idle rich and their servants and tradespeople, deriving its income and most of its supplies from outside.

What hope is there for Britons without capital, and can a nation long exist under such conditions? KINARLA.

Milford, Conn., Dec. 27, 1910.

Fraternity Pins in Pawnshops.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is not the insinuation of an article on the front page of to-day's Times, that members of leading college fraternities have pawned their pins because some have been seen in a Bowery pawnshop window rather unjust? The history of these pins is far more likely to show that they were accidentally lost by their owners and brought to the pawnshop by the finder who saw there the only opportunity of converting his discovery into ready cash. It would, I am sure, be the first instinct of any member of the fraternities mentioned to redeem immediately any badge of his society displayed in a pawnshop; and it is equally safe to assert that could the rightful owner, whose name is inscribed on the back, be again placed in possession of his property the intrinsic value thereof would be as nothing compared with the satisfaction of preserving an emblem whose associations to him are priceless. CLINTON G. ABBOTT.

New York, Dec. 29, 1910.

Operatic Problem.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will some one who really knows kindly tell me how Miss Geraldine Farrar pronounces her name?

I ask this because certain musical friends of mine, who have, of course, seen and heard Miss Farrar, pointedly speak of her as "Far-rar," (with the accent on the last syllable,) as they would say "hurrah!" while I, a different admirer of hers merely through the mediumship of phonograph records, obstinately adhere to the pronunciation sanctioned in connection with the name of the distinguished churchman, "Far-rar," (with the accent on the first syllable.)

I would, however, like to be right with respect to the lady whose attainments I admire. J. W. E.

New York, Dec. 28, 1910.

TO 1910.

Closely, year, we have observed you,
Yet we never have complained:
No considerations swerved you
From your duties preordained.
Though confused by blinding showers,
Swirling snow and heavens gray,
You assigned two dozen hours
Carefully to every day.

So, ere you fade beyond our ken,
Ere the lips of slumber kiss you,
Here's your health, old Nineteen-Ten,
Honestly, we're going to miss you!

Though not easy to remember
When one travels on the run,
Thirty days you gave November
And to August thirty-one;
Also, you arranged the weather
So the seasons we could tell.
Truly, taken all together,
You have done extremely well.

So, ere you fade beyond the ken,
Ere the scythe of Chronos strikes you,
Here's your health, old Nineteen-Ten,
Honestly, we've grown to like you!

THOMAS R. YBARRA.

CONTINUES CRUSADE AGAINST DR. POTTER

Mr. Opdycke Now Asks the Civil Service Board Why It Gave Him a Non-Competitive Test.

WHY IT REVERSED ITSELF

Criticism Really Aimed at the Mayor, Who Is Said to Have Guided the Commission's Action.

Leonard E. Opdycke of 117 East Sixty-ninth Street, who was active in the opposition to the appointment of Dr. Daniel C. Potter as Director of the new Board of Ambulance Service before it was confirmed by the Municipal Civil Service Commission, is still agitating the matter, although Dr. Potter has been appointed and confirmed in face of his opposition. Mr. Opdycke has now written to President McGuire of the commission, reciting the history of the Potter case and asking why that body practically reversed itself.

It was Mr. Opdycke who appealed to Mayor Gaynor to make public the findings of Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick in his investigation of Dr. Potter's record. He also appeared before the commission in opposition to the appointment of Dr. Potter. He now writes:

The Hon. John C. McGuire, President Municipal Civil Service Commission:

Sir: On the 13th inst. I addressed to you, as President of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, certain inquiries regarding the action of your commission upon the appointment of Daniel C. Potter as Director of the Ambulance Service.

Having received an acknowledgement of the receipt of my letter but no reply to my inquiries, I now beg to repeat them in somewhat fuller form. On June 8 last the Board of Ambulance Service, by a divided vote, decided to appoint Dr. Potter as Director of its service, and at once requested your commission to exempt the office from the competitive requirements of the civil service law. On the following day his Honor the Mayor wrote to the Chairman of the Ambulance Board this in an emphatic letter, (at once published in the press):

"I have tried from the beginning to make it very plain that the policy of the present administration of the Government of the City of New York is not only to take its employes from the classified civil service list but also in numerical order from that list. This may not always get the best result, but it will, as a rule, and what is all-important, it will do away with all importunity and favoritism, political, clerical, and other."

On June 10 the Ambulance Board directed its Secretary to inform your commission that it was no longer concerned as to whether the position be exempt or non-exempt. One June 15 your commission unanimously voted to direct its Secretary to proceed with an open competitive examination for the position.

So far as I am aware, neither the Ambulance Board nor your commission took any further steps in the matter until Nov. 21, apparently prior to which date his Honor the Mayor is represented in the press as having spoken to the President of the Ambulance Board regarding Dr. Potter. On that date the Secretary of the Ambulance Board sent, and on the following day your commission received, a request that your commission issue to his board a letter or certificate enabling his board to appoint Dr. Potter as Director of Ambulance Service. On Nov. 23 your commission, by divided vote, took action, recorded in your minutes as follows:

> After careful consideration of the matter, it being the opinion of the commission that the position of Director of Ambulance Service was one for which competition was impracticable, owing to the newness of the work and the limited number of persons having the requisite qualifications, the Secretary was instructed to advise the Board of Ambulance Service that an appointment would be approved under the provisions of Paragraph 5 of Rule 12, as requested, provided that the person nominated for such appointment should successfully pass a non-competitive examination for the purpose of establishing a permanent record of his qualifications. On motion, it was
>
> Resolved, That the Secretary be and he hereby is directed to summon Dr. Daniel C. Potter of 1,606 Caton Avenue, Brooklyn, for a non-competitive examination to test his qualification for the position of Director of Ambulance Service.
>
> Commissioner Welling voting in the negative.

I am informed that despite protests made to your commission by the Secretary of the Civil Service Reform Association and by me, you allowed Dr. Potter to take a non-competitive examination on Dec. 16, and that his paper was rated three days later. On Dec. 21 there appeared in three of the most reputable of our daily journals editorial protests against your action, and in The New York Times on that date this news item:

> The commission announced yesterday that Dr. Potter had passed the special examination prepared for him at the direction of Mayor Gaynor at a rating of 93 per cent. and that the confirmation of his appointment to-day would be practically a matter of routine.

On that date also, and in my presence, you and your colleague, Commissioner Keogh, rejected a motion of Commissioner Welling to postpone further consideration of the matter for two weeks. After oral presentation by the Secretary of the Civil Service Reform Association and by me of reasons for delay, and after receipt of a letter of protest from the President of the Citizens' Union, your commission almost at once directed your Secretary to notify the Board of Ambulance Service that the appointment of Dr. D. C. Potter was approved.

Under what provision either of your commission's rules or of the civil service law of the State did your commission set a non-competitive examination for Dr. Potter?

What were the real reasons that led the majority of your commission to reverse on Nov. 23 and Dec. 21 the action taken by it on June 15? I am, very truly yours,

L. E. OPDYCKE.

New York, Dec. 29, 1910.

In spite of the strong opposition to the appointment of Dr. Potter, Bishop Greer even withdrawing an indorsement in his behalf to the Mayor, the latter refused to intervene in the confirmation of the doctor's selection. This action was taken by the Ambulance Board over the protest of one of its most important members, Dr. John W. Brannan, President of the Board of Trustees of Bellevue and Allied Hospitals. It has been understood that the Civil Service Commission directed the giving of the non-competitive examination to Dr. Potter at the Mayor's orders.

The Mayor has indicated several times that he does not sympathize with the criticisms of Dr. Potter, despite the fact that the Controller is still conducting an investigation of his record while the head of the Charitable Institutions Division of the Department of Finance, and it is known that the indorsements of the doctor presented to the Mayor came from many men whose opinions are respected in the community.

53 YEARS A CITY SERVANT.

Henry J. Storrs, Chief Clerk Since 1857, Retires on Half Pay.

Henry J. Storrs, who has been Chief Clerk of the Department of Finance since Dec. 15, 1857, retires to-day on half pay, one of the few privileges of this kind ever granted by the City Government.

The Board of Revision of Assessments, of which Mr. Storrs has also been Chief Clerk since the early sixties, which is composed of Controller Prendergast, Corporation Counsel Watson, and President Purdy of the Tax Board, paid Mr. Storrs a tribute for his services to the city at its last meeting.

TO DESTROY SARDINES.

Court Action Follows Analyses, Showing 327,144 Cans Unfit for Use.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 30.—United States Attorney John H. Jordan obtained to-day from United States Judge Charles P. Orr an order for the condemnation of 327,144 cans of sardines, stored in packing houses in this city.

Analyses by chemists from the Agricultural Department shows the sardines are unfit for food. They probably will be destroyed by representatives of the Government.

MR. JONES'S NEW PLAY AT THE NAZIMOVA

Shows Mean Lot of Types and Makes One Share Hope Involved in the Title.

NOT UP TO HIS STANDARD

A Conventional Sort of Story Admirably Staged and Well Acted.

WE CAN'T BE AS BAD AS ALL THAT: A play in three acts, by Henry Arthur Jones. Nazimova's 39th Street Theatre.

Mrs. Engaine	Katharine Kaelred
Lady Carnforth	Charlotte Granville
Violet Engaine	Frances Jordan
Mrs. Fred Chinnery	Mrs. Sam Sothern
Lady Katherine Greenop	Kate Phillips
Fanny Chirk	Alice Wilson
Bickmore	Veda McEver
Sir Ralph Newell	Nye Chart
Lord Carnforth	Wallace Erskine
Fulks Bissett	Iva Dawson
Topham Bargeny	William Hawtrey
Toller	Herbert Budd
Harry Stackpool	Edward Bonfield
Marsh	William L. Branscombe

After seeing Mr. Henry Arthur Jones's newest play, it is quite possible to express an emphatic hope that the implication involved in the title is correct. For a shabbier lot of people one does not often meet than these, the selected examples of an English smart set, bickering and backbiting in the substantial-looking drawing room of a certain Lord Carnforth, resident of the West Midlands, and presumably a very nice, amiable, complacent and self-effacing person. Lady Carnforth, on the other hand, is neither amiable nor nice. Neither is her brother, Mr. Fulks Bassett, a self-confessed scoundrel, nor her guest, Harry Stackpool, who carries on an intrigue with his hostess, the same time he is making love to one of her guests.

Nor would most of us like to be regarded as being as bad as Tophan Bargeny, a very oleaginous snake-in-the-grass kind of person, who leaves a trail of scandal everywhere he goes, but no more dangerous than the outspoken maliciousness of Lady Greenop, whose pretended frankness carries a lot of poison with it. Even the hired detective, called in to trace the whereabouts of certain missing jewels, the circumstances of which shall hereinafter appear, is a double dealer, making a compact with one woman only to break it in effect by entering into negotiations with another.

Comes, then, the heroine of the story, who, if she has had a sort of past, is at least sorry for it, and trying hard to live it down; and the hero, one of the rough and ready kind, who, sick and tired of London society and its disappointments, has thrown up his career and gone abroad—this time to Argentina—to return now a stronger person and better prepared for the ultimate complication.

The heroine, once a Miss Nora Shard, had met and loved and gone away with Harry Furnivall, a rising M. P. who, in taking his departure, had sacrificed family and future, only to meet his death in a railway accident almost immediately after. The young woman, eventually meeting a man to whom she could be of service—indeed, he was an invalid—had married him, and now, again a widow, is enjoying with her stepdaughter the hospitality of the Carnforth household, invited there at the earnest solicitation of Lady Carnforth's cousin, Sir Ralph Newell, who had met and become interested in her during a long sea voyage.

And Sir Ralph had been Harry Furnivall's best friend, had persuaded him at one time to throw over the "baggage," only to find that the woman's hold was stronger than any man's good advice. In the meantime it has appeared that Lady Carnforth's brother is in sore financial straits, that he can stave off his creditors if a hurried marriage can be arranged between him and Mrs. Engaine's stepdaughter, who, indeed, is infatuated and ready to jump at the chance, but that the mother interferes to prevent. Then it develops that Mrs. Engaine's pearl necklace, valued at some £2,000 has been taken from her jewel case, that the worthless brother is the only one who has left the house.

Is it difficult to foresee the rest?

With the scandalmongers hanging around, Lady Carnforth is soon aware of the real identity of her visitor; with her brother's happiness in the balance, she is ready to keep quiet if Mrs. Engaine will make a bargain. Which the woman quite nobly refuses to do, bringing the final climacteric scene in the confession to her lover that she was the "baggage" he once referred to, a shock to him, you may be sure, and one which he cannot immediately get over, for all the woman's insistence that there are two passions in every woman's life—the love of a girl and the love of a woman, the which thought should set his mind at ease.

Eventually, of course, comes the discovery by Mrs. Engaine of the way her jewels have gone, with the whip-lash in her hands now, and effectively used, you may be sure, to prevent the sacrifice of her stepdaughter and to suppress the scandal.

And then, preparations for departure with a belated announcement by Sir Ralph Newell that he and Mrs. Engaine are to be married, information which comes unexpectedly to the woman herself, but no less agreeable on that account, you may be sure.

It is all very politely written, but Mr. Jones has devised cleverer stories than this. And it must be admitted, in fact, that the whole thing is rather lacking in fresh touches. There is an effective bit of investigation by the scandal hunters who are seeking confirmation of their suspicions, and a smoothly written and well-played scene of confession, in which Mrs. Engaine makes her position clear to the man who is in love with her.

Also, there is much small talk of no especial consequence, and a bit or two in character, well written and well played, but, on the whole, the play moves rather slowly and with no particularly impressive or absorbing effect. As the exposition of a certain hollow, pretentious, selfish, and malicious social set—one of narrow confines, let us hope—it is doubtless not without veracity, but is by no means up to the author's best performances hitherto.

Such as it is, however, it is excellently staged and handled and well played by an unusually good company, several of whose members are conspicuously excellent.

Mr. Nye Chart as the lover is admirably easy and vigorous, a distinctly refreshing and natural leading man. And as Mrs. Engaine, Katherine Kaelred plays with fine understanding, much variety, and charm. The former would have gained in sympathy by the employment of a little less emotional tone in certain passages of the love duets, and the latter by completely discarding a certain high pitch of voice somewhat mincingly delivered. In a lower register her voice and diction are most pleasing. On the whole, however, the two rôles are very ably handled and very ingratiatingly rendered."

Charlotte Granville delivers a splendid portrait of a selfish society matron, and both Mrs. Sam Sothern and Miss Alice Wilson are highly competent in lesser parts. Kate Phillips and William Hawtrey are both excellent in character types, while Ivo Dawson, Frances Jordan, Wallace Erskine, and Herbert Budd do agreeable work.

A particularly effective bit, capitally done, earned for Miss Veda McEvers a round of applause, which was heartily deserved.

The occasion marked the first production of the play anywhere. At the end of the second act Mr. Jones, voicing his appreciation of American co-operation, and especially that of Mr. Charles Klein, called Miss Kaelred forward to share in the honors.

Play in Aid of Diet Kitchen.

For the benefit of the New York Diet Kitchen a matinée performance of "The Right Princess," a dramatization of Clara Louise Burnham's novel, will be given at the Bijou Theatre on Friday, Jan. 6.

The patronesses include Mrs. S. Q. Brown, Mrs. W. D. Bosworth, Mrs. W. N. Cromwell, Mrs. Edward M. Cook, Mrs. J. Henry Dick, Mrs. E. H Gary, Mrs. Frank Scott Gerrish, Mrs. Edward Lauterbach, Mrs. W. W. McAlpin, Mrs. William Curtis Demorest, Mrs. E. L. Marston, Mrs. William Church Osborn, Mrs. James Speyer, Mrs. A. E. Smylie, Mrs. Henry Seligman, Mrs. Henry Villard, Mrs. T. Bailey Vanderhoef, Mrs. Frederick Van Beuren, and Mrs. G. T. Wilson.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. 25c.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Sr., will give a reception for her daughter, Miss Barbara Rutherfurd, on Jan. 4.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Le B. Gardner and Miss Adelaide Gardner of Kenmore, Ridgewood, N. J., are in town and will remain at the Hotel Gotham until May 1.

Lady Paget of London is booked to sail to-day for New York. She will stay at the Waldorf-Astoria during her several weeks' stay in town.

The date fixed for the wedding of Miss Harriet Frances Arnold of this city and Capt. J. G. Lyons in London is Jan. 10. Miss Arnold is the daughter of William H. Arnold of 152 West Seventy-fourth Street and has been abroad studying for a year or more.

Richard N. Sherman, son of the Vice President, and Mrs. Sherman of Utica are at the Wolcott, where they will spend New Year's Day.

The engagement is announced of Miss Marie Sheedy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Denis Sheedy of Denver, Col., and Robert L. Livingston, grandson of Johnston Livingston, President of the Knickerbocker Club, this city.

Mrs. John R. Drexel of 1 East Sixty-second Street will give a small dinner dance to night for her daughter, Miss Alice Gordon Drexel.

Under the auspices of the Cornell University Club of this city the Cornell University Glee, Banjo and Mandolin Club will give a concert at the Waldorf-Astoria to-night.

Mrs. Paul A. Sorg will give a reception and dance at the Plaza on Jan. 3.

Among those who have taken boxes and seats for the Italian benefit performance at the Metropolitan Opera House on Jan. 14 are Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Andrew Carnegie, Mrs. Elbert H. Gary, Mrs. George R. Lockwood, and Miss Leary. The Italian Ambassador has accepted an invitation to be present.

The second of the St. Christopher League Dances will take place on Jan. 13 at Delmonico's. The proceeds of this set of subscription dances, which has no connection whatever with any former dancing class, goes to the New York Nursery and Children's Hospital. There will be two meetings in February on the 3d and 24.

Mr. and Mrs. George D. Cross have opened their town house, 3 West Fifty-second Street, for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. William R. Davenport, (Miss Alice Demorest,) who came on to spend Christmas with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Curtis Demorest, have returned to Utica.

Theatre Party for Debutantes.

Mrs. William Schall, Jr., gave a theatre party last night for her débutante daughters, and the guests asked included many other buds and a few older girls.

After seeing Willie Collier in "I'll Be Hanged if I Do," the party was taken to Sherry's for supper and dancing.

The guests asked for the play included Mr. and Mrs. Henry T. Ashmore, the Misses Mary C. Edgar, Helen Rives, Adelaide Cannon, Aileen Osborn, Natalie Duncan, Ruth Ashmore, Susan Dresser, Mildred Poor, May Vogel, Elizabeth Thomas of Boston, Ursula Wolcott Brown, Anzonella Kane, Lisa Stillman, Alice Kortright, Viola and Adeline Townsend, Dorothy Keasbey, Gwen Matthews, and also Maurice and Francis Roche, Henry Emmet, John Darragh, Charles J. Jackson, Clarence Kelsey, John Curtis, Seth B. French, Henry McVickar, Capt. Little, Leonard Wyatt, Farnham Kunhardt, Lawrence Miller, and Roderick Buchanan.

A few additional guests were asked in afterward for the dancing, and these included Mr. and Mrs. Reginald de Koven, Miss de Koven, and Mr. Hudson, Mrs. Eben Wright, Alexander Hadden, Charles Wetmore, the Misses Margaret and Katherine Cameron, Miss Mildred Gibert Townsend, and Mrs. Belmont Tiffany.

Yale Men to Present "The Fan" Here

The Yale University Dramatic Association will present "Il Ventaglio," an Italian play, at the Waldorf-Astoria, on Jan. 2 and 3. "The Fan," is a translation from the Italian of Carlo Goldoni, and is being produced in English for the first time in this country. Last season the association produced Boucicault's "London Assurance." Several New York men will take part in the production this year. Edgar M. Wooley, President of the association, will appear as the Count. William de F. Manice will play the leading rôle: John Parsons and John Fritz Acelis will also be seen in the play. Francis Bayard Rives, also of this city, is the Secretary of the association this year.

First "Modern Morning" at Plaza.

The first of the series of "Modern Mornings" at the Plaza, under the patronage of Mrs. George Jay Gould, Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mrs. J. Russell Soley, Mrs. Henry F. Dimock, Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, Mrs. Edward Litchfield, and Miss Lota Robinson, will take place on Friday, Jan. 6. On this date H. Elisha Foster and Richard Fletcher, who are arranging the series, announce the appearances of Miss Kitty Gordon, Miss Zelda Sears, and Ralph C. Herz. Karlene will dance, and there will be the production of a new play in one act, with Hilda Spong in the title rôle.

Daughter Born to Countess Sigray.

News has been received here that a daughter has been born to the Count and Countess Sigray. The Countess was formerly Miss Harriot Daly, a daughter of the late Marcus Daly, and a sister of Mrs. James W. Gerard of New York and Mrs. H. Carroll Brown of Baltimore. Her marriage to Count Sigray was an event of last Winter, taking place at the residence of Mrs. Marcus Daly in this city.

The Count and Countess Sigray are at their estate in Hungary, near Budapest.

McIndoe-Arkush Wedding To-day.

Miss Eda Arkush, daughter of Mrs. Ezekiel Arkush of 517 West 113th Street, will be married to-day at noon in St. Agnes's Chapel to Frank D. McIndoe, son of Walter J. McIndoe of 749 St. Nicholas Avenue. The bridegroom's sister, Miss Annie L. McIndoe, will be maid of honor, and the bride's brother, Ralph M. Arkush, will be best man. The ushers will be William C. Grieves, William T. Grieves, George T. Haldeman, and Victor Lecoq. The Rev. Dr. W. W. Bellinger will perform the ceremony.

Countess Szechenyi Aids Charity Ball.

The charity ball given annually by the Hungarian Ladies' Aid Society will be held this season at the Waldorf-Astoria on Jan. 7. Among the recent contributions which the society received to assure the success of the ball was a check for $100, contributed by the Countess Széchényi, formerly Miss Gladys Vanderbilt, who sent the check from her home in Hungary.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Hedwig Riecher, now in Germany, expects to return to America early in January to appear on the stage here.

William J. Kelly has been engaged for a tour of the William Morris vaudeville houses in a playlet called "The Sacrifice." He will appear in New York on Jan. 9.

Negotiations are under way for Lillian Russell to tour Australia under the direction of Joseph Brooks at the conclusion of her present season in "In Search of a Sinner." She will end her season in New York in the late Spring and will probably sail at once for Australia, to be there during the antipodean Winter season.

Robert Warwick, at present a member of Mrs. Leslie Carter's company in "Two Women," has been engaged for the leading male role in support of Louise Gunning in "The Balkan Princess," under the management of the Shuberts and William A. Brady. Walter Hale will take Mr. Warwick's part with Mrs. Carter.

David Belasco and the David Warfield Company will leave New York this afternoon for Boston for final rehearsals of "The Return of Peter Grimm," which will be presented for the first time at the Hollis Street Theatre next Monday night.

In the play of "Kitty Clive," to be given at the Musical Dramatic Morning at the Waldorf-Astoria on Jan. 7, Grace Elliston will play the title role, and Shelly Hull and Bertram Marbury will have important parts.

Liebler & Co.'s production of "The Deep Purple," a melodrama by Paul Armstrong and Wilson Mizner, will succeed Mrs. Leslie Carter at the Lyric Theatre, opening there on Jan. 9. The play has been running in Chicago for some time. The company will include Richard Bennett, Jameson Lee Finney, Emmett Corrigan, W. J. Ferguson, Ada Dwyer, Isabelle Waldron, and Catherine Calvert.

Pauline Perry, who has been appearing in the leading role in "The Climax" and in "The Merry Widow," has entered vaudeville in a one-act musical sketch called "The Silver Bottle," by George Totten Smith, with music by Samuel Lehman.

Charles Frohman's new Blackstone Theatre in Chicago will open to-night with William H. Crane in George Ade's new comedy, "United States Minister Bedloe." The cast will include Mrs. Thomas Whiffen, Louis Massen, Dan Collier, Henry Miller, Jr., Mildred Beverly, and Arthur Holman.

The opening performance of the morality play, "Mankind," and the miracle play, "The Second Shepherd's Play," has been postponed until Wednesday evening, Jan. 4, at the Berkeley Theatre. The plays will be given under the direction of the American Dramatic Guild.

EX-SENATOR LEXOW, INVESTIGATOR, DEAD

Headed Famous Inquiry Into New York City Police Department in 1894.

NOTABLE CAREER IN SENATE

Author of Bills Extending Anti-Trust Laws and Primary Reform Legislation, Robin Company Director.

Ex-Senator Clarence Lexow, who headed the Legislative Committee which in 1894 investigated the New York City police and other departments, died at 8 o'clock last evening at his home in Nyack. His death was caused by pneumonia which he contracted on Monday last.

Clarence Lexow was born in Brooklyn of German parentage on Sept. 16, 1852. His father was the editor and proprietor of a German weekly literary journal, and young Lexow's purpose was to take up the work which his father was doing. After graduating from the German-American collegiate institute of Brooklyn, he went to Germany and for several years followed courses in literary subjects at the University of Bonn. There he was a fellow student of Herbert Bismarck, son of the Chancellor.

When young Lexow returned to the United States about 1870 he made up his mind that the law presented to him a more attractive future than a literary career. He entered the Law School of Columbia University and was graduated in 1872. After several years of apprenticeship in law offices he founded the law firm of Lexow & Holdane, which remained in existence until 1892, when it was succeeded by the firm of Lexow & Wells. It was after Lexow removed his residence from this city to Nyack in 1882 that he began to take an active part in politics. In 1887 he was the unsuccessful Republican candidate for County Judge in Rockland County, and in 1890 received the nomination for Congress, but was defeated. In 1893 he ran for the State Senate to represent the district comprising the Counties of Rockland, Orange, and Dutchess, and was elected by a plurality of several thousand votes.

In January, 1894, he introduced the resolution for the investigation of the Police Department of New York City and was made Chairman of the committee of the Senate which sat in New York City from February to the end of December, 1894. The committee retained as counsel John W. Goff and proceeded to uncover endless corruption in the department and brought to light many facts revealing the alliance between the department and members of the police force and criminals on the one hand with the politicians of the city, whose power in the control of the police was made plainer and plainer as the investigation proceeded.

As the committee's work was carried forward intimidation of witnesses was attempted, some were assaulted, and others who were wanted as witnesses by the committee escaped from its jurisdiction. The charge was made that the committee sought political advantage for the Republicans by revealing the corruption in the Police Department of the Democratic city, but nevertheless the facts then brought to light were credited with a large share of influence in the political upheaval of the following year.

The testimony taken by the Lexow Committee involved in charges of crime a total of sixty-seven men connected with the Police Department, including two ex-Commissioners, three Inspectors, and twenty Captains, besides a number of Sergeants and patrolmen. The committee drafted several bills, which were passed by the Legislature, effecting changes in the police organization of New York City.

While most widely known for the part he played in this investigation Senator Lexow during the six years he spent in the New York State Senate was active in several other important matters. In 1895 he introduced in the Senate the bill providing for the creation of the Greater New York. It failed of passage that year, but when again introduced by him in 1896 led to the appointment of a committee of which he was made Chairman to investigate the propriety of municipal consolidation.

Following the submission of his report the Consolidation act was passed, and Senator Lexow's committee was authorized by resolution to act as an auxiliary of the Charter Commission. In 1897 he was the Chairman of a joint legislative committee to investigate combinations in restraint of trade, and two bills extending the anti-trust laws of the State, which he presented with the committee's report, were adopted.

In 1898, the last year of his service in the State Senate, he took up the question of primary reform, and after long discussion a plan fathered by him received unanimous support in both branches of the Legislature. At the close of 1898 he was offered a renomination to the Senate, together with the opportunity to become floor leader of his party in the Senate, but he refused the renomination. In addition to his other activities while in the Senate he served for part of his time with that body as Chairman of the Judiciary Committee.

In 1896 he was Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions in the Republican State Convention and introduced a gold plank which defined his party attitude on the monetary question, which was then the uppermost topic of discussion in National politics. In 1900 he served as a Presidential Elector. Upon leaving the Senate at the close of 1898 he resumed his private law practice. He formed the law firm of Lexow, Mackellar & Wells, of which he was the head until his death.

Mr. Lexow, although not identified with Joseph G. Robin, the financier now under indictment, was a Director in three of the companies with which Robin was connected. He was a Director in the Aetna Indemnity Company, the Title and Guarantee Company of Rochester, and the South Shore Traction Company. Of these the Title and Guarantee Company has been taken over by the State Insurance Department, while the Aetna Indemnity Company is to look closely into its affairs, as a result of the operations of Robin.

Mr. Lexow is survived by his widow, a son, Morton, and by two daughters, one of whom, Caroline, is active in suffragist circles in this city. The interment will be in Oakhill Cemetery.

Dr. C. Cole Bradley.

Dr. C. Cole Bradley, who for several years was a prominent ophthalmologist of this city, died at his home in New Rochelle, N. Y., yesterday, of septic endocarditis, following an illness of five weeks. He was born in Middletown, N. Y., on Nov. 22, 1862. He attended school in Newburg, and was graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1885. For seven years Dr. Bradley practiced his profession in Fordham and then went abroad to study the diseases of the eye. Upon his return to this country he was appointed ophthalmologist to the Catholic Protectory, St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, St. Joseph's Institute for the Deaf, and for the Fordham Home for Incurables. He was a member of the New York County Medical Society, Academy of Medicine, New York State Medical Society, and the American Medical Association. He is survived by a widow and two small children.

Herman Brandt.

Herman Brandt, one of the best-known violinists in the country and composer of several classics, died last Tuesday at his home, 586 Lexington Avenue, of pneumonia. For a number of years he was first violinist in Thomas's orchestra in Chicago, and conducted in San Francisco the Brandt String Quartet. Fifteen years ago Mr. Brandt came to New York from the coast, and since then had played first violin in the Philharmonic Orchestra. He was in the front rank of teachers of the violin and numbered among his pupils violinists now playing with the Philharmonic and the Damrosch Orchestras. Among his best-known compositions was "The Album Leaf." Mr. Brandt was born in Hamburg, Germany, sixty-eight years ago and studied music in a conservatory in Leipzig. He later became concert master in Prague, Bohemia, and then came to America. He is survived by a son, Herman Brandt, Jr., a 'cellist, and a daughter, Mrs. Lillian Wright, a pianist.

DR. W. G. MacDONALD DEAD.

Noted Albany Surgeon Victim of Pneumonia Contracted at a Dinner.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Dec. 30.—Dr. Willis G. MacDonald, one of the noted surgeons of this country, died to-night after five days' illness from pneumonia contracted at a dinner given by him at the Orange Club last Saturday night to members of a committee of physicians having in charge the construction of new medical college buildings.

Dr. MacDonald was born at Cobleskill April 11, 1863. He attended the Cobleskill Free Academy, the State Normal College at Albany, and the Albany Medical College, from which he was graduated in 1887. He attended the University of Berlin in 1889 and 1890. Returning to Albany, he became instructor of surgery in the Albany Medical College, and shortly after became Professor of Surgery. He went to the Albany Hospital as assistant attending surgeon in 1902.

Since 1907 he had been attending surgeon, as well as consulting surgeon, of Westfield Hospital. He had served on the Albany Board of Education, and was one of the prime movers of the Raybrook State Hospital for the treatment of incipient tuberculosis, and had been one of its trustees since 1900. He was Surgeon of United States Volunteers with rank of Major in the Spanish-American War. Recently Fordham College conferred an honor degree upon him.

Dr. MacDonald was interested in free dispensary work and many other charities. He never married.

Obituary Notes.

BENJAMIN H. BARROWS, aged 63 years, Surveyor of the Port of Omaha, Neb., died in Omaha yesterday from a combination of bronchitis and heart disease. He was United States Consul to Dublin, Ireland, for about fifteen years.

Mrs. MATHILDE EIDLITZ of 995 Madison Avenue died on Wednesday in her eighty-second year. She was the daughter of the late Frederick Sohr, at one time Court physician at Prague. She came to New York in 1840 and was married three years later to the late Marc Eidlitz. She leaves four sons, Otto M., Robert J., Charles L., and Ernest F. Eidlitz, and one daughter, Mrs. Arthur Falkenau.

MENZO TIMMERMAN, a wealthy farmer, died on Thursday at his home in Fort Plain, N. Y. He was born in 1835, and his family is one of the oldest in Central New York. Mr. Timmerman had been prominent for years in Republican circles.

S. WILLET HAVILAND, 58 years old, who was in business as a flour merchant in Wallabout Market, died on Thursday night at his home, 18 Hancock Street, Brooklyn.

WILLIAM B. DALL, a lawyer, of Manhattan, died at his home, 13 South Elliot Place, Brooklyn, on Thursday. He was 52 years old.

FRANCIS M. GRAY, a Deputy Sheriff of Kings County, died from appendicitis in the Kings County Hospital on Thursday night.

JAMES F. TORMEY, a retired builder, died at his home, 474 Waverly Avenue, Brooklyn, on Thursday. He was 40 years old.

ALFRED J. BOIVIE, who was for thirty years in the employ of the Continental Insurance Company, died on Thursday at his home, 261 Eleventh Street, Brooklyn.

CHARLES H. ERSKINE, who was in the tobacco business in Broadway, Manhattan, died at his home, 248 Monroe Street, Brooklyn, on Thursday.

HORACE MACK, assistant treasurer of Cornell University, dropped dead of heart disease yesterday on the college campus in Ithaca while walking to his office. He was 77 years old. Mr. Mack was a poet of some fame. He was a graduate of Hamilton College and a member of the Sigma Phi Fraternity.

Mrs. DANIEL GLOVER-O'SULLIVAN died last night at her residence, 112 West 144th Street, from pneumonia, aged 70 years. Mrs. Glover-O'Sullivan was a daughter of the late Prof. J. W. Glover of Dublin, the Irish composer, and came to this country when a young girl and married Daniel O'Sullivan, one of the pioneers of the piano and music business in St. Louis. For many years she was organist of the Cathedral in St. Louis, and after coming to New York to live played in several churches here. Mrs. O'Sullivan leaves three daughters and two sons, among the former Marie Glover Miller the singer.

YOUNG FOLK DANCES CLOSE THE OLD YEAR

Friday Juniors Make Merry at Delmonico's in Ballroom Decorated with Xmas Greens.

DANCES FOR DEBUTANTES

Mrs. J. D. J. Kelley Entertains for Daughter at Colony Club, and Mrs. W. Schall for Daughters at Sherry's.

There were several interesting dances given last night for young people, which formally marked the close of the old year socially, the entertainments arranged for to-night being mainly for restaurant dinners and suppers among the older set.

The Christmas dance of the Friday Junior class was given last night at Delmonico's, and it was attended by about 125 young folks. These dances, which are arranged for a series, are for girls not yet out.

Mrs. J. D. Jerrold Kelley of 25 East Eighty-third Street also gave a dance at the Colony Club last night to introduce her third daughter, Miss Nathalie Jerrold Kelley, and Mrs. William Schall, Jr., gave a dance and supper at Sherry's, following a theatre party, for her débutante daughter and débutante stepdaughter, Miss Marian Ashmore and Miss Margaret Schall.

The green ballroom at Delmonico's, where the Friday Juniors held their dance, was decorated with Christmas greens, broken by holly berries, and the electroliers were shaded with red butterflies. Dancing began early and stopped at midnight, when a buffet supper was served.

The guests included the Misses Alice Kortright, Emily and Rosalie Coe, Alice and Edith Pine, Edith Morgan, Caro Brown, Louise Burton, Genevieve Sanford, Agnes Edgar, Aileen Osborne, Mercedes de Acosta, Laura Livingston, Lisa Stillman, Dolly Madison la Montagne, Viola Townsend, Anita Merle Smith, Gertrude Monroe Smith, Ruth Adams, Alice Damrosch, Rosette Ford, Isabel Hoyt, Martha Lescher, Ursula Brown, Mary Wood, Helen Auerbach, Gwendolyn Condon, Jean Roosevelt, Maud Shepherd, Dorothy Perkins, Bessie Claflin, Mildred Poor, Margaret French, Vera Onativia, Elizabeth Bacon, Mildred Johnson, Susan Colgate, Thelma Violett, Alice Foote, Mary Chapman Edgar.

Also the Messrs. Walter Anderton, Fulton Cutting, Frederick Osborn, Reginald Livingston, Monroe Robinson, Charles Scribner, Jr., William Philips, George Wagstaff, Hamilton Ingersoll, Dawson Coleman, Henry Emmett, George Dixon, Percival Dodge, Seth B. French, William Bruce Brown, Heywood Cutting, Peter Cooper Bryce, John Wolfe, Talbot Chambers, J. Frederick Stillman, Thomas Potter, John Appleton, Hobart Baker, George Stephenson, George Peabody, Jr., Orson Munn, Stephen and Ewing Philbin, and Lewis Delafield.

The partonesses of the Friday dances for this year are Mrs. Robert Appleton, Mrs. Charles S. Bates, Mrs. Frederick T. Busk, Mrs. E. Arthur Stanley Clarke, Mrs. Arthur J. Cummock, Mrs. Joseph W. Harriman, Mrs. James Raynor Hayden, Mrs. Joseph B. Hoyt, and Mrs. Condé Raguet Thorn. The next dance will be held on Feb. 2.

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Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

BEARDSLEY—KOEN.—On Thursday, Dec. 29, 1910, at the Bellevue-Stratford, in the City of Philadelphia, by the Rev. Charles Wesley Burns, Daisy Leonore, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver N. Koen of Mannington, West Va., to Glover Beardsley of New York.

WHEELER—DRAKE.—Monday, Dec. 19, 1910, at Martinsville, Ind., by the Rev. L. A. Harriman, Hilah Tanner Drake, daughter of Alexander Wilson Drake, to Clifton Albert Wheeler.

BENTLEY—FOGGIN.—Dec. 28, Ada S. Foggin to Willis A. Bentley.

Brooklyn.

PARISIAN—KERN.—Dec. 28, Bertha M. Kern to Roland A. Parisian.

Died.

ALEXANDER.—On Dec. 29, Nettie, beloved wife of David L., mother of Dorothy B., daughter of Bertha, and sister of Simon and Joseph Manheimer, in her 41st year. Funeral from her late residence, 269 West 118th St., on Sunday, Jan. 1, at 10 A. M. It is earnestly requested that no flowers be sent.

ARMS.—On Thursday, Dec. 29, 1910, at his residence, 340 West 57th St., Charles H. Arms, in the 71st year of his age. Funeral services on Monday, Jan. 2, at 11 A. M., at Church of Zion and St. Timothy, West 57th St., near 8th Av. Please omit flowers.

BISHOP.—Suddenly, in Brooklyn, N. Y., on Friday, Dec. 30, David H. Bishop, in the 78th year of his age. Funeral private.

BRADLEY.—At New Rochelle, N. Y., on Friday, Dec. 30, 1910, Dr. C. Cole Bradley, aged 48 years. Funeral service at his home, Webster Av., New Rochelle, on Monday, Jan. 2, 1911, at — A. M. Carriages at New Rochelle Depot on arrival of the 10:05 A. M. train from Grand Central Station. Interment at the convenience of the family.

BROWN.—Suddenly, of apoplexy, at his home, 401 West 148th St., on Thursday, Dec. 29, 1910, Willard Brown, aged 57 years. Funeral services at All Souls' Church, 4th Av. and 20th St., on Sunday, Jan. 1, at 2:30 P. M.

CLINTON.—On Thursday, Dec. 29, 1910, Annie J. Nestell, wife of the late Alexander J. Clinton. Funeral service at her late residence, 5 East 128th St., on Saturday, at 1 P. M.

CORNWALL.—At Daytona, Florida, Thursday, Dec. 29, James H. Cornwall, in his 66th year. Services at Presbyterian Church, Patterson, New York, Jan. 2, at 11:30 A. M.

DALL.—William Brand, son of the late Austin Dall of Baltimore, Md., and beloved husband of Virginia Say Dall, in his 53d year, at his late residence, 13 South Elliott Place, Brooklyn, on Thursday, Dec. 29, after a short illness. Funeral services will be held at Grace Church, Hicks St., near Joralemon, on Saturday, Dec. 31, at 2 P. M. Baltimore papers please copy.

EIDLITZ.—On Wednesday, Dec. 28, 1910, at her late residence, 995 Madison Av., Mathilde, widow of the late Marc Eidlitz, in the 82d year of her age. Funeral private. It is requested that no flowers be sent.

FABER.—Kate L., (nee Pelham,) wife of Sydney Faber, on Thursday, Dec. 29, at South Orange, N. J. Services at the Church of the Holy Communion, South Orange, at 10 A. M. Saturday. Interment Woodlawn.

FREET.—On Thursday, Dec. 29, 1910, at her late residence, 359 West 57th St., Pauline C., beloved wife of Charles E. Freet, aged 43 years. Funeral services at Eickelberg's Funeral parlors, 934 8th Av., (near 55th St.,) on Saturday, Dec. 31, at 4:30 P. M. Please omit flowers. Interment at Riverside Cemetery, Cleveland, Ohio, Sunday afternoon, Jan. 1. Cleveland (Ohio) papers please copy.

HAVILAND.—At midnight, Dec. 29, S. Willet Haviland, son of the late Aaron G. and Elizabeth C. Haviland. Funeral at his residence, 18 Hancock St., Brooklyn, Dec. 31, at 8 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family.

HELLMAN.—District Grand Lodge No. 1, Independent Order B'nai B'rith. The officers and members are requested to attend the funeral of the late brother, Myer Hellman, Past President of this district grand lodge, which takes place on Sunday, Jan. 1, 1911, at 9:30 A. M., from 159 West 75th St.
SAMUEL BERLINER, Secretary
HARRY CUTLER, President.

HOWE.—On Dec. 30 in the 78th year of her age, Narcissa Mack, widow of the late Edward Howe. Interment private.

JOHNSON.—George McLellan Johnson, entered into rest Dec. 29 at his residence, 845 President St., Brooklyn. Services will be held Dec. 31 at 3 P. M. Interment private. Terre Haute and San Francisco papers please copy.

LENZ.—On Dec. 30, at her residence in Stettin, Germany, Liddy Lenz, nee Sonntag, widow of Emil Lenz, in her 47th year.

LEXOW.—On Dec. 30, Clarence Lexow, at his residence, Nyack, Rockland County, after a brief illness. Interment Monday, Jan. 2, 1911, at Oakhill Cemetery. Funeral private.

LITTLE.—At Morristown, N. J., on Friday, Dec. 30, Anna W., widow of the late Theodore Little. Funeral services at her late residence, 163 South St., on Monday, Jan. 2, at 10:30 A. M.

LUDINGTON.—At Carmel, N. Y., on Friday, Dec. 30, after a short illness, Lavinia E. Ludington, daughter of the late Lewis and Polly Townsend Ludington. Notice of funeral hereafter.

McARDLE.—James H., son of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick J. McArdle of Albany, died at the home of his parents, 226 Elm St., Albany, N. Y., on Thursday, Dec. 29. Funeral services will be held at the Cathedral of the Immaculate Conception, Albany, Monday morning, Jan. 2, at 10 o'clock.

MacDONALD.—At Albany, N. Y., Friday, Dec. 30, 1910, Willis Goss MacDonald, M. D. Funeral services at the First Presbyterian Church, Albany, on Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

PARMLY.—Suddenly, at Jersey City, N. J., Wednesday, Dec. 28, 1910, Eleazar Parmly of Oceanic, N. J., son of the late Dr. Ehrick Parmly. Funeral services at Presbyterian Church, Oceanic, N. J., on Saturday, Dec. 31, 12 o'clock, noon. Carriages Red Bank Depot at arrival of train leaving Liberty St., Central Railroad, 10 A. M.

POTTER.—Suddenly, on Thursday, Dec. 29, 1910, at her residence, 674 Bergen St., Newark, N. J., Ida B. Potter, nee Goldmann, beloved wife of George Potter. Funeral services will be held at the residence of Mr. James Potter, 1,105 Greene Av., Brooklyn, on Sunday, Jan. 1, 1911, at 2 P. M.

SAUNDERS.—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Thursday, Dec. 29, Leslie M. Saunders. Funeral service at his late residence, 9 Greystone Terrace, Saturday afternoon, Dec. 31, at 2 o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

SCOTT.—On Friday, Dec. 30, 1910, Albert Scott. Funeral services at his late residence, 713 Greene Av., Brooklyn, on Sunday, Jan. 1, at 3:30. Interment at Hudson, N. Y. Hudson (N. Y.) papers please copy.

SIMONSON.—At Pelham, N. Y., Dec. 30, Miss Elizabeth Simonson, in her 88th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 250 Cliff Av., on Sunday, at 3 P. M.

WALKER.—Dec. 30, at his residence, 527 Cathedral Parkway, New York, Frances Victoria, widow of Charles J. Walker, and daughter of the late S. O. Kellogg. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WILSON.—At Park Hill, Yonkers, on Dec. 30, 1910, after a brief illness, Julia W. Wilson, widow of Stephen D. Wilson. Funeral private on Sunday, from the residence of her son, Allen P. Wilson, Park Hill, Yonkers. Rochester and Auburn papers please copy.

WYCKOFF.—On Friday, Dec. 30, Ferdinand Lott Wyckoff, husband of Cornelia R. Lott. Funeral services at his late residence, 908 President St., Monday, Jan. 2, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

CARUSO.—Rosa, 423 East 115th St., Dec. 28. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
CLOHOSEY.—Bridget, 1,506 Lexington Av., Dec. 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
CROSSIN.—Hugh, 305 Avenue A., Dec. 29. Funeral to-day.
CULLINGTON.—Lillie D., 1,661 East 9th St., Dec. 28, aged 58. Funeral private.
DILLON.—Caroline, Dec. 27, aged 32. Funeral 241 West 23d St.
EHLERS.—Charlotte, 66 East 106th St., Dec. 28, aged 80. Funeral private.
FENDER.—John G., 111 West 68th St., Dec. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.
GARFUNKEL.—Lilian, 11 East 112th St., Dec. 29.
HELLEMEYER.—Carrie, 1,593 2d Av., Dec. 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

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Died.

JOHNSTON.—William J., 54 West 100th St., Dec. 27. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.
JONES.—Margaret A., 526 West 133d St., Dec. 29. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.
KANZLER.—Emma, 1,827 Waterloo Place, Bronx, Dec. 29. Funeral to-day noon.
KREFELD.—William, Jr., 74 West 102d St., Dec. 28. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.
KREFFT.—August, 4,556 Park Av., Dec. 29. Funeral Jan. 2, 10 A. M.
LENNON.—Ann M., 522 West 153d St., Dec. 29. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.
LOWERY.—Catherine, 308 West 127th St., Dec. 29. Funeral to-day.
McCAFFERTY.—James J., 357 Bleecker St., Dec. 28. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
McGANN.—Bridget, 2,141 Lexington Av., Dec. 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
MACKEY.—Jennie L., 477 West 14th St., Dec. 28. Funeral private.
MELA.—Eva, 505 West 124th St., Dec. 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
O'NEILL.—Charles, 217 West 68th St., Dec. 29, aged 83. Funeral to-day.
O'ROURKE.—Margaret L., 1,804 Cruger Av., Dec. 28. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
POTTER.—Mary E., 299 East 161st St., Dec. 28, aged 74. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
QUINN.—Bernard, 159 10th Av., Dec. 29. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.
ROGERS.—Mary E., 355 Lenox Av., Dec. 29. Funeral to-morrow.
SCHARRE.—Gustave, 1,318 College Av., Dec. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.
SULLIVAN.—Dorothy, 247 East 55th St., Dec. 29. Funeral to-day, 10:15 A. M.
SULLIVAN.—Michael J., 759 1st Av., Dec. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
TOMPKINS.—William H., 304 West 126th St., Dec. 29, aged 46.
VOGT.—Karolina, 513 East 85th St., Dec. 29, aged 42. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.
VOORHEES.—William D., 732 Melrose Av., Dec. 29. Funeral to-day.
WALSH.—Mary, 84 Jane St., Dec. 28. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.
WORTMANN.—Albrecht, 936 East 169th St., Dec. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 11 A. M.

Brooklyn.

BARUTH.—David K., 398 Sterling Place, Dec. 29, aged 20. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
BECKER.—Louise, 182 Leonard St., Dec. 29. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.
BRAND.—William, 13 South Elliott Place, Dec. 29, aged 53. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
BLOHM.—Rosa, Myrtle and St. Nicholas Avs., Dec. 29, aged 42. Funeral to-day.
CARBERRY.—Helen, 242 Gold St., Dec. 30. Funeral notice later.
CASHMAN.—Daniel F., 53 Freeman St., Dec. 28. Funeral to-day.
DUNN.—Mary, 110 North Elliott Place, Dec. 28. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
DUNN.—George, 136 Dikeman St., Dec. 29, aged 45. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
FERRIS.—Matilda M., 340 East 9th St., Dec. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 10:30 A. M.
ERSKINE.—Charles H., 248 Monroe St., Dec. 29. Funeral private.
FLANNERY.—Maria, 350 47th St., Dec. 28. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
FORNSLER.—Auguste, 1,349 Greene Av., Dec. 28. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.
GAFFNEY.—Catherine L., 272 Marcy Av., Dec. 28. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.
GRASSER.—Pauline, 1,056 Halsey St., Dec. 29, aged 47.
HARPER.—Thomas F., Kings County Hospital, Dec. 29, aged 44.
HOLLAND.—Lucina S., 739 Carroll St., Dec. 29, aged 61.
KELLY.—Catherine, 309 Water St., Dec. 28. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.
KENNEDY.—Ann M., 297 Nostrand Av., Dec. 28, aged 78.
LENCKE.—Frederick, Cumberland Street Hospital, Dec. 29. Funeral to-day.
LIPPMAN.—Joseph, 214 Floyd St., Dec. 29.
LOCKWOOD.—John H., 395 Rugby Road, Dec. 29.
LYNCH.—Kathryn, 359 Sackett St., Dec. 29. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.
MARRYATT.—Rebecca, 716 Macon St., Dec. 30. Funeral to-morrow, 3 P. M.
MASTERSON.—Bernard, 384 Roebling St., Dec. 29. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.
MEAD.—Clara, 110 Lorimer St., Dec. 29, aged 69. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.
MORRIS.—Katherine S., Dec. 29, aged 64. Funeral 15 Greene Av., to-day, 10 A. M.
PEACOCK.—Catherine A., 134 State St., Dec. 29. Funeral service to-day.
SHAROT.—Jessie V., 453 Macon St., Dec. 29, aged 21. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.
THIELE.—Margaret A., 167 Heyward St., Dec. 30, aged 78. Funeral service to-morrow.
WILLIAMS.—William, 164 Hall St., Dec. 28. Funeral service to-day.

Connecticut.

FINCH.—Adeline, Greenwich, Dec. 29. Funeral to-day, 11:30 A. M.
NASH.—Sarah M., South Norwalk, Dec. 29. Funeral service to-day.

New Jersey.

JAMES.—Mrs. Andrew, Middle Bush, Dec. 28, aged 80. Funeral to-day, noon.
MASON.—S. Eugenia, Newark, Dec. 29. Funeral service to-day.
RUNKLE.—Carrie I., Orange, Dec. 29. Funeral private.

In Memoriam.

BATHE.—Catherine, mass, St. Michael's Church, to-day, 8 A. M.

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SHORT COVERING FEATURE

Prices Respond to Efforts of Traders to Even Up Commitments—Banks Gain Cash on Week's Currency Movements.

A renewal of the short covering which led to the rise in the market on Thursday had similar results in the early part of the trading yesterday, but by noon the demand for stocks from this source appeared to have been supplied, and thereafter the trend was heavy. The early advances of a point or more in the leading shares had been reduced to fractions at the close, and the market was as dull as at any time in the recent past. There was also a renewal of Thursday's inquiry for investment securities. Many issues inactive for a long time felt the touch of this demand and responded by moderate advances, but the transactions in this department were nevertheless well under those of a year ago, and the testimony of banking houses generally is that while better than for many months, the buying for reinvestment purposes has nevertheless been somewhat disappointing.

Several weeks ago, in the midst of a particularly pessimistic period, Wall Street professed much alarm over the dividend prospects of a number of railroads, including Northern Pacific. Yesterday the Directors of that road declared the usual distribution for the quarter, as every one at all informed on the company's business had fully expected they would do. The stock reflected nothing of the relief which the happening ought properly to have brought to those most distressed some time ago. Numerous railroad earning statements of favorable character were submitted during the course of the day, including those of the Reading, St. Louis & San Francisco, and the Rock Island, in all of which substantial increases in net and gross returns were disclosed. In other respects the day was barren of news developments of interest to the markets although note was taken of the rather more hopeful tone of the trade reviews of the year issued by the leading mercantile agencies. There is complete recognition of course of the influences at work, principally those derived from the approaching hearings in the anti-trust suits and the rate cases, making for quiet conditions in trade generally, but the evidence of more conservative expenditure on the part of people generally and the increasing ease of the money markets are offsetting factors.

A rise in call money rates to 7 per cent. was accompanied by no least trace of uneasiness anywhere, for the reason that the forces responsible are temporary in character. Similar rates, or something a little bit higher, may possibly be witnessed after the first of the year before the enormous dividend and interest disbursements have returned to banking channels, but thereafter ease should prevail. Preliminary estimates of the currency movements of the week indicated a substantial gain in cash by the local banks, all of this coming from receipts on balance on transactions with the country. To the Sub-Treasury there was a loss of a little less than $1,000,000, but the subtraction of this amount from the gains on the interior movement still leaves something above $3,000,000 as the indicated cash addition for the week. There was another abrupt decline in demand sterling in the foreign exchange market, and quotations are so low as to keep alive discussion of gold imports.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 5@7 per cent., with the last loan at 6½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 6 per cent.

Time money rates, 3¾@4 per cent. for all dates from sixty days to six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4½@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4½@5 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½ per cent. for others.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 3½ per cent., off 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2⅞ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.; Berlin, 4½ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $317,832,168; balances, $17,894,370; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $1,040,138.

The local banks lost $1,992,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations this week.

Sterling exchange was weak, with demand quoted at $4.8480@$4.8490, sixty days at $4.8165@$4.8210, and cables at $4.8525@$4.8540.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.20⅝@5.20⅝ plus 5-64 for cables, and 5.20⅝ less 1-32@5.20⅝ plus 1-32 for sight; reichsmarks, 95 less 1-32@95 plus 1-32 for cables, and 94⅞ less 1-32@94⅞ plus 1-16 for sight.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 5c discount; St. Paul, 75c premium; San Francisco, 60c premium; Savannah, buying, 3-16c discount; selling, par; Charleston, buying, par; selling, 1-10c premium; Montreal, 46⅞c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was ⅛d higher in London, at 25 1-16d per ounce, and ¼c higher in New York, at 54⅛c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 45c.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 30.—Although there was some calling of loans by the local banks to-day to meet year-end requirements local brokers found no difficulty in obtaining renewals at 4 per cent., and the trading on the Stock Exchange broadened out quite a little. The usual leaders still occupied their prominent positions, but a number of the less active issues were dealt in to a moderate extent. Quoted extra dividend, Lehigh Valley barely held its own. This was disappointing to the rank and file, who had been predicting that it would recover at least part of the disbursement.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am. Milling	13-16	13-16	13-16
2	Am. Railway	42	42	42
23	Cambria Steel	42¼	42¼	42¼
100	Contl. Pass	120¼	120¼	120¼
100	Electric Storage	48¼	48¼	48¼
500	General Asphalt	34	33¾	34
200	Gen. Asphalt pf.	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝
20	H. & B. T.	7	7	7
168	Ins. Co. N. A.	20¼	20¼	20¼
1	Key. Telephone	8	8	8
4	Key. Telephone pf.	32	32	32
300	Lake Superior Corp.	29¼	29¼	29¼
15	Lehigh Navigation t. c.	93¾	93¾	93¾
91	Lehigh Valley ctfs.	90½	90½	90½
2,779	*Lehigh Valley	88¼	87 11-16	87 11-16
2	Little Schuylkill	57¼	57¼	57¼
800	Philadelphia R. T.	18¼	18¼	18¼
139	Pennsylvania	64⅜	64¼	64¼
1,390	Philadelphia Co.	51⅛	50¾	51
419	Philadelphia Co. pf.	43½	43	43¼
490	Philadelphia Elec.	16¼	16¼	16¼
3,490	Reading	75⅞	75⅝	75⅝
8,335	Tonopah-Belmont	5 1-16	4½	5
670	Tonopah Mining	8 5-16	8 3-16	8¼
100	U. G. I. ctfs.	86½	86½	86½
523	*U. G. I. ctfs.	85¾	85⅝	85½
6,593	U. S. Steel	73¼	72½	72⅝
835	Union Traction	43¼	43	43¼
20	Union Pacific	171⅛	171⅛	171⅛
50	U. Traction, Indiana	26¼	26¼	26¼

*Ex dividend.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Friday.

Total sales Dec. 30, 1910 301,264
From Jan. 1, 1910 163,787,886
Corresponding period last year 213,925,978

Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
8	8¼	100	Allis-Chalmers	8	8	8	8	— ⅛
62½	62¾	10,500	Amalgamated Copper	63	63¼	62½	62⅝	— ⅝
46	46½	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝	46⅝	+ ⅝
42⅞	43	4,700	Am. Beet Sugar	43⅛	43⅜	42¾	43	+ ⅛
8⅞	9¼	2,050	Am. Can	8⅝	9¼	8½	9	+ ¼
77¼	77½	700	Am. Can pf	77⅛	77¾	77⅛	77½	+1½
50⅛	50½	540	Am. Car & Foundry	50	50½	50	50½	+1½
58½	59	300	Am. Cotton Oil	59½	59½	59	59	— ½
104	106	100	Am. Cotton Oil pf	104½	104½	104½	104½	+2½
22¼	22⅞	100	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼	— ¼
17½	18½	400	Am. Ice Securities	18	18	18	18	+ ¼
31	32½	700	Am. Linseed pf	32	32	32	32	+ ⅞
38	38½	1,425	Am. Locomotive	37	38½	37	38½	+1⅜
108	108½	100	Am. Locomotive pf	108	108	108	108	+ ⅞
73⅝	73⅞	4,720	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	74⅛	74¼	73¾	73¾	— ¼
103	103½	270	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	103⅛	103½	103⅛	103½	+ ⅝
43¼	43¾	500	Am. Steel Foundries	43	43⅝	43	43⅝	+1⅝
112½	115	25	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	114	114	114	114	...
140⅜	140⅝	2,200	Am. Tel. & Tel.	140⅞	141⅛	140⅜	140½	— ⅜
93	94	350	Am. Tobacco pf	92¾	92¾	92½	92½	...
90	91¾	100	Am. Woolen pf	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞	+ ⅛
101½	101¾	4,950	Atch., Top. & S. F.	101¼	101¾	101¼	101½	+ ⅜
100	100¾	100	Atch., T. & S.F. pf.x d.	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	...
116	117	1,400	Atlantic Coast Line	116⅞	117	116⅝	117	+ ½
105	105⅛	230	Baltimore & Ohio	105¼	105¼	105	105	— ½
29	30	200	Bethlehem Steel	29	29	29	29	+ ½
75⅛	75½	2,250	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	75⅜	75⅞	75¼	75¼	+ ⅛
194¾	195	300	Canadian Pacific	195⅛	195⅛	195⅛	195⅛	— ⅛
31¼	31¾	1,300	Central Leather Co.	31¾	32⅛	31½	31½	— ⅛
103	104	100	Cent. Leather Co. pf.	104	104	104	104	...
80¾	81	2,600	Chesapeake & Ohio	81⅛	81¼	80¾	80¾	+ ¼
21½	22	200	Chicago Gt. Western	21⅜	21⅞	21⅜	21⅞	+ ⅛
123	123⅛	3,500	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	123¼	124⅛	123	123	— ½
146¼	147	500	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	146½	146½	146½	146½	+1
141¾	142½	135	Chi. & Northwestern	141⅝	141¾	141¾	141¾	— ⅜
65½	69½	70	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	65½	65½	65½	65½	...
31¼	31½	100	Colorado Fuel & Iron	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	+ ⅛
8	..	100	Col. & Hock. C. & I 1st instal. pd	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	...
..	..	200	Comstock Tunnel	*25	25	25	25	...
136	136½	3,100	Consolidated Gas	136⅝	137	136	136	— ⅝
14¼	15	200	Corn Products Ref.	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	+ ⅛
36	39	50	Cuban-Am. Sugar	36	36	36	36	...
165	165½	700	Delaware & Hudson	165	165½	165	165	...
28	28¾	200	Denver & Rio Grande	28¾	28¾	28½	28½	...
106¾	..	100	Detroit Edison	107	107	107	107	+1
33⅛	34	100	Distillers' Securities	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	+ ⅛
27½	27⅝	1,200	Erie	27¾	27⅞	27½	27½	...
151	152½	300	General Electric	151½	151½	151	151	—1½
7⅞	8	2,000	Goldfield Consol. x d.	8	8	7⅞	8	...
123⅜	123¾	1,515	Great Northern pf	123	123¾	123	123½	+ ½
19½	19⅝	400	Interborough-Met.	19¾	19¾	19½	19½	— ¼
53½	53⅝	850	Interborough-Met. pf	53⅞	53⅞	53½	53½	— ¼
109⅛	110½	100	Int. Harvester	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛	+ ⅛
122	122¼	100	Int. Harvester pf	122	122	122	122	...
12¾	13	100	Int. Paper	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	...
39¾	40	100	Int. Steam Pump	40¼	40¼	40¼	40¼	+ ¼
84¾	85	100	Int. Steam Pump pf	85	85	85	85	+ ½
30½	31	200	Iowa Central pf	31½	31¾	31½	31¾	+ ¼
106	106¼	1,400	Laclede Gas	105¾	106¼	105¾	106¼	+ ½
175⅝	175¾	15,150	Lehigh Valley	176	176⅜	175¼	175½	— ⅜
144	145	300	Louisville & Nash	144¼	144¾	144¼	144¾	+ ½
74¾	75⅝	100	Mackay Cos. pf	75¼	75¼	75¼	75¼	— ¾
24	26	200	Minn. & St. Louis	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾	— ⅞
130½	132	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	130¾	130¾	130¾	130¾	+ ¾
31¾	32	400	Mo., Kansas & Texas	32	32	31¾	31¾	...
46½	48	50	Missouri Pacific	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾	...
117½	118½	530	Nat. Biscuit Co.	117½	118½	117½	118½	+1
124	125	135	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	124	124	124	124	...
54	54½	500	Nat. Lead Co.	55¾	55¾	54½	54½	+ ½
34⅜	34½	100	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜	34⅜	— ⅝
18⅜	18½	400	Nevada Con. Copper	18⅜	18½	18⅜	18⅜	— ⅛
110¾	111¼	1,400	N. Y. Central	111¼	111⅜	111¼	111¼	...
150	151	150	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	151	151	151	151	— ⅛
100¼	100¾	1,000	Norfolk & Western	100½	100⅝	100⅜	100⅜	— ⅛
65⅛	66	100	North American	65	65	65	65	+ ⅛
116	116½	2,400	Northern Pacific	116½	116¾	116⅛	116⅛	— ⅜
38¾	39¼	220	No. Ohio. Tr. & Light	39¼	39¼	39	39	— ½
27½	28	600	Pacific Mail	27⅝	27¾	27½	27½	— ⅜
43	43¾	200	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	43¼	43¼	43	43	— ½
128⅝	128⅞	2,066	Pennsylvania R. R.	128½	129	128¼	128⅞	+ ½
105	105½	250	People's Gas, Chi	105	105	105	105	...
101½	102¼	600	Philadelphia Co.	102½	102½	102⅜	102⅜	+ ⅞
17¾	18⅝	100	Pittsburg Coal	17	17	17	17	—1¼
30¼	30¾	400	Pressed Steel Car	30½	30⅞	30½	30⅞	+ ⅞
158½	159	100	Pullman Company	159	159	159	159	...
32	33	300	R'way Steel Spring	32	32	32	32	+1
150¾	150⅞	86,500	Reading	151⅛	151⅞	150¾	150⅞	+ ¼
93	96	300	Reading 2d pf	94	94½	94	94½	+ ⅝
30	30¾	300	Rep. Iron & Steel	30½	30½	30½	30½	+ ½
92	92¾	100	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	92½	92½	92½	92½	— ¼
29¾	29⅞	1,300	Rock Island Co.	29½	30	29½	29¾	+ ¼
59½	60¼	300	Rock Island Co. pf	60	60	60	60	+1
38¼	38½	150	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	38½	38½	38½	38½	+ ⅜
58	59	200	St. L. S. W. pf., ex d.	60	60¼	60	60¼	+1¼
180½	185	200	Sears-Roebuck	180	181¼	180	181¼	— ¼
116	116⅛	6,225	Southern Pacific	116	116⅝	115⅝	116	— ⅛
26⅜	26⅝	600	Southern R'way ext.	26½	26⅝	26½	26½	+ ⅝
62	62½	400	South. R'way pf., ext.	62	62½	61¾	62½	+1
33¾	34⅜	100	Tennessee Copper	34¼	34¼	34¼	34¼	...
9¾	10¼	200	Third Avenue	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	+ ⅜
52	53	400	Tol., St. L.& W.pf.,x d.	52¼	52½	52¼	52½	+ ⅞
8	9	100	Union Bag & Paper	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	+ ½
170¾	170⅞	38,600	Union Pacific	170¾	171¾	170¾	170⅞	+ ½
92	92⅝	250	Union Pacific pf	93	93	92⅝	92⅝	— ⅜
102	102¼	200	United Dry Goods pf	102⅜	102½	102⅜	102½	+ ½
31½	31¾	300	United Rys. Inv.	31¼	31½	31¼	31½	+ ½
60¼	60½	500	United Rys. Inv. pf	59⅞	60⅜	59⅞	60⅜	+ ⅝
51	56	210	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf	50½	51½	50½	51½	— ⅜
36½	37½	3,100	U. S. Rubber	37½	38	37	37	...
110	111	400	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	110⅞	111	110½	110½	— ⅜
71½	75	100	U. S. Rubber 2d pf	73	73	73	73	—1
72½	72⅝	67,228	U. S. Steel	72⅞	73⅜	72⅜	72⅜	...
116¼	116¾	1,100	U. S. Steel pf	116¼	116⅝	116¼	116½	...
44⅜	45	1,100	Utah Copper	45	45	44½	44½	+ ⅛
62¼	62¾	10	Va.-Caro. Chemical	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼	...
33¾	34	210	Wabash pf	35	35	34	34	...
48¼	49¼	800	Western Maryland	50½	50½	49	49	—1
72½	73½	1,300	Western Union Tel.	73⅛	73½	72⅝	72⅝	— ⅜
11	12½	100	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf	13	13	13	13	— ⅜

*Cents per share.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¾	101¼
2s, c., 1930	100¾	101½
3s, r., 1918	102	102¾
3s, c., 1918	102	102¾
4s, r., 1925	115½	116¼
4s, c., 1925	115½	116½
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100½	..
Adams Exp.	220	245
Allis-C. pf.	29½	30
Am. Ag. C. pf.	99¼	..
Am. B. S. pf	91	95
A. B. S. & Fdy.	89	91
A. B. S. & Fdy. pf.	127⅞	
A. C. & F. pf.	110	115
Am. Coal	50	150
Am. Exp.	225	240
A. H. & L.	4¼	4½
Am. L. Co.	11	12½
Am. Malt.	3⅝	4
Am. M. pf.	34⅝	35½
Am. S. pf., B.	86	87
Am. Snuff	260	300
Am. Sn. pf.	100	101
Am. Sug. R.	114¼	116
A. T. & C.	78	84
Am. W. Co.	30⅜	31½
Ana. C. M.	38¼	38⅜
Ann Arbor	25	35
Ann Arbor pf.	65	70
Asso. Oil	45	52
B. & O. pf.	89	91
Batopilas M.	2	2¼
Beth. Steel pf.	58	59
B. Un. G.	134½	136
Bruns. Ter.	8¾	10
B., R. & P.	102	108
B., R. & P. pf.	125	140
But'k Co.	27⅜	29
Canada So., ex div.	62	70½
C. R. R. of N. J.	260	280
C. & S. A. Tel., ex d.	116½	118
Chi. & Alt.	27	30
C. & A. pf.	..	66½
C., B. & Q.	200	..
Chi. Gt. W. pf.	45	46
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	135	145
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	160	175
Chi. Un. T. ctfs. sta.	2⅝	5
Chi. Un. T. pf., cts. st.	5	8
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	97½	100
Cleve. & P.	167	..
Col. F. & I. pf.	110½	115
Col. & So.	56½	57
Col. & So. 1st pf.	75	76
Col. & So. 2d pf.	72	76
Col. & H. C. & Iron	4	5
C. R. & L.	72	..
Corn P. R. pf., ex d.	74½	79
Crex Carpet	57	67
Cub.-Am. S. pf.	88	91½
D., L. & W.	500	570
D. & R. G. pf.	66½	69
D. M. & Ft. D.	4½	13
Det. & M.	82½	90
Det. & M. pf.	92½	100
Det. U. Ry.	67	70
D., S. S. & A.	10½	12
D., S. S. & A. pf.	20½	22
Erie 1st pf.	46	46¼
Erie 2d pf.	34½	35¼
Ev. & T. H.	58	62
Ev. & T. H. pf.	70	85
F. M. & S.	12	20
F. M. & S. pf.	45½	55
Fed. Sugar	25	35
Fed. Sugar pf.	85	..
Gen. C. Co.	97½	101½
Gen. C. Co. pf.	102	104½
Granby Con.	30	60
Gt. N. Ore ctfs.	57	58
Hav. E. R.	93½	..
Hav. E. R. pf.	93½	94½
Hock. Val.	123	134
Homestake	[illegible]	[illegible]
Ill. Cent.	131	132
Ill. C. l. l.	93	..
Inger.-Rand.	93	..
Inger.-Rand. pf.	97	..
Int. P. pf.	55	55½
Iowa Cent.	17	18
Jol. & Chi.	163¼	..
Kan. C., Ft. S. & Mem. pf	73	77½
Kan. C. So.	32	33
Kan. C. So. pf., ex d.	64¾	65½
K. & D. M.	4	8
K. & D. M. pf.	35	45
Kn. I., Chi.	..	50
Kn. I., Chi., pf.	75	80
Lack. Steel	35	42
Lacl. G. pf.	80	102
L. E. & W.	15	20
L. E. & W. pf.	39	45
Lake Shore	325	450
Long Island	62	66
Mackay Cos.	91	92½
Mah. C. R.	600	1,000
Man. Beach	2½	4
Man. Elev.	138¼	139
Mer. Marine	4½	5
Mer. Marine pf.	15¼	16
Mich. C. ex div	..	180
Mich. S. T.	51⅞	..
M. & St. L. pf.	35	52
M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	146¼	147⅞
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	89⅝	90½
Mo., K. & T. pf.	62¼	68
Mor. & Es.	175	178
N. C. & St. L.	135	143
Nat. Enam.	16	17½
Nat. Enam. pf.	80	86
Nat. L. pf.	104¼	107¾
Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.	66	71
N. Cent. C.	30	60
N. Y. A. B.	63	72
N. Y., C. & St. L.	63	68
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	104	110
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	88	93
N. Y. D. Co.	..	35
N. Y. D. Co. pf.	65	68
N. Y., L. & W.	120	125
N. Y., O. & West.	40½	41
Norf. & W. pf.	80	90
Nor. C. ex div.	200	..
Ont. Mining	1½	2¼
Pac. Coast	98	105
Pac. C. 1st pf.	90	110
Pac. C. 2d pf.	98	105
Pac. Tel. & T. pf., ex div.	90	99
Peo. & E.	17	22
Pere Marq.	..	30
Pere M. 1st pf.	..	65
Pere M. 2d pf.	..	38
P., C., C. & St. L.	97	99½
P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	105	112
Pitts. C. pf.	67	69
P., Ft. W. & C.	163	..
P., Y. & A. pf.	160	..
Pr. St. Car pf.	92⅝	93¼
Quicksilver	1½	3½
Q'ksil'r pf.	4	5
Ry. St. Sp. pf.	91⅛	91⅞
Rdg. 1st pf.	87⅝	91
Rens. & S.	..	200
R., W. & O.	119	..
Rub. G. M. Co. pf.	100	110
Rutland pf.	33	40
St. J. & G. Island	18	21
St. J. & G. Isl. 1st pf.	48½	55
St. J. & G. Isl. 2d pf.	39	42½
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	62	65
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. ctfs.	100	150
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. new ctfs.	50	60
St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	..	115
St. L. S. W.	25½	26
Sears-R. pf.	118⅛	119½
S.-S. S. & I.	49	50
S.-S. S. & I. pf.	..	112½
So. P. R. S.	82	90
So. P. R. S. pf	109	113
So. Ry., M. & O. ctfs.	70	85
Texas Co.	134⅝	135
Texas Pac.	25	26
T. P. L. Tr.	88	91½
T., P. & W.	16	..
T. R. & L.	7⅜	8⅜
Tol., St. L. & W.	23	23¾
T. C. R. T.	108	108½
U. B. & P. pf., ex d.	58	59
Un. Cig. M. pf.	100	103
Un. Dry G.	100	102½
U. S. C. I. pf.	16	17
U. S. Exp.	93	99
U. S. R. & Imp.	67	70
U. S. R. & Ref.	4½	7
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	14	17
U. & B. R.	160	..
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf., ex div.	122	126
Wabash	16	16½
W. F. Exp.	150	155
West. Md. pf.	75	76½
Westingh'se assenting	65½	66½
Westingh'se 1st pf.	120	123
W. & L. E.	4½	5
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	5	6½
Wis. Cent.	55	57

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Friday.

Considerable irregularity attended the dealings on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. Large profit taking was a feature early in the day, a good many buyers of yesterday, both commission house customers and professional operators, taking advantage of the higher prices to secure such profits as had accrued. This selling was in sufficient volume to impart relative softness at the highest figures, compared with the market on the New York Stock Exchange. Speculation was on a fairly broad scale, the list including forty-three different stocks, with the sales totaling 41,750 shares.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,320	Amal. Cop.	63½	63½	62½	62½
[illegible]	Am. Beet S.	43½	43½	42⅞	42⅞
[illegible]	American Can	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
50	Am. Car & Fdy.	50	50½	50	50½
80	Am. Cotton Oil	59⅝	59⅝	59⅜	59⅜
50	American Ice	18	18	18	18
70	Am. Loco.	37½	38¼	37½	38¼
1,400	Am. Smelt.	74⅛	74⅛	73⅝	73⅝
250	A., T. & S. F.	101¼	101¾	101¼	101½
60	Balt. & Ohio	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼
110	Brook. R. T.	75½	75⅝	75¼	75¼
10	Can. Pac.	195⅛	195⅛	195⅛	195⅛
10	Cent. Leather	32½	32½	31½	31½
110	Ches. & Ohio	81¼	81¼	80⅞	80⅞
270	C., M. & St. P.	123½	124	123	123
60	Col. Fuel & I.	31½	31½	30⅞	31
400	Con. Gas	136⅝	136⅝	135⅞	135⅞
20	Den. & R. G.	29	29	29	29
80	Erie	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝
50	Inter.-Met.	19½	19½	19½	19½
110	Inter.-Met. pf.	54	54	53⅝	53⅝
2,420	Lehigh Valley	176¼	176⅜	175⅜	175⅜
20	Louis. & Nash	144⅝	144⅝	144⅝	144⅝
20	Nat. Lead	55⅝	55⅝	55	55
200	N. Y. Cent.	111¼	111⅜	111¼	111¼
90	Nor. Pacific	116½	116¾	116⅛	116⅛
160	Penn. R. R.	129	129	128⅝	128⅝
10	People's Gas	105	105	105	105
140	Pressed St. Car.	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼
12,420	Reading	151⅞	151⅞	150⅝	150⅞
20	Rep. Steel pf.	92½	92½	92½	92½
490	Rock Island	29⅝	30¼	29⅝	29⅝
410	Southern Pac.	116	116⅝	115⅞	115⅞
150	Southern Ry.	26⅝	26⅝	26½	26⅝
70	So. Ry. pf.	61⅝	62	61⅝	61⅝
30	Third Av.	10½	10½	10½	10½
5,980	Union Pac.	170⅞	171⅝	170⅝	170⅞
130	U. S. Rubber	37⅞	38	37⅞	37⅞
12,970	U. S. Steel	72⅞	73⅜	72⅜	72⅜
40	U. S. Steel pf.	116½	116½	116½	116½
60	Utah Copper	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝
10	Va.-Car. Chem.	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝	61⅝
40	Wabash pf.	34½	34½	34	34
41,750					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
850	Belmont	4.87½	4.87½	4.87½	4.87½
300	Comb. Frac.	.17½	.17½	.17½	.17½
750	Goldf. Con.	8.12½	8.12½	8.12½	8.12½
400	Jim Butler	.25	.25	.25	.25
1,000	Jumbo Ext.	.25	.25	.25	.25
1,500	Lone Star	.02½	.02½	.02½	.02½
400	McNamara	.19	.19	.19	.19
200	Montana	.85	.85	.85	.85
200	Nevada Hills	2.12½	2.12½	2.12½	2.12½
100	Ophir	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15
100	Standard	.90	.90	.90	.90
200	Ton. Ext.	.98	.98	.98	.98
5,500					

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Dec. 30.—Following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	8¾	9	Jackpot	9	10
Elkton	73½	74¼	McKinney	48⅝	50
El Paso			Old Gold	4	5
Findlay	6½	8	Portland	108	114
Gold Dollar	[illegible]	[illegible]	Vindicator	[illegible]	[illegible]
Isabella	18	[illegible]	Jen. Samp.	10	12¼

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Friday.

Jap Govt 4s, sterling loan
1,000........89¾
Jap Govt 4½s, sterling loan
1,000........93½
4,000........93⅝
Rep of Cuba 5s
4,000........103
U S Mex 5s
3,000........97½
N Y City 4s, 1956, registered
2,000........99
2,000........99¼
N Y City 4s, 1958
1,000........99⅝
N Y City 4s, 1959
20,000........99⅝
14,000........99¾
N Y City 4¼s
137,000........101¼
2,000........101½
registered
3,000........101¼
N Y City 4½s, 1917, new
10,000........102½
Alb & Susq 3½s
4,000........93½
Am Hide & L 5s
6,000........93½
Am T & T conv 4s
30,000........105¼
1,000........105⅛
25,000........105½
41,000........105⅜
45,000........105¼
Am Tobacco 6s
7,000........105
1,000........105¼
8,000........105⅛
Am Tobacco 4s
45,000........80
Atch, Top & S F gen 4s
10,000........99⅝
500........99½
19,000........99⅝
1,000........99⅞
1,000........99⅝
500........100
conv 4s
1,000........105¼
conv 5s
54,000........108¼
1,000........108½
Atl & Birm 4s
2,000........85¾
Atl Coast Line 4s
2,000........94
Balt & O gold 4s
1,000........99
prior lien 3½s
3,000........93
5,000........92⅞
1,000........92½
S W Div 3½s
1,000........90¼
3,000........90⅜
Beth Steel 5s
10,000........86⅝
10,000........86½
B'dway & 7th Av 1st conv 5s
9,000........102½
B'klyn City 1st
1,000........103
B'klyn Rap Tran gold 5s
4,000........103⅝
rfdg conv 4s
5,000........82⅝
1,000........82½
5,000........82⅝
7,000........82½
Central of Ga Ry conv 5s
1,000........107½
1st inc 5s
5,000........101⅝
10,000........101
Cent Leather 5s
1,000........99⅝
10,000........99½
Cent Pac gtd 4s
1,000........96½
Ches & Ohio gen 4½s
1,000........101⅞
26,000........101¼
conv 4½s
20,000........94
2,000........93⅞
2,000........93¾
C & O, R & A Div, 1st con 4s
10,000........96
Chic & Alt 3½s
1,000........70¼
C, B & Q gen 4s
44,000........97⅜
C, B & Q joint 4s
2,000........95⅝
16,000........95⅝
47,000........95½
Ill Div 4s
2,000........100⅛
C & Erie 1st 5s
1,000........111¼
Chic, Ind & Louis refunding 6s
1,000........123
Chic, M & St P gen 4s, Series A
12,000........99⅝
3,000........99½
11,000........99⅝
11,000........99½
Chic & N W gen 3½s
1,000........88
Chic, R I & Pac Ry rfdg 4s
48,000........89½
7,000 c........89½
16,000........89⅜
3,000........89½
Chic, R I & Pac R R 4s
20,000........73
Chic, St L & N O gold 5s
4,000........115
Cleve, C, C & St L, St L Div, 1st
1,000........95
Cleve, C, C & St L gen 4s
1,000........94½
Corn Prod Ref S F 5s, 1934
1,000........95¼
Del & H conv 4s
10,000........98⅝
Del & H 1st & ref 4s
8,000........100⅛
lien eqpt 4½s
2,000........101
Den & R G 1st & ref 5s
10,000........89⅝
2,000........89½
Den & R G imp 5s
1,000........103¼
Den & R G con 4s
2,000 c........98⅝
Dis Sec Corp 5s
5,000........77
1,000........77¼
3,000........77⅜
Dul & Iron R R 5s
3,000........108¼
Erie 1st conv 4s
14,000........85¼
2,000........85⅞
Erie 1st gen 4s
8,000........74¼
Erie conv 4s, Ser A
2,000........74
1,000........73⅞
7,000........74
Series B
2,000........69⅞
5,000........69¾
Ft Wth & D C 1st
3,000........113
Gen Elec conv deb 5s
1,000........148¼
Hock Val 1st 4½s
1,000........102¼
Int-Met 4½s
25,000........79¼
52,000........79¼
4,000........79⅛
Interboro R T 5s
16,000........103⅝
Inter R T conv 6s
1,000........100¼
Int & Gt N 2d 5s, trust co ctfs
10,000........106
Internat'l Nav 5s
2,000........78¾
1,000........78½
Internat'l Paper 5s
10,000........104¼
Int Steam P 5s
5,000........91
5,000........91¼
12,000........91⅛
K C, Ft S & M 6s
3,000........116¼
Kan City So 5s
10,000........101⅜
4,000........101¼
1,000........101⅞
Lack Steel 5s, 1915
11,000........91¾
Lack Steel 5s, 1950
10,000........85
L S & M So 4s, 1928
13,000........93¼
1931
9,000........93⅝
L Isl No Shore 5s
10,000........101¼
Louis & Nash unif 4s
81,000........98¼
1,000........98½
Met St gen 5s
2,000........78
Trust Co ctfs
10,000........78
8,000........78¼
5,000........79
Met St Ry ref 4s, Trust Co ctfs stamped
6,000........48
6,000........48¼
Met St Ry ref 4s, Trust Co ctfs stamped
5,000........48⅝
5,000........48⅞
11,000........48½
Mil, L S & Wn income 6s
5,000........100⅝
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
1,000........98
5,000........97½
Mo, K & T s f 4½s
1,000........83⅞
1,000........85⅝
Mo, K & T ext 5s
7,000........102
Mo, Kan & Texas, St L Div 4s
1,000........79¼
Mo Pac conv 5s
2,000........91½
Mo Pacific 4s
3,000........76
Nash, Chat & St L 1st con 5s
5,000........110
N Y C & H R R R gen 3½s
9,000........89¾
L S col 3½s
1,000........80¼
31,000........80½
registered
2,000........78½
N Y Gas, El L, H & P pur money 4s
21,000........87½
2,000........87⅝
2,000........87½
10,000........87⅜
N Y Gas, El L, H & P coll trust 5s
5,000........102¼
10,000........102⅜
1,000........102½
N Y, N H & H conv deb 6s
8,000........133½
N Y, N H & H conv 3½s
3,000........100⅜
1,000........100¼
500........100½
N Y Tel 4½s
7,000........98¼
7,000........98⅜
3,000........98½
1,000........98⅜
Norf & West con 4s
500........99
9,000........99⅜
Norf & West conv 4s
20,000........100⅞
35,000........101
10,000........100⅞
102,000........101
20,000........101¼
10,000........101
10,000........101⅛
3,000........101
20,000........100⅞
Nor Pac 4s
8,000........100⅜
11,000........100½
Nor Pac gen 3s
500........70⅝
Ore R & N con 4s
3,000........96¼
10,000........96½
2,000........96⅜
2,000........97
Oregon Short Line 1st 6s
22,000........114½
Oregon Short Line gtd refg 4s
1,000........93¼
1,000........93½
Pac Tel & T 5s
2,000........97⅛
Penn conv 3½s, 1915
1,000........96⅛
10,000........96¼
1,000........96⅛
500........96¼
500........96⅜
500........96⅜
500........96¼
10,000........96⅜
Pitts, C, C & St L gtd 4½s, Series C
31,000........106⅜
Providence Sec Co deb 4s
2,000........84¾
Reading gen 4s
1,000........97¾
13,000........98
St L, Ir Mt & So, River & Gulf 4s
3,000........84
1,000........85
St L & S F Ry gen 5s
6,000........107¼
1,000........107⅝
St L & S F R R gen 5s
2,000........86⅞
3,000........86⅞
St L & S F R R ref 4s
10,000........80½
St L S W Con 4s
8,000........75
St Paul, M & M 1st con 6s, red to 4½s
5,000........105¼
San A & A P 4s
2,000........86½
1,000........86⅝
Seaboard Air Line Ry gold 4s, stamped
1,000........84⅞
Seaboard Air Line Ry adjust 5s
5,000........76½
1,000........76⅝
4,000........76½
5,000........76⅝
South Pac 4s
3,000........91½
South Pac conv 4s
90,000........97⅛
33,000........97
So Pac 1st ref 4s
52,000........94½
3,000........94⅝
30,000........94½
2,000........94⅝
South Ry 1st 5s
1,000........107½
6,000........107⅝
South Ry gen 4s
6,000........75⅞
5,000........75⅝
6,000........75¾
Spokane Int 5s
1,000........102¾
3,000........103¼
Tenn Coal, I & R gen 5s
22,000........103⅝
3,000........103⅝
5,000........104
Tenn Div 6s
8,000........105
Tex & Pac 1st 5s
1,000........111¼
1,000........111½
Third Av con 4s Tr Co ctfs sta
1,000........59
2,000........59⅞
Tol, St L & Wn 4s
5,000........75
Un Pac 1st 4s
12,000........100⅞
21,000........101
2,000........100⅞
Un Pac conv 4s
20,000........103⅞
10,000........103⅝
5,000........103⅞
Un Pac 1st & ref 4s
2,000........96⅝
13,000........96½
5,000........96⅝
U S R & Imp 5s
1,000........90
1,000........89½
U S Rubber 6s
6,000........103
4,000........103¼
1,000........103⅛
U S Steel Corp s f 5s
10,000........103⅞
20,000........103⅞
12,000........103¾
5,000........103⅞
1,000........103⅞
5,000........103¾
73,000........103⅞
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s
4,000........100¼
Wabash 2d 5s
1,000........98⅞
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s
10,000........64½
12,000........64
3,000........63⅞
Wab, Pitts Ter 1st Cent Tr ctfs
2,000........46⅜
West Md 4s
27,000........86⅜
3,000........86½
15,000........86¾
39,000........86⅝
3,000........86½
Wn N Y & P 1st
5,000........110¾
Westn Un fund & real estate 4½s
1,000........95
Westinghouse El & M 1st conv s f 5s
4,000........92
1,000s10f........91⅝
Wilk & East 1st
5,000........100⅛
1,000........100¼
Wis Cent gen 4s
1,000........93¼
10,000........93⅞

Total sales, Dec. 30, 1910........$2,593,500
From Jan. 1, 1910........632,887,000
Corresponding period last year........1,314,847,200

Taft's Nephew Named as Receiver.

Walbridge Taft, nephew of President Taft and son of Henry W. Taft, lawyer, of 40 Wall Street, has been appointed receiver in bankruptcy by Judge Hand of Potter & Foubister, (corporation,) builders, of 103 Park Avenue on the application of the Giamattasio Construction Company, a creditor for $474. A petition in bankruptcy was filed on the 28th by Potter & Foubister, and their schedules showed liabilities of $44,540 and assets of $13,873.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Trading Dull, but Prices Move Fractionally Upward in Many Curb Issues.

COPPERS SHOW STRENGTH

Few of the Mining Stocks Fail to Show Strength Despite the Light Transactions Reported.

Curb trading was sluggish but prices were firm yesterday. Braden Copper, after opening at 3⅞, closed at 4, after sales of 700. British Columbia, which reported sales of 1,250, rose from 7 to 7¼. Chino sold 2,500 between 21⅝ and 21¾, closing at 21½. Greene-Cananea rose from 6⅞ to 7 on small sales. Kerr Lake gained ⅛, as did Miami, which reported transactions of 2,100, rising from 19½ to 19¾ and closing at 19⅝. Ray Central and Ray Consolidated closed even with the opening levels.

⁂

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
4,500	Am. S. S. rts.	⅛	3-16	⅛	3-16
15	Am. Tobacco	4.12	4.12	4.12	4.12
100	Cambria Steel	42¼	42½	42¼	42¼
208	Houston Oil	47½	†48	47½	47½
3,000	Int. R. T. cts.	34	34¼	33⅞	33⅞
30	Standard Oil	619¾	619¾	618¼	618¼
140	U. Cigar Mfg.	61	†62	61	62
1,500	U. S. L. & H.	2	2 1-16	2	2 1-16

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
700	Braden Copper	3⅞	4	3⅞	4
1,250	Brit. Col. Cop.	7	7¼	7	7¼
2,500	Chino Copper	21⅝	21¾	21⅝	21½
15,000	*Cobalt Central	9½	11	9½	10½
10,000	Colonial Silver	¼	¼	¼	¼
3,000	Con. Ariz. Sm.	1½	1½	1½	1½
200	El Rayo	4	4	4	4
855	First Nat. Cop.	2¼	2¼	2⅛	2¼
250	Florence	1 7-16	1 7-16	1⅜	1⅜
400	Giroux Mining	6 13-16	6 13-16	6¾	6¾
300	Gold Hill	½	½	½	½
2,000	*Greenwater	5½	5½	5½	4
1,500	Greene-Can.	6⅞	7	6⅞	7
800	Inspir. Copper	8⅝	8¾	8⅝	8¾
800	Kerr Lake	6¾	6⅞	6¾	6⅞
500	*King Edward	10	10	10	10
600	‡La Rose Con.	4½	4½	4⅜	4⅜
2,100	Miami Copper	19½	19¾	19½	19⅝
1,500	Mines of Am., new	5 13-16	5 13-16	5¾	5 13-16
285	*McKinley-D.	1.25	1.28	1.25	1.26
500	Nevada Hills	2 3-16	2 3-16	2 3-16	2 3-16
2,000	N.-U. M. & S.	13-16	⅞	13-16	⅞
350	‡Nip. M. Co.	10 11-16	†10¾	10½	10½
300	Ohio Copper	1⅝	1 11-16	1⅝	1 11-16
2,200	Pac. Smelters	½	½	7-16	½
500	Precious Met.	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
2,000	Ray Central	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
400	Ray Con.	18¾	18¾	18⅝	18¾
500	Tonopah Ext.	97	97	97	97
175	‡Tonopah Min.	7⅞	†8	7⅞	8
1,500	*Tramps Con.	2½	2½	2½	2½
100	Tri-Bullion	½	½	½	½
100	Tularosa	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,000	Union Mines	⅝	11-16	⅝	11-16
500	Yukon G. M.	3⅞	3 15-16	3⅞	3 15-16

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$35,000	Am. Sm. Sec. 6s, w. i.	101	101	101	101
5,000	Jones & L. 5s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝
2,000	So. Bell Tel. & Tel. 5s	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
10,000	West. Elec. 5s	100⅛	100⅛	100	100
25,000	West. Pac. 5s	92½	92⅝	92½	92⅝

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots. ‡Ex dividend.

⁂

The bid and asked prices at the close of the market yesterday compare as follows with those of Thursday:

	Dec. 30. Bid.	Dec. 30. Asked.	Dec. 29. Bid.	Dec. 29. Asked.
Am. Coal Products	101	102½	101	102½
Am. Securities 6s, w. i.	100⅝	101	100⅝	101
Am. Smelt. Sec. rights	⅛	3-16	⅛	5-32
Am. Tobacco	412	416	413	415
Am. Writing Paper	2¾	3	2¾	3
Am. Writing Paper pf.	28½	30	28½	29½
Am. Writing Paper 5s	89½	90½	89½	90½
Am. Light & Traction	288	291	288	291
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	104	106	104	106
Bay State Gas	½	⅝	½	⅝
Borden's Cond. Milk	118	122	118	122
Borden's Con. Milk pf.	104½	105½	104½	105½
Braden Copper	4	4⅛	3⅞	4
British Columbia Cop.	7¼	7½	7	7¼
Butte Coalition	18	19	17⅞	18½
Chicago Subway	4⅝	4¾	4¼	4¾
Chino Copper	21½	21¾	21½	21¾
Cobalt Central	10	11	9	10
Davis-Daly Copper	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝
First Nat. Copper	2	2¼	2	2¼
Giroux Mining	6¾	6 13-16	6¾	6 13-16
Greene-Cananea	6⅞	7	6⅞	7
Guggenheim Explor.	195	200	195	200
Manhattan Transit	1	1¼	1	1¼
Mason Valley	9¾	10⅛	9¾	10
Miami Copper	19½	19¾	19½	19⅝
M. Co. of A., new	5¾	5⅞	5 11-16	5 13-16
Intercon. Rubber	33⅜	33⅞	33⅞	34
International Salt	4	8	4	8
Kerr Lake	6 11-16	6 13-16	6 11-16	6 13-16
La Rose Con.	4⅜	4½	4⅜	4⅝
Nipissing	10⅜	10⅝	10⅞	11
Ohio Copper	1⅝	1¾	1⅝	1¾
Pittsburg Steel pf.	99	101	99	101
Ray Consolidated	18⅝	18¾	18⅝	18¾
Ray Central	2⅛	2 3-16	2 1-16	2⅛
Standard Milling	14	17	14	17
Standard Milling pf.	49	52	49	52
Standard Oil	617	620	617	620
Tonopah Mining	7¾	7⅞	8⅝	8¾
United Cigar Mfrs.	61	62½	61	62½
United Copper	4¼	4½	4¼	4½
U. S. Light & Heat	1 15-16	2	2	2 1-16
U. S. Light & Heat pf.	8⅝	8¾	8½	8¾
Western Pacific 5s	92½	92¾	92½	92⅝
Yukon Gold Mines	3¾	4	3¾	3⅞

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 30.—The early decline in Chicago Telephone shares of a point was the most extensive loss shown to-day. There was little irregularity scattered over the list elsewhere of a slight fractional nature. Bonds were dull. South Side Elevated shares became a feature, advancing a fraction above 70. National Biscuit sold at 119, ex dividend 1¾ per cent., equaling 121¼, which is the best level ever reached for that issue on the local Exchange. There were fractional advances in Chicago Railways 2s, Illinois Brick, Tool, and Sears-Roebuck. Declines were noted in Booth Fisheries common, Shipbuilding common, and some others.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
179	Am. Can	9¼	8⅞	9¼
140	Am. Can pf.	77½	77	77
15	Am. Shipbuilding	75	75	75
12	Booth Fisheries	40	40	40
50	Booth Fisheries pf	66½	66½	66½
53	Chicago Pneu. Tool	42	41½	41½
140	Chi. Rys. Series 2	25½	25	25½
207	Chi. Subway	5	4¾	4¾
46	Chi. Tel.	120	120	120
223	Commercial Edison	113¼	113	113
4,671	Diamond Match rts.	3¼	3	3
88	Diamond Match	93	92¼	92½
225	Illinois Brick	67	66	66¾
40	Metropolitan Elev.	23	23	23
25	National Biscuit	119	119	119
15	National Carbon	119	119	119
25	People's Gas	105¼	105¼	105¼
5	Quaker Oats	170	170	170
185	Quaker Oats pf.	103	103	103
417	Sears-Roebuck	181¾	181	181¾
300	South Side Elevated	70½	69½	70½
210	Swift & Co.	101	100⅞	101
20	United Boxboard	6¾	6⅝	6¾
10	Masonic Temple	46	46	46

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Booth F. deb. 5s, 1917	90	90	90
1,000	Chi. City Rys. 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼
1,000	Chi. Rys. 4s B	82⅞	82⅞	82⅞
2,000	Com. Edison 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
5,000	Com. Edison 5s	101	101	101
5,000	Cudahy 5s	99	99	99
5,000	Ogden Gas 5s	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝
1,000	People's Gas ref. 5s	101½	101½	101½

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 30.—Citizens' Bank stock advanced 2 points to-day. It pays dividends of 20 per cent. per annum, and is the highest priced bank stock in the city, not in dollars, but in the matter of market value compared with its par value, which is 10. Shares, 1,495; bonds, $92,000.

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$1,000	A. C. L. con. 4s	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
6,000	Balt. City 4s, 1954	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Car. Power & L. 5s	92½	92½	92½
8,000	Cotton Duck 5s	74⅝	74⅝	74⅝
10,000	Detroit United 4½s	79½	79½	79½
7,000	Fair. & C. Trac. 5s	96½	96½	96½
3,000	Ga. & Ala. 5s	105	105	105
1,000	Ga., Car. & N. 5s	105¾	105¾	105¾
5,000	Md. Electric 5s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
5,000	Milwaukee ref. 4½s	93	93	93
3,000	Norfolk Ry. & L. 5s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
33,000	United Rys. inc.	62¼	62	62¼
9,000	United Rys. 4s	85	84⅞	85

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
390	Citizens' Bank	42	42	42
100	Houston Oil	8	8	8
100	Seaboard Air Line	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛
100	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	42½	42½	42½
200	United Rys	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
600	United Rys. ctfs.	16½	16¼	16½
5	U. S. Fidelity	146	146	146

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday as follows:

	Dec. 29.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$1,244,642	$24,744,785	$159,436,116
Internal rev.	843,244	24,208,005	148,034,528
Corpora'n tax.	1,600	36,024	6,300,978
Miscellaneous	29,651	3,556,519	22,282,113
Total receipts	2,119,139	52,545,335	336,053,736
Expenditures	1,821,305	50,793,127	343,061,782
Surplus	297,834	1,752,208	*7,008,046

*Deficit.

BOSTON'S WOOL SUPPLY BIG.

Has 42,780 Tons of Domestic and 6,812 Tons Foreign in Storage.

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—In its annual review of the wool markets of the United States The Commercial Bulletin will call attention to-morrow to the fact that the stock of wool in Boston on Jan. 4 is the largest in more than twenty years, with the exception of 1899.

At the close of business at the end of the year there remains 85,560,000 pounds of domestic wool and 13,625,000 pounds of foreign wool, against 45,905,957 pounds domestic and 7,841,000 pounds foreign in Boston a year ago.

The total stock of all kinds of wool unsold in the United States is 162,521,200 pounds, against 97,322,457 pounds last year. This amount was exceeded on Jan. 1 1901, when there were 233,829,000 pounds; on Jan. 1, 1899, 291,168,690 pounds, and on Jan. 1, 1898, 176,787,000 pounds.

The records show this city leads the world's wool markets except London, to which it is a close second. Nearly two-thirds of all the wool in the United States, whether produced here or imported, is now in Boston warehouses.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Telephone and Telegraph Co. for dividend.
American Zinc, Lead and Smelting Co. for dividend.
Brazil Railway for dividend on preferred.
Canadian Car and Foundry Co. for dividend on preferred.
Canadian Westinghouse Co. for dividend.
Central Coal and Coke Co. for dividend on common and preferred.
Central and South American Telegraph Co. for dividend.
Chase National Bank for dividend.
Chicago & Alton Railway for dividend on preferred.
Corn Products Co. for dividend on preferred.
Crown Reserve Mining Co. for dividend.
Cuba Railroad for dividend on preferred.
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Coal Co. for dividend.
Kansas City Southern Railway for dividend on preferred.
La Rose Consolidated Mines for dividend.
Lehigh Valley Railroad for dividend on common and preferred.
Mexican Telegraph Co. for dividend.
National Bank of Cuba for dividend.
New Orleans Railway and Light Co. for dividend on preferred.
Nipissing Mines for dividend.
Northern Central Railroad for dividend.
Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Co. for dividend on common and preferred.
Osceola Consolidated Mines for dividend.
Pay-As-You-Enter Car Co. for dividend on preferred.
Pennsylvania Lighting Co. for dividend.
Philadelphia & Trenton Railroad for dividend.
Procter & Gamble Co. for dividend on preferred.
Right of Way Mining Co. for dividend.
St. Louis & Southwestern Railway for dividend on preferred.
Second United Cities Realty Co. for dividend on preferred A.
Securities Co. for dividend.
Shattuck-Arizona Copper Co. for dividend.
Standard Trust Co. for dividend.
Toledo, St. Louis & Western Railway for dividend on preferred.
Tonopah Mining Co. for dividend.
United Gas and Electric Co. of New Jersey for dividend on preferred.
United Gas Improvement Co. for dividend.
United States Smelting, Refining and Mining Co. for dividend on common and preferred.
Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co. for dividend on preferred.
Westchester and Bronx Title and Guarantee Co. for dividend.
Westinghouse Air Brake Co. for dividend.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

Aeolian-Weber Piano and Pianola Co. on preferred.
American Brake Shoe and Foundry Co. on common and preferred.
American Manufacturing Co.
American Radiator Co. on common.
American Screw Co.
American Surety Co.
Bank of Washington Heights.
Boston & Albany Railroad.
Boston Consolidated Gas Co.
Bronx Borough Bank.
Canadian Pacific Railway.
Canton Co.
Carthage, Watertown & Sacketts Harbor Railroad.
Celluloid Co.
Chatham National Bank.
Chesapeake & Ohio Railway.
Chicago Railway and Equipment Co.
Chicago Telephone Co.
Chicago & West Indiana Railroad.
Cincinnati Gas and Transportation Co.
Citizens Gas Co. of Quincy, Mass.
City Club Realty Co.
Colorado Southern Railway on common.
Columbia Trust Co.
East Boston Gas Co.
Eastern Gas and Fuel Co.
Electrical Securities Co. on common.
Franklin Trust Co.
Garfield National Bank.
Guaranty Trust Co.
Hedley Gold Mining Co.
Honolulu Rapid Transit and Land Co. on common and preferred.
Indianapolis Traction and Terminal Co.
Knickerbocker Trust Co.
La Belle Iron Works.
Lancaster Co. Railway and Light Co. on preferred.
Lawyers Mortgage Co.
Little Rock Railway and Electric Light Co. on common and preferred.
Manila Electric Railway and Light.
Manning, Maxwell & Moore.
Mergenthaler Linotype Co.
Mercantile Trust Co.
Metropolitan Trust Co.
Mortgage Bond Co.
Mutual Trust Co. of Westchester Co.
National Casket Co.
National Enameling and Stamping Co. on preferred.
National Lead Co. on common.
National Licorice Co.
Nevada Consolidated Mining Co.
New England Telephone and Telegraph Co.
New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.
Newton and Waterville Gas Co.
Parke, Davis & Co.
Pennsylvania Co.
Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington Railroad.
Producers' Oil Co. on common.
Sealshipt Oyster System on preferred.
Sen-Sen Chiclet Co.
Southern Trust Co. of Houston, Texas.
Spring Valley Water Co.
Standard Gas Light Co. on common and preferred.
Standard Safe Deposit Co.
Terre Haute, Indiana & Eastern Traction Co. on preferred.
Title Guarantee and Trust Co.
Trust Co. of America.
United Banknote Corporation on preferred.
United Merchants' Realty and Improvement Co.
Utah Copper Co.
Welsbach Co. on preferred.
Western Electric Co.
Yorkville Bank.
Yukon Gold Co.

First mortgage bond of well-known industrial corporation, secured by city realty valued at over two and one-half times, and including total assets over three times the bond issue; earnings over four times interest charges; maturity 1924; price to yield about 6⅛%.
RICHARD IRVIN & CO.,
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55 WALL ST. NEW YORK

Bank & Trust Company STOCKS
Duval, Carroll & Co. 66 Broadway, New York.
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THE
Standard Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
25 BROAD ST., NEW YORK, N. Y.
Allows interest on deposits

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE & TRUST COMPANY
ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS
160 Broadway, Manhattan.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES
On New York City Real Estate
LAWYERS MORTGAGE COMPANY
RICHARD M. HURD, President.
Capital and Surplus $6,000,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan. 184 Montague Street, Brooklyn.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Loss in Bank Clearings Holds.

The last week of the year failed to show an improvement in the comparisons of bank clearings throughout the country with those of 1906 and 1909. The total of bank exchanges for the week at the principal centres in the United States as reported by Dun's Review was $2,181,761,011, a loss of 18.7 per cent. as compared with the corresponding period in 1909 and of 25.5 per cent. by comparison with the figures of that week in 1906. New York, as usual, chiefly by reason of the slack trading in the financial markets, was responsible for most of the falling off. The declines in clearings here were 25 as compared with 1909, and 31 as compared with 1906. Outside of this city the declines were 4.6 and 10.6 by comparison with 1909 and 1906, respectively. Last week the loss at New York was 20 per cent. as compared with the same period in the previous year. Outside of New York Baltimore is the only city in the East reporting a gain over last year, but in the West Chicago shows a slight gain and Cleveland a fair increase, while Kansas City and St. Louis continue to show gains over both years.

⁂

Stock Exchange's Year.

The Stock Exchange reported yesterday its transactions in stocks and bonds for the year up to Dec. 30, and in unlisted securities up to March when the unlisted department was abolished. Although no comparisons are furnished, the year in stocks, lacking two days, is shown by comparison with the totals compiled by THE TIMES to be the smallest since 1903. In bond trading the total was the smallest in a decade, with the exception of 1907. Altogether, the totals are a sufficient explanation of the brokers' complaints of bad business. In stocks the transactions aggregate 159,856,314 shares, which compares with 214,425,978 shares last year and 284,016,894 in 1906, the Exchange's banner year. Bond transactions total in par value $634,339,500 less than half last year's total of $1,314,656,200. The total bond transactions in 1907, the low record year since 1899, was $527,166,350.

⁂

The Week's Cash Gain.

Estimates of the net result of the week's currency movements, including the shipments to and receipts from the interior and the banks' transactions with the Sub-Treasury, indicated a gain of from $2,000,000 to $3,500,000 in the cash holdings of the banks. The gain from the interior, including receipts of new gold, exceeded $5,000,000, but was partly offset by a loss to the Sub-Treasury. In this loss somewhat heavier customs payments than usual were a factor. These estimates did not take into account the loss of $250,000 through the withdrawal yesterday of that sum by the Bank of New York for shipment to Canada.

⁂

Sterling Exchange at Year's Lowest.

A decline of about twenty-five points in the rate for demand sterling carried the foreign Exchange market yesterday to the lowest level of the year. This brings the price of exchange to a lower figure than was reached when, a few weeks ago, it was thought gold would be taken for import to New York. This further decline again brings forward the question of possible gold imports, although the relative positions of the money markets here and abroad have changed in some particulars since the last decline in foreign exchange rates to near the present figures. In connection with the decline in exchange here, interest attaches to a statement made by an officer of the Bank of France yesterday that its recent refusals to sell gold for export were due to the needs of the French markets, which are now called upon to buy large quantities of cereals in this country and elsewhere to make up for the shortage of the French crops. For these purchases of cereals, the officer of the bank said, gold would be needed, which suggests that an American demand for gold might be viewed by the bank in a different light from the recent requests for gold which reached the bank from Austria, Germany, and Holland.

⁂

Call Money Above 6 Per Cent.

Most of yesterday's Stock Exchange loans were made at 6 per cent., and on some loans as high as 7 per cent. was paid. It was just a year ago yesterday that call money last loaned at 7 per cent. On both occasions it was the completion of the preparations for the January disbursements which accounted for the rise in the call money rate. Loans made yesterday carry over the New Year holidays, and all funds needed in connection with the heavy payments to be made in the first two or three days of January had to be relieved yesterday of any use in the money market. This required some readjustment of call loans, with the resultant advance to a figure double the average rate prevailing on the earlier days of the week. Yesterday's advance, therefore, was not looked upon as calling for any revision of the opinion, previously expressed in banking circles, that the money market would show decided ease in the early part of the New Year.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

On the Metal Exchange yesterday dullness continued. Copper was quoted unchanged, while tin improved ¼c in the asking price. The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Friday. Bid.	Friday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
Stand. Copper—				
Spot	12.00	12.15	12.00	12.15
December	12.00	12.15	12.00	12.15
January	12.00	12.15	12.00	12.15
February	12.00	12.15	12.00	12.15
Lead	4.45	4.55	4.45	4.55
Spelter	5.40	5.47½	5.40	5.47½
Tin	38.00	38.35	38.00	38.12½

The exports of copper from the Port of New York for the week ended Dec. 29, in tons, were as follows:

	1910.	Increase.
Week Dec. 29	5,570	1,240
Month to date	28,794	2,795
From Jan. 1	295,501	*4,924

*Decrease.

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday transactions in spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin are here noted in the following table. These prices are the final figures for the day, and compare with the close on Thursday:

	Friday. £.	s.	d.	Thursday. £.	s.	d.
Copper, spot	56	0	0	56	1	3
Copper, futures	56	16	3	56	16	3
Pig tin, spot	174	17	6	174	0	0
Pig tin, futures	173	17	6	174	0	0

The market ended weak. Spelter was steady at £24. Spanish pig lead was weak, and down 2s 6d to £13. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 49s 10½d.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar "A" 4s, March 15, 1911	99⅞	100⅛
Am. Cigar "B" 4s, March 15, 1912	98⅝	99
Balt. & Ohio 4½s, June, 1913	99⅜	99⅝
Beth. Steel Co. 6s, Nov., 1914	97¼	97⅝
Chi. & Alton 5s, March 15, 1913	98¼	98⅝
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	100¼	100½
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	100⅜	100⅝
K. C. R. & L. 6s, Sept., 1912	98⅝	99½
Lack. St. conv. deb. 5s, Mar., 1915	91½	92
Minn. & St. L. 5s, Feb., 1911	100	100¼
St. L. & S. F. 4½s, Feb., 1912	98¼	98½
St. L. & S. F. 5s, March, 1913	95½	96¼
Southern Ry. 5s, Feb., 1913	98¼	98¾
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	101¼	101⅝
Western T. & T. 5s, Feb. 1, 1912	99⅞	100⅛
Westing. E. & M. 6s, Aug., 1913	100⅜	100⅞

*Interest to be added.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Exports of copper for the week ended Dec. 29, 5,570 tons; since the first of the month, 28,794 tons; last year, 25,999 tons.

The following have been elected to membership in the Cotton Exchange: Clinton Fulton of New Orleans, Joseph E. Schwab, Warner D. Orvis, and Thomas F. Russell, all of New York.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Satisfactory Settlement in London—Prices Firm in Paris.

LONDON, Dec. 30.—Money was in strong demand and discount rates were steady to-day.

The last settlement of the year was concluded satisfactorily on the Stock Exchange, but fresh operations were not large, in view of the holiday Monday. Kaffirs and home rails were firm, but foreign securities were irregular pending the $30,000,000 Manchurian loan. Portuguese bonds declined a point.

American securities opened steady and advanced on light covering during the forenoon. Later Wall Street buying caused further gains, and the market closed firm.

Bar silver steady, 25 1-16d per ounce.

Money, 3¾@4 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3⅝ per cent.; for three months' bills 3½@3 9-16 per cent.

PARIS, Dec. 30.—Prices were firm on the Bourse to-day.

At closing three per cent. rentes were 97f 2½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 27c for checks.

BERLIN, Dec. 30.—Trading was active and prices were strong on the Boerse to-day.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	79 5-16	..	..	—1-16
Consols, account	79⅜	..	..	—1-16
Anaconda	8	38⅝	39	— ¼
Atchison	104⅜	101⅝	101¼	+ ⅝
Canadian Pacific	200⅝	194⅞	195¼	+ ⅝
St. Paul	127½	123⅞	123½	+ ⅜
Erie	28⅝	28	27½	+ ⅝
Erie 1st pf	48	46⅝	45½	+ 1⅛
Illinois Central	136	132¼	131	+ 1¼
Louis. & Nash	148¼	144	144¼	— ¼
N. Y. Central	115	111⅝	111⅛	+ ⅝
Pennsylvania	66⅝	128⅞	128⅜	+ ½
Reading	78	151¼	150⅝	+ ⅝
Southern Pacific	*118⅝	116⅝	116⅛	+ ½
Union Pacific	176⅝	171⅞	170⅝	+ 1⅛
U. S. Steel	75⅜	73⅛	72⅝	+ ½
U. S. Steel pf	120½	117	116½	+ ½

*Ex dividend.

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	12	6	Esperanza	1	18	6
Tomboy	0	15	0	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	1	5	6	Stratton's Ind	0	2	3

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—The local market opened steady and at some advance and for the first hour it looked as if prices would be considerably higher before the close. Realizing orders came in, and the advance was checked. Algomah and East Butte were in demand.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
	BONDS.			
$1,000	Am. Agr. Chem. 5s	102½	102½	102½
3,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞
500	Central Vermont 1st 4s	86½	86½	86½
6,000	C. J. & S. Y. 5s, 1915	101	101	101
5,000	Copper Range 5s	100	100	100
3,000	K. C., Ft. S. & M. 6s	116	116	116
1,000	N. E. Cotton Y. 5s	100	100	100
3,000	N. Y., N. H. & H. cv. 6s	133⅝	133⅝	133⅝
1,000	N. Y. T. & T. 4½s	98½	98½	98½
1,000	Western T. & T. 5s	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝
	RAILROADS.			
10	Atchison	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
61	Boston Elevated	129	129	129
10	Boston & Albany	224½	224½	224½
25	Boston & Maine	119	118¾	118¾
50	C. J. R. & S. Y. pf	110½	110½	110½
63	Fitchburg pf	130	129	130
58	Mass. Elec. pf	85¼	85	85
170	N. Y., N. H. & H.	151	151	151
125	N. Y., N. H. & H. sub. 50 p. c. paid	147½	147½	147½
145	Union Pacific	171¼	170⅝	170⅝
53	West End	91	90⅞	91
12	West End pf	101½	101½	101½
	TELEPHONES.			
199	American	141¼	140¼	140¼
2	Mexican	4	4	4
1	Mexican pf	6	6	6
108	New England	138¼	138¼	138¼
28	Western	18	17½	18
	MISCELLANEOUS.			
60	Am. Agr. Chem.	46	46	46
56	Am. Agr. Chem. pf	99½	99¼	99¼
47	Am. Pneu. Service	4⅜	4	4
37	Am. Pneu. S. 2d pf	14½	14	14
15	Am. Sugar Rfg	115¼	114¾	114¾
21	Am. Sugar Rfg. pf	114	113	113
6	Am. Woolen pf	92	91¾	92
100	Eastern S. S.	82	82	82
55	Edison	286	286	286
10	Georgia R. & E. pf	87¼	87¼	87¼
6	Gen. Electric	152	151½	152
10	Int. Buttonhole	5¼	5¼	5¼
91	Mass. Gas	87¾	87⅜	87⅝
50	Mass. Gas pf	95	94½	95
6	N. E. Cotton Y. pf	105½	105½	105½
43	Pullman	159½	159	159
10	Reece Folding Mach	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞
10	Rubber 1st pf	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛
56	Swift	100⅜	100¼	100½
60	United Fruit	192	191	191
3,274	United Shoe Mach	57	55½	56⅝
18	United Shoe Mach. pf	29	29	29
1,420	U. S. Steel	73¼	72¼	72½
51	U. S. Steel pf	117	116¾	116¾
	MINING.			
100	Adventure	7¼	7¼	7¼
1,295	Algomah	9	8½	9
582	Amalgamated	63¼	62¾	62⅝
50	Am. Zinc	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝
70	Arcadian	3½	3½	3½
150	Arizona Com'l	14½	14¼	14½
50	Arnold	50	50	50
100	Bonanza	50	50	50
200	Butte Coalition	18¾	18½	18¾
20	Butte Balaklala	6½	6½	6½
35	Calumet & Arizona	48½	48¼	48½
3	Calumet & Hecla	540	540	540
138	Copper Range	67½	67	67
260	Daly-West	3½	3½	3½
267	East Butte	12¼	11⅞	12¼
50	Elm River	20	20	20
50	Franklin	9½	9½	9½
240	Giroux	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
40	Granby	39	39	39
155	Greene-Cananea	7	6⅞	6⅞
65	Indiana	11¾	11¾	11¾
20	Isle Royale	17	16¾	16¾
65	Kerr Lake	6¾	6¾	6¾
10	Keweenaw	3¼	3¼	3¼
615	Lake	35¼	34¼	34¼
545	La Salle	6½	6¼	6¼
425	Mass.	8½	7⅞	7⅞
30	Miami	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
70	Michigan	3½	3½	3½
291	Nevada	18½	18¼	18½
10	Nipissing	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
845	North Butte	29½	28¾	28¾
10	North Lake	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞
20	Parrot	11½	11½	11½
60	Quincy	70	70	70
10	Ray Con.	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
85	Shannon	11½	11½	11½
10	Shattuck & Arizona	22	21½	21½
47	St. Mary's Land	50½	50½	50½
130	Superior & Boston	5⅞	5⅝	5¾
725	Superior & Pittsburg	14⅛	14	14
10	Trinity	4½	4½	4½
795	U. S. Smelting	36	35½	35¾
326	U. S. Smelting pf	46½	46	46½
445	Utah Con.	13¾	13¼	13⅝
5	Wolverine	117	117	117
100	Wyandotte	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 30.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Andes	.62	Julia	.06
Belcher	.45	Justice	.03
Best & Belcher	.28	Mexican	.73
Bullion	.08	Occidental Con.	.41
Caledonia	.27	Ophir	1.27½
Challenge Con.	.08	Overman	.25
Chollar	.15	Savage	.11
Con. Cal. & Va.	.75	Sierra Nevada	.13
Con Imperial	.02	Union Con.	.26
Crown Point	.24	Utah Con.	.02
Gould & Curry	.16	Yellow Jacket	.35
Hale & Norcross	.11		

Silver bars, 54; Mexican dollars, 48@50; drafts, sight, 4@5 per cent. premium; telegraph, 6@7½ per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.		Combination Fract.	.17
Belmont	4.97½	Crackerjack	.01
Jim Butler	.24	Goldfield Con. M.	8.35
McNamara	.19	Great Bend	.04
Midway	.83	Jumbo Extension	.24
Montana	.83	Lone Star	.03
North Star	.04	Red Hills	.02
Tonopah Extension	.96	St. Ives	.16
West End	.56	Silver Pick	.05
GOLDFIELD.		BULLFROG.	
Atlanta	.12	Bullfrog Nat. B.	.01
Blue Bell	.02	Tramps Cons.	.02

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 30.—Following were the transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
	STOCKS.			
60	Crucible Steel pf	75	75	75
40	Fireproofing pf	24½	24	24
420	Mfrs. L. & H.	21½	21	21
20	Philadelphia Co.	50¾	50¾	50¾
50	Philadelphia Co. pf	43⅛	43	43⅛
20	Pittsburg Brew. pf	41	41	41
100	Sewer Pipe	11	11	11
200	Tonopah Extension	96	96	96
50	U. S. Steel	72¾	72¾	72¾
10	Westing. Elec. 2d	33	33	33
	BANKS.			
5	Safe Deposit & T. Co.	290	290	290
	BONDS.			
$4,000	Jones & Laughlin 5s	101¾	101¾	101¾
1,000	Pittsburg Brewing 6s	99	99	99
	UNLISTED.			
150	Kansas Gas	26	26	26
100	Pure Oil	4½	4½	4½
	SCRIP.			
$100	Crucible Steel	69	69	69
	RIGHTS.			
304	Union Switch	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.—Wheat operations were again restricted, partly due to the fact that so many different interests are taking a long holiday both at home and abroad. The market was largely a professional one. Prices after advancing moderately reacted late in the day and closed at a slight net decline. The foreign markets were quite firm, but later reacted, and the excitement over the Argentine crop estimate seemed to have subsided to some extent. The cable stated that prospects for free world's exports and somewhat heavier Argentine shipments influenced the market. Argentina shipments for the week were 1,272,000 bushels, and for the year have been, by the Produce Exchange figures, 69,960,000 bushels, against 97,248,000 bushels last year. The weather continues favorable there for harvesting. Indian shipments for the week were 712,000 bushels and since April 1 have been 32,768,000 bushels. Australian shipments were 848,000 bushels and for the calendar year have been 54,672,000 bushels, against 35,472,000 bushels last year. Bradstreet's exports from North America were 2,180,000 bushels, against 3,689,000 bushels last year. Adding the foreign figures and the indicated world's exports were 11,000,000 bushels in round numbers. The weather was somewhat colder West and there was fear that the cold weather would cause some crop injury. The Modern Miller report stated that the moisture recently had been general and plentiful and the crop greatly benefited in the sections where drought has so long prevailed. Exporters reported 120,000 bushels of Manitoba wheat. No. 2 red was quoted 98¼c; elevator No. 1 Northern, $1.19, free on board; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.03, and No. 1 Manitoba, $1.04⅝.

CORN.—Corn was fairly active and the market was quite strong most of the day, losing the advance at the close. The improvement in the market appeared to be on unfavorable Argentina news. The cables were that rain was greatly needed in the Argentine and the drought was becoming severe. Argentine exports of corn for the week were 1,683,000 bushels and for the calendar year have been 103,391,000 bushels, against 91,915,000 bushels last year. Bradstreet's exports were 1,149,000 bushels. There was some bullish talk late regarding crop conditions, and an estimate by a Western expert claimed that the crop was overestimated and the outturn should be only 2,875,000 bushels. The complaints regarding moisture are rather numerous. Cash corn was fairly active, with a good car lot trade. No. 3, 52½c; No. 1, 51¾c, both in elevator, export rate, and No. 2, 52¾c, free on board, next week.

OATS were very steady all day, with prices showing a little heaviness at the close. There was fairly good demand for cash oats West, but receipts were heavy, and in five days, notwithstanding the holiday, have been about the same as last week and double last year. Cash oats were very steady locally, with No. 2 white 39¼c; No. 3 white, 38¾c, and standards, 38⅝c.

PROVISIONS.—The market was quite firm but without a large trade. Live hog receipts were very light West, were estimated at small figures over the holiday, and live hog prices showed improvement. Prices late, however, showed some reaction with grain.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
December	98½	97⅞	97⅞	98
May	$1.03	$1.02½	$1.02⅝	$1.02¾
July	..	..	1.00	1.00⅝
Corn—				
December	..	..	..	56⅛
May	..	..	56⅝	56⅝
Oats—				
December	..	..	38¼	38¼
January	..	..	38	38
May	..	..	40	39⅞
July	..	..	39⅝	39¾

Lard.	Closing.	Prev. Close. Bid.
Spot	$10.50@$11.00	$10.50
January	10.50@10.80	10.60
February	10.40@10.80	10.50
March	10.30@10.75	10.50
April	10.30@10.60	10.40
May	10.45@10.50	10.40

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
December	93½	92⅝	92⅞	93¼
May	97⅛	96⅜	96⅞	97¼
July	94	93⅛	93⅝	93¾
Corn—				
December	47⅞	47⅛	47⅜	47⅜
May	48⅝	48⅛	48⅜	48⅛
July	49⅜	49⅛	49⅜	49⅜
September	50⅜	50	50⅛	50⅛
Oats—				
December	31⅜	31¼	31¼	31¼
May	34⅜	34	34	34⅛
July	34¼	34	34	34¼
September	..	..	31⅛	33⅛
Lard—				
January	10.55	10.42½	10.42½	10.42½
May	10.25	10.15	10.15	10.15
Ribs—				
January	10.35	10.25	10.25	10.22½
May	9.82½	9.77½	9.77½	9.75
Pork—				
January	19.65	19.50	19.55	19.45
May	18.80	18.67½	18.70	18.62½

COTTONSEED OIL.

Prices were generally lower during yesterday's session, although at no time was the pressure sufficient to cause substantial declines. Scattered realizing in the way of evening up prior to the New Year coming, at a time when demand was rather scant, seemed to be the principal factor. Crude oil was steady in the South, with 47½c bid and 48c asked, at which prices futures would be approximately 1@1½c per gallon below a parity. After the close, however, there was free selling, thought to be in the way of hedges, and this led to rumors of lower crude. There is still a disposition manifest by speculative holders to sell the near months and replace holdings in distant options, while refining interests are buying the near months, undoing hedges. There were no deliveries on January contracts yesterday, which was first notice day.

	High.	Low.	Closing, Bid. Asked.	Previous Close.
Spot	..	..	7.27@7.45	7.32
January	7.27	7.27	7.27@7.29	7.29
February	..	..	7.27@7.30	7.30
March	7.34	7.29	7.30@7.32	7.33
April	..	..	7.32@7.36	7.35
May	7.37	7.34	7.35@7.36	7.38
June	..	..	7.35@7.41	7.40
July	7.44	7.41	7.41@7.43	7.43

COTTON.

The market was rather irregular during the day, but on the whole values ruled above last night's finals, with moderate gains recorded at the close, although realizing sales by recent buyers caused a partial recession. The feature of the day was the issuing of January notices, and while there was a rumor in circulation prior to the opening that bears would take advantage of the situation and hammer prices, the raid failed to materialize. It is true that prices at the opening were at slight declines, but this was largely due to Liverpool cables, which were disappointing, and while deliveries did cause scattered selling, it at once became evident that a demand was awaiting these notices, and that they were being stopped by unexpected sources. At first it was estimated that 100,000 or thereabouts were issued, but as the day progressed these totals were gradually increased; and it was said that fully 200,000 had been started. Philadelphia interests were identified among others as sending out the tenders, while various concerns thought to be acting for Southern spot concerns took care of the same. When it became apparent that there was not much liquidation forthcoming, spot people became good buyers of the January future option, which demand strengthened the entire list. Opinions differed as to what was to become of the cotton taken in, but it is a fact that recently there has been liberal freight room engaged for foreign ports, and it is said that a part of this represents the undoing of spreads made several months ago. Other authorities say that mills would be the ultimate recipients, and although it is admitted that possibly a good part of this cotton is hedged in future months, the consensus of opinion was that it is well held. Advices from the South continue the same, and although there is more or less holding being indulged in, prices are being well maintained, with a fair demand reported. Southern spot markets yesterday were unchanged to 1-16c higher, with New York spot cotton quiet, .05c advance from the previous close; middling uplands, 15c.

The into-sight for the week showed 416,000 bales, against 493,000 last week and 261,000 a year ago. Since Sept. 1 there have been approximately 1,000,000 bales more brought into sight than last year, while for the same period exports have been in the neighborhood of 660,000 bales above last year. Spinners' takings of American cotton were given at 230,000 bales, against 254,000 last week, and indications of the American visible supply of cotton point to an increase of 180,000 bales, following an increase last week of 141,000 bales, and an increase last year of 6,000 bales.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	14.78	14.60	..@..	14.59
January	14.77	14.55	14.69@14.70	14.61
February	14.82	14.82	14.88@14.91	14.80
March	15.04	14.85	14.98@14.99	14.91
April	15.10	15.10	15.07@15.10	15.00
May	15.24	15.06	15.16@15.17	15.11
June	..	..	15.18@15.20	15.13
July	15.26	15.10	15.18@15.19	15.13
August	14.95	14.82	14.88@14.90	14.83
October	13.45	13.43	13.43@13.44	13.44

The market closed steady, at 5 points advance to 1 point decline.

COFFEE.

Coffee was quiet, with sales amounting to 36,250 bags. The close was at new high records for the season for all the active positions, showing a net advance for the day of from 9 to 13 points. Bullish arguments were based on the fact that futures here are about 1c a pound below a parity with the primary markets. The Brazilian weather report showed rain in all five districts. Havre closed unchanged to ¼f lower, while Hamburg, after opening from ¼ pfennig down to ¼ pfennig advance, closed at a net advance of ½@¾ pfennig. Rio and Santos were unchanged, and cost and freight offers were generally firm. Spot coffee, 13½c; package coffee was advanced 1c per pound.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	11.15	11.15	..@..	11.10
January	..	..	11.20@11.21	11.07
February	..	..	11.25@11.27	11.13
March	11.32	11.20	11.32@11.33	11.19
April	..	..	11.22@11.24	11.13
May	11.15	11.07	11.14@11.15	11.05
June	..	..	11.09@11.11	11.00
July	11.05	10.95	11.05@11.06	10.92
August	..	..	11.00@11.01	10.87
September	10.96	10.81	10.95@10.96	10.79
October	..	..	10.85@10.88	10.79
November	10.73	10.72	10.82@10.88	[illegible]

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ATLANTA, BIRMINGHAM & ATLANTIC—	1910.	1909.	Inc.
3d week Dec.	$64,357	$51,629	$12,727
July 1-Dec. 21	1,344,004	1,226,760	117,244
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO—			
3d week Dec.	598,543	599,175	*632
July 1-Dec. 21	16,004,127	14,918,531	1,085,506
DETROIT, TOLEDO & IRONTON—			
3d week Dec.	33,885	28,971	4,914
July 1-Dec. 21	996,131	793,725	202,406
INTEROCEANIC RAILWAY OF MEXICO—			
3d week Dec.	167,810	190,435	*22,625
July 1-Dec. 21	3,968,329	3,842,919	125,410
LONDON UNDERGROUND (London United Tramways)—			
Wk. end. Dec. 24	£6,192	£5,692	£500
Jan. 1-Dec. 24	317,708	305,193	12,515
London Underground (Tubes)—			
Wk. end. Dec. 24	14,430	13,095	1,335
July 1-Dec. 24	315,465	310,175	5,290
London Underground (Metropolitan District)—			
Wk. end Dec. 24	11,882	10,647	1,235
July 1-Dec. 24	268,746	250,793	17,953
MOBILE & OHIO—			
3d week Dec.	$250,805	$234,766	$16,039
July 1-Dec. 21	5,239,376	4,944,965	294,411
NATIONAL RAILWAYS OF MEXICO—			
3d week Dec.	1,260,968	1,167,776	93,192
July 1-Dec. 21	29,914,343	26,598,235	3,316,108

*Decrease.

ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN for November—	1910.	1909.	1908.
Av. mileage	309	309	309
Gross earnings	382,239	368,682	295,712
Exp. and taxes	288,004	259,280	125,758
Net earnings	94,235	109,402	69,954
5 mos. gross	1,899,125	1,653,686	1,494,784
Exp. and taxes	1,393,310	1,230,701	1,126,470
5 mos. net	505,815	422,985	368,314
CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS PACIFIC for November—			
Mileage oper.	337.27	337.27	333.27
Gross earnings	808,306	797,744	625,509
Exp. and taxes	566,133	506,472	426,567
Net earnings	242,173	291,272	198,942
5 mos. gross	4,001,133	3,694,756	3,243,158
Exp. and taxes	2,502,314	2,425,958	2,293,927
5 mos. net	1,498,819	1,258,798	949,231
ERIE for November—			
Gross	4,818,007	4,976,993	4,283,941
Exp. & taxes	3,471,717	3,299,114	3,336,607
Net	1,346,290	1,677,878	947,334
5 mos. gross	25,049,655	23,871,534	22,075,210
Exp. & taxes	17,740,196	16,723,441	16,217,874
5 mos. net	7,309,459	7,148,093	5,857,336
GEORGIA RAILROAD for November—			
Gross	306,134	286,481	245,060
Expenses	209,608	193,711	195,589
Net	96,526	92,769	49,471
Other income	8,517	9,853	9,005
Total income	105,043	102,623	58,477
Ch'ges & taxes	62,588	59,571	55,560
Surplus	42,455	43,051	2,917
5 mos. gross	1,348,343	1,302,171	1,232,760
Expenses	1,008,625	934,289	1,012,066
5 mos. net	339,717	367,881	220,694
Other income	42,783	44,937	48,354
Total income	382,500	412,817	269,048
Ch'ges & taxes	389,131	301,587	275,592
5 mos. deficit	6,631	*111,230	6,544

*Surplus.

INTEROCEANIC RAILWAY OF MEXICO for November—	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Gross	696,196	646,668	49,528
Expenses	464,792	457,596	7,196
Net	231,404	189,073	42,232
5 mos. gross	3,556,392	3,315,688	240,704
Expenses	2,263,427	2,272,578	*9,151
5 mos. net	1,292,964	1,043,109	249,855

*Decrease.

MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS for November—	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross	439,635	492,127	363,531
Exp. & taxes	340,137	332,939	248,988
Net	99,498	159,188	114,543
Other income	9,689	9,171	12,228
Total income	109,187	168,360	126,771
5 mos. gross	2,365,078	2,318,737	1,909,061
Exp. & taxes	1,662,835	1,500,844	1,230,236
5 mos. net	702,243	817,892	678,825
Other income	43,870	82,462	66,590
Total income	746,113	900,354	745,415

NATIONAL RAILWAYS OF MEXICO for November—	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Gross earnings	5,247,962	4,946,835	301,127
Expenses	3,041,995	3,075,953	*33,958
Net earnings	2,205,967	1,870,881	335,086
Gross, 5 mos.	26,573,301	23,149,867	3,423,434
Expenses	15,560,616	14,361,048	1,199,568
Net, 5 months	11,012,685	8,788,819	2,223,867

*Decrease.

NEW YORK, SUSQUEHANNA & WESTERN for November—	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross earnings	306,952	307,807	266,169
Exp. and taxes	205,136	217,537	189,277
Net earnings	101,816	90,269	76,891
Gross, 5 mos.	1,553,088	1,436,178	1,297,295
Exp. and taxes	1,095,591	1,051,761	919,009
Net, 5 months	457,497	384,417	378,286
ROCK ISLAND lines for November—			
Mileage	8,024	8,034	8,025
Total op. rev.	6,192,888	5,873,966	5,107,207
Total op. exp.	4,059,110	4,148,502	3,773,427
Net op. rev.	2,133,778	1,725,464	1,333,780
Outside op., deb.	15,405	19,739	14,968
Total net rev.	2,118,373	1,705,725	1,318,812
Taxes	216,113	229,172	201,336
Op. income	1,902,260	1,476,553	1,117,476
Mileage	8,024	8,045	8,009
Total op. rev. 5 months	30,475,548	29,651,036	26,443,315
Total op. exp.	21,243,880	19,573,961	18,272,474
Net op. rev.	9,231,668	10,077,074	8,170,841
Outside op., deb.	54,493	75,751	50,852
Total net rev.	9,177,175	10,001,323	8,119,988
Taxes	1,194,438	1,041,551	938,837
Op. inc. 5 mos.	7,982,737	8,959,772	7,181,151
ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO and controlled lines for November—			
St. Louis & San Francisco:			
Average mileage	5,188	5,072	5,075
Nov. total oper. revenue	4,033,988	3,792,527	3,332,117
Total oper. exp.	2,859,670	2,803,498	2,388,244
Net oper. rev.	1,174,318	989,029	943,872
Taxes	148,662	126,369	150,018
Nov. oper. inc.	1,025,656	862,660	793,854
Average mileage	5,156	5,072	......
5 mos. total op. revenue	18,855,589	18,120,167	16,105,150
Total oper. exp.	12,854,200	12,700,482	11,255,297
Net oper. rev.	6,001,389	5,419,684	4,849,852
Taxes	723,334	578,236	640,930
5 mos. oper. inc.	5,277,495	4,841,448	4,208,922
Chicago & Eastern Illinois:			
Average mileage	966	966	966
Nov. total oper. revenue	1,129,359	1,072,516	920,783
Total oper. exp.	808,235	709,020	647,320
Net oper. rev.	321,124	363,495	273,463
Outside op., debit	1,553	2,256	1,617
Total net rev.	319,572	361,239	271,846
Taxes	32,000	32,400	2,557
Nov. oper. inc.	287,572	328,839	269,289
Average mileage	966	966	966
5 mos. total op. revenue	5,407,659	4,972,105	4,377,128
Total oper. exp.	3,691,826	3,165,677	3,073,490
Net oper. rev.	1,715,833	1,806,428	1,303,638
Outside op., debit	8,426	7,196	7,185
Total net rev.	1,707,407	1,799,231	1,296,453
Taxes	157,900	162,000	112,557
5 mos. oper. inc.	1,549,507	1,637,231	1,183,896
Evansville & Terre Haute, (including Evansville & Indiana):			
Average mileage	310	310	310
Nov. total oper. revenue	225,077	224,219	173,972
Total oper. exp.	147,516	132,294	120,064
Net oper. rev.	77,561	91,925	53,908
Outside op., debit	650	890	312
Total net rev.	76,911	91,035	53,596
Taxes	9,410	8,872	9,035
Nov. oper. inc.	67,501	82,163	44,561
Average mileage	310	310	310
5 mos. total op. revenue	1,207,313	1,085,998	951,953
Total oper. exp.	741,105	616,143	589,206
Net oper. rev.	466,208	469,855	362,747
Outside op., debit	3,868	4,215	1,424
Total net rev.	462,340	465,640	361,323
Taxes	47,050	44,369	45,175
5 mos. oper. inc.	415,290	421,278	316,147
Total all lines:			
Average mileage	6,464	6,348	6,351
Nov. total oper. revenue	5,388,425	[illegible]	4,426,873
Total oper. exp.	3,815,421	[illegible]	3,155,628
Net oper. rev.	1,573,004	[illegible]	1,271,245
Outside op., debit	2,202	[illegible]	1,929
Total net rev.	1,570,802	1,441,304	1,269,315
Taxes	190,072	167,641	161,610
Nov. oper. inc.	1,380,730	1,273,663	1,107,705
Average mileage	6,432	6,348	......
5 mos. total op. revenue	25,470,507	24,178,270	21,434,232
Total oper. exp.	17,287,131	16,482,302	14,917,994
Net oper. rev.	8,183,376	7,695,967	6,516,238
Outside op., debit	12,295	11,411	8,609
Total net rev.	8,171,081	7,684,555	6,507,628
Taxes	928,788	784,596	798,662
5 mos. oper. inc.	7,242,293	6,899,959	5,708,965

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
4s, May, '59, l'chg.	99½	99¾	99½	99¾
4s, Nov., '58, l'chg.	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
4½s, May, '57, l'chg.	107⅛	107½	107⅜	107⅝
4½s, Nov., '57, l'chg.	107⅛	107½	107⅜	107⅝
4½s, May, '17, l'chg.	102¼	102½	102¼	102½
4½s, Nov., '17, l'chg.	102¼	102½	102¼	102½
4s, May, '57, l'chg.	99⅝	99¾	99⅝	99¾
4s, Nov., '56, reg.	98¾	99¼	98⅞	99¼
4s, May, '19, l'chg.	99	99⅝	99	99⅝
4¼s, March, '60	101⅛	101⅝	101	101¼
3½s, May, '54, coup.	87¾	88¼	87⅞	88⅜
3½s, Nov., coup., l'chg.	87¾	88¼	88	88⅜
3½s, May, '54, reg.	87⅝	88	87⅝	88
3½s, Nov., reg. '41	87⅝	88¼	87⅝	88¼

PROPOSALS.

GULF AND SHIP ISLAND RAILROAD CO.

First Mortgage Refunding and Terminal Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

REQUEST FOR TENDERS OF BONDS.

As provided in Section Seven of Article Two of the Mortgage securing the issue of bonds above described, the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3 P. M. on January 10th, 1911, for the sale to it of such bonds for account of the Sinking Fund, at a price not exceeding 110 per cent. and accrued interest, to the amount of Fifty-nine thousand two hundred and fifty-seven and 91-100 Dollars, ($59,257.91,) conditioned upon the payment to the undersigned of that amount, on or before January 3d, 1911, as provided in the said mortgage.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Formerly New York Security & Trust Company,
Trustee,
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
December 7th, 1910.

WEST POINT, N. Y., DEC. 31, 1910.—SEALED proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 2 P. M., Jan. 30, 1911, for furnishing and installing a complete Central Energy Telephone System as per drawings and specifications in this office. Proposals from manufacturers of telephone apparatus and cables only will be considered. The United States reserves the right to reject any or all proposals, or any part thereof. Forms for proposals furnished upon application. Address Quartermaster, West Point, N. Y.

Executor — Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.
LONDON 15 Cockspur St. 18 Bishopsgate St. Within. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator — Guardian

CAPITAL & SURPLUS $1,950,000.00 — UNION EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK of NEW YORK — TOTAL RESOURCES $12,000,000.00
FIFTH AVE. AND TWENTY-FIRST ST.
CONDENSED REPORT AT CLOSE OF BUSINESS DECEMBER 19TH, 1910.
MEMBER OF NEW YORK CLEARING HOUSE

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Time Loans and Discounts	$6,017,909.39	Capital	$1,000,000.00
Call Loans "to Brokers"	1,700,000.00	Surplus and Profits	957,689.95
Investments—Railroad Notes and Bonds	973,920.28	Circulation	389,100.00
Government Bonds	400,000.00	Deposits	10,678,720.65
Due from Banks	873,442.91		
Cash	3,060,238.02		
	$13,025,510.60		$13,025,510.60

HENRY S. HERRMAN, President.
DAVID NEVIUS, Vice-Pres. & Cashier. LOUIS J. WEIL, Vice-Pres.
GEORGE B. CONNLEY, Asst. Cashier.
ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

SAVINGS BANKS.

Dry Dock Savings Institution
341 & 343 BOWERY, Cor. 3d St., New York.
The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending December 31, 1910, on all deposits entitled thereto under the By-Laws, at the rate of THREE AND ONE-HALF per cent. per annum on all sums not exceeding THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS, payable on and after January 16, 1911.
Deposits made on or before January 10 will be entitled to interest from January 1, 1911.
ANDREW MILLS, President.
WM. F. PATTERSON, Treasurer.
CHARLES MIEHLING, Secretary.

The Bronx Savings Bank
TREMONT AND PARK AVES.
Interest at the rate of 4% per annum. Credited Jan. 1. Payable Jan. 16. Money deposited on or before Jan. 10, 1911, will draw interest from Jan. 1, 1911.
WILLIAM B. AITKEN, President; F. BREVOORT ALLIN, Secretary; WILLIAM E. STEVENS, Treasurer.

EAST RIVER SAVINGS INSTITUTION.
280 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
SURPLUS OVER 13%.
The 125th semi-annual dividend has been declared at the rate of
Four Per Cent.
per annum on all accounts entitled thereto, payable on and after Jan. 20th. Deposits made on or before Jan. 10th will draw interest from Jan. 1st, 1911.
D. S. RAMSAY, Pres. C. A. WHITNEY, Sec.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.
First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of Section 10, Article Fourth of the mortgage and deed of trust executed by this Company to The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, dated January 3d, 1905, to secure its First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds, this Company has set apart out of the net income derived by it from the lines of railroad subject to the lien of said mortgage and deed of trust, the sum of $12,000, in the year 1910, in trust to be used to redeem said bonds; and that bonds will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders to the amount of $12,435.32 in the sinking fund. Such bids should be presented to this Company at its office, 120 Broadway, in the City and State of New York, on or before the 1st day of February, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company's First Refunding Mortgage Gold Bonds."

Dated December 24, 1910.
SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,
By G. L. KING, Secretary.

IMPORTANT NOW!
MORRISTOWN TRUST COMPANY
MORRISTOWN, N. J.
Deposits over $6,000,000. Individual depositors over four thousand seven hundred. Resources over $8,000,000. Pays interest at the rate of 3% on deposits subject to check on demand without notice, payable in New York funds if desired. Copy of New Jersey Tax and Inheritance Laws compared to those of New York forwarded on application. Perfectly equipped for the management of large estates. Financial statement furnished. Correspondence solicited and personal interviews arranged by appointment in New York or Morristown.
SAMUEL FREEMAN, President.

No. 22. 18TH DRAWING.

Mexican 5 Per Cent.
Consolidated External Loan of 1899.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that there is an error in the list of drawn bonds of the 18th drawing of Mexican Five Per Cent. Consolidated External Loan of 1899. The bond number given in said list as 782 should be 783.

London, December 30th, 1910.
MANUEL De ZAMACONA,
Financial Agent of the Mexican Government.

NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS
FIFTEENTH YEAR.
ASSETS $3,000,000.
$100 GOLD BONDS 6% — CONVERTIBLE BONDS 6.86%
WRITE FOR CIRCULAR E.
METROPOLITAN AGENCY, 489 5TH AV.

6% Short Term Bonds
DUE 1914
$100-$500-$1,000
ON IMPROVED BROOKLYN PROPERTY.
KINGS COUNTY MORTGAGE CO.,
185 MONTAGUE ST., BROOKLYN.

Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway.

Nineteen bonds of $1,000 each, of Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway, Tracy City Branch, Nos. 382 to 400, inclusive, which mature January 2d, 1911, will be paid on and after January 3d, at the Hanover National Bank, New York. Interest on same will cease at their maturity.

J. H. AMBROSE, Treasurer.

SMITH, HECK & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
71 Broadway, New York.

We announce the retirement of Mr. Frank C. Littleton from this firm on December 31st, 1910.

SMITH, HECK & CO.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, IN compliance with the terms of the Mortgage Deed dated September 1st, 1903, executed by the Morristown & Erie Railroad Company, the undersigned, as Trustee under the said deed, will receive proposals on or before February 1st, 1911, from the holders of the bonds secured by the said mortgage to sell the bonds to the undersigned, as Trustee, under the provisions of the said mortgage. The Trustee will, to the extent of the available moneys in its hands, to wit, $8,301.23, purchase the bonds which shall be offered at the lowest price. No purchase will be made at a rate exceeding 110% together with the accrued interest.

BROOKLYN TRUST COMPANY, as Trustee,
177 Montague Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Dated Brooklyn, N. Y., December 27th, 1910.

SAVINGS BANKS.

ASSETS
SIXTY-FIVE MILLIONS
SURPLUS JAN'Y 1, 1911,
OVER EIGHT MILLIONS
The Williamsburgh Savings Bank
Broadway and Driggs Ave., Brooklyn
December 5, 1910.
Notice is hereby given that on and after the Twentieth day of January, 1911, a Semi-Annual Interest at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum will be paid to all depositors in this bank who on the First day of January, 1911, may be entitled thereto.
Money deposited on or before Jan'y 10, 1911, will draw interest from Jan'y 1.
Accounts can be opened by mail.
Send for booklet and full instructions.
E. B. TUTTLE, President.
WILLIAM F. BURNS, Cashier.
S. M. MEEKER, Secretary.
Bank Open Daily, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
On MONDAYS from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.

Established 1827 — Corner Pierrepont and Clinton Streets
Brooklyn Savings Bank
DEPOSITS 46 MILLIONS
Surplus January 1, 1911, Over 5 Millions
Interest at the rate of
4 PER CENT PER ANNUM
will be credited to depositors with this bank January 1st next, on all sums entitled thereto (payable on and after January 20th.) Deposits made on or before January 10th will draw interest from January 1st.
BRYAN H. SMITH, President,
EDWIN P. MAYNARD, Comptroller.
LAURUS E. SUTTON, Cashier.

EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK
The trustees have ordered interest credited to depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws, on January 1, 1911, at the rate of 4% PER ANNUM on all sums of $5 and upward to $3,000, payable on and after January 16, 1911.
Deposits made on or before January 10 will draw interest from January 1, 1911.
Accounts can be opened by mail.
Booklet, "Banking by Mail," sent free.
WM. J. ROOME, President.
JOHN C. GRISWOLD, Secretary.
23RD ST. N.E. COR. 6TH AVE.

125TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND
Union Square Savings Bank
NO. 20 UNION SQUARE.
A DIVIDEND has been declared for six months ending December 31, 1910, on all deposits entitled thereto at the rate of
THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT.
per annum on sums from $5 to $3,000, payable on and after January 16, 1911.
Deposits made on or before January 10 will draw interest from January 1st.
FRANK M. HURLBUT, President;
WILLIAM H. ROCKWOOD, Secretary;
JOHN T. WEEKS, Cashier;
W. EMLEN ROOSEVELT, Treasurer.
Open 10 to 3, Mon. 10 to 7, Sat. 10 to 12.

THE FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK
Corner 8th Avenue & 42d Street
100th consecutive semi-annual dividend has been declared at the rate of Three and One-half Per Cent. per annum on all sums entitled thereto from $5 to $3,000, payable on and after January 16th, 1911.
Deposits made on or before the Tenth of January will draw interest from the 1st.
Assets - - - - $20,947,149.44
Surplus, par values - - 1,178,670.97
WM. G. CONKLIN, Pres.
J. HALLOCK WARING, Sec.

Metropolitan Savings Bank
1 and 3 THIRD AVE. (opp. Cooper Institute).
CHARTERED 1852.
115th DIVIDEND
New York, Dec. 13th, 1910.
INTEREST FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDING DEC. 31ST, 1910, at the rate of
Four Per Cent. Per Annum
will be credited to depositors entitled thereto under the by-laws of the bank on sums from $5 to $3,000.
INTEREST PAYABLE JANUARY 18th, 1911.
MONEY DEPOSITED on or before January 13th will draw interest from January 1st.
JONATHAN B. CURREY, President.
EDWARD SHERER, Secretary.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK
N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue.
Jan. 1, 1911, dividend at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT.
per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000, entitled thereto under the by-laws.
DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JAN. 10 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JAN. 1.
WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
JAMES L. WANDLING, Treasurer.
ARCHIBALD M. PENTZ, Secretary.

STATE OF SAN PAULO

(BRAZIL)

Issue of £15,000,000 Sterling Five Per Cent. Treasury Bonds, 1908

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in carrying out the operation of the Sinking Fund of the above Loan £730,000 of these Bonds have been drawn by Lot for payment on January 1st, 1911.

Below are given the numbers of drawn bonds which were offered for subscription in the United States. Holders of bonds of this issue, not signed by the National City Bank of New York as Agent for the Loan, may advise us of the numbers of their bonds, and we will notify them promptly if they have been drawn for payment.

The National City Bank of New York

£1,000 BONDS.

430425 430438 430444

£500 BONDS.

429414 429457 429482
429416 429473 429489
429430 429476

£200 BONDS.

416794 417747 419409 420635 422276 424476
416819 417766 419453 420643 422287 424496
416839 417784 419460 420779 422294 424498
416844 417837 419466 420786 422316 424550
416925 417850 419491 420812 422342 424553
416937 417878 419604 420852 422352 424573
416950 417928 419607 420900 422387 424650
416965 417968 419608 420911 422403 424670
416979 417974 419613 420918 422424 424674
416985 418179 419637 420953 422431 424678
416990 418273 419663 420970 422696 424782
417028 418274 419761 420978 422701 424788
417046 418445 419855 421034 422723 424818
417057 418465 419865 421051 422724 424823
417068 418473 419866 421065 422725 424852
417095 418517 419874 421113 422946 424863
417119 418610 419885 421148 423253 424868
417188 418613 419889 421210 423320 424886
417191 418618 419931 421243 423369 424899
417204 418626 419957 421250 423554 424901
417214 418631 419960 421256 423575 424934
417231 418649 419964 421261 423582 424940
417235 418651 419993 421274 423586 424954
417263 418653 420018 421307 423647 424955
417276 418654 420024 421334 423693 424979
417281 418688 420027 421363 423726 424986
417306 418697 420033 421393 423756 425069
417315 418698 420036 421428 423773 425090
417317 418740 420037 421498 423778 425101
417342 418752 420044 421519 423781 425122
417366 418772 420046 421567 423787 425181
417380 418837 420070 421633 423803 425187
417385 418844 420075 421638 423806 425199
417390 418872 420077 421676 423837 425213
417392 418876 420102 421678 423838 425226
417407 418887 420125 421742 423899 425235
417422 418917 420162 421750 423903 425267
417449 418936 420212 421751 423912 425284
417459 418938 420218 421777 423915 425328
417460 418973 420233 421785 424035 425334
417461 418989 420284 421797 424043 425354
417474 419012 420336 421800 424046 425357
417515 419016 420339 421959 424116 425379
417517 419032 420449 421975 424156 425410
417637 419067 420461 422076 424178 425421
417640 419107 420474 422099 424183 425445
417653 419111 420561 422111 424199 425474
417669 419143 420599 422147 424214 425475
417705 419164 420605 422191 424228 425524
417720 419195 420607 422194 424239 425576
417721 419197 420624 422266 424445 425582
417742 419215 420632 422270 424452 425583
417745

£100 BONDS.

407636 407706 407865 407914 407970 408078
407672 407733 407867 407917 407982
407704 407850 407900 407957 408071

£50 BONDS.

383090 383165 383197 383363 383396
383152 383174 383330 383375 383441
383164 383180 383342 383378 383571

£20 BONDS.

300130 300368 300598 300841 300870 300877
300229 300579 300613 300842 300873 300878
300250 300580 300622 300843 300876 300879
300985

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

CERTIFICATE OF RENEWAL AND CONTINUANCE OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP.—We, S. READING BERTRON, RODMAN E. GRISCOM, JOHN S. JENKS, Jr., MARSHALL J. DODGE, MURRAY W. DODGE, WILLIAM LORD SEXTON, and RICHARD S. STORRS, all persons of full age, having heretofore, pursuant to the provisions of the statutes of the State of New York, formed a limited partnership which will expire on the first day of January, 1911, and desiring to renew and continue the said limited partnership beyond the time fixed for its duration as aforesaid, to the first day of January, 1912, do hereby renew and continue said limited partnership to the said first day of January, 1912, and do hereby certify as follows:

FIRST: That the name of the firm under which said partnership is to be conducted as so renewed and continued, is BERTRON, GRISCOM & JENKS, and the county wherein the principal place of business is to be located is the County of New York.

SECOND: That the general nature of the business intended to be transacted by such partnership as so renewed and continued, is a general brokerage and commission business and dealing in moneys, stocks, bonds, governmental, municipal, and other securities and properties.

THIRD: That the names of all the general and special partners interested in said partnership as so renewed and continued, and their respective places of residence, are as follows: S. Reading Bertron, residing at No. 46 West 54th Street, in the City of New York, State of New York; Rodman E. Griscom, residing at Haverford, in the County of Montgomery, State of Pennsylvania; John S. Jenks, Jr., residing at Chestnut Hill, in the City of Philadelphia, County of Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania; Marshall J. Dodge, residing at Lawrence, in the County of Nassau, State of New York; Murray W. Dodge, residing at No. 116 East 55th Street, in the City of New York, State of New York; William Lord Sexton, residing at Chestnut Hill, in the City of Philadelphia, County of Philadelphia, State of Pennsylvania, are the general partners; and Richard S. Storrs, residing in the City of Orange, County of Essex, State of New Jersey, is the special partner. All of said persons are of full age.

FOURTH: That the amount of capital which the said Richard S. Storrs, the special partner, has contributed to the common stock in cash is the sum of Twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000.)

FIFTH: That the time at which the renewal of said partnership is to begin is the first day of January, 1911, and the time at which it is to terminate is the first day of January, 1912.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we have hereunto set our hands and seals this twenty-seventh day of December, one thousand nine hundred and ten.

S. READING BERTRON, (Seal.)
RODMAN E. GRISCOM, (Seal.)
JOHN S. JENKS, Jr., (Seal.)
MARSHALL J. DODGE, (Seal.)
MURRAY W. DODGE, (Seal.)
WILLIAM LORD SEXTON, (Seal.)
RICHARD S. STORRS, (Seal)

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
On this twenty-ninth day of December, in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten, before me personally appeared S. READING BERTRON, RODMAN E. GRISCOM, JOHN S. JENKS, Jr., MARSHALL J. DODGE, and MURRAY W. DODGE, to me known and known to me to be five of the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and severally acknowledge to me that they executed the same.
WM. E. CONLEY,
(Seal) Notary Public, N. Y. Co.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
On this twenty-seventh day of December, in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten, before me personally appeared RICHARD S. STORRS, to me known and known to me to be one of the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and duly acknowledged to me that he executed the same.
WM. E. CONLEY,
(Seal) Notary Public, N. Y. Co.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
On this 29th day of December, in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten, before me personally appeared WILLIAM LORD SEXTON, to me known and known to me to be one of the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and duly acknowledged to me that he executed the same.
MAURICE J. PHELAN,
(Seal) Notary Public, New York Co.
Notarial No. 147. N. Y. Register No. 1,157.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
MARSHALL J. DODGE, being duly sworn, says that he is one of the general partners named in the foregoing certificate. That the sum specified in the said certificate to have been contributed to the common stock by the special partner therein named, to wit: the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, has been actually and in good faith paid in cash to the said common stock by said special partner.
MARSHALL J. DODGE.
Sworn to before me this 29th day of December, 1910.
WM. E. CONLEY, Notary Public,
(Seal) N. Y. Co.

PROPOSALS.

ARMY BUILDING, NEW YORK CITY, N. Y., December 30, 1910.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 1:30 P. M., January 20, 1911, for electric freight and passenger cars. Information on application. Time of delivery will be considered in making award. Envelopes containing proposals to be marked "Proposals for Electric Cars," to be opened January 20, 1911," and addressed to M. Gray Zalinski, Deputy Q. M. General, U. S. A., Depot Q. M.

FOOD EXPORTS LESS; MANUFACTURES GAIN

Former Decline Over $20,000,000 in Eleven Months—Latter May Show $100,000,000 Year's Gain.

CRUDE IMPORTS INCREASE

Their Value for Eleven Months Totals $493,000,000, or $19,000,000 More Than Last Year—Decline in November.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The decline in foodstuffs and the increase of manufactures exported from the United States during the year about to end is again apparent in the November trade statements issued by the Bureau of Statistics.

Foodstuffs in a crude condition exported in November amounted to but about $9,500,000 in value, against $14,250,000 in the same month of last year. In the eleven months ended with November they amounted to $79,500,000 against $102,333,000 in the same months of last year. Foodstuffs, partly or wholly manufactured, show a slight decline both in November and in the eleven months. Crude materials for use in manufacturing gained slightly in both periods.

Partly manufactured exports amounted to $24,750,000 in value in November against $21,500,000 in that month last year, while the eleven months show a gain of $30,000,000 when compared with last year. Manufactures ready for consumption were exported in November to the value of $46,333,000 against $40,000,000 in November, 1909, and for the eleven months were $493,750,000, against $427,000,000 the preceding year. The total value of the two groups of manufactures exported for the full year will probably amount to about $820,000,000, an increase of approximately $100,000,000 over last year, and by far the largest value of manufactures ever exported in one year.

There is a decline in crude materials imported in November, when their value was $41,500,000 against $48,500,000 in that month of last year. For the eleven months, however, they reach a value of $493,000,000 against $474,000,000 in the corresponding period in 1909, an increase of $19,000,000.

The following table shows the imports and exports by groups for the two periods, compared with the corresponding period of last year:

IMPORTS—NOVEMBER.

	1909.	1910.
Foodstuffs in crude condition	$20,688,080	$15,878,054
Foodstuffs, partly or wholly manufact'd.	9,737,449	12,027,587
Crude materials for use in manufacturing	48,695,476	41,572,394
Part manufactures..	26,570,338	25,171,349
Manufactures ready for consumption...	33,591,360	34,175,506
Miscellaneous	1,226,070	1,354,103
Total imports....	$140,508,773	$130,178,993

EXPORTS—NOVEMBER.

	1909	1910.
Foodstuffs in crude condition	$14,297,989	$9,531,563
Foodstuffs, partly or wholly manufact'd.	26,279,445	25,481,149
Crude materials.....	88,499,795	97,335,093
Part manufactures..	21,579,675	24,700,883
Manufactures ready for consumption...	40,062,889	46,358,156
Miscellaneous	981,904	746,432
Total domestic exports	$191,701,697	$204,153,276
Foreign merchandise exported	2,296,981	2,472,101
Total exports.....	$193,998,678	$206,625,377

IMPORTS FOR THE ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING WITH NOVEMBER.

	1909.	1910.
Foodstuffs in crude condition	$154,125,068	$134,069,394
Foodstuffs, partly or wholly manufact'd.	155,008,167	181,142,965
Crude materials for use in manufacturing	474,013,256	493,178,312
Part manufactures.	232,999,753	262,460,485
Manufactures ready for consumption....	310,824,978	344,473,206
Miscellaneous	9,805,258	11,263,371
Total imports....	$1,336,776,480	$1,426,587,733

EXPORTS FOR THE ELEVEN MONTHS ENDING WITH NOVEMBER.

	1909.	1910.
Foodstuffs in crude condition	$102,364,297	$79,661,541
Foodstuffs, partly or wholly manufact'd.	256,470,052	228,383,632
Crude materials.....	509,220,441	534,025,944
Part manufactures...	228,826,594	259,043,038
Manufactures ready for consumption...	427,168,406	493,792,961
Miscellaneous	6,979,380	7,517,205
Total domestic exports	$1,531,029,170	$1,602,424,321
Foreign merchandise exported	24,691,761	34,836,900
Total exports.....	$1,555,720,931	$1,637,261,221

FRANCE NEEDS HER GOLD.

With Bad Home Crops, Cereals from Abroad Must Be Paid For.

PARIS, Dec. 30.—An official statement from the Bank of France to-day explains that the institution's suspension of the sale of gold was in no wise directed against America, but was a measure for the protection of the bank's gold reserve owing to the demands produced as a result of bad crops in France, which necessitated the purchase of foreign cereals.

"Since November," said an officer of the bank, "the Bank of France has declined to furnish gold. We refused Germany and Austria, and a few days ago Holland. Our gold reserve stands 216,000,000f below that of a year ago. France is now purchasing large quantities of cereals from the Balkans, Russia, and America to supply the French deficit, and for that purpose gold is needed."

This official explained also that the bank has now discontinued buying English paper for its "foreign portfolio," but for a different reason, namely that the rate of discount made it unprofitable.

NEW BRONX GAS BONDS.

Bronx Gas & Electric Co. Gets Leave to Issue $154,000 Fives.

The Public Service Commission has granted permission to the Bronx Gas and Electric Company to issue $154,000 worth of 5 per cent. mortgage bonds. The purposes for which the issue was asked are:

For acquisition of property for the electric department, $45,420.

For construction and extension of facilities of the gas department, $40,601.

To discharge or refund to the amount of $28,818.50 a note of the face amount of $30,000 to the Mount Morris Bank, bearing date Oct. 4, 1910, $28,818.50.

For reimbursement of moneys actually expended from income between June 30, 1909, and Dec. 31, 1910, for the acquisition of property and the construction, completion, extension, and improvement of plant and system, $31,460.50.

To pay expense of the sale of bonds hereby authorized and to make up the discount or deficiency, if any, in the amount realized from sale to net not less than 95 per cent. of par of the bonds sold, $7,700.

A $25,000,000 MORTGAGE.

New England Central Gets Authority from Public Service Board.

ALBANY, Dec. 30.—Authorization has been given by the Public Service Commission to the Central New England Railway Company to execute a $25,000,000 mortgage upon its property and franchises. The company is permitted to issue $12,317,000 in bonds, the proceeds to be used to refund certain outstanding obligations of the company.

This action closes a long fight against the plans of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad for the readjustment of the affairs of the Central New England lines. The commission had previously denied authority for the bond issue on the ground that the interests of minority stockholders were not properly safeguarded. After that an agreement among the various interests was reached.

GRANBY MINING CO.'S REPORT

President Luther Looks for a Prosperous New Year.

Stockholders of the Granby Consolidated Mining, Smelting and Power Company, Limited, received yesterday a semi-annual report from President George M. Luther. He speaks of the small dividend paid in December, when disbursements were resumed, as having been justified in the opinion of the Directors, although earnings were small, as the natural result of the operation of the plant at about half capacity. The damage by fire in August has now been repaired, he states, and by Jan. 1 the smelting plant will be running full and "with lower cost per ton of ore than at any previous time."

In conclusion he says: "Everything indicates an energetic and successful campaign during the coming year."

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $33,823,297; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $33,143,182.

The total balance in general fund was $85,591,133.

Ordinary receipts yesterday were $2,119,139, with disbursements of $1,821,305.

The deficit to date this fiscal year is $7,008,045, as against $26,140,025 at this time last year.

These figures exlude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

Bankers Aid Hospital Association.

The fund which is being collected by the Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association was increased yesterday by the leading banking houses in the financial district through an auxiliary of the association made up of bankers and brokers. J. P. Morgan & Co. subscribed $5,000, Kuhn, Loeb & Co. $2,500, and Speyer & Co. $2,500. The association hopes to obtain a fund of $200,000.

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January 8th

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METROPOLITAN HEARING.

Service Commission to Consider the Reorganization Plan on Jan. 11.

The Public Service Commission has fixed Jan. 11 at 2:30 P. M. as the time for the hearing on the proposed plan of reorganization of the Metropolitan Street Railway, filed with the commission on Thursday by the Joint Bondholders' Reorganization Committee, of which Guy E. Tripp is Chairman. Chairman Willcox and Commissioner Maltbie were designated by the commission yesterday to hold the hearing.

The Board of Directors of the Interborough-Metropolitan Company has not yet taken any formal action to determine whether or not the company will participate in the plan of reorganization or allow its interest in the surface lines to lapse. It was pointed out, however, that only through taking up its proportion of the new securities can the Interborough-Metropolitan make up the loss it suffered in the Metropolitan Street Railway.

The participation of the Interborough-Metropolitan is not, however, in any sense regarded as essential to the success of the proposed plan for the reason that it is fully expected that the committee can arrange for the underwriting of the new bonds and stock for which the stock of the Metropolitan Street Railway, upon the payment of an assessment, is exchangeable under the plan. It was said yesterday that no underwriting syndicate had yet been formed.

The reports that the firm of Stone & Webster, specialists in traction properties, with which Mr. Tripp is associated, had been asked to look after the operation of the new company, and that this firm would finance the cash requirements of the plan to the extent to which this might not be done by the Metropolitan Sreet Railway stockholders, were pronounced premature.

NEW NAMES IN OLD FIRMS.

Also One New Stock Exchange House Announced for the New Year.

A number of changes in the personnel of Stock Exchange houses were made known yesterday, and the formation of one new firm was announced. The new partnership is to be called Hirsch, Lillienthal & Co., and will open offices at 115 Broadway on Jan. 3. The partners are Charles S. Hirsch and Joseph L. Lillienthal, both members of the Stock Exchange.

One of the changes made known was the decision of the old-established banking house of N. W. Harris & Co. to change its name in New York to Harris, Forbes & Co. after Jan. 1. The membership of the firm remains the same. Allen B. Forbes, whose name will appear with that of Mr. Harris in the firm's title, has been associated with N. W. Harris & Co. in an important capacity for twenty years, and has been the managing partner of the New York office for the last decade. The other partners resident in New York are Arthur M. Harris, Lloyd W. Smith, Everett B. Sweezy, and Charles W. Beall.

Isaac Starr, Jr., & Co. of Philadelphia will close their New York office after Dec. 31, when Sir Arthur Elliott, the New York partner, retires from the firm to become associated with Raymond, Pynchon & Co. He will spend several months of each year in the London offices of that firm.

George P. Fogg of Boston will be admitted to membership in the Stock Exchange firm of R. L. Day & Co. on Jan. 2.

Charles S. Phillips will retire from general partnership in the Stock Exchange firm of C. D. Barney & Co. on Jan. 1, but will remain with the firm as a special partner.

NEW HAVEN STOCK OFFER.

Road Arranging to Sell $5,000,000 Preferred of Boston Holding Company.

The New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, it was learned yesterday, is arranging wtih a banking group, headed by J. P. Morgan & Co., for the sale of part of the Boston Railroad Holding Company preferred stock which is held by the New Haven Road. According to report, the amount of this stock which the New Haven now proposes to sell is in the neighborhood of $5,000,000, or about one-quarter of its total holdings. No statement on the matter, however, could be had from the bankers concerned.

The Boston Holding Company was organized under a special act of the Massachusetts Legislature as a vehicle for the control of the Boston & Maine by the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, whose earlier effort to control the Boston & Maine by direct ownership of stock aroused such opposition that the plan had to be abandoned. Application for permission to issue the preferred stock, part of which it is now proposed to sell, was made to the Massachusetts authorities last September. This stock is to take the place of an equal amount of Boston Railroad Holding Company 4 per cent. bonds, which were originally issued in connection with the acquisition by the company of a majority of the Bostotn & Maine stock. The preferred stock is secured by an equal amount of Boston & Maine stock, and the dividends are guaranteed by the New Haven Road.

CONDITIONS OF TRADE.

Commenting on business conditions during the week Dun's Review says:

After a satisfactory retail holiday trade, business in nearly all branches is quiet, with the usual end of the year adjustments. The outlook, while not as promising for immediate activity as might be desired, contains, none the less, many elements of strength. There is an absence of demoralizing speculation and of overstocked shelves in all mercantile lines, while the agricultural prosperity of the past year and the general feeling of conservative confidence make conditions better than the trade statistics indicate.

Winter wheat conditions are described as satisfactory, particularly as there has been rainfall in the Southwest. Bank clearings last week outside of New York declined 4.6 per cent., as compared with 1909, and 10.6 per cent. as compared with 1906. In New York, where the totals are most affected by the speculative transactions, the falling off was 25 per cent. and 31.4 per cent., respectively.

Gross railroad earnings, on the other hand, continue to show moderate gains over last year, the increase for three weeks of December being 7.3 per cent. Foreign commerc at New York in the latest week aggregated $25,71,451, against $31,993,924 in 1909 and $27,270,608 in 1908. Imports were $16,517,503, or $7,315,554 in excess of the exports.

Bradstreet's says:

Post-holiday quiet rules in general trade and industry, and wholesale and retail business and manufacturing operations all alike feel the effects of year-end inventory operations, preparation of samples for Spring trade, and cleaning up of stocks preliminary and incident to the end of the year. From retailers generally the reports are of a good, though not in all cases, record volume of holiday trade.

Best reports as to trade generally come from markets which have realized from free marketing of agricultural products, while less unanimity in these reports is visible from industrial centres, which have felt some effects proceeding from curtailment of production. Taking sections as a whole, the South sends especially good reports, due to good prices realized from cotton. Reports for the week as to collections are also best from the larger Western centres and the South. Some Western points note the effect of less satisfactory prices secured by farmers for their cereal crops and assign the slowness of collections in part to holding of crops by farmers.

One of the really new and important features of the week, because of the effect on the Fall-sown Winter wheat crop, is the reported breaking of the drought in the West and Southwest by either snow or rains. It is impossible to estimate effects so far as the more Northern States are concerned, but reports from Oklahoma and Texas indicate that the heavy rainfall has been of benefit to the soil and, in turn, likely to help the crop.

DIVIDENDS.

THE Chatham National Bank

160TH DIVIDEND.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of four per cent. from the earnings of the past three months, and an extra dividend of four per cent. out of the earnings of the year, payable January 3d, 1911, to stockholders of record at close of business December 23d, 1910. Transfer books will be closed from the 24th to 31st inst., both inclusive.

W. H. STRAWN, Cashier.

New York, December 16th, 1910.

E. W. BLISS COMPANY,
Borough of Brooklyn, N. Y., Dec. 28, 1910.
73d Consecutive Dividend.

The Directors of this company have this day declared a quarterly dividend of two and one-half per cent. (2½%) on the common stock and two per cent. (2%) on the preferred stock of the company, payable Jan. 3, 1911, to stockholders of record on Dec. 28. Transfer books will be closed Dec. 29 to 31st, inclusive.

HOWARD C. SEAMAN, Secretary and Treasurer.

DIVIDENDS. DIVIDENDS.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY

26 BROAD STREET

COUPONS DUE AT THIS OFFICE ON AND AFTER JAN. 1, 1911

Ashland Waterworks Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
Athens Terminal Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
Auburn Gas Co. 1st Mtge. Skg. Fd. 5s
Bronx Gas & Electric Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
Central Market St. Ry. Co. 1st S. F. 5s
Citizens Gas & Electric Co. of Council Bluffs 1st Mtge. 5s
City of Galveston, Texas
City of Pullman, Wash., Funding 6s
City of Rome, Ga., Renewal or Refunding Mtge. 4½s
City of Sedalia, Mo., Ref'g 4½s
Citizens Gas & Fuel Co. of Terre Haute, Ind., 1st Ref'g 5s
City Water Co. of Maryville 1st Mtge. 5s
Clinchfield Coal Co. 1st 5s
Consolidated Gas, Electric Lt. & Power Co. of Balt. 3-Yr. 5% Notes
East Hampton Electric Light Co. 6s
East Ohio Gas Co. 1st Mtge. S. F. 5s
Edison Elec. Lt. & Pwr. Co., Erie, Pa., 1st 6s
Equitable Illuminating Gas Light Co. of Phila., Pa., 1st Mtge. 5s
Erie County Electric Co. 1st Mtge. 4s
Florida Publishing Co. 1st Mtge. 6s
Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville R. R. Co. Gen. Ref'g 4s
Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville R. R. Co. 1st Cons. Ref'g 4½s
Franklin County, N. C., Fdg. Bds. of 1901
Globe Street Railway Co., Debt. 5s
Greenwich Tramway Co. 1st 5s
Hackensack Water Co. 1st 4s
Herkimer County Lt. & Pwr. Co. 1st 5s
Indianapolis Water Co. Gen'l Mtge. 4½s & 5s
Jonesville, S. C., Sch'l Dist. 5½s
Kan. City & Westport Belt Ry. Co. 1st 5s
Kan. City So. Ry. Co. Ref. & Imp. 5s
Kootenai County, Idaho, Fdg. Bonds 6%
Lincoln Traction Co. (New) Gold 5s
Lincoln Traction Co. (Old) Gold 5s
Lockport Light, Heat & Power Co. 1st Mtge. Ref'g 5s
Macon, Dublin & Savan., R. R. 1st 5s
Mahoning & Shenango Ry. & Lt. Co. 1st Cons. Ref'g 5s
National Conduit & Cable Co. 1st 5s
New London Steamboat Co. 1st 6s
New Orleans City & Lake R. R. Co. 1st 5s
New Orleans City R. R. Co. Gen. 5s
New Orleans Ry. & Lt. Co. Gen. 4½s
N. Y. & Westchester Ltg. Co. Gen.
Northport Waterworks Co. 1st 4½s
Norwich Gas & Electric Co. 1st 5s
Paducah City Railway 1st Cons. 5s
Peace R. Phosphate Min. Co. 1st Con. 6s
Pine Bluff Corporation, The, Gold 5s
Plattsburgh Traction Co. 1st 6s
Pocahontas Cons. Collieries Co., Inc., 50-Yr. 5% Gold
Richmond Lt., Ht. & Pwr. Co. 1st Ref. 5s
St. Lawrence & Adirondack Ry. 1st 5s
Sharon & New Castle Railways Co. 1st Lien S. F. 5s
Somerset County, N. J., Building 4s
Spartanburg Ry., Gas & El. Co. 1st 5s
Spartanburg Ry., Gas & El. Co. 2d 5s
Springf'd Ry. & Lt. Co. 1st L'n Ref. 5s
Tacoma Gas & Electric Co. 1st 5s
Tanana Valley R. R. Co. 8% 3-Yr. Coll. Trust Gold Notes
The Temple Lt. & P. Co. 1st Mtge. 6s
Terminal Warehouse Co. 2nd Mtge. 5s
Tombigbee Val. R. R. Co. Gen. L'n 6s
Tri-State Land Co. Ref'g & Imp't 6s
Underground Elec. Rys. Co. of London, Ltd., 4½% Bds. of 1933
Underwriters Bldg. Co. 1st 5s
Unit. Gas & El. Co. of N. J. 1st Mtge. 5s
Unit. Missouri Riv. Pwr. Co. 6% Notes
Utica Belt Line St. R. R. Co. 2d Mtge. 5s
Utica, Clint. & Bing'ton R. R. Co. Gen. 5s
Virginia Portland Cement Co. 1st 5s
Western N. Y. & Penna. Ry. Co. 1st 5s
Worcester & Conn. East Ry. Co. 1st 4½s
Yakima County, Wash., S. D. No. 2
Youngst'n-Sharon Ry. & Lt. Co. 1st S. F. 5s

DUE JANUARY 2, 1911.

City of Oregon, Mo., W. W. & E. L. 5s

DUE JANUARY 14, 1911.

Wladikawkas Ry. Co. (Russia) 4s

DUE JANUARY 15, 1911.

Fayette-Kanawha Mining Co. 1st 6s

The United States Finishing Company.
320 Broadway, New York, December 15, 1910.

Coupons No. 13, due January 1, 1911, on consolidated mortgage 5% gold bonds of this Company will be paid at the office of The Trust Company of America, 37 Wall Street, New York City.

Coupons No. 19, due January 1, 1911, on first mortgage 5% bonds of THE STERLING DYEING & FINISHING COMPANY will be paid at the office of The Trust Company of America, 37 Wall Street, New York City.

F. S. JEROME, Treasurer.

The United States Finishing Company.
320 Broadway, New York, December 15, 1910.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 46.

The Board of Directors have this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. (1¾%) upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable January 2, 1911, to Stockholders of record at the close of business December 21, 1910.

COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 8.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of one per cent. (1%) upon the Common Stock of this Company, payable January 2, 1911, to Stockholders of record at the close of business December 21, 1910.

F. S. JEROME, Treasurer.

The Battery Park National Bank of New York.

New York, December 22d, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of Three Per Cent. on the Capital Stock of this Bank, payable January 3d, 1911, to stockholders of record at close of business December 22d, 1910.

EDWIN B. DAY, Cashier.

OFFICE OF
VIRGINIA-CAROLINA CHEMICAL CO.,
Richmond, Va., December 13, 1910.
DIVIDEND NO. 61.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of Two (2%) Per Cent., the same being consecutive quarterly dividend No. 61, on the Preferred Stock of this company, payable January 16, 1911, when checks will be mailed to all preferred stockholders of record at the close of business on December 31, 1910. The Preferred Stock books will be closed from 12 M. on Saturday, Dec. 31, 1910, to 10 A. M. Monday, January 16, 1911.

S. W. TRAVERS, Treasurer.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.
OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
New York, December 8th, 1910.

The Seventieth semi-annual DIVIDEND OF THREE PER CENT. (3%) on the capital stock of the Company has this day been declared out of the earnings by the Board of Directors, payable January 3d, 1911, to the stockholders of record at 12:00 M., December 20th, 1910.

The Stock transfer books of the Company will be closed from 12:00 M., December 20th, 1910, to 10:00 A. M., January 3d, 1911, inclusive.

E. E. PALEN, Secretary.

Detroit & Mackinac Railway Company.
40 Wall Street, N. Y. City, Nov. 28th, 1910.

A dividend of Two and One-half Per Cent. (2½%) on the Preferred stock and a dividend of Two and One-half Per Cent. (2½%) on the Common stock of this Company, have this day been declared, payable January 3d, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business on December 15th, 1910. The stock transfer books of the Company will close December 15th, 1910, and reopen January 5th, 1911.

C. B. COLEBROOK, Treasurer.

The German Exchange Bank

New York, Dec. 16th, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of TEN (10%) PER CENT., free from tax, payable on and after January 3d, 1911. The transfer books will remain closed from Dec. 17th, 1910, until January 3d, 1911, inclusive.

EDMUND F. SWANBERG, Cashier.

GARFIELD NATIONAL BANK,
Fifth Avenue & Twenty-third St.,
New York, December 21, 1910.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a Quarterly Dividend of THREE PER CENT. upon the Capital Stock of this bank was declared, payable free of tax, on and after December 31, 1910.

The Transfer books will be closed until Tuesday, January 3, 1911.

W. L. DOUGLASS, Cashier.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.
Jersey City, N. J., December 8, 1910.

A dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid to the registered holders on the 2d day of January, 1911. Transfer books will be closed on the 13th inst., and will be reopened January 3, 1911.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

Ferrocarriles Nacionales de Mexico.
(National Railways of Mexico.)

Coupons due January 1st, 1911, from the Prior Lien Mortgage 4½% Gold Bonds of this Company will be paid on and after that date upon presentation at the office of the Company,

No. 25 Broad Street, New York.

F. M. SOUTHER, Assistant Treasurer.

December 15, 1910.

Merchants Exchange National Bank of the City of New York.
Dec. 20, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of THREE PER CENT., free of tax, payable on and after January 3, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 22, 1910.

E. V. GAMBIER, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED GAS IMPROVEMENT Company, N. W. Corner Broad and Arch Sts. Philadelphia, Dec. 14, 1910.

The Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. ($1 Per Share), payable January 14, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 31, 1910. Checks will be mailed.

LEWIS LILLIE, Treasurer.

YORKVILLE BANK,
New York, Dec. 19th, 1910.

The Board of Directors has declared a semi-annual dividend of ten per cent., payable on December 31st to shareholders of record. Transfer books will be closed from December 21st until January 11th, 1911.

WM. L. FRANKENBACH, Cashier.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY,
51 Wall Street, New York City.

The Board of Directors of this Company has declared the regular semi-annual dividend of Four Per Cent. (4%) on the Common Stock of the Company, payable January 3, 1911, to Stockholders of record at close of business December 27, 1910.

CHARLES B. POND, Treasurer.

FOUNDED 1803

215th Consecutive Semi-Annual Dividend THE MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK

of the City of New York.

Dec. 22, 1910.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (3½%), free of tax, payable January 3, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business this day.

JOSEPH BYRNE, Cashier.

254th Consecutive Semi-Annual Dividend

ESTABLISHED 1784

The Bank of New York

National Banking Association

New York, Dec. 20th, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Seven (7%) per cent., payable on and after January 3rd, 1911.

The transfer books will remain closed from Dec. 23rd, 1910, to Jan. 3rd, 1911.

CHAS. OLNEY, Cashier.

Aetna National Bank

Mattlage Building,
Greenwich and Warren Streets.
New York, Dec. 27, 1910.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of 2 per cent. on the capital stock of this bank, payable on Jan. 3, 1911, to stockholders appearing of record on the books of said bank on this date.

E. V. CONNOLLY, Cashier.

209th DIVIDEND.

CHARTERED 1799.
BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY.
New York, December 19th, 1910.

The President and Directors of the Manhattan Company have declared a dividend of eight per cent., free from tax, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on and after January 3rd, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 28th, 1910. Transfer books will remain closed until January 3rd, 1911.

D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

East River National Bank.
New York, December 20, 1910.

A semi-annual dividend of Three Per Cent. has this day been declared by the Board of Directors of this Bank, payable on and after Tuesday, January 3, 1911. Transfer books will remain closed from this date until Thursday, January 5, 1911.

Z. E. NEWELL, Cashier.

ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
Alantic Building,
NOS. 49 AND 51 WALL STREET.
New York, Dec. 23, 1910.

The transfer books of this company will be closed from January 1st, 1911, to February 7th, 1911, inclusive.

G. STANTON FLOYD-JONES, Secretary.

PITTSBURGH COAL COMPANY.
Pittsburgh, Penn., December 28, 1910.

DIVIDEND—The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of one and one-quarter (1¼) per cent. on the preferred stock out of the earnings, payable January 25th, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 14th, 1911.

F. J. LeMOYNE, Secretary.

The Fourth National Bank of the City of New York.
New York, Dec. 20, 1910.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of TWO PER CENT., free from tax, payable on and after Jan. 1st, proximo.

The transfer books will close at 3 P. M. this date, reopening Jan. 3, 1911.

DANIEL J. ROGERS, Cashier.

THE BANK OF AMERICA.
New York, December 20th, 1910.

The Board of Directors have to-day declared a semi-annual dividend of Thirteen (13) Per Cent., free of tax, payable January 3rd, 1911, to stockholders of record of this date.

The transfer books will remain closed until January 4th, 1911.

W. M. BENNET, Cashier.

The Market and Fulton National Bank.
New York, December 20, 1910.

A QUARTERLY dividend of Three Per Cent. upon the capital stock of this bank has been declared, payable, free of tax, on and after January 3d, 1911. The transfer books will remain closed from December 24th, 1910, until January 3d, 1911.

T. J. STEVENS, Cashier.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
New York, December 23, 1910.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of FOUR PER CENT., free of tax, payable on and after January 3d, 1911. The transfer books will remain closed until that date.

ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

DETROIT UNITED RAILWAY.

Coupons due January 1, 1911, from Detroit United Railway First Consolidated Mortgage 4½% Gold Bonds will be paid on and after that date on presentation at the office of the Agents, Bank of Montreal, 64 Wall St., New York.

G. H. RUSSEL, Treasurer.

New York and Cuba Mail Steamship Company.

Coupons due January 1st, 1911, of the bonds of the above-named company will be paid at maturity upon presentation at The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company.

WILLIAM D. MACY, Assistant Treasurer.

CENTRAL UNION GAS COMPANY.

The coupons on the First Mortgage Bonds of this Company due January 1st, 1911, will be paid by H. B. Hollins & Co., 15 Wall St., New York City.

PHILIP J. SCHNEIDER, Treasurer.

December 28th, 1910.

DIVIDENDS.

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
16, 18, 20 and 22 William Street, New York City.

COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS DUE IN JANUARY ARE PAYABLE AT THIS OFFICE ON AND AFTER JANUARY 1ST, 1911, AS FOLLOWS:

Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic R. R. } Receivers' Certificates.
Georgia Terminal Co. } Receivers' Certificates.
Alabama Ter. Rwy. Co. } Receivers' Certificates.
Alabama Great Southern R. R.
American Water Supply Company of Kankakee
Anderson Electric Street Railway Company
Akron Water Works Company
Albion Water Works Co.
Athens Railway & Electric Co.
Bismarck Water Supply Company
Butler Water Company
Burbank Power & Water Company
Butler Water, Light & Power Co.
Central Brewing Company
Caro Water Works Company
Consolidated Street Railway Company (Memphis)
Commercial Cable Company
Consumers Park Brewing Company
Constitution Publishing Company
Dayton Union Railway Company
Durham & Southern Railway Company
East Greenwich Water Supply Company
East St. Louis City Water Company
El Paso & Southwestern Railroad Company
Ellsworth Collieries Company (Bonds)
Fleischman Realty & Construction Company
Hampshire Southern Railroad Company
Herkimer, Mohawk, Ilion & Frankfort Electric Railway Co.
Ithaca Street Railway Company
Iowa City Water Company
Keokuk Water Works Company
Kinney Steamship Co. (Str. J. S. Ashley)
Kokomo Water Works Company
La Crosse, City of
Lake Superior & Ishpeming Railway Company
Lake Superior & Ishpeming Railway Company (called bonds)
Mobile & Ohio Railroad Company, Extension 1st Mortgage
Mobile Light & Railroad Company
Mosler Safe Company
National Starch Company
New Orleans & Northeastern Railroad Company
Newcastle & Shenango Valley Railroad Company
New York & Cuba Mail S. S. Co. 1st 5%
Olean, City of
Omaha Water Company
Orange County Lighting Company, 6%
Pennsylvania & Mayland St. Rwy.
Portsmouth & Suffolk Water Company
Red River Valley Company
Richmond Beach & Railway Company
St. Louis & Cairo Railroad Company
South Yuba Water Company, Consolidated Mortgage
Santa Lucia Company
Tarboro Cotton Factory
Terre Haute & Indianapolis Railroad Company
Toledo, Walhonding Valley & Ohio Railroad Company
Temple Electric Light Company
Third Avenue R. R. Co. 5%
Union Utilities Co.
Union Depot Company, Columbus, Ohio
Vanderburgh County, Indiana
Watkins, Jabez B.
Warren Water Company
Wayne Cotton Mills
Washington Water Power Company

JANUARY 2ND, 1911.

Chattanooga City Water Company
County of Vanderburgh, Indiana
East St. Louis & Granite City Water Company

JANUARY 15TH, 1911.

Louisiana Water Company
Minneapolis, Lyndale & Minnetonka Railway Company & Minneapolis Street Railway Company
St. Paul City Railway Company

JANUARY 20TH, 1911.

Pekin Water Works Co.

JANUARY 31ST, 1911.

Parsons Water Supply & Power Company

DIVIDENDS.

JANUARY 2ND, 1911.

Twin City Rapid Transit Company, preferred
Twin City Rapid Transit Company, common
Duluth Superior Traction Company, preferred
Duluth Superior Traction Company, common

JANUARY 5TH, 1911.

Detroit, Hillsdale & Southwestern R. R. Company

JANUARY 25TH, 1911.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway, preferred
Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway, common

The Peoples Bank of the City of New York.
Dec. 22d, 1910.

One Hundred and Nineteenth Consecutive Semi-Annual Dividend.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Five Per Cent. and an extra dividend of 2½% out of the earnings of the past six months, payable on and after January 3d, 1911. The transfer books will be closed on the 24th inst. at 12 M. and reopened January 3d, 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M.

WILLIAM MILNE, Cashier.

WELLS FARGO & COMPANY,
51 Broadway.
New York, Dec. 22, 1910.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. upon the capital stock of this Company has been declared payable Jan'y 16, 1911, at the office of the Company to stockholders of record at the close of business Jan'y 5, 1911.

The transfer books will close on Jan'y 5, 1911, at 3 P. M., and reopen at the opening of business January 17, 1911.

A. W. ZIMMERMANN, Secretary and Treasurer.

Bangor & Aroostook Railroad Co.

First Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds.

Coupon No. 36, due January 1, 1911, on the First Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds of this company, will be paid upon presentation on and after January 1, 1911, at the office of the **Guaranty Trust Co., of New York, 28 Nassau St., New York.** EDWARD STETSON, Treasurer.

Bangor, Me., Dec. 20, 1910.

Bangor & Aroostook Railroad Co.

Second Mortgage Bonds.

Coupon No. 31, due January 1, 1911, from the Second Mortgage 5% Bonds of this Company will be paid upon presentation on and after January 1, 1911, at the office of the **Guaranty Trust Co., of New York, 28 Nassau St., New York.** EDWARD STETSON, Treasurer.

Bangor, Me., Dec. 20, 1910.

Bangor & Aroostook Railroad Co.

Consolidated Refunding Mortgage 4% Bonds.

Coupon No. 19, due January 1, 1911, from the Consolidated Refunding 4% Bonds of this Company will be paid upon presentation on and after January 1, 1911, at the offices of **Messrs. Lee, Higginson & Co., 44 State St., Boston.** EDWARD STETSON, Treasurer.

Bangor, Me., Dec. 20, 1910.

National Railroad Co. of Mexico.
25 Broad Street, New York.

Coupons due January 1st, 1911, from the Prior Lien Mortgage 4½% Gold Bonds of this Company will be paid on and after that date upon presentation at the office of the Company,

NO. 25 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,

F. M. SOUTHER, Assistant Treasurer.

December 29, 1910.

The National Butchers & Drovers' Bank.
New York, December 22d, 1910.

The Board of Directors of this Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of three (3) per cent., free of tax, payable on and after January 3d, 1911. The transfer books will be closed from December 22d, 1910, until January 3d, 1911.

WM. H. CHASE, Cashier.

The Reece Button Hole Machine Company.
DIVIDEND NO. 99.

A quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. has been declared, payable January 16, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 5, 1911.

FRANCIS A. SHEA, President.

Boston, Dec. 30, 1910.

REECE FOLDING MACHINE COMPANY.
DIVIDEND NO. 7.

A quarterly dividend of One Per Cent. has been declared, payable January 16, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 5, 1911.

FRANCIS A. SHEA, President.

Boston, Dec. 30, 1910.

The International Button Hole Sewing Machine Company.
DIVIDEND NO. 53.

A quarterly dividend of One Per Cent. has been declared, payable January 16, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 5, 1911.

FRANCIS A. SHEA, President.

Boston, Dec. 30, 1910.

Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad Co.

Coupons due January 1, 1911, from Des Moines & Fort Dodge Railroad Company First Mortgage Four Per Cent Bonds will be paid after that date upon presentation at the office of the company, 25 Broad Street, New York.

F. H. DAVIS, Treasurer.

UNITED STATES REDUCTION AND REFINING COMPANY.

Coupon No. 19 of the First Mortgage Bonds of this Company, due January 1st, 1911, will be paid at the office of Messrs. BARUCH BROTHERS, 42 Broadway, New York.

SPENCER PENROSE, Secretary.

Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway.

The coupons due January 1st, 1911, on the Bonds of this Company will be paid at the Hanover National Bank, New York.

J. H. AMBROSE, Treasurer.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

Coupons due January the first, 1911, from State of South Carolina 4½% Blue Bonds, and State of South Carolina 4½% Brown Bonds, will be paid at THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK.

DIVIDENDS.

Rhode Island Suburban Railway Co.

Holders of the January, 1911, coupons of the 4% Gold Mortgage Bonds of the Rhode Island Suburban Railway Co. may present them for payment at the office of Messrs. Clark, Dodge & Co., 51 Wall Street, New York, on and after January 3, 1911. Checks for interest on the registered bonds will be mailed from Providence.

C. A. BABCOCK, Treasurer.

Providence, R. I., Dec. 28, 1910.

LOUISVILLE, HENDERSON & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY COMPANY
First Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds.

Coupons due January 1, 1911, from above bonds will be paid on and after that date on presentation at the office of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company, 71 Broadway, New York City.

L. W. BOTTS, Treasurer.

Louisville, Ky., December 27, 1910.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.
Notice of Annual Meeting.
31 Nassau Street,
New York, December 10, 1910.

To the Shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York:

Notice is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the Shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of Directors to serve the ensuing year will be held at its Banking House, No. 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York, on Tuesday, the 10th day of January, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, on said date. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon till 1 P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.

NEILSON OLCOTT, Cashier.

THE STANDARD TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
25 BROAD STREET.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
New York, December 21, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the Regular Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Standard Trust Company of New York will be held at the office of the Company, No. 25 Broad Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, January 10, 1911, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.

C. M. BILLINGS, Secretary.

THE PLAZA BANK.
New York, December 26th, 1910.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of THE PLAZA BANK will be held at its Banking House, 58th Street and Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 10th day of January, 1911, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of electing fourteen Directors for the ensuing year and three Inspectors of Election to serve at the next Annual Meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Polls will remain open from 12 M. until 1 P. M. Transfer books will be closed from December 29th, 1910, to January 4th, 1911.

E. M. CLARKE, Cashier.

THE MUTUAL BANK,
New York, December 17, 1910.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the Banking House, 43, 45, 47 West 32d St., on Tuesday, the 10th day of January, 1911, between the hours of 3 and 4 P. M.

At this meeting a resolution will be voted upon under Section 50 of the Banking law, fixing the number of Directors at 14.

HUGH N. KIRKLAND, Cashier.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Sunray Electric Lamp Manufacturing Company will be held at the office of the Company, 109 West 42d Street, Manhattan, N. Y., on Monday, Jan. 9th, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. The Stock Transfer books of the company will be closed at 3 P. M. December 31st, 1910, and remain closed until 10 A. M. January 11th, 1911.

Dated Dec. 23, 1910.

ARTHUR T. RUTTER, Secretary.

BROADWAY TRUST COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company for the election of Directors and Inspectors of the next succeeding election will be held at the company's office, No. 754 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City, on Wednesday, January 11th, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon.

Transfer books will close December 31st, 1910, at 3 P. M., and reopen at 10 A. M. January 13th, 1911, at 10 A. M.

JOHN W. H. BERGEN, Secretary.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the stockholders of BARRETTS, PALMER & HEAL DYEING ESTABLISHMENT will be held at the office of the Company, No. 334 Canal Street, New York, N. Y., on Wednesday, January 11th, 1911, at eleven o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

H. B. PALMER, President.

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
45 Wall Street, December 20, 1910.

AN ELECTION for Trustees to supply the places of those whose terms of office expire, and for Inspectors of the next election ensuing thereafter, will be held at the office of the Company on the third day of January next (the first Tuesday) between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

HENRY E. AHERN, Secretary.

IRVING NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK.
New York, December 10th, 1910.

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it, will be held at the banking rooms, No. 92 West Broadway, on Tuesday, January 10th, 1911 at twelve o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 M. to 1 P. M.

HARRY E. WARD, Cashier.

New York Produce Exchange Bank.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of this Bank, for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, including a change in the number of Directors, if thought advisable, will be held in the Banking Room, No. 10 Broadway on Tuesday, January 10th, 1911, at one o'clock P. M.

JOHN R. WOOD, Cashier.

Fourteenth Street Bank in the City of New York,
1 East 14th St.
New York, Dec. 28th, 1910.

The annual election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 10th, 1911, between the hours of 9:30 and 10:30 A. M.

LOUIS V. ENNIS, Cashier.

Central Trust Company of New York,
54 Wall Street.

An election for Six (6) Trustees of this Company of the Class of 1914 and one (1) Trustee to fill a vacancy of the Class of 1912, and for three (3) Inspectors of the next succeeding election, will be held at this office on Thursday, January 12, 1911. Polls open from 12 noon to 1 P. M.

MILTON FERGUSON, Secretary.

BRYANT PARK BANK.
December 10, 1910.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it will be held at the banking house, 122 West 42d Street, on Tuesday, January 10th, 1911. Polls will be open from 1 o'clock to 2 o'clock P. M.

E. F. GIESE, Cashier.

AN ELECTION OF TWENTY MANAGERS of the New York Institution for the Blind and of three Inspectors of election will be held at the Institution, 34th Street and 9th Ave., at four o'clock in the afternoon of Wednesday, January 4th, 1911.

CHARLES H. MARSHALL, Secretary.

The Chatham National Bank.

The Annual Meeting of shareholders of this bank for the election of Directors will be held at the banking house, No. 192 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 10th, 1911. Polls open from 12 noon to 1 P. M.

W. H. STRAWN, Cashier.

New York, December 8th, 1910.

New York, December 2d, 1910.

The annual election of Directors of the MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York will be held at its banking house, No. 42 Wall Street, New York, on Tuesday, January 10th, 1911, from 12 noon to 1 o'clock P. M. By order of the Board of Directors.

JOSEPH BYRNE, Cashier.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
New York, December 10, 1910.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house, Nassau and Pine Streets, Tuesday, January 10th, 1911, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M.

ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

East River National Bank.
New York, December 8, 1910.

An election for Directors of this bank will be held at the banking house, No. 680 Broadway, New York, on Tuesday, January 10, 1911. Polls open from 2 to 3 o'clock P. M.

Z. E. NEWELL, Cashier.

The Market and Fulton National Bank.
New York, December 31, 1910.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 10th, 1911, from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

T. J. STEVENS, Cashier.

MARGIN ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

J. Thomas Reinhardt
SPECIAL LETTERS
CURB STOCKS
Best facilities for executing orders
33 Broad St., N. Y. Office Overlooks Curb
84 Devonshire St., Boston. Private Wires

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Building Department Issues Important Order Limiting Encroachments Beyond the Legal Line—Sale in Fifth Avenue District—Builders Buy Plot in Loft Zone—Bronx Activity.

As a result of several conferences that have been held between Borough President McAneny, Supt. Rudolph P. Miller of the Building Department, and other city officials regarding the enforcement of stricter regulations against the encroachments of buildings beyond and over the legal building line, an important order was issued yesterday that will go into effect next Tuesday, Jan. 3. The order curtails the privileges previously granted for new structures by more than one-half and is the most comprehensive and vigorous action against building encroachments that has ever been issued in Manhattan. Instead of giving two and a half feet leeway for entrances beyond the building line, as has hitherto been the custom, two feet will hereafter be the maximum, and steps leading to entrances cannot project beyond eighteen inches.

This special order states that no plans not already on file in the Manhattan Building Department or in the Tenement House Department will be approved on and after Jan. 3, which provide for any encroachment by any part of the structure beyond the building or lot line at any point less than ten feet above the curb grade with the following exceptions:

Non-supporting columns or pilasters, including their mouldings and bases, may project not more than two and one-half per cent. of the width of the street, and, in no case, more than two feet beyond the building line.

Steps leading up or down at entrances, and included between ornamental columns, pilasters, or cheek pieces at least three feet high, at the sides of such entrances, provided they do not exceed, together or separately, one-fifth of the width of the lot, may project not more than two and one-half per cent. of the width of the street, and in no case more than eighteen inches beyond the building line.

Mouldings or ornamentations of a decorative character, and base courses, including the water table, not exceeding five feet in height above the curb grade, may project not more than one and one-fourth per cent. of the width of the street, and in no case more than ten inches beyond the building line.

Rustications may project not more than four inches beyond the building line.

Marquises or awnings, supported wholly from the building, will be permitted where they do not extend more than two and one-half feet on either side of an entrance, provided they are constructed of iron and glass or other incombustible material, and are properly drained.

Buys Four Houses in Fifth Avenue Section.

Both the Manhattan and Bronx markets were unusually active yesterday when a number of important deals that call for immediate improvements were reported.

In the Fifth Avenue section Parish Fisher & Co. sold for the Union Mortgage Company the four old dwelling houses 20 to 26 West Thirty-sixth Street. The plot, which measures 65 by 98.9, was purchased by Daniel Richman and Ravitch Brothers, who will improve it at once with a high-class loft and office building. It is expected that the new building will be ready for occupancy by September, 1911. The price paid by the buyers is said to be about $350,000. Recently over $41 a square foot was paid for property on the same street, almost directly opposite the plot sold yesterday.

Sale in "Penn" Loft Zone.

The Morris estate has sold to William C. Kohring the old-fashioned brick dwelling at 313 West Thirty-eighth Street. The building, which occupies a lot 25 by 100, has been held in the family since 1840.

The buyer, who paid $20,750 for the parcel, will improve it with a loft building.

Claremont Court Sold.

Another sale in the Morningside Heights section, where apartment house property has been on the boom for the past couple of weeks, was announced yesterday by L. H. Lowenstein, who purchased for the Maxlow Realty Company the six-story elevator apartment at 549 and 551 West 113th Street, known as Claremont Court.

The building, which occupies a plot 100 by 100.11, was owned by the Llewellyn Realty Company and held at $250,000. The Brokers' Realty and Mortgage Company represented the sellers. Negotiations are pending for the sale of a similar house in the same block.

A $200,000 East Bronx Deal.

The recently completed one-story taxpayers with stores at the foot of the new Subway station at Westchester and Intervale Avenues in the Bronx have been sold by Jacob Leitner for the Chestervale Realty Company. The buildings occupy a plot of about seven lots. A client of Bowers & Sands is the buyer.

One of the interesting features of the deal is the decision of the buyer to pay off the mortgage of $100,000 on the plot, making it an entire cash transaction. The parcel was held at $200,000.

Bronx Sales.

The Reyam Realty Company has sold one of the recently completed buildings on the west side of Beck Street, 210 feet north of Longwood Avenue, on a plot 40 by 100, to an investor.

These buildings are of a new type, accommodating four families on each floor, built 81 feet in depth, four stories high. The houses were ready for occupancy on Dec. 1, and are fully rented.

Bertha Frey has purchased from James and Jessie Neil the plot 53.3 by 101.5 on the east side of the Southern Boulevard, 133 feet north of Freeman Street, for $14,000.

Louis Bernstein has purchased from the Stockton Realty Company the four five-story apartment houses, on a plot 40 by 100, at 992, 996, 1,000, and 1,004 Simpson Street. Arnold, Byrne & Baumann, who negotiated the sale, have secured for the buyer first mortgages aggregating $240,000 on the property.

Brooklyn Sales.

The three-story two-family dwelling 200 Park Avenue, on a plot 30 by 95, has been sold by Bulkley & Horton for the estate of Simon Young. The same brokers have sold for A. L. Faust the three-story single flat, 79 Waverley Avenue, on a lot 19 by 100.

Buys Arverne Cottage.

One of the finest cottages in Arverne, L. I., has been sold to William Grossman by M. Rosenthal in conjunction with Baumann & Osorio. The house is at 106 South Jerome Avenue, occupying a plot 80 by 95 feet, and contains sixteen rooms and bath. The block on which it stands is restricted.

Notes.

Charles H. Bulkley has withdrawn from the firm of Bulkley & Horton and opened offices at 735 Fulton Street.

The United Real Estate Owners' Associations has appointed a committee of which M. J. Horan is Chairman, to investigate the matter of increased assessed valuations and increased tax rates.

A. H. Ivins & Co. have secured for Mrs. Samuel W. Bowne a loan of $275,000 at 4½ per cent. on the property known as the Scott-Bowne Building at the southwest corner of New Chambers and Pearl Streets. They have also secured a loan of $60,000 at 4½ per cent. for Rosa B. Marx on the property 543 Madison Avenue.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased to the Underwriters Building Company (J. G. Hilliard and John A. Eckert) for the Exchange Buffet Corporation for sixteen years, from May 1, 1913, one-half of the ground floor of the Frankel Building, at the northwest corner of John and Dutch Streets, at an aggregate rental of approximately $100,000. The lessees are now completing a sixteen-story office building at the opposite corner, and the demand has been so great for ground floor space that they have taken over the space mentioned in the opposite building.

The Automobile Club of America has secured an additional mortgage of $350,000 on its club house and garage in West Fifty-fourth Street, between Broadway and Eighth Avenue, extending through to Fifty-fifth Street, from the Arion Trust Company. The previous mortgage on the property is $1,150,000.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

INVESTORS, ATTENTION.

6% interest on mortgage loans. Principal and interest guaranteed. Title insured by Westchester and Bronx Title and Mortgage Guaranty Company. I will invest for you sums from $300 to $3,000. For particulars, Henry Y. Hafley, 103 Park Av., N. Y. City.

Some Large Funds to Lend. Applications received direct from owners or brokers.
J. G. Zachry & Co. 32 Nassau Street. Established 1887.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

129th St, 251 to 255, n s, 199 ft e of 8th Av, 76x99.11, six-story tenement; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Moritz Doob, $137,875.

Tinton Av, 591 to 597, w s, 100 ft n of 150th St, 75x95.2x75x94.11, two five-story tenements; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, J. A. Murray, $63,081.

By Charles A. Berrian.

97th St, 202, s s, 51 ft e of 3d Av, 49x62.11, six-story tenement and store; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, N. S. Walker, Jr., $25,000.

By Samuel Marx.

134th St, 114 and 116, s s, 262.6 ft w of Lenox Av, 55.11x99.11, two five-story tenements, with store in 114; foreclosure sale, to Joseph I. Bruce, $42,800.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans were filed for new structures in the Bronx. The following were filed for Manhattan:

10th St, 271 West, for a three-story brick stable, 27x92.3; D. Naugel, 67 Warren St, owner; C. H. Richter, architect; cost..$8,000

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

5th Av, n w corner of 38th St, to a four-story factory; F. V. & J. H. Burton, 384 Broadway, owners; J. E. Nitchie, architect; cost....$5,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FRIDAY, DEC. 30.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of second part.

131ST ST, 145 West, n s, 20x99.11; Enrico Casabianca to Kuhn-Lawson Co., 508 West 142d St, (mtg $10,000,) Dec. 20; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$100

LENOX AV, w s, 39.11 ft s of 142d St, 40x100; Jacob Steigelfest to William Reichman, 79 East 91st St, (mtg $57,000,) Dec. 29; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$100

GRAND ST, 577 and 577½, s s, 30x96.5; Adolph Seelig to Fritz Aufrecht, 230 East 14th St, (mtg $17,000,) Dec. 23; attorney, L. J. Rosett, 29 Liberty St......$100

BALCOM AV, e s, 200 ft n of Latting St, 25x90; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Emma A. Cornwall, at Dean St and Town Dock Road, (mtg $2,500,) Dec. 28......$1

LOT 60, map of Hunter estate, Bronx; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Jose D. Arias, 1,037 Madison Av, Dec. 15......$1

LOT 16A, map of Penfield property, Wakefield; Domineck Leggiere to Amy V. Leggiere, 58 North 4th Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., quitclaim; attorney, Thomas H. Hodge, 37 Prospect Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y......$1

JEFFERSON ST, s e corner of Starling Av, 155x100; Annie F. Mackenzie to Westchester Woodworking Co., Sand St and Starling Av, Unionport, (mtg $4,000,) Dec. 19; attorney, Charles H. Baechler, 1,126 Walker Av....$100

8TH ST, 371 East, n s, 25x93.11; Cornelius Leventhal to Grossmann Investing Co., 59 West 115th St, (mtg $20,000,) Dec. 29; attorney, Hugo Cohn, 19 Avenue A......$1

100TH ST, 209 East, n s, 25x100.8; Grossmann Investing Co. to Cornelius Leventhal, 156 West 144th St, (mtg $17,000,) Dec. 29; attorney, Hugo Cohn, 19 Avenue A......$1

130TH ST, 239 West, n s, 19.6x99.11; Daniel E. Dowling to Margaret J. Dowling, 396 Ogden Av, Jersey City Heights, B. and S., Dec. 29; Dunn & Blake, s w corner of Chambers St and West Broadway......$1

MONROE ST, 238 to 242, s s, 64x97.4; Beryl Laad and Building Co. to Francis J. Berman, 38 White St, (mtg $19,500,) Dec. 23; attorney, John Manheimer, 261 Broadway......$100

60TH ST, 159 East, n s, 20x100.5; Patrick J. Conway to Bridget M. Conway, 159 East 60th St, (mtg $14,000,) quitclaim, all title, Dec. 29; Herbert McKennis, 90 West St......$1

DAVIDSON AV, e s, 139 ft n of 177th St, 49x56.9, release mortgage; David J. Daly to John Massimino Co., 177th St and Davidson Av, Dec. 15; attorney, Charles M. Villone, 401 East 116th St......$1

SAME PROPERTY; John Massimino Co. to Theressa Cappucci and Pasquale Pigniuolo, 1,914 Davidson Av, (mtgs $10,450,) Dec. 15; attorney, same......$1

5TH ST, 331 East, n s, 25x97; Ray Treibitz to Abraham Treibitz, 6 2d Av, (mtg $29,750,) Dec. 15......$100

UNION AV, 1,144, e s, 18.9x100; Patrick Jones to Mary, his wife, 1,144 Union Av, (mtg $5,000,) Dec. 28; address, 448 3d Av......$1

PELHAM AV, n s, 50.11 ft w of Hughes Av, 76.5x100; Levoll Construction Co. to Tony Velo, (mtgs $31,000, and all liens,) Dec. 29......$100

GIFFORD AV, n e corner of Balcom Av, 101.8x50x107.7x50, Westchester; Patrick Duffy to Lizzie Duffy, 6 Jones St; attorney, David M. Neuberger, 302 Broadway......$1

WILLIS AV, 370, e s, 20x100; Gertrude L., wife of Josiah D. Grummon to Samuel P. Watson, 157 West 82d St, (mtg $10,000,) Dec. 29; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$1

LOTS 9 and 10, Parcel 10, map of subdivision of estate of William B. Ogden, at Highbridge; Patrick Duffy to Lizzie Duffy, 6 Jones St, Oct. 1; attorney, David M. Neuberger, 302 Broadway......$1

58TH ST, n s, 311 ft e of 6th Av, 22x100.5; Sydney Bernheim to Alice B. Nicoll, 364 West 57th St, (mtg $40,000,) Dec. 29; attorneys, Rose & Putzel, 128 Broadway......$100

PARK AV, n e corner of 40th St, 98.9x105; James W. Gerard and others, trustees to Fortieth St Co., 320 5th Av, B. & S., Dec. 14; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100

99TH ST, 152 West, s s, 15.4x79.11; Iantha W. and Morgan L. Vail, executors, &c., of E. Wright Vail, to Walter S. Bingham, 2,249 Broadway, (mtg $5,000,) Dec. 21; attorney, same......$8,850

FULTON AV, w s, 96.11 ft n of 174th St, 195.1x100x198x93.8; William D. Faris to Otto Kunstman, 498 West 158th St, (mtg $22,500,) Dec. 28; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway......$100

CROTONA PARK SOUTH, 910, n e corner of Crotona Av, 22.1x100.7x21.1x107.1; Samuel Polans to R. Grossman, 1,426 Crotona Av, all title, all liens, Dec. 29, ½ part....$1,000

44TH ST, 133-135 West, n s, 40x100.5; John W. Barr, Jr., to Caroline Rullman, 878 Madison St, Brooklyn, (mtg $47,000 and all liens,) Dec. 28; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway......$100

116TH ST, 58 to 64 East, s s; Hyman Goldfarb to Solfen Realty Co., 648 Broadway, (mtg $76,000,) Dec. 22; attorneys, Spiro & W., 140 Nassau St......$100

BAINBRIDGE AV, s s, 124.8 ft e of Bedford Park Boulevard, 24.2x118; Philomene Classens to Robert Classens, 2,942 Bainbridge Av, (mtgs $6,250,) Dec. 29; attorneys, O'Hara Bros., 200th St and Webster Av......$100

143D ST, 111-113 West, n s, 41.8x99.11; Emblem Realty Co. to Florentine M. Fuld, 130 East 110th St, (mtgs $53,250, and all liens,) Dec. 30; Leonard F. Fuld, 130 East 110th St......$1

72D ST, 167 West, n s, 18x102.2; Alvan W. Perry to Hulbert E. Roberts, ½ part, (mtgs $35,000,) April 22, 1900; attorneys, Creevey & Rogers, 60 Wall St......$100

SPRING ST, 219, n e corner of Macdougal St, 25x67.10x22.9x80.1; Anna C. W. Price and others to the Henry Elias Brewing Co., 403 West 54th St, Dec. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100

40TH ST, 420 West, s s, 25x98.9; Julia Engelhardt and others, heirs &c., of Julia Gebhardt, to George Gebhardt, father of parties of the second part, quitclaim, May 25; attorney, Louis Wendel, Jr., 277 Broadway.$1

162D ST, w s, 535-537 West, 80x99.11; Placid Realty Co. to William D. Faris, 202 Hancock St, Brooklyn, Dec. 30, (mtg $82,000;) attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway......$100

LOTS 231 and 324, map of 329 lots of part of Schieffelin Estate; Patrick Duffy to Lizzie Duffy, 6 Jones St, Dec. 1; attorney, David M. Neuberger, 302 Broadway......$1

3D ST, 164 East, 24.9x103.11; Frank H. Meyer and others to Joseph A. Schneider, 173 Third St, Dec. 29, (mtg $14,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100

SAME PROPERTY; Joseph A. Schneider to Missionary Society of the Most Holy Redeemer in the State of New York, 173 East Third St, bought and sold, Dec. 29, (mtg $14,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$100

ELIZABETH ST, 91, w s, 40x94; Stanislas Ciletti and others to Antonio Checchia, 651 Washington St, Dec. 27, (mtg $60,000;) address, party of the first part, 111 Mulberry St......$1

SAME PROPERTY; Antonio Checchia to Checchia Realty Co., 651 Washington St, Dec. 27, (mtg $60,000;) attorney, Stanislas Ciletti, 111 Mulberry St......$1

16TH AV, n s, part of Lots 585 and 586, map of Wakefield, 40x114; Elizabeth R. King and others to Magdalena Hoffman of Jersey City, N. J., Dec. 27; attorneys, Collins & Corbin, 243 Washington St, Jersey City, N. J......$1

17TH AV, s s, part of Lots 585 and 586, map of Wakefield, 40x114; Mary F. Carroll to Elizabeth R. King of Jersey City, N. J., Dec. 27; attorneys, Collins & Corbin, 243 Washington St, Jersey City, N. J......$1

17TH AV, s s, 40 ft e from w s of tract and being part of Lots 585 and 586, same map; Elizabeth R. King and others to Peter Hoffman, Jersey City, N. J., Dec. 27; attorneys, Collins & Corbin, 243 Washington St, Jersey City, N. J......$1

17TH AV, s s, 80 ft e from w s of tract and being part of Lots 585 and 586, same map; Elizabeth R. King and others to Mary F. Carroll, Jersey City, N. J.; attorneys, Collins & Corbin, 243 Washington St, Jersey City, N. J......$1

155TH ST, 289 and 295, w s, 166.3 ft e of Morris Av, 54x100; Isidor Teitelbaum to Lena Fuchs, 64 East 117th St, Dec. 23; attorney, Jacob Klein, 15 East 119th St......$100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,765, w s, 25x130.1; Moorehead Realty and Construction Co. to Thomas P. Concannon, 1,019 Stebbins Av, (mtg $22,500,) Dec. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..$100

VINCENT AV, e s, Lots 191 and 192, map of 336 lots of Sisters of Charity, 47 St. Nicholas Av; Lewis H. Wolf to Frieda Wolf, Dec. 27; attorney, H. Bierhoff, 343 Lenox Av......$100

CATHARINE ST, e s, 50 ft n of Lot 208 and being part of Lots 51, 52, and 53, map of Penfield property, South Mount Vernon, 25x100; George Roeder to Lena Roeder, 118 Trenchard St, Yonkers, N. Y., Dec. 28; attorney, Alonzo C. Lowenstein, Mount Vernon, N. Y......$1

GRANT AV, w s, 156.6 ft n of 166th St, 50x100; 101st St. Co. to Henry C. Irons and another, 452 West 8th St, Nov. 21, (mtg $1,100;) attorneys, Rounds, H. D., & D., 62 Cedar St......$1

81ST ST, 14 West, 20.5x102.2; Joseph Loewi and others to Rosalie L. Davies, 14 East 81st St, Dec. 23; attorneys, Ehrich & W., 2 Rector St......$1

BOWERY, 266, w s, 223.1 ft s of Houston St, 16.6x98.9; Leo McLaughlin to Joseph D. McLaughlin, 2,040 7th Av, Dec. 28; attorney, Walter E. McDonnell, 132 Nassau St......$1

54TH ST, 355 West, 25x100.5; Mary E. O'Farrell to Catherine O. F. Duffy, 519 Manhattan Av; attorney, William F. Clare, 135 Broadway......$1

BARTHOLDI ST, s s, 25 ft e of Cedar Av, 50x100; Henry Schatzkin to Raffaela Paonessa, 1,038 Boston Road, Dec. 28; attorney, Ralph Hickox, Williamsbridge......$100

LEXINGTON AV, 638, w s, 20x70; Albert N. Maas to Harry C. Irwin, 127 West 43d St, Dec. 27, (mtg $15,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$100

2D AV, 357, w s, 20x75; John Benzur to Peter C. Lorenz and wife, 353 2d Av, Dec. 27, (mtg $10,000;) attorney, Ferriss, R. & S., 165 Broadway......$100

13TH ST, 514 East, 25x103.3; George W. Collins, referee, to Isaac Berlin, 993 Union Av, Dec. 30; attorney, Amend & Amend, 119 Nassau St......$19,000

FRANKLIN AV, n w s, 106.6 ft s w of 169th St, 28x64; John J. Ross to Catharine Ross, 520 West 162d St, Dec. 24; attorney, William Berg, 42 Broadway......$1

186TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 150x107.5; John F. Corney to Kuhn-Lawson Co., 508 West 152d St; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$1

133D ST, s s, 135 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x99.11; Caroline D. Bolstridge to Archibald M. Duncan, 154 Noble St, Brooklyn, (mtg $22,000;) attorneys, Sproull, H. & S., 1 Madison Av......$100

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified:

WOOLLEY, Philip, to Edward F. Cole, 301 West 106th St; Lots 48 to 51, Parcel 18, map William B. Ogden, Dec. 29, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. O. Smith, 5 Beekman St....$2,000

WEINBERG, Thomas, to Union Trust Co, 80 Broadway; Canal St, 171 and 173, n s, 41.9x99.10, Dec. 29, due Jan. 1, 1916; attorneys, Miller, K., L. & T., 80 Broadway....$62,000

ARIAS, Jose D., to Hudson P. Rose Co, 32 West 45th St; Lot 60, map of 327 lots Hunter estate, Dec. 15, 3 years, 5½ p. c.......$470

CORNWALL, Emma A., to Hudson P. Rose Co, 32 West 45th St; Balcom Av, e s, 200 ft n of Latting St, 25x90, Dec. 28, 3 years.$600

DREYER, August, and Max and Ray Solomon to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway; Willis Av, e s, at n w s of Bergen Av, 107.5x—, Dec. 9, 5 years. $35,000

LEVENTHAL, Cornelius, to Grossman Investing Co, 309 Broadway; 100th St, 209 East, n s, 25x100.8, prior mtg $17,000, Dec. 29, due July 1, 1913, 6 p. c.; attorney, Hugo Cohn, 19 Avenue A......$1,750

CAPPUCCI, Theresa, and Pasquale Pigniwolo to John Massimino Co, Davidson Av and 177th St; Davidson Av, 1,914, e s, 49x55.1x49x56.9, prior mtg $10,450, Dec. 15, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Speir & B., 52 Wall St......$3,950

ZODIKOW, Ludwig, to Eli M. Nathan, 35 West 86th St; Stanton St, n s, 40 ft w of Mangin St, 39.8x70, Dec. 28, due as per bond; attorney, O. A. Samuels, 99 Nassau St.....$5,000

HEBBERD, Isaac N., to Mary A. Scott, 2,373 Davidson Av; Washington Av, e s, 110 ft n of 179th St, 25x88.2, Dec. 22, 3 years; attorney, W. B. Gerding, 1,901 Bathgate Av.$3,000

WATSON, Samuel P., to Gertrude I. Grummon, 2 Pinehurst Av; Willis Av, 370, e s, 20x100, prior mtg $10,000, Dec. 29, due as per bond; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway......$2,700

ELDRIDGE, Alice T., to John H. Thorn, — Northern Terrace, at Hudson Park; Palisade Av, e s, 336 ft s of River St, 182 and 385, prior mtgs $33,249, Dec. 29, due April 1, 1911; attorney, S. N. Cuthbert, 45 Broadway. $662

CARROLL, Mary F., and another to George W. King, at Jersey City, N. J.; 17th Av, part of Lots 585 and 586, map of Wakefield, 20x228 to 16th Av x60x irregular, Dec. 27, due March 27, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Collin & C., 243 Washington St, Jersey City, N. J.. $1,000

KUNSTMAN, Otto, to William D. Faris, 202 Hancock St, Brooklyn; Fulton Av, w s, 96.11 ft n of 174th St, 195.1x100, Dec. 30, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway......$22,500

NICOLL, Alice B., to Sydney Bernheim, 50 West 85th St; 58th St, n s, 311 ft e of 6th Av, 22x100.5, prior mtg $40,000, Dec. 30, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Rose & P., 128 Broadway......$15,000

LANDGREBE, Anton, to Margaret E. Anderson, 657 East 165th St; McGraw Av, n e corner of Taylor Av, 75x76.2, Dec. 30, due as per bond; attorney, T. Emory Clark, 2,022 Boston Road......$3,000

ILLMENSEE, Caroline A., to Arthur F. Spaulding, 758 West End Av; Clay Av, 1,701, w s, 30x95, prior mtg $4,000, Dec. 29, due Jan. 29, 1912, 6 p. c......$7,000

HARTIGAN, Mary I., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St; 124th St, n s, 125 ft w of Park Av, 17.6x100.11, Dec. 30, 3 years; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St......$2,000

RUDERMAN, Annie, to Harris Schwartz, 5 East 106th St; 8th St, 114 East, s s, 25.6x100.11x25.4x100.11, prior mtg $25,000, Nov. 7, due April 17, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Manheim & M., 302 Broadway......$3,500

CONCANNON, Thomas P., to Robert J. Moorehead, 415 East 140th St; Southern Boulevard, 1,765, w s, 25x130, prior mtg $22,500, Dec. 29, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$11,000

FORTIETH STREET CO. to James W. Gerard, 725 5th Av, and others, trustees; Park Av, n e corner of 40th St, 98.9x105, Dec. 20, due Jan. 25, 1914, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St......$635,000

KUHN-LAWSON CO. to John F. Comey, 52 West 54th St; 186th St, n s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 150x107.5, Dec. 29, due Jan. 1, 1912; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$34,500

PEIRCE, John, to Henry K. S. Williams; 51st St, s s, 252.6 ft e of 5th Av, 27.6x100.5, July 13, 1909, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. H. Seibert, 2 Rector St......$50,000

BERLIN, Isaac, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; 13th St, s s, 196 ft e of Avenue A, 25x103.3, Dec. 30, 3 years; attorneys, Amend & Amend, 119 Nassau St......$13,500

SCHLESINGER, Adolph, to Empire City Fire Insurance Co., 93 William St; 24th St, 312 East, 18.9x98.9, Dec. 30, 5 years; attorneys, A. S. & W. Hutchins, 84 William St....$8,000

CORBITT, George, to Grover A. Whalen, 234 West 103d St; 94th St, 128 East, 20x100.8, Dec. 30, 2 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.. $13,000

AUTOMOBILE CLUB OF AMERICA to Union Trust Co., 80 Broadway; 54th St, n s, 81.3 ft e of 8th Av, 131.3x—; 55th St, 242 to 250 West, 91.8x100, Dec. 1, prior mtg $1,150,000, due Nov. 1, 1930; attorney, W. W. Niles, 11 Wall St......$350,000

DRAKE, Katherine F., to Union Trust Co., 80 Broadway; 51st St, 352 West, 16x100.5, Dec. 30, 5 years; attorney, F. de P. Foster, 44 Wall St......$10,000

COLEMAN, Michael, to Equitable Life Assurance Society of United States, 120 Broadway; 52d St, s s, 150 ft e of 7th Av, 150x100, Dec. 29, due Jan. 1, 1912; attorneys, Alexander & Green, 120 Broadway......$350,000

BERLS, William L., to Peter Dohm, 324 West 115th St; 63d St, 120 West, 25x100.5, due Jan. 1, 1916, Dec. 29; attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 39 Nassau St......$22,500

MORIARTY, Mary A., and another to Union Trust Co., 80 Broadway; 23d St, 152 East, 25x98.9, Dec. 30, 5 years; attorney, F. de P. Foster, 44 Wall St......$53,000

HENRY ELIAS BREWING CO. to Annie C. W. Price and another, 2 Macdougal St; Spring St, 219, n e corner of Macdougal St, 25x—, Dec. 28, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$25,000

CARUCCI, Checchina, to Helene Fuld, 130 East 110th St; Belmont Av, 2,121, s w corner of 181st St, 85.8x46.3, Dec. 30, 3 years; attorney, L. F. Fuld, 130 East 110th St......$40,000

WILHELM, Christian, to Mary A. Keefe, 1,421 Overing Av, Westchester; Ellison Av, e s, 125 ft n of Marrin St, 50x100, Dec. 29, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Timothy Power, Walker Av......$2,500

ATWATER, Virginia S., to New York Life Insurance and Trust Co., 52 Wall St; Sedgwick Av, w s, 585.11 ft s of Kingsbridge Road, 87.6x111.10, Dec. 30, 5 years; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway......$7,000

BROWN BROTHERS, INCORPORATED, Owners and Builders Corporation, to John S. Heep, 267 West 134th St; 158th St, n s, 150 ft w of Broadway, 59.7x —, Dec. 30, due, &c., as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$245,000

SOLFEN REALTY CO. to Hyman Goldfarb, 25 Claremont Av; 116th St, 58 to 64 East, lots, each 20x100.11, 4 mtgs, each $3,500, Dec. 22, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Spiro & W., 140 Nassau St......$14,000

HOPPER, Albert, to William B. Storer, 477 4th St; 179th St, n s, 130.1 ft w of Webster Av, 16.8x125, Dec. 29, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Abel Crook, 93 Nassau St......$3,500

FRICK, Louisa, to Catharine Schroeder, 1,180 Jackson Av; 165th St, n s, 49.3 ft w of Trinity Av, 24.2x100, Dec. 30, 3 years; attorney, Peter Cook, 258 Broadway......$14,000

KATZENSTEIN, Harry, and others to Simon Katzenstein, 237 Union Av; Bergen Av, 610 and 612, e s, 50x100; Bergen Av, s e corner of Rose St, 1.4x100, Dec. 10, 3 years, 6 p. c.; address, party of second part......$2,500

HOPNER, Louis, to Bank for Savings, 280 4th Av; Lexington Av, s w corner of 125th St, 100.11x32.5, Dec. 30, 1 year, 4½ p. c.; attorney, Strong & Cadwalader, 40 Wall St.$15,000

UNGRICH, Martin, to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St; Lenox Av, w s, 27 ft n of 129th St, 24.10x75, Dec. 30, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St.. $20,000

BELMAR INVESTING CO. to Maria T. McCormick, 408 West 130th St; 181st St, n s, 37.4 ft e of Aqueduct Av East, 37.6x100, Dec. 30, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Fitch, M. & G., 32 Nassau St......$23,000

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

72D ST, n s, 275 ft e of Columbus Av, 204.4x50xirregular, June 7, 1910; Edward S. Clark, Cooperstown, N. Y., to estate of Charles Frederick Hoffman, Inc., 258 Broadway; Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St......$175,000

PARK AV, n e corner of 38th St, 57.9x115, March 3, 1902; Charles T. Barney and Lilly W., his wife, of Southampton, N. Y., to Henry R. Hoyt, executor, Brooklyn; Daly, Hoyt & Mason, 11 William St......$150,000

CLIFF ST, 25, n s, 25.3x73x25.3x70; Ryder's Alley, e s, 105.8 ft from s e corner of Fulton and Ryder's Alley, 24.4x83.8x25.6x57.3x30, April 14, 1896; David H. James and Caroline A., his wife, to United States Trust Co., 45 Wall St; Howland, Murray & Prentice, 35 Wall St......$50,000

97TH ST, 116 East, s s, 25x100.11, May 3, 1905; Jacob Klein to Florence Eckstein; Shattuck & Glenn, 115 Broadway......$4,500

59TH ST, s s, 475 ft e of 9th Av, 100.5x50, Jan. 24, 1905; New York Lodge No. 1 Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks to the Greenwich Savings Bank, 6th Av and 16th St; Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway......$40,000

INTERVALE AV, s w corner of 165th St, 111.2x84.9x126.11x40.3, March 12, 1910; Interne Construction Co. to Max Cohen, 1,185 Fulton Av, E. Glauber, 100 West 121st St, and H. Ratner, 911 Fox St; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$35,000

SAME PROPERTY, May 12, 1910; same to same; attorney, same......$12,500

BELMONT AV, e s, 150 ft n of 183d St, 100x50, Feb. 2, 1910; Germansky Construction Co to James G. Wentz, 335 West End Av; Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway. $32,000

58TH ST, 404 and 406 West, s s, (dimensions omitted,) Oct. 3, 1887; Robert W. Tailer and Emma Lee, his wife, to Edward N. Tailer, as executors of Henry A. Tailer; Winston H. Hagen, 49 Wall St......$30,000

106TH ST, 113 West, n s, 100.11x25.6, Dec. 31, 1906; J. William Kurtz and Marie C., his wife; Marks G. Levy and Anna R., his wife, to James G. Affleck, trustee of Charles Barlow; E. D. Barlow, 32 Nassau St......$29,000

116TH ST, 81, 83, and 85 East, n s, 100.11x50, Dec. 27, 1907; E. Harrison Griffin and Caroline W., his wife, to Frank H. Patterson, Lake Mahopac, N. Y., and William N. Cromwell, 12 West 40th St, executors, &c., of Hy. B. Patterson, deceased; Sullivan & Cromwell, 49 Wall St......$22,500

45TH ST, 112 West, s s, 100.4x20, Dec. 31, 1907; same to Frank H. Patterson; attorneys, same......$20,000

77TH ST, s s, 141 ft w of 9th Av, 102.2x21, Nov. 18, 1887; George C. and Thomas C. Edgar to New York Life Insurance Co; Hy. A. Bogert, 97 Nassau St......$22,500

113TH ST, 12 East, s s, 25x100, Dec. 28, 1905; Samuel Lampel and Mary, his wife; Isaac Simon and Jennie, his wife, to the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, 138th St and Amsterdam Av; Hoadly, Lauterbach & Johnson, 22 William St......$22,000

EDGECOMBE AV, 323 and 325, w s, 75x64.11, Oct. 5, 1906; Esther Cohen and others to Mary Cohen; Feltenstein & Rosenstein, 309 Broadway......$18,000

SAME PROPERTY, Oct. 5, 1906; same to same; attorneys same......$10,000

44TH ST, 154 West, s s, 20.4x100.5, Dec. 5, 1904; Emma A. Kissam, East Orange, N. J., and others, to Catskill Savings Bank; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $16,000

5TH AV, 314, w s, 100x24.8, Jan. 29, 1904; Frank B. Martin, Paris, France, to Bowery Savings Bank; Strong & Cadwalader, 40 Wall St......$150,000

106TH ST, 329 East, n s, 100.11x25, Jan. 4, 1907; Nicolo Reres and Caroline M., his wife, and others to Michael J. Scanlan and Thomas M. Mulry, executors; M. J. Scanlan, 51 Chambers St......$10,000

94TH ST, n s, 232 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 100.8x18, Dec. 29, 1899; Mary E. Bell to David and Genevieve W. Kennedy; Uterhart & Graham, 10 Wall St......$10,000

105TH ST, s s, 200 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 100.11x18.9, Nov. 1, 1904; Susan Devin to the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank; Richard O'Gorman, 51 Chambers St......$9,000

25TH ST, 225 West, n s, 98.9x21, Dec. 27, 1907; Joseph Riese and Anna, his wife, to George R. D. Schieffelin, executor of George R. Schieffelin; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway......$9,500

INTERVALE AV, s w corner of 165th St, 111.2x84.9x126.11x40.8, March 17, 1910; Harry Acker and Katherine, his wife, to Edward Hirsh, 53 East 60th St; Wolf & Kohn, 203 Broadway......$8,000

CROTONA PARKWAY, e s, 384.3 ft s of 177th St, 136.8x52.2x129x54.11x129x54.11, Jan. 20, 1905; Rosa Altieri to Mary E. Dickinson, 517 Monroe Av, Lakewood, N. J......$7,000

CONCORD AV, w s, 118.6 ft n of 147th St, 100x19.9, Jan. 8, 1900; D. J. Dillon Company to Albrecht Kalthoff, 307 Belmont St, Bronx; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $6,000

56TH ST, 411 West, n s, 25x100, May 24, 1905; Benjamin J. Cullen, Mount Vernon, to Mutual Life Insurance Co., 32 Nassau St, (law department,) 59 Cedar St.)......$5,000

SAME PROPERTY, Feb. 23, 1909; same to same......$2,500

SAME PROPERTY, April 18, 1908; same to same......$2,500

173D ST, s s, 100 ft e of Park Av, 50x100, Aug. 31, 1910; Minnie Levy and Sarah Hillson to Louis E. Kleban, 1,130 Union Av; Merrill & Rogers, 128 Broadway......$4,500

25TH ST, 225 West, n s, 98.9x21, Feb. 2, 1910; Sarah Friedlander to John Leffler, 77 East 89th St; Strasbourger, Weil, Eschwege & Shallek, 74 Broadway......$4,500

FOREST AV, w s, 239 ft s of 166th St, 20x87.6, Nov. 19, 1897; Pauline M. Bailey and others to Florence C. Speranza; Joline, Larkin & Rathbone, 54 Wall St......$4,500

BELMONT AV, e s, 150 ft n of 183d St, 100x50, Sept. 17, 1910; Germansky Construction Co. to I. Josephson; Germansky Construction Co., 261 Broadway......$4,000

Recorded Leases.

With name and address of lessee.

3D AV, 2,062, corner store, 15x59x23x59 and part of cellar; John H. Degelman to Benjamin M. Abraham, Borough of Queens, 5 years, from Feb. 1, 1910; H. Koehler & Co., 501 1st Av......$1,800

RIVERDALE AV, s w corner of River St, 241x301x262.8 to street x 262, all; Lena Crawford and others to Edward Baine, Flats Road, Harrington, N. J., 5 years, from Oct. 1, 1910; Ebling Brewing Co., 760 St. Ann's Av, per month......$165 to $175

52D ST, 234 West, front basement and front room, on parlor floor; Jane Sherman to Anna Shapera, 765 8th Av, 2 years, from Oct. 1, 1910; J. Shapera, 234 West 52d St.... $840 and $900

39TH ST, 323 and 325 East, shop in rear and runway leading thereto; George J. Roberts & Brothers to Bernard J. Keegan, 325 East 39th St, 3 years, from Jan. 15, 1911; attorney, Charles Brandt, Jr., 189 2d Av......$720

134TH ST, 252 East, 25x100, all; Ella E. Foxwell to Benjamin Pfifferling, 2,448 3d Av, 5 years, from Dec. 1, 1910; address party of second part......$540

8TH AV, 2,741, store and cellar; Abraham Arndt to William Mullarkey, 171 West 99th St, 5 years, from Jan. 1, 1911; Bernheimer & Schwartz, 128th St and Amsterdam Av.. $1,200 and $1,800

Mechanics' Liens.

HUGHES AV, e s, 150 ft s of 189th St, 25x100; Isaac Hyams against Fratantonio and Amabile Realty Co., owner and contractor.$78

AQUEDUCT AV, e s, 596.5 ft n w of Boscobel and Plympton Avs, 37.10x131.2x15.9x126.9; Michael Lakner against Frederick S. Maier, owner and contractor......$610

21ST ST, 338¾ West; same against same..$204

10TH AV, n e corner of 207th St, 94x00; Brooklyn Metal Ceiling Co. against Regan Colander Co., owner; James H. Walsh, contractor......$205

SAME PROPERTY; same against Regan Colander Co., owner and contractor......$81

44TH ST, 155 East; Max Greenberg against Ida O. Walter, owner; Frank Braun, contractor......$450

179TH ST, 215 East; Edward J. Deegan against Joseph A. Reid, owner; James Brogan & Son, contractor......$76

80TH ST, 433 East; Joseph Tittelbaum against Nathaniel L. Prager, owner and contractor......$71

WHITE PLAINS ROAD, e s, 50 ft n of Bartholdi St, 50x100; Luciano Meinutillo against Marescia & Co., owners; Joseph Pistone and Batisto Tuccio, contractors......$135

47TH ST, s s, 211 ft e of 1st Av, 250x100; to East River; Keller & Co. against Peter F. and William F. Kane, Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Co. and Sulzberger & Sons Co., owners; Universal Coal Co......$13,337

7TH AV, 31 to 39, and Cornelia St, 2 to 12; Ogden & Wallace against 6th Avenue and Fourth Street Realty Co., owner and contractor......$611

58TH ST, 608 to 612 West; the Shatz & Cantow Co. against Zadah H. Reakirt, owner; Frank L. Fisher Co., contractor......$696

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 331 to 335; S. F. Hayward & Co. against Sturtevant Realty Co. et al., Oct. 13, 1910......$267

BELMONT AV, e s, 150 ft n of 183d St.; National Fireproof Sash and Door Co. against Germansky Construction Co. et al.; Oct. 28, 1910......$50

24TH ST, 148 and 150 West; Commonwealth Roofing Co. against Borfas Realty Co.; Nov. 3, 1910 (by bond)......$978

SAME PROPERTY; Universal Compound Co. against same; Nov. 8, 1910 (by bond)..$100

SAME PROPERTY; George H. Shuman against same; Nov. 3, 1910 (by bond)......$1,814

SAME PROPERTY; Brooklyn Fireproof Sash and Door Co. against same; Nov. 2, 1910 (by bond)......$273

SAME PROPERTY; Burns Mantel and Tile Co. against same; Nov. 2, 1910 (by bond)...$156

SAME PROPERTY; Hull, Grippen & Co. against same; Nov. 2, 1910 (by bond).....$576

SAME PROPERTY; Louis Frisse against same; Nov. 2, 1910 (by bond)......$4,271

SAME PROPERTY; Empire Brick and Supply Co. against same; Nov. 2, 1910 (by bond)$4,011

SAME PROPERTY; Gordon Brothers Iron Works against same; Nov. 2, 1910 (by bond)......$5,000

SAME PROPERTY; Michael Larkin & Sons, Inc., against same; Nov. 2, 1910......$2,375

SAME PROPERTY; Standard Arch Co. against same; Nov. 3, 1910 (by bond)......$5,130

SAME PROPERTY; Brooklyn Fireproof Sash and Door Co. against same; Nov. 2, 1910 (by bond)......$2,027

SAME PROPERTY; Cross, Austin & Ireland Lumber Co. against same; Nov. 3, 1919, (by bond)......$5,931

SAME PROPERTY; Empire City Gerard Co. against same; Nov. 3, 1910 (by bond)....$290

SAME PROPERTY; White, Van Glahn & Co. against same; Nov. 3, 1910 (by bond)....$511

Lis Pendens.

30TH ST, s s, 412.6 ft w of 5th Av, 37.6x74; City Finance Co. against August K. Janssen and others, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorney, J. Glasser.

125TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Broadway, 63x100.11; Realty Trust against Tina Myers and others, (foreclosure of mtge;) attorney, J. Sapinsky.

21ST ST, s s, 387.5 ft w of 6th Av, 46x92; Louis Bossert and others against Geron Construction Co., (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorney, J. S. Ross.

4TH ST, 87 East, and 2d Av, 78; Lester Klauber and others against Jacob Abeles and others, (action to cancel mtge, &c.;) attorneys, M. B. & D. W. Blumenthal.

OLINVILLE AV, 3,345; John P. Bengston against Anna M. Frygare and others, (action to foreclose mechanics' lien;) attorneys, Phillips & Avery.

30TH ST, 526 West; Stanley H. Molleson and others against Berthold Weil and others, (foreclosure of mtge;) attorney, S. H. Molleson.

99TH ST, n s, 359 ft w of 1st Av, 37x100.11; Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York against Julius Shweitzer and others, (foreclosure of mtge;) attorney, J. McKeen.

189TH ST, s w corner of Amsterdam Av, 100x99.11; Cornelia E. Scott against John B. Berry Co. and others, (amended foreclosure of mtge;) attorneys, Dayton & Bailey.

178TH ST, s s, 80 ft w of Daly Av, 80.6x81.4, (two actions;) Adele Herold against D. H. Spring Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of two mtges;) attorney, W. G. Whaley.

109TH ST, 337 East; Francesca Stropoli against Louis Leiman and others, (foreclosure of mtge;) attorney, J. L. Bernstein.

108TH ST, 169 East; Arnold Adler against Genevieve Schwarz and others, (foreclosure of mtge;) attorneys, Lese & Connolly.

PARK AV, 3,042; William Engel against Thomas N. Doutney and others, (foreclosure of mtge;) attorney, L. S. Goebel.

125TH ST, 551 West; Broadway Savings Institution of the City of New York against Annie N. Harris, executrix, and others, (amended foreclosure of mtge;) attorney, R. B. Kelly.

MORRIS AV, n w corner of 165th St, 50.10x102.7; Manhattan Mortgage Company against Civic Realty and Construction Co. and others, (foreclosure of mtge;) attorneys, Carrington & Pierce.

MAYFLOWER AV, w s, 259.11 ft n of Middletown Road, 25x100; Ignatz Klein against Bankers' Realty and Security Co., (specific performance;) attorney, M. Marks.

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We will PROVE how. The Sole Plumbing Inspection System, 1,691 Park Av. 'Phone 359 Harlem.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NORTHERN BANK BOOK
Will be taken as cash. Four-story brick flat, store property, Courtlandt Av., near 153d St. Full lot. Price $14,000. Terms easy. Address Charles Galewski, 682 Courtlandt Av.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY.
Three-story and basement brownstone house at a reasonable price for a refined family, near this office.
EVERETT KUHN, 471 SUMNER AV.

BIGGEST Bargain ever offered. Four-story brownstone single flat store property in Gates Av. near Tompkins; price $8,750.; terms easy. Address Chas. Galewski, 682 Courtlandt Av., Bronx.

Three-story and basement house; fine location; excellent condition; newly renovated. Call
EVERETT KUHN, 471 SUMNER AV.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

OWNER OF A VALUABLE PLOT OF LOTS
At Jamaica, Borough of Queens, New York City,
Will sell $50,000 worth of same at a price per lot
FAR BELOW REAL VALUE.
This is an opportunity very seldom offered.
If you will communicate with me and obtain full information, you may then, in a manner to suit yourself, make an investigation and be able to prove to your own satisfaction that this property is worth much more than the price asked.
IN THREE YEARS IT SHOULD SELL FOR $150,000.
Sacrifice must be made to meet pressing obligations.
Cash for full amount only.
H. S. Box 6 Times.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Commuters' Farms.
Do you want Commuter's BIG "little farm," an hour out, close to station, Lackawanna R. R., easy terms? Our unique booklet will interest all refined, sincere homeseekers.
Acre Farm and Home Company, 141 Broadway.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

FOR SALE.
Parker homestead, heart of shopping district in City of Meriden, Connecticut, lot 147½ by 218 feet, on three streets, directly opposite U. S. Post Office; land 200 feet away sold for four hundred dollars per foot; must be sold at once; price very moderate. Geo. M. Wallace, 42 Church St., New Haven, Conn.

COUNTRY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Country Homes FARMS Near New York City
I. J. Auerbach, 45 West 34th St., N. Y. C.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

VAN PRAAG,
522-524 WEST 112TH ST.,
Between Amsterdam Av. and Broadway.
Beautiful 5 and 6 rooms; telephone, etc.
$42 TO $48.

515 & 523 W. 122nd St
Elev[illegible] Apartment, 4, 5, 6 and 10 rooms.
Electri[illegible]t. All modern improvements.

West Side.

THE AYLESMERE,
60 West 76th St.
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators, night and day passenger and service; steam dryer; convenient to all traction lines; $900 to $1,500.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

We store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 van load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 604-608 West 48th St. Telephone 2667 Bryant.

A few desirable suites of 2, 3, and 4 rooms, with bath, furnished or unfurnished, in high-class apartment house. Schuyler Arms, 307 West 98th St.

East Side.

43RD ST., 16 EAST
Suite of 2 or 3 rooms, 2 private baths; maid and valet service; menu a la carte.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

Along Hudson River and Westchester County Specialists. TOEL. BRETT & CO., 5 East 42d.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

COULD You Use
$14,000 a Year
For a Term of Years?
We have for rent a very handsome building in East 16th Street, 6 stories and basement, 42,000 square feet at about 30 cents a foot—for four years with option of ten years more at same rate. Light, heat and care needn't cost over 10 cents more—40 cents in all. Neighboring buildings rent for 80 cents and upward. Why not add $14,000 a year net to your profits? Especially suitable for wholesale business, printer, publisher and photo-engraver.
Doubleday, Page & Company
133 EAST 16th STREET, New-York
(or Garden City, L. I.)
P. S.—All reductions already included in above offer to save you time in negotiating.

1,400 square feet office space in modern fireproof building, Herald Square location, to sub-let at attractive price; long-term renewal privilege. Inquire Allen Advertising Agency, 617 6th Av., (near 36th St.)

To Let.—Three large lofts. Apply Manhattan Oil Co., 51 Front St.

Brooklyn.

Manufacturing Lofts to Let
Fireproof building, passenger and freight elevators, steam heat, power day and night, live steam; lowest insurance rates; light on four sides; one block from Manhattan Bridge Plaza, two blocks from Brooklyn Bridge Plaza; convenient to freight terminals; ready for occupancy.
THE CAVANAGH CO.,
Pearl and Prospect Sts., Brooklyn. 1304 Main.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

"APARTMENTS"
2 Rooms and Bath
40 West 38th Street
Furnished or Unfurnished
New Plumbing and Decorations
Moderate Rent
Cross & Brown Co.
N. W. Cor. 5th Ave. & 34th St.
Tel. 1600 Murray H.

43RD ST., 16 EAST
Suite of 2 or 3 rooms, 2 private baths; maid and valet service; menu a la carte.

Parlor, bedroom, bath; elegantly kept; overlooking Park; one block all transportations; gentlemen only; meals optional; $30-$60 monthly. 22 West 60th St.

Studios for artist; positions; living privileges; open fireplaces. Amron, 350 Madison Av., near 45th.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS WANTED

Wanted—Immediately, a six-room furnished apartment until June or July 1st. Send reply to Room 330, 30 Church St.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the application of NAUMBURG PRINCE CO. for authority to change its name to PRINCE LAUTEN CO.

Notice is hereby given that the Naumburg, Prince Co., a domestic corporation, having its principal business office in the City of New York, County of New York, and State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at Special Term, Part I. thereof, to be held in the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, County of New York, State of New York, on the 16th day of January, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that date, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to Prince Lauten Co.

Dated, New York, December 13, 1910.

NAUMBURG PRINCE CO.,
By J. PRINCE, President.

THEODORE PRINCE, Attorney for Petitioner. Office and Post Office address, Fifteen William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

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4% We will invest for you sums from $1000 and up at 10%
On a Guaranteed Basis
If you can use the other 6%
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PHILIP A. PAYTON, JR., COMPANY
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67 West 134th Street Tel 917-918 Harlem.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE NO. 55 WILLIAM ST.,
Wednesday, Jan. 4th, 1911
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
FOR ACCOUNT OF REFEREE IN BANKRUPTCY:
30 Shs. York Silk Mills.
FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
25 Shs. Cosmopolitan Land Co.
250 Shs. Bay Ridge Park Improvement Co.
700 Shs. East Georgia Saw Mill Co. (Hypothecated).
50 Shs. M. A. Udell Specialty Co. common.
20 Shs. M. A. Udell Specialty Co. Prefd.
4,102 Shs. The Udell Manufacturing Co. common.
$7,000 Illinois Central R. R. St. Louis So. 1st Guar. 4s, 1931.
$4,000 Meridian Terminal Co. 1st Guar. 4s, 1955.
$19,000 St. Louis Merchants Bridge Terminal Rway. 1st Guar. 5s, 1930.
$2,000 City & Suburban Rway. Const. 4s, 1930,
50 Shs. 4th National Bank.
$17,000 United States & Porto Rico Navigation Co. 1st Mtge. 5 per cent. 20 year Gold Bds. due Mch., 1921.
$30,000 Highland Paper Mills Co. 5 per cent. Mtge. Bds. due May, 1920.
65 Shs. East River Ferry Co.
25 Shs. National Surety Co.
5 Shs. Carnegie Trust Co.

CONTINUATION AUCTION SALE
COMMENCING WITH LOT 350
—OF—
800 ORIENTAL RUGS
—AND—
CARPETS
To the Highest Bidder. By order of the Importer.
THIS DAY, SATURDAY, DEC. 31,
At 11 A. M.
This Offering Comprises All Sizes from 3x4 to 20x16
In Candahar Carpets, Kermanshah, Bokhara, Daghistan, Durband, Sarook, Shirvan, Hall Runners, Etc., Etc.
ON PREMISES, 722 BROADWAY, N. Y. C.
IRVING E. SCHAAP, Auctioneer.
'Phones 2953 / 2954 Franklin.
The above goods were imported for special orders, but were delayed in transit and acceptance was refused by the buyers, and the importer has decided to close them out without further delay.

To whom it may concern: Take notice that the undersigned will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder at the Real Estate Auction Rooms in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on the 4th day of January, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, on that day, the following securities, to wit: One hundred shares of the D. S. Thompson Manufacturing Company, certificate number 16.

Dated Dec. 27th, 1910.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY, Auctioneer, 156 Broadway, New York City.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

CHRISTMAN PIANOS
Advanced Pianists
Will Find Their Ideal in the
Christman Studio Baby Grand
ONLY FIVE FEET LONG.
The only piano on the market of its size that has that large, sympathetic tone which appeals to the lovers of the grand. The mechanism is built on improved lines, and capable of great endurance.
Upright pianos of fine grade and player-pianos of unusual merit at most reasonable prices and liberal terms. Visitors are pleased and surprised beyond expression. Come and let us give you a demonstration.
Bargains in Used Pianos

	Original Cost.	Our Price.
Steinway Upright	$650	$300
Christman Upright	550	275
Estey Upright	500	225
Sohmer Upright	450	175
Weber Upright	425	150
Mason & Hamlin Upright	475	200
Haynes Upright	350	150
Chickering Upright	400	100
Erard Upright	250	65

Warerooms 35 West 14th St.
Open Evenings.

GREAT BARGAINS!
for the HOLIDAYS!
New Uprights $150 upw. $5 monthly. Used upright pianos $75 upw. Steinway, Chickering, Weber bargains. Self-Playing Pianos $400 upw. Call and hear them. Cash or easy payments.
Open Evenings.
WINTERROTH, 105 East 14th St. 14 West 125th St.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED,
3 MONTHS FOR $5.00
and upwards. We also have them to sell. All makes. All prices. Latest models. Fully guaranteed. Liberal allowance for machines taken in exchange. Send for catalogue.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.
345 Broadway, Cor. of Leonard St. Tel 5408 Franklin. | 1½ Barclay St., 5 Doors from B'way. Tel. 5915 Barclay.

High-grade office furniture, desks, tables, partitions, telephone booths; new and slightly used, &c.; immense stock to select from. Budd & Co., 73 Spring St. Tel., Spring 5488.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, mirrors, wall fixtures, business furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 36-38 Franklin, 358 Broadway.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ACCOUNT OF DULL BUSINESS
must sell contents of truckman's plant, consisting of 23 young horses and mares; these horses are young, in good condition; said horses will be sold on trial of ten days; if not as represented, can be returned in trial time; also express wagons, single and double trucks, harness; prices ranging from $35 upward. Call to-day at office or stables, 420 East 64th St.; telephone 844 Plaza; will also lease my stable.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK,
BANKING DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF THE NORTHERN BANK OF NEW YORK, OF NEW YORK, N. Y.:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 19 of the Banking Law of the State of New York, being Chapter 2 of the consolidated laws as amended by Chapter 452 of the Laws of 1910, notice is hereby given to all persons who may have claims against the Northern Bank of New York, of New York, N. Y., to present the same to the undersigned, Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York, and make legal proof thereof at the office of the Northern Bank of New York, No. 215 West 125th Street, New York, N. Y., on or before April 1st, 1911.

O. H. CHENEY,
Superintendent of Banks.

Dated December 30th, 1910.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—ELIZABETH C. TOAL, Plaintiff, against MADELEINE FISHER, Alfred Weiss, Ernest F. W. Havermeyer, Janet Dawson, and any other heirs, devisees or grantees of John Simonson, deceased, the grantee named in a certain deed of the premises described in the complaint, and their successors in interest or estate, the persons designated as any other heirs, devisees, or grantees of John Simonson, deceased, being unknown to the plaintiff, and the wives, if any there be, of such heirs, devisees, or grantees of John Simonson, deceased, defendants.—Amended Summons:

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the amended complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the Plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the said amended complaint.

Dated New York, October 27th, 1910.

MURRAY, WEED & HARNED,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Office and Post Office address, No. 154 Nassau St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To the defendants, Madeleine Fisher, Janet Dawson, and any other heirs, devisees, or grantees of John Simonson, deceased, the grantee named in a certain deed of the premises described in the complaint, and their successors in interest or estate, the persons designated as any other heirs, devisees or grantees of John Simonson, deceased, being unknown to the plaintiff, and the wives, if any there be, of such heirs, devisees, or grantees of John Simonson, deceased.

The foregoing amended summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Vernon M. Davis, Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 29th day of November, 1910, and filed with the original summons and complaint and original amended summons and complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York at the County Court House, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated New York, December 1st, 1910.

MURRAY, WEED & HARNED,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
No. 154 Nassau St., Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

EXPRESS "BANK" RECEIVER.

Court Grants Application Against Concern for Evading Statutes.

Deputy Attorney General Tanner proceeded yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Page against three of the eleven defendants which the State alleges are doing a banking business illegally, under the guise of express companies. Justice Page appointed a receiver for P. V. Rovnianek & Co., acting on affidavits that the corporation which took out papers as an express company, after the passage of the statute requiring a deposit to be put up by private bankers, had advertised as a "banking house."

Justice Page reserved decision on applications for receivers for De Chiochio & Luciana, and Luigi de Maie. He observed in response to protests that the appointment of receivers would work great hardship, that a case of seeking to evade the statutes appeared to have been established.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

GLASH & LASK.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Glash & Lask, clothing dealers at 199 Canal Street, show liabilities of $12,775 and assets of $5,000 in stock. Among the creditors are S. Joseph, $4,500, and L. Dubinsky, $1,319.

CHARLES HIRSCH.—Charles Hirsch, saloonkeeper of 27 and 29 Rivington Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $3,086 and no assets. The largest creditor is the Congress Brewing Company of Brooklyn, $1,186, on a foreclosure of a chattel mortgage.

HARRY GOLDNER.—Judge Hand has appointed Harold E. Elgar receiver in bankruptcy for Harry Goldner, wholesale grocer, 72 Thompson Street. It was stated that most of the stock has been removed and the remainder is valued at $500, and that he has abandoned the place of business.

MAX ROTH.—Max Roth, living at 347 East Fifty-second Street, formerly a wholesale liquor dealer at 20 Desbrosses Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $6,298, contracted between April and December, 1910, and assets of $543 in accounts. The largest creditor is Benjamin Prager, $3,450, money loaned.

FRANK G. CARRIE.—Frank G. Carrie, who has been engaged in managing, demonstrating, and selling automobiles and supplies at 1,743 Broadway, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $1,124 to thirteen creditors and no assets. He owes $234 to three doctors, $690 for rent, and the balance of the liabilities are tradesmen's bills.

THEODORE TOBIAS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Theodore Tobias, dealer in clothing and men's furnishing goods at Newburg, by these creditors: S. J. Nathan & Son Company, $522; Myer Rider, $100, and Joseph A. Seidman, $374, on an assigned claim of Abraham Friedman. It was alleged that he is insolvent, made preferential payments of $4,000, transferred merchandise and accounts of $4,000, and allowed a creditor to obtain preference by legal proceedings. The assets are estimated at $2,000.

NEW YORK HOLDING AND CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.—Lewis K. Davis, Vice President of the New York Holding and Construction Company of 507 Fifth Avenue, has put in an answer to the petition in bankruptcy filed against the company on Thursday and asks that the petition be dismissed. He denies that there is any sum of money owing by the company to William Beard, that he is a creditor, that the Hay Foundry and Iron Works is a creditor, that the company is insolvent, that it committed any act of bankruptcy, and asserts that all payments have been in the ordinary course of business without any intent to prefer.

USONA STAMPING WORKS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Usona Stamping Works, manufacturer of flexible metal tubing and metal stamping at 631 First Avenue, by these creditors: Leon Sussman, $2,725, on a claim for retained wages, $725, from Oct. 1, 1908, to Jan. 25, 1909, and $2,000 suit for breach of contract of employment, and William D. Fricke, $250 for legal services. It was alleged that the corporation is insolvent, made preferential payments to John Smith of $845 and to others, and allowed Elias Isaacs to take three judgments on which executions were issued to the Sheriff, who advertised a sale of the property for Dec. 31. The judgments aggregate $3,283. The liabilities are said to be $9,000 and the assets $4,000. The corporation was incorporated under New York laws on Dec. 12, 1907, with a capital stock of $51,000.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Adams, Francis A.—Tribune Association, $422.
Appel, Samuel J., et al.—A. Boskowitz, $2,063.
Brown, Isaac—National Fireproof Sash and Door Company, $139.
Valdanza, Giovanni—F. Bisleri et al., $119.
Buch, Samuel—M. Norwich, $104.
Bell, T. Hope, et al.—Hudson Mantel and Mirror Company, $143.
Bonamusa, Carmen—G. H. Rosenblatt, $230.
Buckner, William P., et al.—Richmond Cedar Works, $119.
Burley, Alfred, et al.—Same, $119.
Burrows, Norman R., et al.—Same, $119.
Brady, John—J. M. Carey, costs, $142.
Barrett, Thomas, administrator—M. A. Sheridan, $367.
Cahill, Gerald—E. E. Hinkle, costs, $114.
Cahill, Gerald—E. E. Hinkle et al., costs, $114.
Clarke, James R.—B. Oshin, $192.
Caltabellota, Antonio, et al.—M. Ackerman, $187.
Carroll, John W.—L. W. Goerck, $102.
Cozine, Chauncey G.—T. E. Tuttle, $416.
Coombs, James B.—W. E. Linstedt, Jr., $1,817.
Cammerer, Adelaide L.—B. May, costs, $110.
Crosby, Lorenzo G., et al.—Richmond Cedar Works, $119.
Carpenter, Francis O., and Benjamin F.—Nassau Bank of New York, $552.
Dominik, Paul—H. H. Shulof, $305.
Same—Same, $152.
Duffy, Peter—F. L. Hutton, $320.
Derosa, Leopold A.—Wannegan Realty Company, $242.
De Pinna, George S.—George A. Fisher Company, $151.
Dumphy, William—Hotel Cumberland, costs, $108.
Di Miceli, Alberto—J. Schiffer, $113.
Eisenberg, Joseph—Hencken & Willenbrock Co., $348.
Geisman, Isaac—G. H. Hammond Company, $140.
Gleason, Walter J., adm.—Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females in the City of N. Y., $759.
Gross, Adam—State Bank, $273.
Same—Same, $272.
Galli, Pietro—F. Valenti, $1,812.
Hundt, Charles—M. G. Darmstadt et al., $234.
Hahl, Lizzie—F. Steffins, $218.
Haggerty, Philip F., et al.—N. Y. Edison Co., $624.
Herman, Armine and David—N. Y. Produce Exchange Bank, $524.
Jensen, M. Frederick—Ridabock & Co., $155.
Jutkovitz, Jacob—T. S. Rafferty et al., $133.
Jacobson, Jacob—L. Stossel, $162.
King, Wm. M.—E. H. Wells et al., $346.
Kelvin, Louis—Stanley & Patterson, Inc., $178.
Kelley, Robert K., et al.—Richmond Cedar Works, $119.
Levin, Lars—Johnston & Oswald Co., $289.
Little, Robert F.—I. L. Ernst et al., $56,263.
Lewis, Charles C.—E. L. March, $151.
Liebowitz, Jacob, et al.—C. Zimmerman, $455.
Lofink, Conrad W., et al.—Association for the Relief of Respectable Aged Indigent Females in the City of N. Y., $759.
Loewenstein, Max—W. F. Easley, costs, $136.
Logan, Wm. H., et al.—Richmond Cedar Works, $119.
Langley, Edw. G., et al.—Same, $119.
Mohr, Simon—B. E. Hausdorf, $709.
Mooney, Michael E.—W. J. Gerety, $107.
McCaffrey, Nellie—T. D. Day, Jr., $112.
McClelland, Wm. C.—Interborough Rapid Transit Co., costs, $107.
Nelle, Annie—N. Hoffmann, $164.
Powers, Jesse W., Jr.—S. Tillis, $278.
Palumbo, Theodore—M. Notowitz, $343.
Same—Same, $169.
Person, Orrin D.—E. H. Van Ingen, $891.
Perniciaro, Vincenzo, et al.—M. Ackerman, $187.
Perlman, Barnet, et al.—C. Zimmerman, $455.
Porter, Alfred, et al.—Richmond Cedar Works, $119.
Park, William A., et al.—Same, $119.
Roth, Charles, et al.—A. Boskowitz, $2,063.
Russell, Henry—State Bank, $1,276.
Reid, David C., et al.—Richmond Cedar Works, $119.
Robinson, James, et al.—Same, $119.
Rubenstein, Sam—A. Frankel, $152.
Schramm, Charles E.—Cross, Austin & Ireland Lumber Co., $306.
Stewart, Henry & Cecil P., et al.—Richmond Cedar Works, $119.
Shaw, Samuel H.—M. I. Grace, $293.
Same—Same, $347.
Silvestri, Paul—B. Bengtson, $132.
Strohl, Edward V.—Farish Stafford Co., costs, $110.
Stevens, Harry E.—I. L. Ernst et al., $6,642.
Swing, James B., trustee—J. T. Smith, costs, $107.
Templeman, Charles B.—John N. Loeser Mfg. Co., $374.
Teichman, Edward B., et al.—Hudson Mantel & Mirror Co., $143.
Tufaro, Antonio—J. & M. Haffen Brewing Co., $292.
Tannahill, Charles F.—I. L. Ernst et al., $4,966.
Uhlig, Paul—M. W. Mathews, $172.
Verhees, Louis—A. S. Hoyd, $275.
Vigorito, Sabata—Clausen Flanagan Brewery, $6,360.
Van Blarcom, Charles W.—E. Hamilton, $188.
Same—Same, $280.
Van Cleef, Elliot E., and others—Richmond Cedar Works, $119.
Welles, Frank M.—James Butler, Inc., $114.
White, Annie—A. Wald, $141.
Wolfe, Anna—A. Roth, $160.
Zimmerman, Wolf or Zimm—M. Selitsky, $185.
Lovelace Thompson Aeroplane and Motor Works—Charles E. Wright Co., $897.
Harlem Steam Laundry Co—Curtis Blaisdell Co., $454.
Poris Butter and Egg House—Adolph Schorr, Inc., $324.
Vose Piano Co—S. M. Teeter, $5,445.
Acme Cement Plaster Mills—City of New York, $841.
Acme Water Storage and Construction Co—Same, $199.
American Banker Credit Co—Same, $199.
American Central Realty Co—Same, $109.
American Gas Fixture Co—Same, $924.
American Generator Co—Same, $19,991.
American Silvalue Co—Same, $118.
American Tissot Society—Same, $170.
American Title and Security Co—Same, $199.
American Varnish Works—Same, $397.
Automatic Carpet Cleaning Co—Same, $141.
Teichman Engineering and Construction Co and others—Hudson Mantel and Mirror Co, $143.
Teichman Engineering and Construction Co—Dimock & Fink Co, $112.
City Loan and Guarantee Co of Portland, Me.—A. M. Cushman, $322.
P. F. Haggerty, Inc., and others—New York Edison Co, $624.
Becker Distributing Co—A. Herzberg, $114.
Dodge Bottle Cap Co—V. & O. Press Co, $305.
Henry Stewart & Son, Inc., and others—Richmond Cedar Works, $119.
Schaefer Carroll Construction Co—W. N. Thayer Co, $537.
C. L. Gray Construction Co—P. McKay, $486.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed:

Comisky, Charles—H. Levine et al., Sept. 20, 1902, $180.
Same—Same, Aug. 26, 1902, $180.
Grove Construction Co.—Dry Dock Sash and Door Co., Nov. 10, 1910, $365.
Grove Construction Co. and Dry Dock Door and Sash Co—L. Sperber, Dec. 22, 1910, $161.
Conrad Nuhn Iron Works, Conrad Nuhn, Emma Nuhn, George Jene, and Lizzie Jene—R. P. Wardwell, Oct. 15, 1910, $444.
Same—Same, Oct. 15, 1910, $444.
Same—Same, Oct. 15, 1910, $444.
Same—Same, Oct. 15, 1910, $444.
O'Gorman, Wm. J.—G. W. Mitchell, June 24, 1909, $1,713.
Grummin, Gertrude—J. Kelly, Nov. 26, 1910, $207.
Leviness, Joseph, Jr.—A. E. Reid, Nov. 12, 1896, $3,400.
Barry, Kate, Fidelity and Deposit Co of Maryland—H. H. Lyman, March 5, 1901, $1,893.
Cymrot, Jacob, Cadesh Cohen, and David Melnick—D. H. Bravin Tile and Marble Co., Dec. 8, 1910, $534.
Ten Brook, Frank A., and Tony D'Angelo—G. B. Raymond & Co., Dec. 24, 1910, $220.
Ten Brook, Frank A., and Tony D'Angelo—G. B. Raymond & Co., Dec. 13, 1910, $427.
White, Chas. C.—S. Isear, Jan. 6, 1900, $213.
Palumbo, Theodore and Eliza—Franklin Feed Stores, Nov. 17, 1910, $434.
Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York—A. Goldschmidt et al., Dec. 5, 1910, $16,748.
Moore, Morris—A. Weiss, Jan. 2, 1909, $694.
New York Taxicab Co.—S. Valentine, Dec. 16, 1910, $400.
Same—M. Briglio, Dec. 10, 1910, $1,000.
Jacobowitz, Lena, and Betty Gluck—J. A. Price, March 18, 1910, $126.
Elman, Saul—P. Radin, April 15, 1910, $895.
Same—Same, Dec. 19, 1910, $105.
Friedman, Alex.—M. Rosenkrants, Nov. 25, 1904, released, $222.
Same—Same, May 1, 1905, released, $250.
Hirsch, Robert B., August W. Oppenhym, and Albert Stern—F. S. Ferguson et al., Feb. 1, 1909, reversed, $119.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving and resident buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Weill, R., & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; M. F. McNamara, furnishing goods; 100 Fifth Avenue.
Filene's, William, Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss N. T. Fitzgibbon, misses' skirts, suits and dresses; 4 West Twenty-second Street; Hotel Martinique.
Dallas Millinery Company, Dallas, Texas; Miss A. M. Porter, millinery; Hotel Cumberland.
Annable, Dence & Frye, Gloversville, N. Y.; G. Dence, housefurnishing goods; Continental Hotel.
Personius, Malone, & French, Elmira, N. Y.; H. W. Personius, ladies' ready-to-wear; T. A. Malone, notions; Hotel Bristol.
Demarest, J. V., Dry Goods Company, Middletown, N. Y.; G. C. Rittenhouse carpets; Hotel Marlborough.
Levy Brothers, Rochester, N. Y.; M. Levy, clothing; Broadway Central Hotel.
Siegel Clothing Company, Salt Lake City, Utah; J. H. Siegel, furnishing goods; Hotel Ansonia.
Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; J. J. Sullivan, silks; Broadway and Tenth Street; The Breslin.
Berks Manufacturing Co., Reading, Penn.; C. T. V. Velker, hats; Broadway Central Hotel.
Kline Brothers, Altoona, Penn., J. D. Sheeline, clothing; 214 Church Street; Hotel Cadillac.
Alexander, S. D., Chicago, Ill.; shoes; Murray Hill Hotel.
Woolf Brothers, Furnishing Goods Company, Kansas City, Mo.; A. S. Woolf, furnishing goods; Hotel Imperial.
Bornstein & Zimmerman, Milwaukee, Wis.; S. Bornstein, cloaks and suits; Broadway Central Hotel.

WELL-ESTABLISHED FUR HOUSE making a specialty of foxes and wolves wishes to connect with experienced salesman who desires a good side line. N 148 Times.

Guide for Buyers.

Directory of Wholesale Merchants.
One line, 12 months, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
CROCHETED LACES.
N. Jannelli, 324 East 14th St. (Imported.)
EGYPTIAN SCARFS. (Silver and Gold.)
R. A. Sawaya, 35 Broadway, Room 52.
HUMAN HAIR.
Milton Mayer, Importer, 87-89 University Place.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite, (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.
NECKWEAR Men's.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 Broadway.

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SINGLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $1.50 PER DAY.
DOUBLE ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH, $2.00 PER DAY.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

WINTER CRUISES Special Cruises de Luxe to West Indies & Tropics, Bookings now open for ideal tours leaving New York Jan. 21, 24, 28; Feb. 18 and 25—everything included. 16 to 32 day trips, $85.00 upward. Send for details. MARSTERS TOURS, 31 W. 30th St., N. Y. City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of JAMES K. HACKETT, Bankrupt.—No. 12,347.—(Corrected) Notice of Sale at Auction.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of William H. Ford, the trustee herein, at public auction under the rules and practice of this court, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, No. 113 Leonard Street, New York City, on January 10, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon.

The property to be sold consists of all the right, title, and interest of the bankrupt in and to the following property:

Ten shares of stock of the Myers Track and Tool Co.

Contracts for the producing of the following plays: "A Fool and a Girl," "The Girl in White," "The Bishop's Move," "The Secret of Polichinelle," "The Crown Prince," "The House of Silence," "The Little Stranger," "The House of a Thousand Candles," "The Walls of Jericho," "Mr. Hopinkson," "Public Opinion," "The Girl Behind the Counter," "John Ermine of the Yellowstone," "Don Caesar's Return," and "Glorious Betsy."

Parcel of land No. 414 in Algoma Centre section, situate in the Township of Day, in the District of Algoma, Province of Ontario, Dominion of Canada.

Claims against J. H. Dillon and A. L. Flynn for money loaned, and claim against Ernest Shipman for royalties.

All the bankrupt's right, title, and interest in ten policies of life insurance in the Equitable Life Assurance Society, and all rights which the bankrupt may have to use and occupy certain offices in the Hackett Theatre, in New York City.

Further particulars as to the said property may be obtained on application of William R. Wilder, attorney for the trustee, 45 Cedar St., New York City.

Dated December 19, 1910.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy,
45 Cedar Street, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of ARTHUR KOLLINS, Bankrupt.

By order of the court Charles Shongood sells on the 4th day of January, 1911, at No. 113 Leonard Street, New York City, at 10:30 A. M., under the direction of Samuel J. Goldsmith, Trustee in Bankruptcy, assets belonging to this estate, consisting of ladies' dresses and piece goods.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
SAMUEL J. GOLDSMITH,
Trustee in Bankruptcy.
JAMES, SCHELL & ELKUS, Attorneys for Trustee, 170 Broadway.

WINTER RESORTS.
1 time per line, 20c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.26. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

OVER
NEW YEAR'S
GO TO
Atlantic City

and enjoy this popular holiday period in the invigorating salt air and brilliant, warm sunshine that makes the seven miles of ocean Boardwalk most attractive and gay, with its crowd of visitors in fashion parade.

There is Golf, Motoring, Riding, Driving, Sailing, Dancing, Musicales, Bazaars, Cafe Life, special entertainments for this occasion and a round of pastimes that assure you of a happy and enjoyable outing, with the most healthful environment.

An Outing Over New Year's at ATLANTIC CITY

will pay you threefold from a health and pleasure standpoint and the cost will be at a minimum. The best of accommodations, at reasonable rates, are to be had at any of the hotels whose announcements appear opposite.

WINTER RESORTS.
1 time per line, 20c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.26. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00

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THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Avenue and Beach; ocean view; hot and cold running water in rooms; open all the year; booklets. SAMUEL S. ELLIS.

HOTEL WINDSOR On the beach; always open. American or European plan. S. S. PHOEBUS, Manager.

WIENER'S HOTEL New Jersey Ave. & Beach. Cuisine under supervision of Wiener, of Philadelphia catering fame. Moderate prices. No extra charge for salt water baths.

HOTEL WARWICK South Carolina Ave. & Boardwalk. The best equipped small hotel in Atlantic City. Open all year. SARAH H. FULLOM.

CHESTER INN New York Ave., near Beach. Elevator; steam heat; moderate rates. MRS. D. KNAUER.

ISLESWORTH On the Beach. Virginia Av. American and European plan. Special weekly terms. FRANK M. PHOEBUS, Mgr. WM. HYMAN, Prop.

HOTEL JACKSON Virginia Ave., near Beach. American and European plan; booklet. J. H. GORMLEY.

HOTEL LAMBORN Maryland Av. & Beach. Elevator, private Baths. Special winter rates, $10, $12.50 and up weekly. J. A. MILLER.

ST. CLARE HOTEL Pennsylvania Avenue, near Beach. Open surroundings; rooms single or en suite, with private baths. J. C. & E. T. LEWIS.

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GALEN HALL

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Ocean end Rhode Island Avenue. Splendid table and service. Special rate for the Winter, $12.50, $15 per week, without bath; $15 to $25 per week, with bath. Sea water and other baths. Booklet. W. H. Moore, Manager.

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JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

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A select family and transient hotel; conveniently located; thoroughly comfortable and homelike. Good table. American plan. Rates $2.50 up per day. Special rates for a prolonged stay. Send for booklet. IRVING O. BALL, Prop.

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The Kirkwood
South Carolina's
Famous Resort
Long Leaf Pine Belt
T. Edmund Krumbholz
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GEORGIA.

Hotel Bon Air

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Now open. The most popular resort in the South; Two fine 18-hole golf courses, beautiful club house, excellent driving and motoring, shooting, and all outdoor sports.

Address C. G. TRUSSELL, Manager.
Also Manager Frontenac Hotel, Thousand Islands, N. Y.

FLORIDA.

WINTER TIME IS JUNE TIME
ON THE EAST COAST OF FLORIDA

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

LONDON'S LATEST and BEST
PICCADILLY HOTEL
AND RESTAURANT.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 14,187.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB DIAMOND and ABRAHAM SACHS, individually and as co-partners trading as DIAMOND & SACHS, bankrupts.

To the creditors of Jacob Diamond and Abraham Sachs, individually and as co-partners trading as Diamond & Sachs, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of November, A. D. 1910, the said Diamond & Sachs were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,375, Hudson Terminal Building, No. 50 Church Street, City and County of New York, on the 13th day of January, A. D. 1911, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
December 29th, 1910.

NO. 14,445.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of ISAAC L. BARNETT, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Isaac L. Barnett of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 23d day of December, A. D. 1910, the said Isaac L. Barnett was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,375 Hudson Terminal Building, No. 50 Church Street, City and County of New York, on the 13th day of January, A. D., 1911, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
December 29th, 1910.

NO. 12,796.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of STEVENS BRITTON MAUREL CO., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Stevens Britton Maurel Co. of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1909, the said Stevens Britton Maurel Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Stanley W. Dexter, referee in bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, (Room 1,510,) City and County of New York, on the 11th day of January, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated December 30th, 1910.

NO. 14,446.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN J. WILSON, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of John J. Wilson of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 23d day of December, A. D. 1910, the said John J. Wilson was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Stanley W. Dexter, referee in bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, (Room 1,510,) City and County of New York, on the 17th day of January, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated December 30th, 1910.

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DIRECTLY ON THE OCEAN FRONT.
OPEN ALL YEAR.

American and European plans; no extra charge for sea or fresh water baths; special Winter rates now in effect. Orchestral concerts. A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr., JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Ave. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator; porches, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly. $2.50 up daily. Booklet. SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

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Bracing, invigorating, and really enjoyable—

The trip to Boston by Fall River Line steamer.

Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River, foot of Warren Street, at 5.00 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning —later if you like.

Fare to Boston........ $3

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Daily steamers for Newburgh. Weekdays for Poughkeepsie. Pier 24, N. R., ft. Franklin St.

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Before deciding, write call or phone.

THOS. COOK & SON
245 Broadway, 264 and 563 Fifth Av., 649 Madison Av., New York.
Cook's Travellers' Cheques Are Good All Over the World.

BERMUDA

The Ideal Winter Tour.
Leaves Jan. 4, 11, 14, 18.
5 TO 15 DAY TOURS, INCLUDING TICKETS, HOTELS, DRIVES, ETC. $35.50 Up.
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Winter Cruises West Indies

3 Cruises de Luxe by New Twin Screw R.M.S.P. "AVON," 11,073 tons, from New York, Jan. 21, 27 days; Feb. 18, 32 days; March 25, 19 days, visiting West Indies, Spanish Main, and Panama Canal. Rates $5 Per Day and Up. Sanderson & Son, Agts., 22 State St., N. Y.

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LONDON-PARIS-HAMBURG
†AMERIKA..........Jan. 5, 11 AM
§PRESIDENT LINCOLN..Jan. 12, 9 AM
‡BATAVIA..........Jan. 21, 9 AM
§PRESIDENT GRANT..Jan. 28, 9 AM
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. ‡Hamburg direct. §Hamburg via Cherbourg.

EUROPE

Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
By new 17,000 ton steamers, equipped with all modern safety appliances. Electric Baths, Gymnasium, Elevator, etc.
S. S. CINCINNATI....Jan. 5, 12 noon
S. S. CLEVELAND..........Jan. 28
S. S. CINCINNATI..........Feb. 14
Tourist Department for Trips Everywhere.

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ORIENT Egypt, Holy Land, Nile. — January 28 by the twin screw S. S. CLEVELAND (17,000 tons), offering every convenience and comfort, 80 DAYS, $325 and up. Finest trip ever planned. Strictly first class. Nile trips by the Hamburg and Anglo-American Nile Co.'s superb steamers.

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WEST INDIES (Three Cruises) Panama Canal, Venezuela. — January 24 and February 25 by S. S. MOLTKE (12,500 tons), largest ship going to the Caribbean, 28 DAYS, $150 and up. Also MARCH 28, Spring Cruise of 16 DAYS, $85 and up.

AROUND (Two Cruises) **THE WORLD** — By the twin screw S. S. CLEVELAND (17,000 tons), from New York November 1, 1911, and from San Francisco February 17, 1912, 110 DAYS, $650 and up, including all necessary expenses aboard and ashore. Optional Tours of 17 days in India, 14 days in Japan.

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WEEKLY SAILINGS.
10 DAYS $102 — Including 4 Days hotel accommodations. Ample time for sight-seeing and short delightful Sea Trip. FIRST-CLASS THROUGHOUT.
By S. S. HAMBURG 11,000 TONS. 16 KNOTS.
LARGEST STEAMER IN CUBAN TRADE.
SAILS JAN. 11 and Fortnightly Thereafter.
Second cabin accommodations most excellent. Splendid opportunity of reaching Cuba economically. — By Steamships ALTAI AND ALLEGHANY
Rate in Second Cabin $25 TO HAVANA
Only two persons placed in each room.

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23-25 Days — THROUGH TICKETS TO AND FROM WEST COAST POINTS.
Cost Entire Round Trip $135-$140
—NEXT SAILINGS—
Prinz Joachim..Dec. 31 | Sibiria..........Jan. 7
Pr. Eitel Fried'h.Jan. 5 | Albingia.........Jan. 12
Steamers sail from Pier 65 North River.

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All the attractions of the RIVIERA, with automobiling, bathing, fishing, and other outdoor sports. Only direct route without change from New York daily, except Sunday, calling at Charleston for all Carolina resorts; at Brunswick, for all Georgia and Alabama points, reaching Jacksonville the third day for all Florida resorts.
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NEARBY SAILINGS: ENGLAND, IRELAND, THE CONTINENT

St. Louis	Dec. 31, 10:00 A. M.	Cedric	Jan. 11, 3:00 P. M.
Kroonland	Jan. 4, 10:00 A. M.	St. Paul	Jan. 11, 10:00 A. M.
Oceanic	Jan. 7, 10:00 A. M.	Lapland	Jan. 11, 10:00 A. M.
Minnewaska	Jan. 7, 10:30 A. M.	Megantic	Jan. 14, 11:00 A. M.

CRUISES West Indies-Spanish Main-Panama Canal
S.S. NEW YORK. Costing only $150 and Upwards for 31 Days, affording 294 Hours Ashore, three days more than any other cruise. JAN. 28 MAR. 4
The Ship, the Itineraries, the Equipment and the Prices are Right; and you may visit United States territory under the American flag. Send for map and program

American Line Pier 62 N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
St. Louis....Dec. 31, 10 AM | St. Paul...Jan. 11
*Oceanic....Jan. 7, 10 AM | *Adriatic.Jan. 21
*White Star Line Steamer, Pier 61, N. R.

Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London Direct Pier 58 N. R.
Min'waska.Jan. 7, 10:30 AM | Min'haha..Jan. 21
Minneapolis.Jan. 14, 10 AM | Min't'nka..Jan. 28

Red Star Line Pier 59 N. R.
New York—Cherbourg—Dover—Antwerp.
Kroonland..Jan. 4, 10 AM | Finland...Jan. 18
Lapl'd (new).Jan. 11, 10 AM | Vaderland.Feb. 1

White Star Line Piers 60 & 61 N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
†St. Louis..Dec. 31, 10 AM | St. Paul..Jan. 11
Oceanic......Jan. 7, 10 AM | Adriatic..Jan. 21
†American Line Steamer from Pier 62 N. R.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Megantic...Jan. 14, 11 AM | Baltic.....Feb. 11
Laurentic..Jan. 28, 11 AM | Laurentic.Feb. 25
New York and Boston to
RIVIERA—ITALY—EGYPT
The Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche, Genoa, Naples, Alexandria.
★ CEDRIC (21,035 tons)....Jan. 11, Feb. 22
★ CELTIC (20,904 tons)....Jan. 25, Mar. 8
★ Largest Steamers to the Mediterranean.
Romanic.Feb.4,2:30PM | Canopic.......April 8
Romanic.Mar.18,noon | Romanic......April 29
Cretic..Mar. 29, noon | Cretic.........May 10

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STEAMSHIP "GEORGE WASHINGTON" 27,000 TONS
SAILS JANUARY 3RD
7 days to Plymouth and Cherbourg—8 days to Bremen.
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Connections for Egypt, India, Far East, Australia.
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ONE DAY (Two Nights) from NEW YORK
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Twin Screw S.S. "Oceana"
14,000 Tons Displacement; 8,000 Tons Register; 535 Feet Long; 55 Feet Beam; 38 Feet Deep; Wireless Telegraph; Bilge Keels; Submarine Signals.
LARGEST, FASTEST, AND MOST LUXURIOUS STEAMER TO BERMUDA.
FIRST-CLASS ROUND TRIP FARE, including Stateroom Berth and Meals. $20 up
FINEST CUISINE ON THE ATLANTIC.
Special trips, including Carriage Drives, Launch Trips, numerous Shore Excursions, and Best Hotel Accommodations for 8 Days, $25, in addition to steamship fare. Booklet and full particulars of BERMUDA-ATLANTIC LINE, 290 BROADWAY, N. Y. PHONE WORTH 710.

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BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, AND ROSARIO.
By the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
Sailing from New York, 5th and 20th of each month.
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or
BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents
301 Produce Exchange, New York

OLD DOMINION LINE.

DAILY SERVICE.
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M.
W. L. WOODROW. Traffic Manager.

CLARK'S "ARABIC" ORIENT CRUISE

FEB. 4, $400 up for 71 days. Shore trips ALL INCLUDED. Round World Tour Jan. 25; Riviera-Italy, Jan. & Feb.; 30 Tours to Europe. Specify programme desired.
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

CUNARD

Piers foot West 14th St., N. R. Offices, 24 State Street, opposite Battery.
Largest, Fastest, Finest Ships afloat. Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals.
MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE.
LONDON PARIS BERLIN VIENNA
DIRECT via FISHGUARD
Queenstown—Fishguard—Liverpool
Campania, Jan. 4, 10 A.M. | Campania, Jan. 25
Fishguard and Liverpool
Lusitania, Jan. 18, 9 A. M. | Mauretania. Feb. 1
GIBRALTAR GENOA NAPLES
TRIESTE FIUME
Pannonia.Feb. 25, noon | Saxonia.......Mar. 30
Ultonia.Mar. 23, noon | Pannonia.....April 13
SPECIAL CRUISES
RIVIERA ITALY EGYPT
Gibraltar Algiers Villefranche Genoa Naples Alexandria Fiume. *Omits Fiume.
Carmania 20,000 tons.........Jan. 7, *Feb. 18
Caronia 20,000 tons.........Jan. 21.........
Franconia 18,000 tons.new steamer.*March 11

FRENCH LINE

Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Lorraine..Jan. 5 | La Bretagne..Jan. 26
*La Savoie.....Jan. 12 | *La Savoie.....Feb. 2
*La Provence..Jan. 19 | *La Touraine..Feb. 9
*Twin screw steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING.
One class (II) Cabin Passengers only.
*Chicago............................Feb. 4
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE

GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Furnessia.....Jan. 7, noon | Caledonia...Feb. 4, 11 AM
Columbia....Jan. 21, 1 PM | Furnessia..Feb. 11, 9 AM
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $30 AND $31.25.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..7:20 | Sun sets..4:39 | Moon rises..—

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	7:18	7:50	9:58	1:48
Governors Island	7:38	7:57	1:34	2:28
Hell Gate	9:28	9:47	8:09	3:58

Arrived—Friday, Dec. 30.

SS Campania, Liverpool, Dec. 24.
SS Indravelli, Gibraltar, Dec. 11.
SS Fert, Genoa, Nov. 18.
SS Monroe, Norfolk, Dec. 29.
SS Zacapa, Kingston, Dec. 23.
SS Ascania, St. Marc, Dec. 24.

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
America, Naples	—	12:00 M.
St. Louis, Southampton	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Mesaba, London	—	9:00 A.M.
Trent, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Cristobal, Cristobal	5:30 A.M.	8:00 A.M.
Florizel, Newfoundland	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Curacao, Curacao	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Saratoga, Havana	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Seminole, San Domingo	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz Joachim, Jamaica	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
San Juan, San Juan	—	12:00 M.
Harry Luckenbach, San Juan	—	—
San Jacinto, Galveston	—	1:00 P.M.
Alamo, Tampa	—	1:00 P.M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
SAIL MONDAY.		
Suriname, Paramaribo	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Rio Grande, Brunswick	—	3:00 P.M.
SAIL TUESDAY.		
George Washington, Bremen	—	10:00 A.M.
Ryndam, Rotterdam	—	10:00 A.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Lorraine	Havre	Dec. 24
California	Puerto Mexico	Dec. 23
Tamarac	Rotterdam	Dec. 16
Afghan Prince	Tyne	Dec. 18
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Altai	Kingston	Dec. 22
Cedric	Queenstown	Dec. 25
Lapland	Dover	Dec. 24
Shira	Barry	Dec. 17
DUE MONDAY.		
Bermudian	Bermuda	Dec. 28
Carolina	San Juan	Dec. 28
Maracaibo	San Juan	Dec. 23
Minnewaska	Southampton	Dec. 24
Prinz Eitel Friedrich	Inagua	Dec. 28
Proteus	New Orleans	Dec. 28
El Sol	Galveston	Dec. 27
Excelsior	New Orleans	Dec. 27
Clara	Fiume	Dec. 7
Canadian	Liverpool	Dec. 21

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Minnewaska, incoming from London, was reported 840 miles east of Sandy Hook at 2:20 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Monday morning.

SS Lorraine, incoming from Havre, was reported 323 miles east of Sandy Hook at 2:20 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this morning.

SS Cedric, incoming from Liverpool, was reported 876 miles east of Sandy Hook at 12:10 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Sunday morning.

SS Prinz Oskar, outgoing for Hamburg, was reported 120 miles southeast of Cape Race yesterday.

SS Canadian, incoming from Liverpool, was reported 323 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6:20 P. M. yesterday.

SS Furnessia, incoming from Glasgow, was reported 1,150 miles east of Sandy Hook at 4:20 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Monday morning.

SS Tamarac, incoming from Rotterdam, was reported 313 miles east of Sandy Hook at 6:15 P. M. yesterday.

By United Wireless.

SS Concho, Galveston, was 330 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 12:40 P. M., 30th.

SS City of Columbus, Savannah, was 53 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at noon, 30th; will dock at 5 A. M., 31st.

SS Verdi, South American ports, was 1,018 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 30th.

SS Allianca, Cristobal, was 1,638 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 29th.

SS Apache, Charleston, was 212 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 30th; will dock 2:30 P. M., 31st.

SS Proteus, New Orleans, was 875 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 6:30 P. M., 30th.

SS Carolina, San Juan, was 718 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 30th.

SS Rio Grande, Brunswick, was 175 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 30th.

SS Comanche, Charleston, was 518 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 30th.

SS Denver, Galveston, was 72 m. W. of Key West at 7 P. M., 30th.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Satsuma, at Durban, Dec. 30.
SS Wray Castle, at Port Natal, Dec. 30.
SS Touraine, at Havre, Dec. 30.
SS Noordam, at Rotterdam, Dec. 30.
SS Verona, at Port Said, Dec. 30.
SS Lituania, at Libau, Dec. 26.
SS Buenos Ayres, at Genoa, Dec. 27.
SS Eretria, at Pernambuco, Dec. 30.
SS Chipana, at Valparaiso, Dec. 30.

Sailed.

SS Prinz Eitel Friedrich, from Bowden, Dec. 28.
SS Drumcree, from St. Lucia, Dec. 28.
SS Oruba, from Kingston, Dec. 29.

Passed.

SS American, New York for Antwerp, passed Beachy Head.
SS Rhein, New York for Bremen, passed Brow Head.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Lurline	Dec. 30 6:30 P.M.
Japan, Corea, Philippines, China (via Tacoma)—Tacoma Maru	Jan. 2 6:30 P.M.
Guam, Philippines (via San Francisco)—U S transport	Dec. 31 6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Corea, China, Philippines (via San Francisco)—Mongolia	Jan. 2 6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, Australia, New Zealand (via San Francisco)—Aorangi	Jan. 6 6:30 P.M.

(For Latest Shipping See Page 1.)

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 30.—The Southern storm has passed into the Atlantic by way of the Canadian maritime provinces, with much increased intensity. General rains and snows Thursday night east of the Mississippi River were followed Friday by rapidly rising pressure, clearing weather, and a decided fall in temperatures, which latter, however, are not unusually low to-night, except from the lake region eastward, where they range from 8 to 22 degrees below the seasonal average.

Over the greater portion of the western half of the country there has been a marked pressure fall accompanied by a rise in temperature to much above normal, and also by generally clear weather.

The Western depression will move eastward attended by snows and rains, probably extending Sunday into the Middle Atlantic States.

It will be colder Saturday in New England and the Middle Atlantic States, followed by rising temperature Sunday.

Pressure is again rising in the extreme Northwest, with rapidly falling temperature, and cold-wave warnings have been ordered for that region.

Winds along the New England Coast will be northwest to north, slowly diminishing; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate north, becoming northeast and east Saturday night; South Atlantic Coast, moderate north to northeast.

Steamships departing Saturday for European ports will have diminishing northwest to north winds, with fair, cold weather, to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND SUNDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair, continued cold Saturday. Sunday unsettled and warmer, followed by snow in the west and north portions; moderate north to east winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair; continued fair Saturday. Sunday unsettled and warmer, followed by snow or rain in north and west portions; moderate north to east winds.

New Jersey—Fair Saturday. Sunday unsettled and warmer; moderate north to east winds.

New England—Fair Saturday; colder in north portion; diminishing northwest winds. Sunday increasing cloudiness; not so cold.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1909.	1910.		1909.	1910.
3 A. M.	8	52	4 P. M.	17	[illegible]
6 A. M.	6	50	6 P. M.	16	27
9 A. M.	9	41	9 P. M.	14	23
12 M.	13	39	12 P. M.	13	19

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 36; for the corresponding date last year it was 12; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 32.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 42; at 8 P. M. it was 24. Maximum temperature, 53 degrees at 5 P. M.; minimum, 19 degrees at 10:15 P. M. Humidity, 51 per cent. at 8 A. M., 47 per cent. at 8 P. M.

Your Business Wants

What do you need most in your business—a competent employe for a special position of trust, a partner to share the responsibilities and contribute to the investment, or expert counsel to solve some knotty problem?

Advertisements in the Help Wanted or Business Opportunity Columns of The New York Times will aid you. Thousands will see your appeal and very likely just the person for the occasion will appear to help you in your emergency.

Want advertisements have helped many a business man and furnished many an employe just the opportunity best suited for his labors.

Telephone your want advertisement to The New York Times, Bryant 1000.

LOST

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—Wednesday, Dec. 28, in DeKalb Av. car or on Fulton St., Brooklyn, between Hoyt St. and Monroe Place, or at Webster's, Abraham & Straus's or Title Guarantee Co., lady's gold watch with silver coin fob; monogram M. E. S. $10 reward if returned to 298 Carleton Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Dec. 22, somewhere between Lexington Av. and 70th St. and 44th St. and Madison Av., gold bag containing gold purse, owner's name, E. B. Hoadley, inside. Reward of $25 will be paid upon return of bag and purse intact to 962 Lexington Av.

LOST—Buffalo robe, delivered by boy at wrong address; receipt signed by T. Hennessey; boy does not remember where he delivered same. Holder kindly notify Fred. Sauter, Taxidermist, 42 Bleecker St., New York.

LOST—On downtown Subway train, Friday morning, a gold Swiss watch, with embossed case, (woman's face,) open face, attached to bowknot chatelaine; liberal reward. Hall Boy, 617 West 115th St.

LOST—In Belasco Theatre, or between there and Broadway Theatre, gold eyeglasses in black case. Suitable reward if returned to B. L. Skinner, 2,766 Briggs Av. 'Phone 912 Tremont.

LOST.—Gentleman's Ring, bloodstone, in 146th St., between Amsterdam and St. Nicholas Avs., valued as a keepsake; liberal reward. Dr. G. W. Elliott, 746 St. Nicholas Av., apartment 76.

LOST.—Wednesday evening, diamond pin in the shape of a bird, with ruby eyes; Empire Theatre, Rector's Plaza Hotel. Very liberal reward if returned to cashier, Plaza Hotel.

LOST—Pair skates and shoes coming from Brooklyn to St. Nicholas Rink. Return to 161 West 88th St. Reward.

LOST—Tuesday, Dec. 27, lady's gold watch and chain; monogram I. U. Liberal reward if returned 143 West 80th St.

LOST.—Alligator bag with shirtwaist, skirt, silk dress, &c.; reward. Mrs. E. C. Baldwin, Fort Wadsworth, S. I.

LOST—Lady's gold locket, with initials M. M., between Liberty and Fulton Sts., Dec. 29; reward. 66 Liberty St.

LOST—Pearl pin, with monkey on it, Saturday night; liberal reward. Return to Vanvechten & Bayne, 12 Gold St.

LOST—Amethyst and silver necklace, 22d, 23d Sts., Broadway, 5th Av.; liberal reward. 473 West 22d.

LOST—Charm, initials W. M.; liberal reward. Return to W. Meserity, 779 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Thursday, small dark fur neck piece, near 50th St., 5th Av.; reward. 9 West 70th.

LOST—Lady's diamond ring, on Amsterdam Av. car; liberal reward. Samson, 541 West 124th.

LOST.—Gold Medal in Sedgwick Av. car; liberal reward. 'Phone Stander, 5,516 Melrose.

REWARD $10.
Lost, in grill room of Knickerbocker Hotel, on Dec. 28, gold vanity box; initials W. M. No questions asked if returned to 714 Madison Av.

$25 REWARD—Brown fox fur neck piece, lost Thursday evening. Return to 12 East 58th St.

LOST AND FOUND, CATS, DOGS

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST.—$10 reward; Friday afternoon, in vicinity of 6th Av. and 36th St., a small black and white beagle puppy; long brownish ears. Return to 282 West End Av.

LOST—A brown and white Boston bulldog, Saturday night, between 10 and 11 o'clock; name Jack; reward; no questions asked. Dr. G. C. Owens, 275 Kingston Av.

LOST, Monday morning, a male pug; answers to the name of Pinky. Five dollars reward if returned to 27 West 97th St. Mrs. Silcocks.

LOST—White toy French poodle; short hair, collar; name, Joke; reward. 23 Gramercy Park.

LOST—Male Collie, brown; white leather collar; vicinity 93d; liberal reward. 163 W. 93d.

FOUND

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND, Dec. 29—HUDSON & MANHATTAN RAILROAD COMPANY—HUDSON TUBES. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Card cases, beads, wallet, umbrella, tie, box, sheet music, rule, packages.

FOUND—On 41st St., physician's bag, containing medicine and instruments. Apply Lost and Found Department, The New York Times.

FOUND, Dec. 30—INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT CO.—Apply 9 Morris St.: SECOND AV. ELEVATED: Two umbrellas, satchel, cap, rubbers, overalls, box dolls, &c., brass union. THIRD AV. ELEVATED: Three umbrellas, 2 purses, 2 hand bags, necklace, book, envelope, legal papers, music, gloves, shoes, cloth, sweater, cap cover, shades, box stones, &c., cocoa, watch, samples, muff, brushes. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED: Glove, brass, calendar, shoes, package addressed, neck piece, envelope addressed, pocketbook, pair gloves, 7 umbrellas, bills, &c., loadstone, jar. NINTH AV. ELEVATED: Case papers, ring, spectacles, eyeglasses, part of fob, book, hand bag, diary, muff, piece lace, calendar, hat, chocolate, &c. SUBWAY: Seven umbrellas, 2 canes, eyeglasses, necklace, purse, card case, 2 books, music, pictures, photos, papers, letter, keys, gloves, odd glove, neck piece, hatpin, coat, &c., shoe, 2 pair rubbers, buckle, mitten, 4 muffs, bottles, soldering iron, 4 demijohns.

FOUND, Dec. 30.—BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT CO. Apply 167 Montague St., Brooklyn.—SURFACE AND ELEVATED: Ring with stone, key and scissors, music, eyeglasses, music roll, woolen gloves, 2 signs, lorgnette, muff, eyeglasses in case, handkerchiefs, pictures, photo, child's dress, package handkerchiefs and other articles, gloves, game, hat box, hat, pocketbooks, umbrellas.

FOUND, Dec. 30.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.: Two packages, three pairs gloves, umbrella, valise.

FOUND, Dec. 30.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Four umbrellas, four packages, pair gloves, wallet, book, purse.

FOUND, Dec. 30.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Four umbrellas, two pairs gloves.

FOUND, Dec. 30.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Seven umbrellas, two suitcases, three packages, book.

FOUND, Dec. 30.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.; Seven umbrellas, muff, rubbers, hat, three pairs gloves, pipe, key and chain, two packages, curtains, collars, commutation ticket, eyeglasses, newspaper clippings.

FOUND, Dec. 30.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Room, Jersey City, N. J.: Book, two umbrellas, pair gloves, two packages, shoes. CORTLANDT ST. FERRY: Bundle, music.

FOUND, Dec. 30.—PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply 33d St. and 7th Av.: Scarfpin, pajamas, package, cane, razor, four pairs rubbers, bracelet, overshoes, papers, slippers, pencil, two pair eyeglasses, five umbrellas, veil, gloves, hatpin, muff, two packages.

FOUND, Dec. 30.—WEST SHORE R. R. Apply Information Bureau: Umbrella, pair rubbers, parcel.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

Competent man to invest his time and $5,000 in established leather specialty business; suitable salary and part interest to right man; experienced sales manager preferred; must furnish first-class references as to character and general business ability. Address N 141 Times.

GARAGE FOR SALE, LONG LEASE; CAPACITY, 150 CARS; ESTABLISHED, PAYING BUSINESS; BEST LOCATION IN THE CITY. BOX N 154 TIMES.

Good Investment.—New patented electric sign; see working model; sell outright, cash, real estate, or royalty. Battaglia, 123 Liberty St.

All pawn tickets purchased; strictest privacy assured. Henry, 56 Pine St., Room 411.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BRIGHT YOUNG WOMAN, as assistant operator on four trunk line switchboard. Mr. Clark, 754 Pacific St., Brooklyn.

COOK.—Wanted in a private family, capable cook. Address, with references, N 159 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper, thoroughly experienced and competent only. Charles K. Blatchly, 105 East 22d St.

YOUNG WOMEN TO
LEARN TELEPHONE OPERATING

Young women, between 17 and 23 years of age, to learn telephone operating for Central office; positions for those who qualify; salary $5 a week paid while learning. Apply after 9 A. M. to Application Department, New York Telephone Co., 58 West Houston St., corner Wooster St.

HELP WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

BOY WANTED in office of fire insurance company, to run errands and make himself generally useful; one who is active, can write a fair hand, and does not smoke cigarettes. Address, stating age, references, &c., F 222 Times Downtown.

BUTLER in a private family in New York City; competent butler, wages $35. Address P 15 Times.

EXPERIENCED SECRETARY AND STENOGRAPHER.—College graduate preferred; must have reading knowledge of German; write stating age, experience, and salary expected. Institute, foot of East 66th St.

EXPERIENCED PACKER, married, steady, ambitious; $10 to start; state experience and qualifications. P 14 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, well educated, of neat appearance and good address, in a wholesale house, to qualify as salesman; small salary to start; but quick advancement if capable. Address S. S., Box 212 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, thoroughly acquainted with the Far Western buyers of ladies' and misses' lingerie dresses. Address S. W., Box 216 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, Christian; neat, careful, accurate, steady; familiar with detail work; not afraid of hard work; salary, $12; good future. Address, stating qualifications and experience, K 170 Times.

THREE SALESMEN WANTED.—We need three young and active salesmen for successful specialty; only men of good education and good address need apply; experience not necessary; salary and commission paid; moderate salary paid while business is being learned. Address in writing, giving age and business experience, also references, Progressive, tenth floor, 44-60 East 23d St.

WELL-ESTABLISHED FUR HOUSE making a specialty of foxes and wolves wishes to connect with experienced salesman who desires a good side line. N 148 Times.

HELP WANTED

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

ORGANISTS immediately for suburban Episcopal churches, $400-$500. Webster Choir Agency, 136 5th Av.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

GRADUATED MASSEUSE seeks position as ladies' companion; willing to travel; references. 38 Bank St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Graduate nurse would like to keep house for nurses; terms reasonable. Miss Ella Lane, 494 Washington St., Newark, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly competent young woman; rapid, neat, accurate worker; references. Ambitious, 231 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Ambitious beginner will accept low salary with advancement opportunities. Executive, 201 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, neat, and capable; anxious to succeed; excellent references. Thorough, 219 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good scholar, competent stenographer, clerical worker, position busy office. Competent 312 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ACCOUNTS FOR CORPORATION TAX prepared by expert accountants on moderate terms, also auditing, systems, and investigations for banks and mercantile houses. Box F 221 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, closed, written up; audits, investigations, financial statements, cost system, estate accounting by public accountant; terms reasonable; references. Accountant, 328 West 41st St. Telephone 5781 Bryant.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books; $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,317. 'Phone 2993—Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2250 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Firms not employing bookkeepers can have their books written up, balanced, or audited; $5 monthly and upwards. Accountant, Room 303, 24 East 21st St. Phone, Gramercy 5477.

ACCOUNTANT.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. George Christie, 863 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT. AUDITOR.
HERMANN E. GOLDSCHMIDT.
High grade. Moderate. References.
150 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 4317.

ASSISTANT MANAGER

In one of New York's largest department stores seeks similar connection elsewhere as manager or assistant; twelve years' experience; best references furnished; age, 35; would locate out of town. N 157 Times.

COLLEGE MAN; forestry; experienced, practical; park or country estate; office or outside position; moderate; reference. N 152 Times.

CONTRIBUTOR to leading reviews upon current legal and political questions wants editorial or similar engagement; published work submitted. N 153 Times.

PROOFREADER and editorial follower-up of printing desires position; salary $20. Caslon, N 126 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced fur salesman, commanding first-class trade in city and out of town, wishes to connect with reliable house making medium grade furs; first-class references. N 167 Times.

SALESMAN, covering Middle West, wants as side line a line of corset covers, or similar line. N 165 Times.

SENIOR ACCOUNTANT, 26, university education good experience, now employed, desires change, commercial or accounting firm; salary, $2,100 to start. F 201 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17 years of age, wishes a position in manufacturing concern where there is a chance of advancement; can furnish best of references. Abraham Geist, 3 Willett St., City.

PERSONAL

40 cents per agate line each insertion

Family employing governess (widow, 47,) for two little boys, leaving Atlantic City Sept. 15 please communicate with Murphy, 425 West 57th St.

SITUATIONS WANTED

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3167 John

Domestic.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids, firemen; city, country. Henderson's, 110 West 124th St. Telephone, 486 Morningside.

SHEPHERD AGENCY, 59 West 98th St.; tel. 10045 Riverside.—First-class domestic help furnished; references.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Attractive, large second-story front room; good board; alcove front parlor; references.

16TH ST., 20-22 WEST.—Large front room, second floor; well heated, unexcelled board; telephone.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.—Large room, private bath, second floor, front; suitable for two.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms for persons with reliable references; Southern home.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Rooms; table guests; first class; references.

63D ST., 133 WEST.—Widow having handsomely furnished home will accommodate few boarders; first-class appointments; Southern cooking; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; dressing room; running water; excellent table; moderate.

71ST, 122 WEST.—Large, comfortable room for two gentlemen; exceptional table; entirely new management.

72D ST., 172 WEST.—Handsome rooms, large and small, with or without private bath; superior cuisine; good service; table boarders accommodated; references.

72D ST., 242 WEST.—Desirable single room; hot and cold water; well-appointed house; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Clean, bright suite; private bath; single rooms; quiet; refined; table guests.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive room, suitable one, two; home cooking; table guests accommodated; references.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Desirable single rooms; parlor dining; references required.

76th ST., 237 WEST.—Two large rooms and bath, and other rooms; newly furnished; decorated; large closets, parlor dining room; excellent table; table board; telephone; Christians; references.

80TH ST., 154 WEST.—Warm, comfortably furnished rooms; large and small; superior table; telephone; references.

80TH, 141-143 WEST.—One large front room, southern exposure, parlor dining; moderate; references.

80TH, 163 WEST.—Large front room, nicely furnished, one flight; parlor dining room. Davidson.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—In refined Jewish home, first-class room and board; table guests.

82D ST., 128 WEST.—Every room bath, parquet floors, electricity, steam; special table board accommodation.

82D ST., 6 WEST.—Large, front suite, medium rooms; tray breakfast or board optional; references.

84TH ST., 51 WEST.—Elegant large, small rooms; excellent French cuisine; table guests accommodated; moderate.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large, small rooms; excellent table; parlor dining; telephone; all conveniences; moderate.

93D ST., 21 WEST.—Bright, cheerful rooms; all conveniences; best French cooking; near Central Park and L station.

96TH ST., 64 WEST.—Handsome, warm rooms; excellent table board; near Park, Subway, elevated; references.

104TH ST., 257 WEST, (West End Av.)—Rooms; table guests; references; telephone.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Delightful, large rooms; exceptional table; vacancies rare; refined company; references; Southerners.

117TH ST., 417 WEST.—Modern private residence overlooking Morningside Park; beautiful large room, private bath; smaller room, also elegant; refined; quiet; healthful; homelike; delicious cooking; Subway and elevated; telephone.

117TH ST., 407 WEST.—Best location in city; large room with private bath; also single room; excellent table; private house; Broadway Subway.

123D ST., 2,053 7TH AV.—Opportunity secure large front room; steam, telephone; exceptional board; references.

135TH ST., 242 WEST.—Large second floor front room; also small room; board optional; board.

137TH ST., 259 WEST.—Nice large rooms; all modern conveniences; excellent board; $14 for two.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Desirable rooms, connecting; all conveniences; steam heat, telephone; references; table guests.

145TH, 468 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; every convenience; home table; reasonable; Subway, "L."

149TH ST., 540 AND 546 WEST.—Near Broadway Subway; most beautiful and healthiest section of New York; "The Audubon,"—four select, private boarding houses in one; bright, large, well heated rooms, with private 'phone; bathroom adjoining each room; $14 to $20 weekly for two; $10 to $14 one; two smaller rooms, $8 weekly; meals excellent and liberally served; parlor, dining rooms, billiard room, social surroundings, a real home. Telephone, 2757 Audubon.

150TH ST, 527 WEST.—Exceptionally pleasant large and small rooms; steam heated; board optional; telephone; references.

157TH SUBWAY (Washington Heights.)—Exceptionally pleasant outside room; elevator apartment; every convenience; beautiful outlook; board optional. Telephone Audubon 2497, Extension 41.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service, baths, and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 761, (near 148th.)—Exceptionally pleasant rooms; bath adjoining; nice neighborhood; references.

1.—WEST END AV., 879, (corner 103d.)—Block from Riverside Park; Subway express station, surface cars, and Riverside buses; finest location in New York; handsomely furnished rooms; superior table.

101 WAVERLEY PLACE (Washington Square, N. W.)—Two-room suite; bath; steam heat; also single room; table first class.

East Side.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Desirable, steam-heated rooms; view Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; telephone.

61ST ST., 156 EAST.—Large, comfortable, well-heated room; select house; superior board; reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable large, small rooms; private baths; excellent board. Telephone 1978 Gramercy.

LEXINGTON AV., 602.—Large front room; all conveniences; private house; reference required; reasonable.

MADISON AV., 694-696.—Back parlor; private bath; also fourth-floor room; parlor dining.

Long Island.

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; comfortable, attractive, homelike; special Winter rates. Telephone Flushing 290.

Country.

A delightful home for an invalid or convalescent may be obtained, with special care by a graduate nurse of many years' experience; references. SHEPARD, 14 Bradford Place, Montclair, N. J.

Rockhurst, Spuyten Duyvil-on-Hudson; 30 minutes; 7th year; home cooking; quiet; references. Lesley.

BOARD WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

GENTLEMAN, single, American, desires board, with room, with a private family; must be good neighborhood; telephone facilities. Har[illegible], 90 William St.

FURNISHED ROOMS

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

5TH AV., 61.—Square, light room; running water; steam; electricity; one flight; gentlemen. Campbell.

9TH, 28 WEST.—Three connecting sunny rooms, private bath, connection hot water; telephone; references.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.—Desirable rooms; single, en suite; hot and cold water; private house; gentlemen; references.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Front, single room; southern exposure; modern conveniences; $3.

27TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large and small rooms; newly decorated; well heated; private bath; reasonable.

34TH, 133 WEST.—Large and small rooms, suitable two; $3 up.

36TH ST., 38 WEST.—Large, small rooms, adjoining baths; clean, homelike; breakfast optional; references required.

37TH ST., 68 WEST.—Back parlor; telephone, electric lights; other conveniences; suitable for physician.

38TH, 52 WEST.—Handsome large second-story front room; moderate; large, light, front basement.

44TH ST., 216 WEST.—Well furnished, large, small rooms; quiet, refined surroundings; board optional; references.

45TH ST., 232 WEST.—Large and small rooms; cheerful, well-kept house; near Hotel Astor.

45TH ST., 27 WEST, (near 5th Av.)—Newly furnished bright rooms; references.

55TH ST., 107 WEST.—Attractive, large room, connecting bath; exclusive house; telephone; also single room.

56TH ST., 345 WEST.—Under new management; large, small rooms; clean, well kept; gentlemen; reasonable.

58TH ST., 222 WEST.—Large, well-heated, sunny rooms; closets, running water, bath, telephone, &c.

71ST ST., 233 WEST.—Newly, handsomely furnished suite, or separate; private house; smaller room also.

73D ST., 177 WEST.—Unusually attractive front room, unexpectedly vacated; private family; references.

73D ST., 173 WEST.—Large and small rooms; also parlor for doctor.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Medium-sized room, also large, handsomely furnished; bath, telephone; reasonable.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished warm rooms; first-class neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; refereices.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Exceptionally fine room with extension, suitable doctor's office or gentlemen.

81ST, 108 WEST.—Well furnished, large room, running water, $5; small $3; private house.

82D ST., 119 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, en suite or separate; telephone; conveniences; Subway, elevated.

82D, 150 WEST.—Two large, light rooms, single or en suite; private house; telephone.

84TH, 111 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom; southern exposure; adjoining bath; 'phone; all conveniences. Wolters.

85TH ST., 122 WEST.—Comfortable furnished room, bath; running water; board; 'phone; reasonable.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Desirable single, double rooms, private bath; clean, select house; all conveniences.

91ST ST., 31 WEST.—Pleasant hallroom; southern exposure; all conveniences.

92D ST., 204 WEST.—Large, well furnished room; steam, running water, telephone; moderate rent. Sweetser.

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive, clean room, convenient Subway and "L" express; board optional. Scott.

96TH ST., 111 WEST.—Large bedroom; all conveniences; Subway, L; $2.50. Bannigan.

102D, 302 WEST.—Elegant private house; splendidly furnished room; reasonable; well heated; phone.

103D ST., 216 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, ideally located, 2-room, outside suite; single room. Romer.

103D ST., 216.—Corner Broadway: comfortably furnished room with private family; $3.50. Apartment 2.

111TH ST., 503 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, all improvements; Broadway Subway. Krueger, Morningside 5222.

112TH ST., 504 WEST.—Rooms suitable for two; single room; elevator; 'phone; shower; references. Wells.

113TH ST., 323 WEST.—View Morningside Park; attractive parlor, bedroom adjoining; scrupulously clean; private family; choice apartment; refinement; 'phone 509 Morningside. Wright.

118TH ST., 401 WEST.—Desirable rooms; elevator; telephone; attractive dining rooms; Broadway Subway; Apartment 33.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Parlor suite; also single rooms; one flight; near colleges; reasonable. Elmer.

122D ST., 620 WEST.—Attractive outside rooms; corner apartment; well heated; elevator; telephone; in connection with excellent table board. Apply Apartment 2.

122D ST., 514 WEST, (near Broadway.)—High-class rooms, single, double; electricity, steam, elevator. Kenyon.

123D ST., 524 WEST.—Large, neat, comfortable room in private family; $3 to permanent roomer; bath convenient; gentleman. Eaton.

137TH ST., 249 WEST.—Sunny rooms, parlor, piano, telephone; every convenience; Subway, elevated; gentlemen preferred.

140TH ST., 520 WEST.—Nice room; convenient location; private residence; plenty hot water; gentlemen; references.

142D ST., 611 WEST.—Two nicely furnished rooms; private family; all conveniences; near Subway.

143D ST., 512 WEST, near Subway.—Nicely furnished room; references exchanged.

145TH, 518 WEST.—Cosily furnished parlor; two gentlemen; married couple; light housekeeping privilege. Kenny.

147TH ST., 419 WEST.—Well furnished rooms with or without board; convenient to Subway; reasonable.

180TH ST., 607 WEST.—Comfortable room; married couple, two ladies; bath, telephone; reasonable; Subway, Forbon.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343, (corner 127th.)—Handsomely furnished suites four, five rooms; bath, elevator, telephone, electricity, silver, linen; $12 weekly; beautifully furnished rooms; bath; kitchen; $3, $6 weekly.

East Side.

17TH, 113 EAST.—Large, smaller, front, rear rooms; attractive who appreciate well-ordered house.

24TH, 21 EAST.—Newly renovated, handsomely furnished rooms; private bath; electric light; reference; phone.

40TH, 5 EAST.—Fifteen richly furnished double, single rooms; private baths; electric; hall service.

69TH ST., 20 EAST.—Parlor floor; two rooms, kitchenette, private bath; swell for doctor; private entrance; also room, private bath, furnished or unfurnished.

LEXINGTON AV., 787.—Two large rooms, front, and two hall rooms; all comforts.

LEXINGTON AV., 822.—Newly furnished parlors for rent, also single and double rooms.

278 Madison Av.—High-class house; elegantly furnished apartment and rooms; refined neighborhood; all modern conveniences; reasonable.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d.)—Attractive, large, small, sunny rooms; bath; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

Brooklyn.

A NEW ENGLAND WOMAN has fine, newly renovated rooms, overlooking water, for gentlemen, with, without private baths; convenient to Wall St., Subway, and bridge; popular prices. 3 Montague Terrace, Heights.

FURNISHED ROOMS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

WANTED.—Furnished rooms with housekeeping facilities for three ladies, near Riverside Drive; reasonable. Address N 158 Times.

DOGS AND BIRDS

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 23c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

A.—A.—WESTSIDE DOG EXCHANGE Offers an unusually choice selection of high class dogs at exceptionally attractive prices; Boston terriers, English bulldogs, French bulls, bull terriers, Airedale terriers, fox terriers, Irish terriers, Dalmatians, white poodles, Scotch colliers, St. Bernards, Great Danes, cocker spaniels, Newfoundlands, Irish setters; above breeds positively on the premises. 779 11th Av., 54th. Telephone [illegible]—Columbus.

Church Services To-morrow

Baptist.

AMITY BAPTIST CHURCH, 308-312 WEST 54th St.—Rev. LEIGHTON WILLIAMS, D. D., pastor. 11 A. M., "The Year of Jubilee." 8 P. M., "Renewing One's Covenant With God."

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 92D AND Amsterdam, Frank M. Goodchild, D. D., Pastor.—11, "A New Year's Wish"; 8, "That Heart of Yours," a New Year sermon, sixth in popular course.

COLLEGIATE BAPTIST CHURCH of the Covenant, West 33d St., between 8th and 9th Avs.—Dr. OSCAR HAYWOOD, Pastor, preaches morning, 10:45, "Mediations." Evening, 7:45, "The New Year." Singing by men. All invited.

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
8 West Forty-sixth Street.
The REV. CHARLES F. AKED, D. D.,
will preach to-morrow morning and evening.
Services at 11 and 8 o'clock.
Morning—"The Rosy Dawn of Day: A New Year's Sermon."
Evening—"Mary Magdalene—in Maeterlinck, in Edwin Arnold, in Robert Buchanan and in the Scriptures."
BIBLE CLASSES FOR YOUNG MEN AND YOUNG WOMEN AT 9:30 A. M.

HOPE BAPTIST CHURCH, B'way, 104th, Rev. E. S. Holloway, Pastor.—11, "God's New Year Summons"; 8, "Get Right With God."

MADISON AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH,
Madison Av., corner 31st St.
C. A. EATON, D. D., Pastor,
will preach Sunday morning and evening.
11 A. M.—"A Pilgrim Song for the Passing Years." 8 P. M.—"A Happy New Year—How We Can Realize the Wish."

MEMORIAL BAPTIST, Washington Square. EDWARD JUDSON, Pastor, will preach, 11. Mr. Simmons, 8.

MOUNT MORRIS CHURCH,
5th Av., near 126th St.
Rev. J. HERMAN RANDALL, D. D.,
will preach to-morrow morning and evening.
Morning, 11—"The More Abundant Life."
Evening, 8—"The New Year's Outlook."

SPANISH BAPTIST CHURCH, 123 West 57th St., Rev. SAMUEL F. GORDIANO, Pastor.—Bible class, 3 P. M.; preaching, 4. Students of Spanish welcome.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS BAPTIST CHURCH, 145th St., Convent Av.—Rev. Rufus P. Johnston preaches 11 A. M., 8 P. M. "Religion and Progress."

Congregational.

BROADWAY TABERNACLE,
Broadway and 56th Street.
Rev. CHARLES E. JEFFERSON, D. D., Pastor.
TO-NIGHT—WATCH NIGHT SERVICES.
8—Y. P. S. C. E. Meeting. 9—Men's League. 10-10:30—Organ Recital. 10:30-11—Social half hour. 11—Dr. Jefferson preaches.
SUNDAY—Pastor preaches 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Wednesday 8 P. M.—Prayer Meeting.

MANHATTAN CONGREGATIONAL, Broadway, 76th St., Rev. H. A. STIMSON, D. D., Pastor, preaches 11 and 8. At 8 P. M. the Pastor will preach "A Special New Year's Sermon"; subject, "The Demand for Moral Earnestness."

Disciples of Christ (Christian.)

FIRST CHURCH, 142 WEST 81ST STREET.
WILLIAM L. FISHER, Minister.
Preaching at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Ethical Culture.

THE SOCIETY FOR ETHICAL CULTURE.
Founded 1876.
Meeting House, Central Park West and 64th St.
11 A. M.
—NEW YEAR'S SERVICE.—
Addresses by
Mr. PERCIVAL CHUBB, DR. HENRY MOSKOWITZ, MR. ALFRED W. MARTIN, and DR. R. A. TSANOFF.
The Public is Welcome.

Jewish.

TEMPLE BETH-EL, 5th Av. and 76th St.—Sunday morning at 11, Rev. Dr. S. Schulman will preach on "The Integrity of Commerce." All welcome.

TEMPLE EMANU-EL, 5th Av. and 43d St.—Sunday, 11:15 A. M., Dr. Silverman on "Judas Maccabeus and Jesus of Nazareth." All welcome.

THE FREE SYNAGOGUE,
CARNEGIE HALL,
SUNDAY MORNING AT 11,
DR. WISE WILL PREACH,
"THE DUTIES AND DANGERS OF YOUTH."
ALL ARE WELCOME.

Lutheran.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH OF THE HOLY TRINITY, Central Park West at 65th St., The Rev. Charles J. Smith, Pastor.—Sunday School at 9:30 A. M. Chief Service at 11 o'clock. Vespers at 8 P. M.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN CHURCH, (St. James,) Madison Av. and 73d St. Dr. Remensnyder, pastor. Service, 11 and 8, Sunday school, 9:45 A. M.

EVANG. LUTH. CHURCH OF THE ADVENT, Broadway and 93d. W. M. HORN, Pastor.—Serv. 11 A. M., 8 P. M. Sunday School 9:30 A.M.

Methodist Episcopal.

BEDFORD STREET METHODIST EPISCOPAL Church, Rev. Robert H. Kelley, Pastor.—Services, 10:45 and 7:45.

CALVARY M. E. CHURCH,
129th St. and 7th Av.
Rev. CHARLES L. GOODELL, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion—Reception of Members.
8 P. M.—New Year's Sermon by Dr. Goodell. WATCH NIGHT SERVICE, Dec. 31, 9 P. M. Love Feast and Address. REVIVAL SERVICES will be held throughout the month of January.

GRACE—104th St., west of Columbus. Christian F. Reisner. 11: "What is Goodness." 8: "Worthless Good Resolutions." Mrs. Gillet, Harpist.

"HOME WEEK" EACH WEEK IN JANUARY.—Trinity M. E. Church, East 118th St., near 2d Av. Dr. Jay Benson Hamilton, Pastor. Dr. Frank Mason North, Sunday evening. Music by orchestra, vested choir of 70 voices, and talking machine. Rallies every night but Saturday. Addresses by able speakers. Welcome.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH,
76th St., west of Columbus Av.
GEORGE CLARKE PECK, D. D., Minister.
11 A. M.—New Year Meditation and Communion.
8 P. M.—"Face Front."

Baptist.

MADISON AVENUE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, corner 60th Street.
Rev. WALLACE MACMULLEN, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—Preaching by the Pastor, followed by Service of Holy Communion.
8 P. M.—Informal Service, with brief address by the Pastor.
Watch Night Service Saturday evening at 10:30 o'clock.
Special Meetings next week from Tuesday to Friday, inclusive, at 8 P. M.

7TH AVE. METROPOLITAN TEMPLE, JNO. WESLEY HILL. 14TH ST.
11 and 8, Dr. Hill—Rev. Harry Taylor—Wm. Young—Commencement of Special Meetings.

ST. JAMES. Madison Av. and 126th St. 11, Morning Worship, Holy Communion. 8, Nature in Majestic Mood. Illus.

ST. PAUL'S METHODIST CHURCH,
West End Av. and 86th St.
Rev. GEORGE P. ECKMAN, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—"The Right of Way."
8 P. M.—"Stage-Setting in the Drama of Life."
SPECIAL MUSIC.

UNION M. E. CHURCH, 48th St., West of Broadway, J. Lewis Hertsock, Minister.—11 A. M., Holy Communion; 8 P. M., "The Deathless Diary."

1,000 RELIGIOUS WORKERS WANTED to assist in the Revival Meetings at Metropolitan Temple, 7th Av. and 14th St. Commencing Sunday, Jan. 1.

New Church.

CHURCH OF THE NEW JERUSALEM, 35th St., between Park and Lexington Avs.—Rev. JULIAN K. SMYTH, Pastor. Service at 11 A. M. with sermon by the Pastor. Subject: "Why the Manna Could Not Be Kept."

New Thought.

MARY CHAPIN. New Thought, Berkeley Theatre, West 44th St., near 5th Av.—Afternoon, 3, "Looking Forward." All welcome.

NEW THOUGHT MEETINGS, Plaza Studios, 5 West 58th St., Sunday, 11 A. M.; Tuesday at noon, and Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Speaker, W. Ellis Williams. Public invited.

Presbyterian.

BRICK CHURCH,
Fifth Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street.
Communion at close of Morning Service.
Dr. Francis Brown will preach at 11,
Norman M. Thomas at 4.
Bible School and Classes, 9:45 A. M.
Midweek Service, Wednesday, 8 P. M.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West 57th St., between Broadway and 7th Av.
Rev. WILTON MERLE-SMITH, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. G. H. SMYTH, JR., Assistant.
Dr. MERLE-SMITH preaches 11 A. M., 8 P. M. Eve'g Subject—"The Old Year and the New." Christian Endeavor meeting Sunday morning, 9:45. Young Men's Bible Study Class, 10 A. M. Sunday School, 3 P. M. Devotional meeting, Wednesday, 8 P. M. All welcome.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
Fifth Av. and 55th St.
Services at 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.
REV. HUGH BLACK, D. D.,
will preach.
Morning Subject: "The Irrevocable Past."
Afternoon Subject: "The Open Door."
BIBLE SCHOOL MEETS AT 9:30 A. M.
Men's Bible Class at 10 A. M.
SPECIAL WEEK OF PRAYER SERVICES WILL BE CONDUCTED BY DR. BLACK on Wednesday Evening at 8:15. Subject: "The Fatherhood of God"; and on Friday Evening at 8:15. Subject: "The World's Approach to God."
Every One is invited to these services.

FIRST UNION PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Lexington Av. and 86th St.,
Rev. HARVEY GRAEME FURBAY, Ph. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—"The Power of Hope."
8 P. M.—"Is a Lie Ever Justifiable?"

Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church, Rev. Walter Buchanan, D. D., minister, preaches tomorrow in the Assembly Room of United Charities Building, 109 East 22d St., at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. Midweek prayer meeting Wednesday, 8 P. M.

FOURTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
West End Av. and 91st St.,
EDGAR WHITAKER WORK, D. D., Pastor.
P. ELWOOD ERICKSON, Assistant.
Dr. Work preaches "The Year Sermon" at 11 A. M. In the evening at 8 o'clock his topic is "Making the New Year New."

MADISON AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Northeast corner of 73d St.
Service New Year's Eve, 11 P. M.
New Year's Day, 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Dr. HENRY SLOANE COFFIN will preach.

MADISON SQUARE CHURCH,
Madison Av. and 24th St.,
Rev. C. H. PARKHURST, D. D., Pastor.
Rev. G. R. MONTGOMERY, Ph. D., Assistant Minister.
The pastor will preach 11 A. M. and Mr. Montgomery 8 P. M.
Communion Service, 4 P. M.

OLD FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Fifth Av., 11th to 12th St.,
REV. HOWARD DUFFIELD, D. D., Pastor.
REV. ROBERT MACKENZIE, D. D.,
will preach 11 A. M., 8 P. M.
WATCH-NIGHT SERVICE
New Year's Eve, from 11 to 12 o'clock.
Special Music under direction Wm. C. Carl.

PARK PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 86TH ST., Amsterdam Av., Dr. ANSON P. ATTERBURY, Pastor.—Services 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

RUTGERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
BROADWAY AND 73D ST.
REV. ABBOTT E. KITTREDGE, D. D.,
preaches at 11 and 8 and conducts the Prayer Meeting Wednesday evening at 8:15.

THE UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
Services in the chapel, Claremont Av., between 120th and 122d Sts., at 11 o'clock. Preacher, the Rev. Prof. GEORGE WILLIAM KNOX, D.D., LL.D.
The attendance of all not regularly worshipping elsewhere is cordially invited.

UNIVERSITY PLACE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Cor. of 10th St. (one block west from Broadway.) GEORGE ALEXANDER, D. D., Pastor. Public worship to-morrow at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. At the services to-morrow the Pastor will preach. To-morrow being the first Sunday in the new year, the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be observed at the close of the morning service. Wednesday evening services at 8 o'clock.

WEST END PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Corner Amsterdam Av. and 105th St.,
REV. A. EDWIN KEIGWIN, D. D., PASTOR.
11 A. M., New Year's Sermon by Pastor.
At 8 P. M. a Christmas Concert will be given, the choir assisted by additional voices and the Park Sisters, Cornetists.

WEST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
On 42d St., between 5th and 6th Av.
Rev. ANTHONY H. EVANS, D. D., Pastor,
preaches at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

ALL ANGELS' CHURCH, West End Av. and 81st St., Rev. S. Delancey Townsend, D. D., Rector.—Holy Communion, 8 A. M. Holy Communion and sermon by the rector, 11 A. M. Traditional Christmas Carols and cantata, "The Holy Child," 4 P. M. Strangers welcome.

ALL SOULS' (ANTHON MEMORIAL.) ST. Nicholas Av., 114th St., Rev. G. STARKWEATHER PRATT, Rector.—Services, 8, 11, 8.

CALVARY CHURCH, 4th Av. and 21st St.
Celebrations 8, 10, 11. Morning Prayer and Sermon by the Right Rev. Frederick Foote Johnson, Bishop of South Dakota, 11.
Organ Recital, 7.45. Choral Evensong, 8.
CHRISTMAS MUSIC REPEATED.

CHRIST CHURCH, BROADWAY, 71ST ST.,
Rev. G. A. STRONG, Rector.
8 A. M., 11 A. M., Rector.
8 P. M., Rev. G. Monroe Royce.

CHURCH OF ST. MARY THE VIRGIN, 139 West 46th St., Rev. J. G. H. BARRY, D. D., Rector.—Low masses, 7:30, 8:15, 9; solemn mass, procession and sermon, (Rector,) 10:45; Vespers and procession at 4.

CHURCH OF THE ASCENSION,
Fifth Avenue and Tenth Street.
Rev. Dr. PERCY STICKNEY GRANT, Rector.
11 A. M.—Morning Service and Sermon (Rector.)
4 P. M.—Evensong and sermon.
8 P. M.—People's Service. Dr. Grant will preach on "How to Secure a New Deal."
9 P. M.—People's Forum. Elizabeth Guyley Flynn, Speaker.
Subject: "The Brooklyn Shoemakers' Strike."
NEW YEAR'S EVE.
10:45—WATCH NIGHT SERVICE.

CHURCH OF THE BELOVED DISCIPLE, 89th St., near Madison Av., REV. HENRY M. BARBOUR, D. D., Rector. Services at 7:30, 10, 11 A. M., 8 P. M. Rector preaches morning and evening.

CHURCH OF THE HOLY COMMUNION,
6th Avenue and 20th Street.

WATCH NIGHT SERVICE,
Commencing at 11:30 P. M.,
followed at 12:05 A. M. by the
HOLY COMMUNION.

CHURCH of the TRANSFIGURATION, 1 E. 29, DR. GEORGE CLARKE HOUGHTON, Rector. Communions, 7, 8, 9. Concone's Mass (Orchestra). Dean Robbins, Sermon, 10:30. CHORAL EVENSONG, Orchestra, 4 o'clock. Preacher, 8 P. M., Rev. Philip Gavan Duffy.

CHURCH OF ZION AND ST. TIMOTHY,
334 West 57th Street.
Rector, Rev. Henry Lubeck, D. C. L.
Holy Communion .... 8 A. M.
Morning Prayer .... 10 A. M.
Litany: Holy Communion: Preacher, the Rector .... 11 A. M.
Evensong: Preacher, Rev. Dr. Rushton .... 8 P. M.

Protestant Episcopal.

ÉGLISE DU SAINT-ESPRIT, 45, 27e Rue Est.—Services religieux le dimanche à 10h. ½ et 8h., Rev. A. Wittmeyer, Recteur.

GRACE CHURCH, B'WAY AND 10TH ST.
Sunday Services at 8, 11, 4, and 8.
Preachers—Rector at 11, Rev. C. W. Clash at 4, Rector at 8 P. M.

INCARNATION, Madison Av. and 35th St.—8 A. M., 10 A. M., 11 A. M., (Rector.) 4 P. M., (Rector.)

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH,
Madison Av., corner 44th St.,
the Rev. LEIGHTON PARKS, D. D., Rector.
8:30 A. M., Holy Communion.
11 A. M., preacher, the Rector.
4 P. M., preacher, Rev. Sydney N. Ussher.
5 P. M., organ recital.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH,
Stuyvesant Square and 16th St.
Rev. HUGH BIRCKHEAD, D. D., Rector.
NEW YEAR'S EVE.,
Watch Night Service, 11 P. M.,
followed by Holy Communion at 12 M.
Conducted by The Rector.
NEW YEAR'S DAY,
8 A. M.—Holy Communion.
11 A. M.—Holy Communion and Sermon.
Preacher, The Rector.
8 P. M.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.
Subject, "The New Year's Opportunity."
Preacher, Rev. William Scarlett.
MUSICAL PROGRAMME.
Solo, "Ring Out, Wild Bells".........Gounod
Mr. Harry T. Burleigh, Soloist.
Anthem, "Ten Thousand Times Ten Thousand" ....Norris
ALL SEATS FREE.

ST. MARK'S, 2d Av. and 10th St.—Rev. Dr. L. W. Batten, Rector. Services on New Year's Day. Holy Communion, 8 A. M. Morning Prayer, Sermon and Holy Communion, 11 A. M., (with repetition of the Christmas music.) Service of the Emmanuel Healing Mission, 8 P. M.

ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH, West 84th St., near Central Park, Rev. ARTHUR H. JUDGE, Rector.—8, 11 A. M., 8 P. M.

TRINITY CHURCH
Sunday Services: 7:00, 7:30, 10:30 A. M. (Sermon): 3:30, 8:00 P. M.
Weekday Services: 7:30, 9:00 A. M.; 3 P. M.
CHURCH OPEN ALL DAY.
The public is cordially invited to the services, both on Sundays and on weekdays.

Brooklyn.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH,
Clinton and Carroll Sts.
Services at 8, 11, 3, 4. At High Mass the Sermon will be preached by Rev. A. W. Jenks, D. D. Children's Service at 3.
There will be special music at 4 P. M. by an orchestra and augmented choir.
Rev. A. C. WILSON, Rector.

Reformed.

FORT WASHINGTON REFORMED (Collegiate) Church, Fort Washington Av. and 181st St., Rev. A. J. Muste, Minister.—11 A. M., "I Saw Thrones." 8 P. M., "Found—A Leader."

GRACE REFORMED CHURCH, 7th Av., 54th St., Rev. J. R. DURYEE, D. D., Minister.—Services 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

SOUTH CHURCH, Park Av. and 85th St., Rev. THOMAS REED BRIDGES, D. D., Minister, 11 A. M., Morning Service and Sermon. 2:30 P. M., Sunday School; 8 P. M., Eve'g Service.

MADISON AVENUE REFORMED CHURCH,
57th St. and Madison Av.
Rev. WM. CARTER, D. D., Pastor.
11 A. M.—New Year's Sermon by Pastor.
8 P. M.—Fifth in Series of Sacred Travel Talks on the Holy Land, "From Jerusalem to Bethlehem."

THE MIDDLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
2d Av. and 7th St.
Rev. JOHN G. FAGG, D. D., Minister,
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE MARBLE COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
5th Av. and 29th St.
Rev. DAVID JAMES BURRELL, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.
Morning: "The Arithmetic of Time."
Evening: "Now Pay Your Debts."

THE COLLEGIATE CHURCH OF ST. NICHOLAS,
5th Av. and 48th St.
Rev. MALCOLM JAMES MAC LEOD, Minister,
will preach at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

THE WEST END COLLEGIATE CHURCH,
West End Av. and 77th St.
Rev. HENRY EVERTSON COBB, D. D., Minister, will preach at 11 A. M. and 4:30 P. M. At 4:30 P. M., Musical Service. Handel's "Messiah."

Reformed Catholic.

SERVICES IN CHRIST'S MISSION, 331 WEST 57th St.—Afternoon, 3:30, Rev. JAMES O'CONNOR preaches; subject, "Roman Catholicism in Europe and America."

Society of Friends.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS, (Orthodox.)—Meetings for worship, 144 East 20th St., New York; Washington and Lafayette Avs., Brooklyn, 11 o'clock; George A. Barton proposes attending New York meeting.

RELIGIOUS SOCIETY OF FRIENDS.—Meetings for worship, 11 A. M. at 221 East 15th St., Manhattan, and 110 Schermerhorn St., Brooklyn.

Theosophy.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY, 253 WEST 72D.—There will be no lecture Sunday. Tuesday evening subject, "Cycles," S. G. P. Coryn.

Unitarian.

ALL SOULS (Unitarian)—Fourth Av. and 20th St. Rev. THOMAS R. SLICER, Pastor, will preach a New Year's sermon: "IN NEWNESS OF LIFE." Communion follows sermon; services 11 A. M.; all cordially invited.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH,
(UNITARIAN,) Park Av. and 34th St.
Ministers: { Rev. Robert Collyer, Lit. D.,
Rev. John Haynes Holmes.
11 A. M.—Morning service. Mr. HOLMES will preach. Subject:—"SOME GREAT CAUSE; GOD'S NEW MESSIAH; AN ADDRESS TO MY PEOPLE." Communion Service.
8 P. M.—Union service of this church, Free Synagogue and Church of the Divine Fraternity. All seats free. Address by Mr. JOHN GRAHAM BROOKS on "The Next Two Steps in Social Reconstruction."
All cordially invited to all services.

LENOX AVENUE UNITARIAN CHURCH,
Corner 121st Street. Service at Eleven.
'CONTEMPORARY RELIGION, ZANGWILL.'
Rev. Merle St. Croix Wright, D.D., Minister.

Universalist.

THE CHURCH OF THE DIVINE PATERNITY
Central Park West and 76th St.
The Pastor, FRANK OLIVER HALL, D. D., will preach at 11 A. M. Subject: "Press On."
Vesper Service 4:30 P. M. Brief address by Dr. Hall. Subject: "Now."
Music from the Cantata "Bethlehem" by Maunder and New Year's Music.

Other Services.

CENTRE OF DIVINE MINISTRY, 113 West 48th St.; Sunday meeting at 11 A. M.; daily at 12; all welcome.

FIRST ASSOCIATION SPIRITUALISTS, Lincoln Square Arcade, Broadway, 65th and 66th Sts.—Sunday, 3 and 8; seats free; Wednesday, 8; messages, Rev. Rufus A. Macurda; lecture, Miss Amalia Pfenning.

GOSPEL TABERNACLE CHURCH—44th St. and Eighth Av., Sunday, January 1st, 10:30 A. M., Rev. A. B. Simpson; 8 P. M., Rev. J. Hudson Ballard. Saturday, December 31st, 10 P. M.: Watchnight Service, led by Rev. A. B. Simpson.

HENRY FRANK, BERKELEY THEATRE, 19 West 44th St.—11, "Higher Human Outlook," Prologue: "Christian Science."

LIFE MORE ABUNDANT.
Carnegie Lyceum, 7th Av., 57th St.
Miss VILLA FAULKNER PAGE,
Sundays, 11 A. M.
Subject, Dec. 31,
"A MESSAGE FOR THE NEW YEAR."

THE OLD McAULEY WATER STREET MISSION, 316 Water St., (Under Brooklyn Bridge.)—Services every night at 7:30; Sunday at 3 P. M. Perpetual revival. Drunkards especially welcome. John H. Wyburn, Superintendent.

VEDANTA SOCIETY, 135 WEST 80TH ST.—Dr. U. L. Dezai of India lectures Sunday, 3 P. M., subject, "Practical Utility of Vedanta," in course on "The Vedanta Philosophy."

Brooklyn.

A FRIENDLY SUNDAY AFTERNOON at the Church of the Pilgrims, Henry and Remsen Streets, (two blocks from Borough Hall.) Sunday, Jan. 1, union meeting of Brooklyn Heights Church and Civic League. Music at 4; speaking at 4:15; topic, "Housing"; speakers, Mr. Benjamin C. Marsh and Rev. John Haynes Holmes.
Sunday Evening Hometime—a good hour for strangers at 7:45.

Your success depends on the workers you select to help you build up your business. The New York Times offers you a reliable choice in its Situations Wanted advertisements.

APARTMENTS TO LET
Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

A few desirable suites of 2, 3, and 4 rooms, with bath, furnished or unfurnished, in high-class apartment house. Schuyler Arms, 307 West 98th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET
Furnished.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Parlor, bedroom, bath; elegantly kept; overlooking Park; one block all transportations; gentlemen only; meals optional; $30-$60 monthly. 22 West 60th St.

Studios for artist; positions; living privileges; open fireplaces. Amron, 350 Madison Av., near 45th.

FOR SALE.

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

BRASS Bed, gas, electric fixtures and all kinds of fancy brass goods refinished; gold, silver and nickel plating and polishing. We also buy and sell second-hand gas and electric fixtures. R. Plumacher & Sons, 344 East 59th St.

High-grade office furniture, desks, tables partitions, telephone booths; new and slightly used, &c.; immense stock to select from. Budd & Co., 73 Spring St. Tel., Spring 5483.

Slightly used office furniture, desks, tables, typewriters, mimeographs, vertical files, time clocks, multigraphs, cash registers, adding machines. Nathan's, 4 White Street.

Desks, partitions, telephone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, mirrors, wall fixtures, business furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 59-65 Franklin, 358 Broadway.

One automatic steam pump; very latest invention; would be very useful to any one interested; also new water gauge. N 166 Times.

HANDSOME punch bowl; finest cut glass; cost $90; will sacrifice, $40. 36 West 61st St.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 18c. a line a day.

MOTOR POWER REPLACES 185 HORSES AT BRANCH STABLE, 435-437 E. 23D ST. also wagons, trucks, and harness that have been used by the Stuyvesant Transfer Company in and around New York; above horses and mares are young, in good condition, weighing 900-1,700 lbs., including matched teams; also three collectors' horses and carriages; every horse will be sold with 10 days' trial from day of purchase; if not satisfactory returnable in trial time. Inquire Superintendent of stable. Telephone 4380 Gramercy.

Fifteen chunky built horses and mares, suitable for any business; trial allowed; also rack and windlass trucks and dumpers; two collectors' wagons. Stable, [illegible] East 42d St.

CITY'S $90 STOKERS TIE UP ITS FERRIES

Object to Reduction of Working Force on Boats, So They Declared a Strike.

BUT IT DID NOT LAST LONG

Transportation Between Manhattan and Richmond Was Badly Tied Up for a While, However.

The $90-a-month stokers of the City of New York—no others doing similar work in this city get more than $75 a month—went on strike yesterday morning because they had heard it was the intention of the Dock Department to reduce the number of stokers on each of the municipal ferryboats from six to five men. On the railroad ferryboats—in fact, all ferryboats except those owned by Father Knickerbocker—the $70 and $75 a month wage is in effect, and the average number of stokers employed on those boats is about three, and they say they have more and harder work than do the higher-paid coal heavers on the city's payroll.

Nothing could have been more unexpected yesterday morning than that strike. It began at 8:45 A. M. and it continued until about 2:30 P. M., when the 130 odd stokers who had accomplished a complete tie-up of the municipal ferry service heeded the advice of the Dock Department officials and returned to the stoke rooms.

Apparently the reduction of the stoke room force from six to five was the only grievance advanced by the strikers.

The operating head of the municipal ferry service is Commander W. J. Sears, U. S. N., retired, who was selected because of his knowledge of navigation and also because there was reason to believe that he could make the municipal ferry proposition if not a paying at least an even one for the city. At that time there were seven stokers to a ferryboat.

Commander Sears managed to reduce each boat's force to six without any strike. Then the United States Local Steamboat Inspectors stated in their certifications that five firemen were enough to keep the fires going.

Each Boat Had a Fraternity.

A few days ago it became known that the stoking forces of the ferryboats were to be reduced in accordance with this certification. That brought to light what was apparently a fraternity of six firemen to each municipal ferryboat, and they voted that the little fraternities must remain at six or all the fires would go out and the ferryboats would have to stop running. Completely ignoring the fact that they are getting $90 a month for doing less work on better-equipped boats, the city stokers decided that yesterday morning was as good a time as any to walk out.

Not one word of their intentions did they communicate to Commissioner Tomkins of the Department of Docks and Ferries, it was said. Commander Sears was ill at his home, but when he heard of the strike, he got out of bed and went down to the ferry to find out what it was all about.

One of the most popular boats that leave Staten Island for Manhattan is "the 8:45," which is always crowded. This was the Brooklyn and was the last boat that left for New York yesterday morning. The hundreds who came over the bay had no idea that trouble was brewing below decks.

They woke to the situation when the pilots signaled for a stop. Every municipal ferry slip in Manhattan was occupied by a municipally owned ferryboat. The skipper of the Brooklyn saw that something was wrong, stopped his boat and started his siren. He wanted to know what was up. The passengers wanted to know, too, and those whose Wall Street offices were about to be opened were particularly anxious.

Landed Passengers at Pier A.

Finally one of the officials of the department got to thinking and the Brooklyn got a wig-wag message from ashore to come into Pier A and land her passengers. The police boat Patrol went out to act as escort. After much manoeuvring and considerable grumbling on the part of impatient passengers, the Brooklyn finally managed to get close enough to Pier A for the police to get a gangplank in position. The passengers came off one at a time, and it was almost an hour before the last one came ashore.

The Stapleton, a single-stacker, which followed the Brooklyn, was, of course, in the same predicament, but, being a smaller craft, it was decided to try and land her pasengers at the Battery, near the Statue of Liberty pier. This took almost as much time as had been required to land the Brooklyn passengers at Pier A. Then the municipal ferry service became completely tied up.

While the passengers on the Brooklyn and the Stapleton got ashore, it was different wtih the teams on board the two ferryboats. There was no way to get them off, and it was said that the drivers were inclined to be caustic in their comments. On both boats were a number of milk wagons, and also a dozen or more automobiles. It was after 2 o'clock in the afternoon before any of them were landed.

President Cromwell Delayed

As for the folks on shore who wanted to make an interborough voyage but who were too late to get the 7:50 out of New York or the 8:45 out of St. George, they simply had to stay where they were or else hire a tug. One of those caught on the Manhattan side was Borough President George Cromwell of Richmond. He reached the Whitehall Ferry just in time to see the last Staten Island boat pass Governors Island.

Mr. Cromwell had a lot of official business in the Richmond Borough Hall waiting his attention, and he was anxious to finish it up before New Year's. His friends on the Battery who had no business on Staten Island poked fun at him and kept suggesting "Hire a tug." It costs about $15 an hour to hire a tug in peace times, and about twice as much in the hour of distress. Finally a police boat came to Mr. Cromwell's aid and he was hurried over the waters to his office.

On both sides of the bay the congestion soon assumed large proportions. On South Street there were at one time two dozen big beer trucks in the long line that were waiting for transportation either to Staten Island or to South Brooklyn. Two funerals, one of them a long one, both bound for Staten Island, were also held up. One of them gave up the municipal route and left for Staten Island via Jersey City and thence via the Kills by ferry from the New Jersey side.

In the ferry houses standing room was soon at a premium, and by noon the ferry houses on both sides of the bay were crowded to capacity, most of those in them being women and girls. The police reserves were rushed to the scene, and at 1 o'clock there was no indication that the end of the trouble was in sight. Everything was being made ready to handle the tremendous rush and congestion that it was known would result unless the situation was cleared up by the afternoon rush hour.

Dock Officials Indignant.

Dock Commissioner Tomkins, Commander Sears, and every other official of the Department of Docks and Ferries was busy trying to get things in readiness to resume service. The officials were indignant at the turn affairs had taken, particularly because of the failure of the strikers to give them any warning. It was known that new men were being sought, and as the city job was at least $15 better than any other similar job it was said that little trouble was encountered in getting capable hands to take the places of the strikers. On the Civil Service list were 46 firemen who were ready to go to work, and the names of 150 others qualified to perform the work at $90 a month were to be added the first of the year.

About noon Timothy Healy of the International Brotherhood of Firemen called the strikers into conference, and a committee was appointed to confer with Commissioner Tomkins. Mr. Healy went along in an advisory capacity. Shortly before 2 o'clock the Commissioner received the committee. The conference was very brief, and at its conclusion about 2 o'clock Commissioner Tomkins issued a statement that the men were returning to work, and that the strike was at an end.

The Department's Statement.

In part this statement read:

At the Commissioner's request, and through the mediation of Mr. Timothy Healy, President of the International Brotherhood of Stationary Engineers, a joint committee of the engine room force called on the Dock Commisssioner at 1:30 P. M. and stated that their grievance was in having the force of stokers reduced. The Dock Commisssioner advised them that the reduction had been made to conform to certificates issued by the United States Local Steamboat Inspectors, but that he was entirely willing to consider whatever grievances they might have. The men then agreed to return to work under the rule to which they had objected.

Considerable inconvenience resulted from the fact that the slips were filled with boats and landings could not be made for subsequent arrivals. One of the boats discharged her passengers at Pier A, North River; another at the Battery landing. Tugboats made a berth for the latter ferryboat at the ferry slips, where teams were taken off. The former boat went back to Staten Island with teams on board.

Arrangements had been well progressed to secure outside help and run the boats this afternoon, and one boat, manned with a crew, had been secured from an outside source, but every effort was made to hold the places for the men until a conference could be had. The men are receiving $90 a month, as compared with an average of from $70 to $75 a month on other ferry lines. The mail service was not interrupted, deliveries being made by the department tugboat Manhattan.

As for the stoppage of the Thirty-ninth Street (Brooklyn) service, that occasioned no such inconvenience as did the stopping of the Staten Island boats. Persons and teams had no trouble in reaching Brooklyn by other routes.

Some of the Staten Island commuters did not hesitate to express their opinion of the strikers. The consensus of opinion seemed to be that Commissioner Tomkins made a mistake in taking any of them back, and that there are too many deserving firemen anxious to earn $90 a month to permit a few to tie up the city's service because they were asked to work in shifts of five instead of six.

The Staten Island mails were handled by the department and little delay was occasioned in their delivery. Staten Islanders anxious to reach New York did so via the Kill von Kull ferries to New Jersey and thence by rail and tube into New York City. Last night the ferry service was again normal.

LONGWORTH GOWN LOST.

Wanted for Taft Reception, So It's All Night Work on New One.

Mrs. Nicholas Longworth is wondering if she will have a gown to wear at Mrs. Taft's New Year's reception at the White House Monday afternoon. Mrs. Longworth, as her dressmakers explained last night, has an extensive wardrobe, but she is particular, and has declared that unless she can grace the occasion in a brand-new creation she will not appear at the reception at all.

In anticipation of attending the reception Mrs. Longworth came to New York some time ago and had her dressmakers measure her for a gown.

The gown was finished a few days ago and shipped by express to Mrs. Longworth. Yesterday morning the dressmakers received a telegram from Mrs. Longworth asking why the firm had sent her only the waist, and demanding to know what had become of the skirt. The express company told them that the skirt had been stolen.

The modistes communicated the news to Mrs. Longworth, who told them that she simply must have a gown to wear at the reception. They told her that they would make her a gown in a day, and also have it in Madame's hands by Saturday.

When a reporter called at the dressmaking establishment last night he found the place open, and the dressmakers hard at work, but they refused to say that they were working on Mrs. Longworth's gown.

NEW $200,000,000 CONCERN.

Is Chartered in Delaware to Acquire California Public Utility Companies.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., Dec. 30.—The United Properties Company of California with a capitalization of $200,000,000 was chartered at Dover, Del., to-night. It is organized to effect a merger of all the public utility companies of Oakland and Berkeley, Cal., including the ferry line that connects those places with San Francisco. The charter was secured by the Delaware Trust Company of Wilmington at the direction of Christian B. Zabriskie of 100 William Street, New York.

It is the largest concern ever organized under the Delaware incorporation laws. The Directors, who are from New York, San Francisco, and Oakland, are F. M. Smith, W. S. Trevis, R. G. Hanford, Gavin McNab, C. B. Zabriskie, W. R. Alberger, and Denis Searles. Harry W. Davis is the necessary resident Delaware Director.

The purposes of the company, as set forth in the charter, cover the equipment, construction, and operation of railroads, steamship lines, electric light, power, and traction lines, the acquisition of water for domestic purposes and irrigation, and the building and operating of wharves, docks, and warehouses. The offices will be in San Francisco and Oakland. The fee paid the State amounts to $10,100.

Welcome the Coming Speed the Parting New Year
with good old
Evans Ale
Restaurants, Hotels, Clubs, Saloons.

MAYER AUCTION YIELDS $4,000

Lambs Pay $1,000 for Gallery Ticket to Manager's Benefit.

An auction sale of orchestra seats and boxes for the testimonial performance to be tendered the veteran theatrical manager, Marcus R. Mayer, at the New Amsterdam Theatre on Friday afternoon, Jan. 13, was held at the Lyceum Theatre yesterday afternoon. The auctioneers included Augustus Thomas, William Collier, Daniel Frohman, Charles J. Ross, and Joseph R. Grismer. A total of a little more than $4,000 in premiums was obtained through the sale of tickets.

The Lambs Club paid $1,000 for a gallery ticket. Fred C. Whitney paid $100, the Friars $100, Miss Fannie Ward $50, and the Green Room Club, $25 for a gallery ticket.

William Collier obtained the first box for $300. Another box was purchased by Fred Whitney for $200 and another by Charles Klein for $200. Robert Hilliard paid $100 for four seats in the front row. James J. Brady paid $140 for five seats in the front row, and Jerome Siegel paid $56 for two seats in the front row.

OCEAN TRAVELERS.

Some of the Passengers Sailing To-day on St. Louis and America.

Liners leaving here to-day for Europe and some of the passengers sailing thereon are:

ST. LOUIS, (Southampton)—Mrs. T. B. Aldrich, Mr. and Mrs. A. de Jong, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Moulton, Mrs. Matja Niessen-Stone, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Stern, George William Weeden, John N. Alsever, Xavier Buholzer, James Buscoglia, Phillip Desolla, Fred Emmenegger, Alfonso Lauritano, Enrique Puente, and Mr. and Mrs. John Tha, and G. Trevino.

AMERICA, (Naples)—Albert Ashton, Capt. Emilio Caneva, Miss Emilia D'Ambrosio, Felice D'Albora, F. Finocchiare, W. E. Furber, the Rev. Mr. Harvey and wife, Col. Morgan, V. Vergone, and Carmelo Zingan.

TRENT, (Bermuda)—Max Behrend, J. F. Cahill, James Cochrane, Rene D'Orn, R. S. Eldridge, R. L. Gale, A. A. Goff, the Rev. L. W. Hainer, F. H. Higgins, Judge and Mrs. C. Le Beuf, F. M. Maculen, C. H. Miller, William Morgan, H. R. Pennybacker, J. B. Perkins, H. C. Richardson, B. B. Storer, C. M. Tuthill, Miss Mary Van Domelen, C. A. Whittier, and J. M. Willingham.

Food Thefts Referred to O'Malley.

ALBANY, Dec. 30.—In order that proper legal proceedings may be taken, the State Commission in Lunacy announced to-night that the results of the investigation of the character of certain food products furnished patients in the insane hospitals of the State had been reported to the New York office of Attorney General O'Malley. As the Grand Jury is making an investigation the commission has nothing to say regarding the thefts on Ward's Island.

Child Killed by a Truck.

Four-year-old Irene Lind of 332 Twenty-ninth Street, Brooklyn, was run over by a two-horse truck and instantly killed yesterday afternoon in the street in front of her home. Witnesses testified that the child had become frightened and run in front of the truck, and the driver, Albert Grogan, was not arrested.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A.M.	Loss.
6:00—744 Columbus Av.; Mitten Goldfarb	Slight
7:20—1,199 Franklin Av.; Mrs. Schuthein	Trifling
8:10—242d St. and Van Cortlandt Park, Frederick Kinkard	$100
10:10—407 West 117th St.; Margaret Morrison	Slight
2:05—36th St. and 12th Av.; W. Kelly	$10
2:45—193 Division St.; N. Rosenberg	Trifling
4:10—181st St. and Amsterdam Av.; E. J. Sullivan	Trifling
4:15—835 11th Av.; Kate Donohue	$2.50
5:30—739 E. 152d St.; unknown	$25
5:30—112th St. and Broadway; John [illegible]	[illegible]
5:45—10 E. 113th St.; Abraham Richstein	$25
6:00—1,570 3d Av.; Dora Arnold	Trifling
6:30—161 Washington St.; Reoff Bros.	Trifling
6:40—880 10th Av.; Nellie Brady	$15
8:15—237 East 19th St.; unknown	$25
8:16—326 East 98th St.; R. Litchman	$1,000

TRADE E&W. MARK
The New No. 5
As a dress shirt, every detail perfected.
The finest fabrics always.
EARL & WILSON.
Four stud holes in bosom.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS.

HIPPODROME
Entire Block, 6th Av., 43-44th Sts. Evs. at 8. Daily Matinees at 2. Best Seats $1.00.
The International Cup | Ballet of Niagara | The Earthquake | 12 New Circus Acts
Ellsworth's Oberammergau Pictures (Passion Play) Sunday Aft. and Evg. Pop. Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c.

BROADWAY B'way & 41. Evs. 8. Prices 50c. to $1.50. Last Week. Matinee To-day at 2.
SOTHERN—MARLOWE
Mat. To-day, "Merchant of Venice"; To-night, "Twelfth Night."

William Collier's Comedy Thea. 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Mon. & Tues. 2:20
WILLIAM COLLIER in "I'LL BE HANGED IF I DO."

Maxine Elliott's Thea. 39th, bet. B'y & 6th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day, Mon. & Wed. 2:30.
Charles Klein's New Play. THE GAMBLERS with George Nash.

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs., 8. Mats. To-day, Mon. & Wed. 2:15.
MRS. LESLIE CARTER in "TWO WOMEN."

CIRCLE Broadway and 60th St. Evs. 8:15. Last Matinee To-day 2:15.
LAST WEEK. MOTHER
Beginning New Year's Mat., Mon., Jan. 2,
LEW FIELDS' THE MIDNIGHT SONS

Nazimova's 39th St. Thea. 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Mon., & Wed., 2:15
WE CAN'T BE AS BAD AS ALL THAT
A New Play by HENRY ARTHUR JONES.

CASINO B'way and 39th. Evs. 8:15. Last Week. Matinee To-day 2:15
SAM BERNARD in "He Came from Milwaukee."
Beginning New Year's Night, Mon., Jan. 2, A New Musical Comedy.
MARRIAGE a la CARTE Seats Now on Sale

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. To-day, Mon. & Wed. 2:30.
"Best Farce in Ten Years."—Eve. Mail. BABY MINE

Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tdy., Mon. & Wed. 2:15.
LULU GLASER in THE GIRL AND THE KAISER.

HACKETT 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs., 8:20. Matinee To-day 2:15.
LAST 2 TIMES ALBERT CHEVALIER in DADDY DUFARD
OPENING Next Mon. NEW YEAR'S NIGHT
OVER NIGHT A New Farcical Comedy.

WEST END 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15.
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS in THE CUB
Next w'k—Marie Cahill in "Judy Forgot."

BROADWAY THEATRE Cor. of Broadway and 41st Street.
Owing to the postponement of Edwin Milton Royle's new play, "THE SILENT CALL," Liebler & Co. have arranged to present, FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY, beginning
MONDAY AFTERNOON, JANUARY 2, 1911
AN ALL STAR CAST REVIVAL
Of The Same Author's Famous Play,
THE SQUAW MAN
With
DUSTIN FARNUM as Jim Carston
GEORGE FAWCETT (original) as Big Bill
THEODORE ROBERTS (original) as Tabywana
W. S. HART (original) as Cash Hawkins
CHRYSTAL HERNE as Diana
ERNEST LAMBERT as Sir John Applegate
ROSALIND COGHLAN as Nat-U-Ritch
CHARLES ABBE as Shorty
ELMER GRANDIN as Nick The Barkeeper
THOMAS J. McGRANE as The Sheriff

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way, 40th St. Ev. at 8:15. Last Mat. To-day at 2:15.
WM. GILLETTE in SHERLOCK HOLMES
Next Mon. Eve.—ETHEL BARRYMORE.

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Mon. & Thur. 2:15.
MISS BILLIE BURKE in SUZANNE

GARRICK 35th St., near B'way. Eves. 8:20. Mats. To-day, Mon. & Wed. 2:15.
ANNIE RUSSELL in THE IMPOSTOR

KNICKERBOCKER. B'way & 38th St. Eve. 8:20. Matinees To-day & Mon. 2:15.
The Foolish Virgin with MRS. PATRICK CAMPBELL

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Eve. 8:20. Last Matinee To-day, 2:15.
ENGAGEMENT ENDS TO-NIGHT.
THE COMMUTERS By JAMES FORBES.
NEXT WEEK—WM. GILLETTE in Repertoire.

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:30. Matinees To-day, Mon. & Wed. 2:15.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
BLANCHE BATES in NOBODY'S WIDOW.
Extra Matinee New Year's, Monday.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42 St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15.
☞ Lina Abarbanell with Ralph Herz
MADAME SHERRY
Extra Matinee New Year's, Monday.

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Overture, 8:15. Mats. TO-DAY, Mon. & Wed. 2:15.
"THE MERRY WIDOW BEATEN TO A FRAZZLE."—ALAN DALE.
CHRISTIE MACDONALD in THE SPRING MAID
Seats on Sale for Jan., Feb. & March.

NEW YORK B'way and 45th St. Eves. 8:15. Matinee TO-DAY, 2:15.
Mlle. EMMA TRENTINI in
Naughty Marietta
By Victor Herbert and Rida Johnson Young.
WITH ORVILLE HARROLD.
Extra Mat. New Year's, Mon., Jan. 2.

GAIETY B'WAY & 46TH ST. EVES. 8:15 MATS WED & SAT. 2:15
COHAN'S BIGGEST HIT GET-RICH-QUICK WALLINGFORD

Joe Weber's. B'way, 29th. Mat. Today & Mon.
ALMA WHERE DO YOU LIVE? with TRULY SHATTUCK and JOHN M'CLOSKEY.

BIJOU 30th St., B'way. Eves. at 8:20. Mats. To-day, Mon. & Wed.
ZELDA SEARS in THE NEST EGG
LAST TWO WEEKS.

GRAND Opera House, Mat. TO-DAY. THE LILY
Next Week | THE GIRL IN THE TAXI with CARTER DE HAVEN.

CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE Broadway & 46th St. Evenings at 8 sharp. Matinee at 2.
LAST 2 PERFORMANCES
MME. SARAH BERNHARDT
To-day Mat., JEANNE D'ARC.
TO-NIGHT AT 8. LAST NIGHT. FEDORA, Act VII. L'AIGLON, Act. II. PHEDRE, Act. II. CAMILLE, Act V.
NEXT MONDAY EVE. Seats Now.
ELSIE JANIS in THE SLIM PRINCESS
with JOSEPH CAWTHORNE.

LYCEUM THEATRE..........SPECIAL
FRIDAYS Jan. 6-13, 20 and 27 at 3:30 o'cl.
BEATRICE HERFORD in her original monologues.

THE NEW THEATRE Cent. P. W. 62d-63d Sts. Phone 8800 Col.
To-day at 2, Meyer-Forster's Romantic Drama,
OLD HEIDELBERG
To-night, 8:30, Pinero's Powerful Drama,
THE THUNDERBOLT
Next Week: Mon. (Extra Mat.), also Mon., Wed. & Thurs. Evgs., Wed. & Sat. Mats., Old Heidelberg; Tues. & Fri. Evgs., The Thunderbolt; Sat. Night (Premier), Vanity Fair.

MAJESTIC Broadway and 59th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinee To-day at 2:15.
NEW YEAR'S MATINEE MONDAY, 2:15.
Maurice Maeterlinck's THE BLUE BIRD
"The Blue Bird for Happiness." Original Cast.

PALACE AUTO SHOW
American & Foreign Cars Commercial Vehicles Aeroplanes
OPENS TO-NIGHT
Admission 50 cents. Grand Central Palace
Lexington Avenue and 43d Street

CARNEGIE HALL, Jan. 2 at 2:30.
THIRD ANNUAL PERFORMANCE
A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM
With the N. Y. Symphony Orchestra, WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor, and the BEN GREET PLAYERS.
Seats 50 cts. to $2, Boxes $15 & $12, at Box Office & Symphony Society, 1 W. 34th St.

Carnegie Hall, Sunday Afternoon, Jan. 8, at 3.
VOLPE SYMPHONY SOCIETY.
SOLOIST BONCI
Seats 50c. to $2 at Box Office.

Carnegie Hall. Tues. Aft., Jan. 24, 2:30.
Seat Sale Opens Monday for the last Song RECITAL by MME.
SEMBRICH
Frank La Forge at the Piano (Baldwin). $1 to $2.50. Management Loudon Charlton.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15.
THE GREATEST SUCCESS IN MANY YEARS
Louis N. Parker's Comedy of Happiness,
POMANDER WALK
From first to last you are pleased, or nothing on this earth can please you.—Tribune.
New Year's Matinee Mon., Jan. 2, at 2:15.

PLAZA 59th St. & Mad. Av. DAILY MAT. 25c.
VESTA VICTORIA 22 ALL STAR ACTS Curtain, 1:30 & 7:30.

AMERICAN 42d St., nr. B'way. Daily Mat. 25c. Curtain, 1:30 & 7:30
22 ALL STAR ACTS CONSUL, "Harlequinade," Nana, The 10 Metzettis, Parisian Models, oths.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Gertrude Hoffmann, Charlotte Parry & Co., Barnes & Crawford, oths.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. Nat. M. Wills, The Little Stranger, Morton & Moore, others.

BRONX 149th St. & 3d Av. Daily Mat. 25c. Chas. Grapewin & Co., Homer Miles & Co., Haines & Vidocq, others.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN
WINTER EXHIBITION NOW OPEN. Adm. 50c. Fine Arts Galleries, 215 & 217 W. 57th St. 10 A. M. to 6 P. M. and 8 to 10 P. M.
NOTE.—The Exhibition will be open New Year's, Monday, 10 A. M. to 6 P. M. Adm. Free.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
To-day Mat. at 2, La Gioconda. Mmes. Destinn, Wickham, Claessens; MM. Caruso, Amato, de Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
To-night at 8, Koenigskinder. Mmes. Farrar, Homer, Wickham, Mattfeld; MM. Jadlowker, Goritz, Reiss, Didur, Pini-Corsi, Hinshaw. Cond., Hertz.
Sun. Evg. at 8:30. At Popular Prices, Grand Sunday Concert in honor of Prof. Dr. Engelbert Humperdinck. Soloists: Mmes. Morena, Alten, Mattfeld, Snelling; MM. Slezak, Soomer, Hinckley. Entire Metr. Opera Orch. Cond's, MM. Hertz and Pasternack.
New Year's Day, Mon., Jan. 2, Mat. at 1 o'clock.
Last Time This Season, PARSIFAL
Mon. Evg., (New Year's Night), Faust. Mmes. Farrar, Maubourg, Mattfeld; MM. Jadlowker, Rothier, Gilly, Begue. Cond., Podesti. Followed by Divertissement, Pavlowa-Mordkin.
Wed. Evg., 7:45, Tristan und Isolde. Mmes. Weidt, Homer; MM. Burrian, Soomer, Hinckley, Reiss. Cond., Toscanini.
Thurs. Evg., Girl of the Golden West. Mme. Destinn; MM. Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Reiss, de Segurola. Cond., Toscanini. Foll'd by Divert't, Pavlowa-Mordkin.
Fri. Aft., Jan. 6, at 2, Spec'l Pop. Price Mat., Haensel und Gretel—Pavlowa-Mordkin and Russian Dancers.
Fri. Evg., Il Trovatore. Mmes. Rappold, Homer; MM. Slezak, Amato, Rossi. Cond., Podesti. Foll'd by Divert't, Pavlowa-Mordkin.
Sat. Aft'n, Romeo et Juliette. Mmes. Farrar, Fornia; MM. Smirnoff, Rothier, Gilly. Cond., Podesti. Foll'd by Divert't, Pavlowa-Mordkin.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Tues. Evg., Jan. 3, at 8, Triple Bill: Cavalleria Rusticana—Pagliacci. Mmes. Morena, Gluck, Flahaut, Mattfeld; MM. Caruso, Martin, Amato, Bada, and Divert't, Pavlowa-Mordkin and Russian Dancers.
WEBER PIANO USED.

PHILHARMONIC
—SOCIETY OF NEW YORK—
GUSTAV MAHLER, Conductor.
Carnegie Hall, Tues. Eve., Jan. 3, 8:15,
With Edmond CLEMENT
And The MacDowell Chorus.
Enesco Suite—Debussy Iberia
Bizet L'Arlesienne Suite
Chabrier Ode to Music & Espana.
50c. to $2. Mgt. Loudon Charlton.
Same Program B'klyn Next Sunday Aft.
GADSKI-WAGNER PROGRAM N. Y., Jan. 10-13

CARNEGIE HALL, JAN. 4 & 11, AT 3.
TWO WAGNER CONCERTS.
Mme. Lillian NORDICA
NEW YORK SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.
MR. WALTER DAMROSCH Conductor
Tickets $2 to 50c., Boxes [illegible] & $12. On sale now Box Office & Symphony Office, 1 W. 34th.

CARNEGIE LYCEUM 57th St. and 7th Ave.
The Follett Lectures on "Forest Life"
ILLUSTRATED IN MOTION PICTURES.
"Wild Life in Action."
Holiday Lecture Sat., Dec. 31, 2:30 P. M.
Seats 50c., 75c. & $1, now on sale at Box Office.

CLOSES TO-NIGHT. Madison Sq. Garden.
TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL SHOW
N. Y. Poultry, Pigeon and Pet Stock Assoc'n.
Thousands of Birds. Best Display Ever Given. Cavies, Song and Caged Birds.
10 A. M.—10:30 P. M. Adm. 50c. Children 25c.

BELASCO 44th St., nr. B'way. Ev. 8:30. Mats. To-day, Mon. & Thurs.
THE NEW COMEDY "THE CONCERT"

REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. To-day, Mon. & Wed. 2:15.
REBECCA OF SUNNYBROOK FARM

Berkeley Theatre 44th St., near 5th Av. Beg. Wed. Eve., Jan. 4
The Morality Play MANKIND and the Miracle Play, SECOND SHEPHERD'S PLAY
Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 3. 50c. to $1.50.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE. 15 St. & Irv. Pl.
ERNST VON POSSART and His Ensemble.
To-night, 8:15, AUF KOENIGS BEFEHL; Monday Eve., Jan. 2, MERCHANT OF VENICE; Tuesday and Friday, POSSART in Comedy AUF KOENIGS BEFEHL & GELEHRTE FRAUEN.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE. W. 34th St. Ev. 25c-$1. Daily Mat. 15c-50c.
Frank Fogarty, Murphy & Nichols, 12 others.

Hammerstein's Victoria. 42d St. Daily Mat.
Belle Blanche, Ben Welch, Belle Baker, Raymond & Caverly & 10 others.

YALE Dramatic Association WALDORF-ASTORIA Next Mon. & Tues. Ev. 8:30, & Tues. 2:30.
"IL VENTAGLIO" (in English)
Seats on Sale at Special Booth.
To-night at Brooklyn Academy of Music.

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:20. Wed. Mat. 50c.-$1.50.
EXTRA MATINEE JAN. 2. The Aviator with WALLACE EDDINGER.

CHOICE SEATS FOR ALL THEATRES For TO-NIGHT
THEATRE Ticket Library 212 W. 42d St. Phon. 474 Bry.

Keith & Proctor's 5TH AVE. 28th St. B'way. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c.
Edwin Stevens & Co., Bert Levy, Chas. Van. Lillian Shaw, & Fannie "Tom Walker on Mars."

ACADEMY of Music, 10-20-30c. Uncle Tom's Cabin
Next Week—"The Children of the Ghetto."

THEATRE TICKETS FOR TO-NIGHT 50c. ADVANCE.
Jos. Leblang, 449 6th Av., S. W. Cor. 30th.

COLUMBIA.—THE COLLEGE [illegible]

The New York Times Weekly Financial Review consulted by investors. Best guide to bond, stock, produce, and metal markets. Reliable quotations of every security dealt in on the Exchanges and the Curb. Every Monday. Mailed to any address in the United States for One Dollar a Year. Holder for the Review mailed for One Dollar.—Adv.

F. CHAUVENET'S
Red Cap
The Red Sparkling Wine of France.
H. P. Finlay & Co., Ltd., New York, Sole Agents for the United States.

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$19.50.
For $25, $28 and $30
Hart, Schaffner & Marx
Winter Suits.
Come in To-day.

The Washburn-Crosby Company's famous Gold Medal Flour has all the bread, biscuit, cake, and pastry-making qualities of the finest wheat concentrated in it. It bakes more to the pound than other flour, saves money as well as the extra work and worry occasioned by the use of flour of less uniform quality. That is why knowing housewives always demand it.

AutoStrop SAFETY RAZOR
Gives Head Barber Shaves

Zero at Equator
Says Dr. H. W. Wiley
But the wind will keep people warm adds the Chief Chemist in the Department of Agriculture.

Notable Manuscript
Antedating Gospels
Experts differ, however, on the exact time and history of the writings.

Tafts Reconstructing
Washington Society
Conditions so altered in the Capital as to cause radical changes.

"Woman Suffrage a
Cup With Bitter Dregs"
Mrs. Donald McLean talks vigorously about the woman of the future.

Millions in Gifts for
Philanthropy in 1910
Huge sums given to various causes during this year.

Togo Discovers 1911
With a Little Help
Seeks the aid of Weather Prophet Moore to find the New Year.

Hy. Mayer's Clever
Page of Cartoons
An interesting review of the week's events.

The Pictorial Section
will contain
Holiday Scenes in the Shopping Districts.
The Automobile Defies the Snow.
A New Religion With 160,000 Followers.
The Japanese South Polar Expedition.
Well-Known People in the Social World.
Scenes From Two New Plays
And
Beautiful Reproductions of Two Paintings
"Ring Out the Old,
Ring In the New"
By E. H. Blashfield
"In the Monastery Cellar"
By E. Grutzner
Be Sure To Order Early
To-Morrow's Times

To Promote Good Digestion
restore healthy action to the Secretory, Circulatory, Excretory Organs and Functions; upon them depends good digestion.
MAN-A-CEA WATER
A Natural Mineral Spring Water
sipped while taking food aids materially in improving such unhealthy action and promotes good digestion.
Acker, Merrall & Condit Co.
and all First-Class Druggists and Grocers, or
PANACEA WATER CO., 13 Stone St., N. Y.

"Fashions and Fads"
That Smart, New SMALL SHOP
at Eight West Thirty-second Street
ARE preparing the Final Clearance of Present Season's Stock of Models, in which will be some Astonishing Values—SERGE DRESSES FOR UTILITY WEAR; CHIFFON BLOUSES; AFTERNOON GOWNS.
Sale Begins Tuesday, Jan. 3d, 1911
For detailed prices and descriptions, see Sunday Times.
8 West 32d Street

WHAT DO YOU THINK
of an overcoat or suit made to measure by McGrane and Wemlinger of 259 Fifth Ave., for from $80.00 to $100.00 being offered by us for $25.00. They are the finest materials money can buy. Sale on second floor.
ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

The New York Times
Saturday Review of Books

LITERARY SECTION OF THE NEW YORK TIMES

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1910 8 PAGES

THE NEW YEAR COMETH

By CHARLES C. JONES

THIS is the time of sadness and farewell,
The time of welcome and of new delight;
The old year drifts upon the wind to-night
Into that limbo where the dead years dwell.
From some strange, distant bourne no tongue can tell,
O'er moonlit ways and paved with shining white,
The new, swift-footed year—a vision bright—
Comes at the clamor of the old year's knell!

Time turns his glass! The sands full slowly run,
Freighted, in each dropped grain, with memory—
The failures wrought, the few successes won!
I cry, "O Times, what brings the new for men?"
The brave-tongued bells peal answer back to me,
"A chance to fail; a chance to try again!"

Lippincott's Magazine

TOPICS OF THE WEEK

"The Best Sellers" of 1910

THE BOOKMAN for January contains—as the corresponding number in each recent year has contained—a summary of its lists of "best sellers" for a period of twelve months. The record covers December, 1909-November, 1910; and in introducing it, the editor says a few words in justification of its practice of printing such a list from month to month. It is a very interesting list, he opines—and with good reason,—or it wouldn't be so widely quoted as it is. The books oftenest mentioned in the final monthly summaries in 1910 were, it seems, "The Rosary" (eight times), by Mrs. Barclay, whose later book, "The Mistress of Shenstone," is already beginning to be one of the "best sellers"; "A Modern Chronicle," by Winston Churchill, and "The Wild Olive," by Basil King (each five times); "When a Man Marries," by Mrs. Rinehart (four times); "John Marvel," "Truxton King," "The Silver Horde," "Lord Loveland," "The Kingdom of Slender Swords," "Simon the Jester," "Nathan Burke" and "The Window at the White Cat" (three times each). Nine books were mentioned twice and twelve a single time.

"Sacred Shrines"

ONE of those year books that are issued by the London newspapers, to guide their readers in fields unmapped by Bradshaw or Baedeker, is printing what Mr. Stead calls a "kind of directory or pilgrim guide to some eighty persons whose homes and haunts are as sacred shrines dedicated to the genius and valour of the sons of Britain." Among these "sons" are Jane Austen and Anne Boleyn. Was it her "genius," or her "valor," that made the ill-fated Anne's home a "sacred shrine"? Mr. Stead suggests a directory of the burial places of the illustrious dead. A good idea.

Afternoon Tea in France

THE correspondent of an American newspaper reports the growth of the afternoon-tea habit in France. He (or she) took a cup for the first time nearly forty years ago; but in Biarritz it was unknown till much later. Now half the Spaniards and French there drink tea. But Pierre de Coulevain, in her delightful novel, "On the Branch," insists that the French will never become such devotees of the plant as the English are.

Tea-rooms have sprung up like mushrooms in Paris. They are to be found everywhere—in the Rue Cambon, Rue de Rivoli, Rue St. Honoré, on the road to the Louvre and to the Bon Marché. Paris has gone beyond London in this respect. Does that mean that the Frenchwoman has become a tea-drinker? Not at all, and what is more, she never will be. She neither knows how to drink it, how to prepare it, nor how to serve it. She swallows it in an absent-minded way, like any kind of infusion. It excites her nerves without making her gay. She is too fond of talking, and of showing off to advantage, to give the necessary attention to the teapot, samovar or kettle. She is incapable of repeating several times over the prescribed questions: "Strong or weak? How many pieces of sugar? Cream or lemon?" And when she does ask the questions she never listens to the answers. The tea-room where, if she is not afraid of appearing too bourgeois, she takes her chocolate, makes a pleasant halting-place between her shopping and her trying-on. It answers two purposes—her wish to be sociable and at the same time exclusive.

Books That Have Helped Me

THE CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR WORLD printed, not long ago, a symposium on the perennial theme, "Books That Have Helped Me," and a South Carolina newspaper, The Columbia State, has amused itself by analyzing the feast. "How often," exclaims the editor, "have we read this alluring title over a list of names 'en brochette,' skewered by a stark idea as barren as Aaron's rod before it blossomed? How often have men and women of more or less prominence and intelligence been asked to say 'what books have helped them,' and have answered the sphinx in riddles more insoluble than his own!"

The question cannot be answered. That is the reason it is hurled at us again and again with that iteration which only Falstaff has adequately qualified. Molière took his own wherever he found it; and so with every quick bosom and alert mind. We find by some intuitive gift or unclassified sense, that which will aid us in our development. We may find it in a single book or in a thousand, in the woods, in the musings of some philosopher, in the vagrom thoughts of one that merely "babbles of green fields," or, perhaps, in the green fields themselves, in the song of poet or of bird, in the lisp of leaves or ripple of the rain, or in the deep solitude of our own souls. And then, perchance, mindless of the wellspring of our inspiration, we seek to trace it, and vainly think to find it in some erudite volume, some echo of the world-old thoughts, some thrill of the early stirring of the pulse of time.

The Making of Beautiful Books

WE UNDERSTAND that the printing of handsome limited editions of rare or standard books has been overdone, and that there has been a serious "slump" in the prices of such publications. A few years ago, every one who could afford to set up a press seemed to be doing so; and in due time the works they produced became a drug in the market. There will always be a demand for beautifully printed books; but they will not always fetch fancy prices.

The Castles on Mark Twain

AGNES and Egerton Castle write from England to the editor of the magazine that is publishing their new serial, "Sarolta," that they have more than a score of the most hospitable invitations from American friends, each of which is an almost irresistible temptation to come to the United States.

The attractive vitality and originality, the quaint cleverness and the "charm" of the Americans, of women especially, has proved a precious element in the characterization of many of our novels. As a matter of fact, these captivating personalities are, if not portraits, at least suggested by friendly recollections. Of course, it would be inadvisable to mention names, but I think I may make an exception in the case of "Mark Twain," who has now passed into the domain of literary history in the Walhalla of Writers. Mr. and Mrs. Clemens and their daughter were among those American friends to whose English visits we looked forward with special delight. Many an inimitable tale was told by him, in the now receding years, to our young people at Sloane Gardens; for he was singularly benevolent with children. It was a very sympathetic personality that passed away at his death.

What a Stenographer Should Know

"ONE book opens another." And one calling calls for knowledge of other callings, even if one is a specialist. The forester, for instance, must be something of a chemist, something of a botanist, and something of a geologist; and if he isn't something of a business man to boot, he will hardly succeed as a forester. "The Stenographic Expert," as we learn from a little book, so entitled, by Willard B. Bottome, Official Stenographer, New York Supreme Court, has special need to be an all-round man—or woman. He need not be a college graduate, but he will be handicapped if he has not had a high-school training. Mr. Bottome knows a "fine linguist and all-around scholar," who had very little schooling but gathered knowledge as he went along, and assimilated it very cleverly.

What he did, you may do. You can make of yourself what you will as a shorthand reporter. You can become one of the best informed men of the country, if you but apply yourself. The field is clear. It remains only for you to show what you can do. Start at once. Don't think of delaying. "Procrastination is the thief of time." Make your initial step to-day. Do something now.

ROOSEVELT IN CARICATURE

Dr. Shaw Collects Over 600 Pictures and Mr. Gros 400—Then There are McCutcheon's Drawings and Wallace Irwin's Burlesque Rhymes

TIME was, before the world grew so wide, that common men knew the great ones of the earth—if they knew them at all—as they knew their neighbors, eye to eye. That time is past. Nowadays we know our great ones chiefly by what is printed about them. Therefore, in the place of the real man or real woman in each case stands an image, more or less like, which the consensus of the news-disseminators has substituted for the probably blurred and unconvincing lines of the original. Proceeding as other artists do who draw for long-range effects, the artists of publicity must seize on the eminent one's salient characteristics—if he has any—and heighten them at the expense of the rest.

In the absence of a good lead from nature, they may even be forced to invent a whole personality for public purposes. It has often been done where the man's eminence was merely fortuitous; and it will continue to be done from time to time in the case of those, poorly equipped by nature, who have greatness thrust upon them in circumstances which demand a striking figure-head. Your news-disseminator is a practical workman. He knows that he must catch the public eye and hold it, if the fame which is at the mercy of his pen and pencil is to sink into the imagination of the people who have never seen and probably never will see the original.

Many eminent moderns promote this process deliberately by hiring press-agents to interpret them to the general in flattering terms. Some uplifted individuals—politicians and the like—spend futile years fighting to destroy a scarecrow image which has usurped the place of their own really quite harmless selves. And finally some shrewd and aspiring souls contrive to fit themselves snugly into the more or less roughly made masks which a busy press has, perhaps, clapped on them in its haste. Nay, a few know how to use the very cartoons their enemies have contrived to make them odious, as disguises in which to work theatrically for their private or public ends.

No eminent person of our time—not excepting even the German Emperor—has offered such rich opportunities to the artist of publicity, whether his medium is the printed word or the printed picture, as Theodore Roosevelt. No man—except, perhaps, the Kaiser—is so universally known by his caricatures. Certainly no man has fallen more thoroughly into the spirit of the rôle which the caricaturists have assigned him than the only living ex-President of the United States. The figure of Roosevelt as we know it is largely the creation of the caricaturists; but the caricaturists have had Mr. Roosevelt's hearty assistance in building their bogey. So much so, that the bogey refuses as a rule to do duty as a bogey at all.

Hence a "Cartoon History" of the Colonel is not only peculiarly interesting but peculiarly illuminating—extraordinarily interpretative of the man and his career. Therefore the volume* in which Dr. Albert Shaw, editor of The Review of Reviews, has arranged in chronological order, with a running explanatory text, over six hundred cartoons of Mr. Roosevelt, is, to say the least of it, impressive. Most of us in this year of Dix and Democracy hardly realize that our most famous private citizen was already eminent enough in 1884 to share with Mr. Cleveland (then Governor of New York) a place in a cartoon by Thomas Nast; and that the young man of active reforming tendencies had already in those days stamped his impress deeply enough to figure pretty constantly in the savage caricatures in Puck and Judge which marked the progress of the Blaine campaign. Mr. Roosevelt's part in that campaign, and his appearance as candidate for Mayor of New York in 1886, both very dim now in all our minds, are made quite vivid by a cartoon history; and it is interesting to

(Continued on page 737)

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*CARTOON HISTORY OF ROOSEVELT'S CAREER. Compiled by Albert Shaw. Review of Reviews. $3.50.

*"T. R." IN CARTOON. By John F. McCutcheon. A. C. McClurg & Co. 75c.

*T. R. IN CARTOON. By Raymond Gros. Saalfield Publishing Company. $1.

*THE TEDDYSEE. By Wallace Irwin. Illustrated. B. W. Huebsch. 75c.

EDISON AND HIS INVENTIONS

An Authorized Biography by Two Enthusiastic Friends Who Understand Electricity

THERE is something elemental about this man Edison, and the sense of it grows upon one in reading such a book as that now offered to the public as a true portrayal of his career.* More than once he has been called the greatest living American, and it is at least curious that a popular vote of one of the big daily newspapers and a poll of its readers by one of the electrical engineering journals both gave him priority over all others considered. It does not follow that because a man impresses the public consciousness deeply for a time that he is essentially great; America has seen, in fact, too many broken idols of an hour. But somehow one thinks of Edison already as being as big and as typically American as his contemporary, Mark Twain, and as grouping with Lincoln and Franklin in largeness of mental mold and actual achievement along lines that are essentially of this nation.

Edison has been written about almost to the point of weariness, but this story comes with the charm and freshness of dramatic fiction; and, best of all, wondrous as is the tale unfolded of the conquest of nature and the creation of new arts, it bears the direct stamp of authenticity; for Mr. Edison himself accompanies the biography with a signed statement that it has his consent. Not only has he read every word of it, testing the statements in it by original documents and a memory of stupendous retentiveness, but he has furnished to it several hundred pages of autobiography, nearly all of which is quoted in his own nervous and forceful language.

America is peculiarly the home of electrical applications, and becomes daily more and more the country where preference is given to electrical methods over all others. It is fortunate, therefore, that the authors should have deemed it well to build around Edison what is in reality a history of electrical development during the past fruitful fifty years, to which we owe the electric light, the motor, the trolley car, the storage battery, the telephone, the phonograph, the wireless telegraph, the X-ray, radium, the motion picture, and a host of other things upon which, in fact, our modern civilization, in certain of its phases, is largely based. In some of these fields Edison has been dominating; in others influential; in none negligible. Yet his work does not stop short with electricity. It is interesting, even surprising, to learn that he is one of the largest makers of cement in America; to read of his gigantic efforts in the reduction of magnetic iron ore; to be shown that to him was committed the task of licking the early typewriting machine into practicable shape; to find that he invented the paraffin paper in which candy is wrapped; brought out the mimeograph copying press, and for eighteen to twenty hours a day for forty years has pitted his ingenuity against pretty near every real problem in the mechanical arts and sciences. At times the tone of the authors, as they dwell on one tour de force after the other, seems too eulogistic; but in the end it must be said that it would have been strange if they could have lived so close to such a versatile, indefatigable, resultful spirit without becoming enthusiastic.

Fortunately the narrative moves easily, and is nowhere ponderous. Indeed, it inclines rather to the anecdotal form, and the reader is often left to draw his own inference from a pat story or some incisive epigram. For example, Edison sold several millions of electrical stock to put into his monumental ore-crushing experiments. A few years later, when the Mesaba range had with cheap ore given a quietus to his work and all was lost, Edison happened to ask one day how much the sum was. When he was told, his face lighted up and he remarked cheerfully: "Well, it's all gone, but we had a h—l of a good time spending it!" One can understand all his notable victories in the light of such a remark, and such an indomitable spirit; for that, as the book proves, is Edison.

The book, too, is filled with little stories told by Edison's assistants during the earlier years of the experimental work. One of these workers relating the strenuous experiments of these few years says:

"It was hard work and long hours, but still there were some things that made life pleasant. One of them was the supper hour we enjoyed when we worked nights. Mr. Edison would have supper sent in about midnight, and we all sat down together, including himself. Work was forgotten for the time, and all hands were ready for fun. I have very pleasant recollections of Mr. Edison at these times. He would always relax and help to make a good time, and on some occasions I have seen him fairly overflow with animal spirits, just like a boy let out from school. After the supper hour was over, however, he again became the serious, energetic inventor, deeply immersed in the work at hand.

"He was very fond of telling and hearing stories, and always appreciated a joke. I remember one that he liked to get off on us once in a while. Our lighting plant was in duplicate, and about 12:30 or 1 o'clock in the morning, at the close of the supper hour, a change would be made from one plant to the other, involving the gradual extinction of the electric lights and their slowly coming up to candle power again, the whole change requiring probably about thirty seconds. Sometimes, as this was taking place, Edison would fold his hands, compose himself as if he were in sound sleep, and when the lights were full again would apparently wake up, with the remark, 'Well, boys, we've had a fine rest; now let's pitch into work again.'"

It is particularly fortunate that this life is written by men so favorably known in the electrical world—such men as are in a position to speak with authority on the subject which they treat.

Mr. T. C. Martin, senior author of the work, helped create and for twenty-eight years was editor of one of the leading journals on electricity. He was President of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers in the years 1886 and 1887, and has long been one of Edison's intimate friends.

Mr. F. L. Dyer, Mr. Martin's associate in the writing of this book, is the general counsel for the Edison laboratories, and has for years had charge of Edison patents and patent litigations, as well as oversight of his manufacturing.

In the preparation of this work, the authors have had the assistance of such well-known men in the electrical field as Messrs. Samuel Insull, E. H. Johnson, F. R. Upton, R. N. Dyer, W. H. Meadowcroft, S. B. Eaton, Francis Jael, W. S. Andrews, W. J. Jenks, W. J. Hemmer, S. J. Spraig, ... S. Mallory, J. H. Vail and C. L. Clarke, all of whom have contributed anecdotes in connection with their personal association with Edison in his work.

As an explanation of American grit and American ways of looking at life; as a record of what one man can do; as an epitome of a half-century of electrical development; as an incentive to aspiring youth, this well-written biography is not only one of the books of the year but bids fair to endure as part of the National archives of industry and invention.

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*EDISON: HIS LIFE AND INVENTIONS. An authorized record. By Frank Lewis Dyer and Thomas Commerford Martin. Portraits and illustrations. 2 vols. Harper & Bros. $4.

"THE LOST AMBASSADOR"

MR. E. PHILLIPS OPPENHEIM has a store of delightful heroines, picturesque villains and leisurely adventurers, and he shuffles them so cleverly that the resulting combination always appeals as a novelty. In "The Lost Ambassador" (Little, Brown, $1.50) the pivot of the story is a pair of Brazilian warships intended for sale to China. A special agent has been sent from Brazil to London to negotiate the sale, and the personation of this agent for the purpose of purloining the purchase price is planned by as interesting a gang of malefactors as ever existed in the brain of a novelist, but nowhere else. The plot is frustrated by an aristocratic young Englishman with nothing particular to do, and who is thus easily steered into a Paris restaurant of the shady kind and by a manoeuvre is placed under obligations to the gang in order that he may be forced to aid in the nefarious enterprise. On the other hand he falls in love with the niece of the sham agent who is innocently involved in the plan, and is thus inspired to do a piece of detective work for the protection of the lady that enmeshes him in a net-work of murder and general villianies. The chief character, ingeniously enough, is a restaurant waiter who is so diabolically clever and so adroitly murderous that we are almost relieved to find that his punishment is reserved for a future life and that the way of the transgressor is not always so hard at it has been represented. Perhaps Mr. Oppenheim saved this life in order that he may use him again. He has possibilities and it would be a pity to waste him.

If any fault can be found with a fairly clever piece of romancing it is for an undue use of what may be called the chance encounter and of the element of chance in general. An experience of the stern realities of life in large cities convinces us that pure accident rarely comes to the aid of the detective, amateur or otherwise, and that the casual after-dinner stroll does not result in a meeting with the man of whom we are eagerly in search. Yet the author uses the chance encounter at least twice, and we feel that this is too large a demand upon a goddess of luck whose reputation for complacence is none of the best. In fact Mr. Oppenheim seems to have a working partnership with the goddess that is somewhat of a tax upon the credulity.

"THE AMERICAN COMMONWEALTH"

In Revising His Work, the British Ambassador Has Been Slightly Constrained by His Position

ONE of the most important and interesting results of Ambassador Bryce's service at Washington is the publication of a revised edition of his "American Commonwealth."* He has brought it up to date in such details as statistics, including even the figures of the recent census, and has added chapters dealing with the latest phases of such matters as immigration, the negro problem, and the dependencies of the United States. To some extent he has been forced to do this, as certain garbled and incorrect editions of his great work have been placed from time to time on the market by pirates, who took advantage of the fact that when it first appeared the international copyright laws were inadequate to protect it, and Mr. Bryce naturally desires to present to the public the results of his mature judgment on the American social and political system.

A rather unusual method has been followed in the revision of the work, which adds distinctly to its interest. Mr. Bryce, in dealing with those few matters in which the changes of the last fifteen years are marked, has preferred to leave practically unaltered what he had already written and has incorporated his recent observations in interpolated chapters. Thus, we find that in discussing in 1894 the foreign policy of the United States, he advanced many reasons why it was unlikely that this country would ever seek territorial expansion; but he has now found it necessary to add a chapter on Hawaii, Porto Rico, and the Philippines, and has admitted that as a political prophet he was in error.

In reading the two chapters together, one cannot help regretting that Mr. Bryce, as he penned the second, occupied so responsible a position as British Ambassador. It would have been of interest to know how far so kindly and shrewd a critic of American affairs felt that we had succeeded as a colonial power. In 1894 he spoke of the unfitness of our Constitution for the rule of dependencies and the danger of administrative scandals, and these misgivings he has left unqualified in his new edition. In his additional chapter, however, he declares that the Philippines are being ruled "in a worthy spirit," and that our relations with Cuba have been conducted honorably; but for the rest he is content with chronicling the unexpected expansion of the United States and the improbability of further annexations.

With regard to American dealings with Canada, Mr. Bryce could speak with peculiar authority and of many could say "quorum pars magna fui." But here, too, he has felt the restraint of his official position, and has merely referred to the recent treaties contracted by the two countries and to the growth of the spirit of friendliness.

The negro problem is another factor in American life which has been much modified in the last few years, and Mr. Bryce, though he admits all its elements of difficulty, sees much of encouragement in its development. He notes the recuperation of the South, and the increase in education and material possessions of the colored race. He sketches the steps taken by the Southern States to neutralize the negro vote, and is inclined to think that, doubtful as may be their legality, they are preferable to the old tricks and violence, which inflamed racial feeling and demoralized the political honesty of the dominant party.

Mr. Bryce is fully aware of the jealousy that the rise of the negro may cause among a section of the whites, and of the growth of a solidarity among the colored people which may lead them to revolt against their social and political disabilities. But he concludes his review of the problem by pointing out that since the white population is growing faster than the black the negro can never be a political danger; that as colored labor is necessary to the South the better it is trained the more rapidly will the country advance, and that race antagonism may decline under the influence of reason and good feeling.

Of universities Mr. Bryce speaks with authority, and his comparisons between the institutions of the New and the Old Worlds are specially interesting. Two of the most important recent developments he notes are a cessation in the foundation of new universities and a broadening in those already in existence. The increase in the number of university teachers and students, especially of women students, in the last twenty years has been very great, and Mr. Bryce attributes it in part to the many uses of applied science in industry, which have made a college education popular as "a business proposition." The immense interest in athletics has also, he thinks, led many boys to college, but in spite of all the criticisms passed by Americans on their own institutions the British ex-professor pays a high compliment to the devotion to the truth shown by his colleagues on this side of the ocean. They constitute one of the most powerful and most pervasive forces for good, he declares.

The great flood of immigration, Mr. Bryce thinks, will not produce any marked modification of the American character. He believes that the Russian and Italian streams will grow thin as the Irish and German flow has already done, and that the "immense assimilative potency of environment" will counteract the foreign influence. The American of 2000 A. D. will doubtless differ from the American of 1900, but it will not be possible to declare how much of the variation should be ascribed to new racial elements and how much to the working of other economic and moral causes.

Recent developments in municipal government are recorded in a chapter contributed by ex-Mayor Seth Low, which the writer has now brought up to date. In it he notices such changes as the establishment of the commission form of government in Galveston, the new Boston city charter, the "recall" (as tried in Los Angeles,) and the Public Service Commissions of New York State. He describes also the direct primary movement, on which in another part of the work Mr. Bryce has inserted a valuable note, and concludes by declaring that, great as were the difficulties and immense the temptations inherent in the establishment of municipalities of great size in territory practically unoccupied, the American people may be satisfied that there has been a decided turn for the better in the character of its city governments, and may expect that the scandals, which have disgraced it in the past, will soon be overcome.

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*THE AMERICAN COMMONWEALTH. By James Bryce. New edition, completely revised, with additional chapters. Two volumes. The Macmillan Co. $4.

THE CHARMS OF MUNICH

IF it is the final test of a guidebook that it should be as informing and interesting to read at home as to study in the course of travel, then Henry Rawle Wadleigh can feel that he has reached the highest standard with his volume on "Munich: History, Monuments, and Art." (F. A. Stokes Co., $2.) While it is not cast in the conventional mould of the guidebook, the traveler will find in its three hundred pages about all the customary information which those handy volumes give, and in addition an amount of history entertainingly written, of art criticism and of sympathetic presentation of the spirit and the life of the people that the forthright guidebook never attempts. Mr. Wadleigh is sometimes irritatingly prolix. There are pages on which a judicious editor would have blue-penciled a goodly percentage of the words. And occasionally he indulges in "fine writing," which is not nearly so ornamental as he seems to think. But the book is thoroughly interesting, and stay-at-homes who, in reading about far-away places, like to get vivid impressions and to feel the very life of the people, will have just as much pleasure in it as will those travelers who make a companion of it during their stay in the Bavarian city.

Mr. Wadleigh makes the charm of Munich the keynote of his study, and the secret of that charm he finds to be in the happy, contented, friendly spirit of the people, in the genial, leisurely life, and in the aesthetic and intellectual atmosphere. The chapters which deal with the history of Munich have their outline of events filled in with much picturing of the life of the changing centuries and with the developing character of the people. The pages that are concerned with the art museums and their contents contain a "chatty" sort of criticism that, with its history and its biography, makes an illuminating background for the works of art. Of the several appendices one is devoted to the romantic career of that talented American, Count Rumford, which was more like a Zenda romance than the life of a son of the Puritans. Mr. Wadleigh tells briefly the story of what he did for Bavaria. Another appendix deals with the surroundings of Munich, and still another with Oberammergau and the Passion Play.

The book is illustrated from photographs and has a large folding map of the city.

"SEA PICTURES"

MR ADOLPH ROEDER is the author of a decorative volume of verse entitled "Sea Pictures" (New York: New Church Board of Publication), whose themes are taken from New Testament extracts dealing with Christ's walking by the sea and upon the waters. These are interpreted by the verses, in which there is also much picturing of the changing aspects of the sea, as being of profound symbolical significance to all mankind. Each page has a headpiece and marginal decorations from pen-and-ink drawings of sea views by Elsa Roeder.

THE CAMBRIDGE MODERN HISTORY

The Great Work Planned by the Late Lord Acton at Last Completed

By JOSEPH JACOBS

WITH this volume,* the "Modern History" planned by the late Lord Acton, and published by the Cambridge University Press of England, reaches the present day, and, as a matter of course, its own conclusion. The whole series has taken ten years to compile and six years to publish, the volumes appearing with trustworthy regularity every six months. The present volume, however, has been slightly delayed by unavoidable accidents, so that it is not quite up to date, though references to events of 1910 occur in it. But perhaps that is rather an advantage than otherwise. However scientific history may have become, it cannot yet deal with events of yesterday with that impartiality and full knowledge which are needed for science.

Yet it is extraordinary how thoroughly, and, on the whole, impartially, this volume deals with the events of the last forty years. In earlier times it would have been impossible even to profess to give an historical account of events that have so recently occurred. The secret motives of statesmen and diplomatists were hidden in archives, jealously guarded; and public opinion—that potent force—was inorganic and unorganized. Between the two, the historian was helpless. But the brutal frankness of Bismarck has revolutionized diplomatic ways, so that the world knows on the morrow the real motives of great events, and the public press voices public opinion in no uncertain way. As a consequence, there is little left for the future historian to know beyond what is known to-day of the secret springs of great events; and thus a volume like the present becomes possible and useful.

In many respects, indeed, "The Latest Age" has been more adequately dealt with than any of the preceding epochs. In the first place, a special chapter at the beginning summarizes its general aspects, and thus fills a want that is felt in earlier volumes, as I have often had occasion to urge in these pages. Then, again, the ill-advised attempt of Lord Acton to include the History of Literature in his plan has been dropped on the present occasion, much to the advantage of consistency and conciseness. Instead of this, five chapters at the end deal with the recent progress of the law of nations, of social movements, of science and explorations, and, finally, of historical science itself. These matters have intimate relations with history, properly so-called, and throw instructive light upon the whole of the period under review. They are written in each case by authorities whose competence no one will doubt, as Sir Fred Pollock on International Law, and Sidney Webb on Social Movements—a masterly essay, the best in the book; Dr. Wetham on the Scientific Age; Mr. Gooch on the Growth of Historical Science. The last is somewhat too detailed in trying to get in as many names of modern historians as possible; but the judgments are sound, and the survey wide, including even anthropology and historical theology.

Turning to the special chapters dealing with history, properly so-called, attention will naturally be directed to those devoted to the two protagonists in the last great war. Russia is the subject of two chapters, both by Prof. Pares, and deals with the reaction and revolution in Russia and the reform movement in that country. This will act as a godsend to the hard-working journalist, who will be delighted to have a few pages from the historical viewpoint from which to judge of contemporary Russian history with journalistic omniscience. So, too, the chapter on "The Regeneration of Japan," by Prof. Longford, will give an insight into the complicated foreign policy of that mysterious country; and the following chapter, on the Russo-Japanese war, by Major Maurice, is perhaps the clearest account of that struggle that has yet appeared in so short a compass. The total impression left is that the combatants were more nearly matched than was thought at the time, and that the treaty of Portsmouth saved Japan at a critical moment. One of the striking things brought out by Major Maurice is the skill with which Japan's weakness was concealed from her great enemy until it was too late.

Of the other chapters, those devoted to England, France and Germany repeat a fairly familiar tale, and it will probably be for the smaller countries that this work will be most frequently consulted. These are dealt with on a fairly uniform scale, the republics of Latin America receiving as much attention as the European colonies, the Low Countries, the Iberian Peninsula and Scandinavia, making their history accessible in a few clear pages. Even Egypt and the Far East are not neglected; and the troublesome annals of Ireland are summed up—of course, from a British standpoint.

Such a summary of the history of the present day was much needed. The work of Seignobos, which is its only rival, is already becoming antiquated, and besides, it dealt only with Europe. So far as I am aware, no other single volume contains such a mass of information about recent events in their proper perspective as this excellent compilation, which thus proves to be the most useful volume of the twelve. Even those who have been somewhat disappointed with the series as a whole, or who do not care to have so voluminous an account of the last four centuries on their shelves, will be glad to have this final volume on contemporary history, which cannot be duplicated elsewhere.

This being the last of the series of the "Cambridge Modern History," it seems appropriate to sum up the impression that the whole work produces. English scholarship has, of recent years, shown particular aptitude for such co-operative productions. The "Dictionary of National Biography," the "Oxford English Dictionary," the "Victorian County Histories," are eminent examples of the capacity of English scholars to work in teams; and we are expecting the greatest result of this tendency in the forthcoming new edition of the Encyclopedia Britannica. With the advance of specialization, it is practically impossible for any one man to deal adequately with any largely extended subject, and, by co-operation, specialists are enabled to deal with that section of the subject on which they have shown their competence. This has been the plan pursued in the Cambridge Modern History, and there can be no doubt that in most instances Lord Acton and his successors have selected competent experts on the different divisions of history. Except, however, in a few instances, these experts have not shown to advantage in co-operative work. They have been obliged to keep within certain fixed limits and to adopt the general tone and method of the whole scheme, so that their individuality has been practically eliminated. This has made the collection of essays or studies somewhat dry reading. Every one seems to have aimed at getting in as many facts in as limited a number of pages as he could, and it is rare that one gets a clear outline of the general tendency of the stream of history. Yet this is what the ordinary reader desires more than anything in trying to obtain the pattern, as it were, into which to fit the innumerable details of universal history. In the present volume such a pattern is afforded by the preliminary chapter, but the preceding volumes have been without this key, and consequently the different sections have not been well cemented together. We have had bricks of history, well burnt and all of good material, but they have not been built up into any mansion. For the general reader, therefore, this magnificent series offers stones, rather than nutritious bread.

And for the historical student, to whom this series also addresses itself, it has its disadvantages. Eminent as are the authorities collected together, no student worth his salt will accept a statement of any authority, however distinguished, unless he can control it by reference to sources. Yet, by the plan of the work, no footnotes or authorities are given, and the bibliographies at the end, excellent as they are, are more confusing from this point of view than useful. If one wants to know the authority for any particular statement it is useless to have a list of, say, two hundred volumes, from one of which, presumably, the statement is derived. Thus, for the student of any particular section of history, the chapters in the Cambridge Modern History would be more tantalizing than satisfying, their chief use being for countries or periods outside that on which the student is working. In this sense, at least, the Cambridge Modern History will be a book of reference which no serious worker in history can do without.

While the series is now completed so far as the text is concerned, it is to be supplemented by two further volumes, which may prove even more useful. One is to contain historical maps and will fill a large gap in English cartography. Except for the great historical atlas published by the Oxford University Press there is nothing in English that corresponds to Schrader in French or Droysen in German, while for school purposes Putzger's marvelous Historical Atlas is without rival in either English or French-speaking worlds. The other volume is to contain a complete index to the whole series, and besides it is to be supplied with genealogical tables, which are almost indispensable in any detailed statement of history. This again will fill a long-felt want, by no means satisfied by George's tables published by the Clarendon Press. When the series is supplemented by these two volumes it will indeed be a monument of historical learning, and with all its failings will be an indispensable work of reference for the serious student of the past.

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*CAMBRIDGE MODERN HISTORY. Edited by A. W. Ward, G. W. Prothero, Stanley Leathes. Vol. XII, "The Latest Age." The Macmillan Co. $4.

A STORY OF MARRIED LIFE

In Which "the Other Woman" Makes Her Appearance but Is Promptly Ejected

BEGINNING where most old-fashioned novels leave off—with the honeymoon—and yet refusing to lay the serpent's trail of the other woman across a ruined hearth and carve "Ichabod" upon the desolate stone, as the modern lady novelists delight to do, this agreeable domestic chronicle tells what came of a quite ordinary, every-day matrimonial experiment. Essentially, it is a series of comedy scenes with serious interludes, and it is conceived in a spirit which approaches very closely the journalistic.

That is to say, Mr. Williams treats the Frederic Carrolls very much as Mr. Ray Stannard Baker treats race conditions in the South. He tells about them, in the most readable manner he can compass, as many interesting and significant things as he can find out or infer from his observation, always with an eye to the relation to certain uppermost modern problems—as the economic status of woman and the division of the spoils (or proceeds, if you prefer) of a highly organized commercial exploitation of natural resources.

The Carrolls*—a promising young painter and his very attractive wife—are discovered just at the moment when they are bored to death with their honeymoon segregation from their kind, and put through the whole course of disillusion and reconstruction which is matrimony. To begin with, the very fact that the honeymoon bored both of them, that each found kisses and moonlight as a steady diet unendurable, served to establish a new bond of union. Both burst out laughing.

Then they set up housekeeping in New York City and tried the effect of that strain on the home tie which comes of having the man work downtown all day while the woman plays uptown all day. That, naturally, is where the other man and the other woman get in. In this case there is another woman lurking about. Mr. Williams has amused himself by making her an unsuccessful matrimonial experimentalist, who lectures to fashionable women on the economic—and other—relations of the sexes. She invents naughty epigrams to shock her auditors into attention. Naturally she is beautiful and clever and serpentine. The scenes in the comedy which deal with the intrusion of this siren into Frederic Carroll's studio and the subsequent proceedings of Mrs. Frederic Carroll are the most entertaining in the whole volume. The siren disappears, in fact, all too soon for the reader.

Then comes the comedy of the Carrolls' housebuilding, which at times strays close to the borderland of tragedy. However, it is a house in the country—a low-eaved house with many open fireplaces and a sunny nursery space, as well as a studio. Such houses are not meant for real tragedies, though they must shelter sorrows as well as joys. Whether you have planned your house and built it in your dreams only, or have seen the dream take shape in good stone or brick or stout beams and boards, you can hardly fail to share the mingled emotions of the Carrolls over the planning and building of this house, or avoid a thrill when the curtain rises on the housewarming. However, the next best episode to that of the siren already noted is that which describes how a clever hostess and "in-law" provided a respectable family with a long-needed family skeleton.

Another episode of mixed tragedy and farce comes when the Carrolls let their beloved house to a new millionaire and his family for a gala occasion. That opens the way to the question of the division of the spoils. The painter's straits in supporting a large family of children gives that question practical bearing.

Of course the mere fact that the hero is a painter who attains a certain eminence, and that he moves in a circle which intersects that of the box-holders at the Metropolitan Opera, removes the case of the Carrolls from the range of the ordinary American's experience, in some degree. The average American does not paint frescoes for millionaires, or entertain captains of industry at little dinners at his house. For the rest, the case is typical enough, and the social criticism in which the book indulges is of the cheerful and common-sense sort. The whole, in fact, is very good reading, indeed, and may be expected to clear the air for those who have been confined to a diet of old-fashioned romance and modern problem novels by fashionable lady novelists and the sociological male psychologists who are their rivals.

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*THE MARRIED LIFE OF THE FREDERIC CARROLLS. By Jesse Lynch Williams. Charles Scribner's Sons. $1.50.

TWO "WONDER" BOOKS

TWO new issues in Lippincott's Wonder Series are "The Modern Railway," by Archibald Williams, and "The Insect World," by Edmund Selous. The contents of the former have been selected and condensed from the author's larger work on "The Romance of Modern Locomotion." It deals in a readable style with the building and operation of English, Canadian and American railways, with brief excursions into Africa, Switzerland, and other regions where railroading is difficult, romantic or dangerous. He takes up the Midland Railway of England and gives a graphic history of its inception, the difficulties that attended its building, and its later developments. In the same way he treats the Great Western of England, the Canadian Pacific, the Union Pacific, the Santa Fé and other American roads, devoting some space also to their work as agencies in the development of the country. Other chapters deal with the "railroad as conqueror" and with the general subject of "mountain railways."

Mr. Selous's book is one of the most interesting of the many volumes that have endeavored to popularize the discoveries of entomological science. While his work is scientifically accurate he uses very little scientific terminology and phrases entertainingly his accounts of insect manners and customs. A good many of the chapters are devoted to ants of various kinds, which is quite to be expected, since the ants are the most wonderful creatures of all the insect world. Flies, locusts, crickets, cicadas and aphides also receive attention, while the author now and then philosophizes a little as to the meaning of all the fierce rending and tearing and living upon one another that goes on among the groups and the individuals of this busy world of tiny creatures.

POEMS THAT FORTIFY

A "MANUAL of Spiritual Fortification" (Harper & Bros., $1.25) is the forbidding title which Louise Collier Willcox has bestowed upon a book which many readers will find peculiarly attractive. The sub-title describes it as "a choice of meditative and mystic poems." But even this is hardly as comprehensive and just a characterization as the book deserves. For Mrs. Willcox has endeavored in the selections to trace the progress of religious feeling, although voiced in secular poems, from the thirteenth century down to the present time; and also—and this seems to have been her initial purpose—to make a collection of religious verse that would express "the abiding sense in man of the indwelling God" as distinguished from the verse in which man has expressed dogmatic and historic religion. In an interesting preface Mrs. Willcox notes the changes through which this religious emotion has passed. "In the earlier centuries," she says, "religious emotion clung close to the figure of Christ," but during the last century it has dwelt "more upon the immanent God, deity indwelling in all life, all love, all purpose." Her selections range through six centuries and include, among those of the last century, poems by Swinburne, Walt Whitman, the Rossettis, Shelley, Francis Thompson, Stevenson, George Meredith.

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NEW YORK, DECEMBER 31, 1910

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THE WRATH OF A SCIENTIST

IT IS not surprising that an authoritative biologist should be stirred to "wrath" by some of the advocates of the classics in the college course. There has been a dreadful amount of downright conceit, stubbornness and ignorance among these advocates. Certain of them have invited extreme opposition by their extreme contention that Greek and Latin are not only the best but practically the indispensable means of culture for the average college lad. But we are inclined to the opinion that Prof. Stevenson shows a little too much of the temper of the disputants who arouse his indignation.

His main contention that "Latin and Greek as compulsory studies should have been abolished in America and England fifty years ago" was made in an interview with a representative of THE TIMES, and he gave some very emphatic and picturesque reasons, by no means without basis in experience, for this sweeping statement. But surely the statement is too sweeping as it stands. That Greek and Latin should not be compulsory studies for all students in all colleges most educators will admit. And, as a matter of fact, they are not, nor anywhere near it. But that there is place in the general system of education for a course including these studies, for a degree given only for real attainment in these, among other studies, is a proposition, we think, that few educators, with a broad conception of what can be done with these studies would deny. The real claim of the classics, as their most intelligent supporters now plead their case is, so far as we are familiar with their arguments, that they provide a kind of culture not otherwise to be had; that this should always be kept within the reach of those able and willing to acquire it; that its acquirement should be certified by a degree corresponding in value to other degrees for other sorts of culture, and that it would be a serious error if our colleges made this impracticable.

Necessarily this involves the condition that the classics should be taught in the best possible manner. But the teaching must be not merely in the literature, and especially not merely in the literature translated, which Prof. Stevenson seems to think would answer every essential purpose. It must include training in the languages. Nothing, we believe, yet discovered will exactly replace that. It is not the resulting translation that tells on the intellect and spirit of the student. It is the process, the exercise of discrimination, the ascertainment and weighing of the connotation and content in our language and in another, the fitting of the delicate and suggestive possibilities of the one to those of the other. In these things lie the secret, the enduring charm and stimulus of the classics, and they are not to be got from "Bohn" or even from the noblest translations, though the study of the latter may greatly aid.

Obviously the culture thus to be had is not for all, It would be absurd to insist that every student should undertake to obtain it. But it should be amply provided for those who really wish it and who show themselves capable of taking it. It may be said, and it would be true, that this would constitute a sort of intellectual aristocracy, a view that Prof. Stevenson regards with some show of irritation. But if strict conditions are fairly enforced the aristocarcy would be of a beneficent kind. Entrance to it would be free to all who could command the time for the needed labor. Nor can it be said that only the sons of the rich would command this. No youth of reasonable health, in whom the desire for this culture really burns, need in these days go without it. Toil and effort would be required, doubtless, and much self-denial as to things otherwise pleasant. But in the mart of the mind the inexorable law prevails; true value is in the ratio of the cost of production. Indeed, it may well be held that training in the classics, in the ever-living literature and languages of Greece and Rome, should, so far from being compulsory, be treated as, in some degree, a recognition of peculiar aptitude and a reward for faithful study. The tremendous pressure for universal and practically free education, rich as its results have been in some directions, tends to flatten out distinctions of real importance and to offer to all that education only which all can, after a fashion, take and use. It is a tendency firmly to be resisted.

With all the varied and rich triumphs of material science—whose votaries sometimes seem to think it all the science there is,—it would be a sad day for the people of America when the right study and teaching of the classics and of the wonderful tongues in which the classics evolved ceased from among us. Of this, however, we see no real danger. The cumulative force of too many centuries of joyous intellectual activity are still available to defend us from such a calamity.

A BOY'S DIARY

IZORA CHANDLER'S "Little Comrade" (Buffalo: Berger Pub'g Co.) is another one of those numerous books, which seem, by the way, to multiply more rapidly than does any other species of fiction, which, written about children and apparently for childish readers, nevertheless make their appeal mainly to the adult intelligence. They are too complex in their point of view, too sophisticated in their presentation of the workings of the human mind, even of the child mind, to be thoroughly understood by young readers. The "little comrade" of this book is a lonely laddie, who keeps a diary and puts into it all the most secret thoughts and feelings of a high-strung, imaginative child, whose mingling of poetic fancies and downright boyishness shows the author to possess considerable creative power and artistic feeling. Illustrated by Alice Barber Stephens.

LITERARY NOTES FROM LONDON

Who's Who and What's What in the English Book World—of the Present Day

LONDON, Dec. 21.—We used to say that your diplomatic representatives in London were ambassadors of letters as well as of affairs of State. There was a long line of distinguished men to give point to that saying, and we in return now send you, in Mr. James Bryce, an ambassador of letters as well as of high diplomacy. He has been here for a brief visit on his way back from South America and literary London has been delighted to see him again. Like Lord Morley, he is a vastly esteemed member of that very select club, the Athenaeum, where political differences do not count as between man and man. Only the other day I saw Lord Morley deep in thought, bent in figure, but ever youthful in the gleam of the fine eye, walking across St. James's Park toward the Athenaeum. Naturally Mr. Bryce, while he has been on your side of the Atlantic, has been missed by his fellow-clubmen, but they will be able to console themselves during his further absence by reading the new, revised edition of his "American Commonwealth."

Sometimes one is asked what are the particular classes of American books that the scholarly and studious people of this old country read and value. A work has just come out which is, in its way, an answer to this question, namely, "A Guide to Reading in Social Ethics and Allied Subjects," a bibliography prepared by twenty-three instructors in Harvard University. There has been a great growth, within recent years, of books dealing with what may be called the advancement-of-the-people questions, and this bibliography belongs to that modern library. Indeed, more and more we seem to look to you for studies by competent scholars on social ethics, and this book is certain to be largely used by English workers in sociology. We ourselves, so far as I know, have nothing quite like it, which leads to the suggestion, might Harvard University not arrange to have it brought out by some London publisher? It is always possible in London to get an American book, just as you can easily get an English book which does not happen to be published in America. But it is worth while having a really valuable work like this published in London, because then it at once comes within the activities of the English book trade.

One of your reviewers was curiously right a week or two ago when he spoke of a book, "The Story of the Shia World," as a modern "Hajji Baba." Sir James Morier in the first instance described "Hajji Baba" as a translation from the Persian, and similarly Major Molesworth Sykes, in issuing "The Story of the Shia World," claimed that he had edited it from a Persian manuscript. In reality the book consists of his own experiences and observations of Persian life and character, and that is its high value. He thought he gave a clue to the mystery when he described the hero of the book as a grandson of the prototype of Hajji Baba, but nobody took any notice of that hint. Now Major Molesworth Sykes tells us what I have told you about the book, which promises, not perhaps to be quite a "modern Hajji Baba," but certainly a volume that many people will read.

When Mr. J. M. Barrie's mother died he wrote a beautiful book about her, "Margaret Ogilvie"—in some ways, as some of us think, perhaps the finest of all his books. For one thing, it let us into the secret that Mr. Barrie was, first and foremost, a mother's son, as they say in Scotland, that is, a son who took his gifts from his mother. Is it the same with Mr. Kipling? One asks this in reading of the death of his mother, which took place a few weeks ago, for she also was a very remarkable woman. She and her husband had lived most of their lives in India. When the time came for retirement from work they returned to England and to the peace and quiet of Wiltshire. There they interested themselves in the lives of the people, going about and doing good, and although Mrs. Kipling was often unwell, her courage, vivacity, and brightness never left her. One hopes that Mr. Kipling may write a joint biography of his father and mother, two people notable in themselves and doubly notable in having so gifted a son.

"It is superfluous to say," a London publisher writes me about an autobiography which he is bringing out, "that neither spiteful comment nor unsavory anecdote finds any place in the volume." This I am tempted to quote as a little light upon the extremes to which one or two English autobiographers of the Winter have gone in their personal references. They were determined to interest at the risk of being waspish and they said things which perhaps would have been better left unsaid. "If I be waspish, best beware my sting," runs a familiar quotation, and when autobiographers are waspish the public remembers the injunction and refrains from reading their books. The fact is that the average English man or woman does not like to read an unhappy autobiography, especially a vindictive, spiteful autobiography, and they get warned off easily enough, because those are exactly the stories which the newspapers quote. The moral of the whole business is, apparently, that we have reached the limit with the spicy autobiography, and that now practically by command of the reader we turn, or, if you like, return, to the good-natured, sunshiny, happy autobiography, and that is well.

JAMES MILNE.

AMONG THE AUTHORS

Mrs. Olive Schreiner has ready for publication this Spring a book which she commenced before her famous novel, "The Story of an African Farm" (in 1882), and to which she has devoted years of study and original research. As first planned and written this book was to be the author's "magnum opus," an exhaustive treatise on woman. It was finished in 1899, and reviewed its subject from a biological as well as a sociological standpoint, tracing woman's development from the lower animal forms through primitive human life and so up to her position in the modern world. At the time she finished this work Mrs. Schreiner was living in Johannesburg. Ill-health forced her to remove to a different climate in South Africa. She left her manuscripts behind her, expecting to return shortly. Meantime, however, the Boer war broke out, her home in Johannesburg was looted and the manuscript of her book destroyed. After the war was over she took up her work again, and succeeded in rewriting what would amount to one chapter of the original treatise. It is this chapter, elaborated into a volume of about 90,000 words, on the subject of "the parasitism of woman in modern society," that will be published this season under the title "Woman and Labor." Besides her first novel Mrs. Schreiner has written a volume of sketches and short stories called "Dreams," a second novel, "Trooper Peter Halket of Mashonaland," referred to as the "Uncle Tom's Cabin of South Africa," and a work on political economy (in collaboration with her husband).

Mrs. Juliet Wilbor Tompkins has a home in New York and also a Summer home in the mountains. The geographical range of her stories is said to be due to the fact that she spent a considerable part of her youth on the Pacific Coast and part of her girlhood in Boston before coming to New York.

Mr. Reginald Wright Kaufmann, author of "The House of Bondage," etc., will start in January on a lecture tour of the country in which he will discuss various economic subjects.

Marion Harland (Mrs. Terhune) celebrated her eightieth birthday last week. "I was born on the shortest day of the year," she is reported as saying on this occasion, "and have been trying to catch up ever since."

Miss Ellen Glasgow has been away from her home in Virginia for some time visiting in New York City.

Mrs. John Martin, author of "Is Mankind Advancing?" etc., lives in an old country house on Staten Island, overlooking the sea. She is said to belong to that group of reformers sometimes referred to as "parlor socialists." She is especially interested in the science of eugenics, and believes that the most serious problem before us now is that of improving the race.

Miss Helen Clark, at her Winter home in Cambridge, Mass., is at work on a book in which she continues her studies of New England authors and their environment.

"THE ANCIENT MARINER"

IT would be difficult to imagine a stranger or—we regret the necessity of adding—a more unsatisfactory conjunction of arts than the writings of Samuel Coleridge with the illustrations of Willy Pogany. In the elaborately decorated edition of "The Ancient Mariner" (Crowell, $5) our minds are distracted from the limpid, pictorial style of the author to the involved, inexpressive style of the illustrator. The colored plates are lineally weak, the line-drawings are ill-balanced in color, the blacks making too spotty an effect against the large white margins and interior panels. Add to these defects the popular device of mixing in designs printed in green and violet, and the use of an almost unreadable "ornamental" lettering, and we have a sum total of inappropriateness discouraging to the lover of beautiful books. Lovers of ornate books are, however, more numerous, and this edition of one of the most haunting and imaginative poems in the English language will no doubt give them extraordinary pleasure.

LORD ROSEBERY ON CHATHAM

A Brilliant Sketch of the "Great Commoner's" Early Life by an Ardent Admirer

By GEORGE LOUIS BEER

IF specialists in the subject were asked to prepare separate lists of the ten greatest English statesmen, considerable diversity of opinion would probably manifest itself, but unquestionably the name of Chatham would appear on every one. All the more wonder, then, that England, the home of biography, has as yet produced no adequate life of a figure unanimously accorded so high a rank. Lord Rosebery even calls him "the most illustrious name in our political history." The first notable attempt was that of Francis Thackeray, uncle to the famous novelist. Published in 1827, his book is now naturally antiquated, but it is still of fundamental importance. It has obvious defects, and subsequent biographers, among them the present one, have not hesitated to sneer at it, somewhat ungraciously so, it would seem, since it has furnished the solid foundation for a good deal of their own work. Apart from incidental accounts of Chatham in general histories, and of special investigations of various phases of his career—such as Corbett's masterly study of the strategy and conduct of the Seven Years' War—there have appeared during the past decade three lives of the "Great Commoner," two by Englishmen and one by a German. In 1901 was published W. D. Green's serviceable book, and four years later Frederic Harrison's suggestive essay. Both of these works are of small compass, entirely incommensurate with the greatness of the subject. It remained for a German scholar, Albert von Ruville, to fill this gaping void in biographical literature. His three-volume life, published in 1905 and subsequently Englished, has superseded all others. Yet it is far from being a definitive work such as is Masson's Milton or Trevelyan's Macaulay. While covering an extensive range of manuscript material, Ruville's investigations were by no means exhaustive; some sources were overlooked and others were not studied intensively. Though not virgin soil, the field is thus far from being exhausted, and will yield abundant returns to the diligent worker. Some of these fruits have been gleaned by Lord Rosebery.

A few years ago Lord Rosebery published a sympathetic and somewhat controversial book on Napoleon at St. Helena—an Oxford professor remarked at the time that it was a peculiar work to emanate from a British pen; and now he has written an account of Chatham's early life and connections In both cases the apogee of the career is ignored; in the one case it is the tragic anti-climax that is studied; in the other, the prolonged and tortuous ascent to power. But why only the epilogue or the prologue? It might seem that this were a result of Rosebery's characteristic difficulty in grappling with the essence of situations; but it is probably due even more to his rigid definition of biography.

> There seems [he says] to be a constant tendency in writers to forget that the provinces of history and biography, though they often overlap, are essentially distinct. * * * The life of a man is not his public life, which is always alloyed with some necessary diplomacy and which is sometimes only a mask. * * * We want to know how a master talked, and, if possible, what he thought, what was his standpoint with regard to the grave issues of life; what he was in his hours of ease, what he enjoyed, how he unbent; in a word, what he was without his wig and bag and sword, in his dressing gown and slippers, with a friend, a novel, or a pipe.

These sentences explain Rosebery's procedure. The period of comparative obscurity is far more useful for his purposes than are the years when the career dwarfs the man. They also define the scope and purpose of the book. Yet at the outset we are frankly warned that lack of material absolutely prevents our knowing this aspect of Chatham, and that, strictly speaking, his life can never be written. "Of his conversations, of his private life nothing, or little more than nothing, remains. * * * There seems little more material for a biography of the man, apart from his public career, than exists in the case of a Trappist." The inevitable result of Rosebery's attempt is therefore mainly an account of Chatham's early public career, with occasional indistinct glimpses of the man himself.

In his attempt to portray the man the writer devotes considerable attention to two series of facts—Chatham's ancestry and his relations with his family. Of his forebears the most important was his choleric grandfather, Governor Thomas Pitt—the "Diamond Pitt" of East Indian fame. To this worthy, Rosebery devotes some vivid pages, containing, however, nothing that cannot be found in the works of Yule and Ruville. From the "volcanic character of these truculent Pitts" and from their lurking insanity are derived many of the idiosyncrasies of Chatham's complex, violent and repressed nature. With this as a background, a scant account is presented of Chatham's youth; and then is printed a series of private and personal letters addressed to his sister Ann, for whom Horace Walpole felt "an affection tempered with alarm." These letters were obtained from the Fortescue Manuscripts at Dropmore, a collection well known to all scholars from the six volumes of its documents published by the Historical Manuscripts Commission. Unfortunately they are very disappointing; they deal largely with trivial matters, and are scarcely intelligible apart from their unknowable context. Much more illuminating is the series addressed to his nephew, the future Lord Camelford, printed in the Chatham papers, to which Rosebery barely alludes. Furthermore, there are printed some interesting excerpts from an intimate family document on the personal characteristics of the Pitt family, written by this Lord Camelford. This is virtually all that Rosebery is able to give us of Chatham's "vie intime;" the bulk of the book necessarily deals with the man in public life.

From 1708 to 1735 is the period of obscure youth. In the latter year Pitt entered Parliament, as member for the most famous of rotten boroughs, and engaged in reckless and factious opposition until 1746, when as a result of a rearrangement of the predominant political groups, he secured a subordinate office. In 1754-56 he emerged from the restless inactivity imposed by the acceptance of this post, as a figure of irresistible force, "the people's darling and the champion of the country." The support and confidence of the unrepresented public, justly distrustful of the incompetent ministers in control during this crisis—the long-slumbering conflict with France had burst into flame,—carried him into office and gave him complete control during the most glorious ministry in British annals. This book, however, leaves Chatham on the threshold of his great ministry; only his political life from 1735 to 1756 is studied.

The turns and twists of factional politics during these two decades are narrated with somewhat fatiguing minuteness. As long as the Stuart cause was alive there were no parties; merely rival groups of Whigs contending and intriguing for power. No fundamental questions of policy divided these groups; only competition for office. Hence Rosebery devotes all his space to men and none to measures. Except a few extracts from the Holland House papers, which, we hope, presage a life of Henry Fox, his account adds nothing to our knowledge of this tortuous maze and of Chatham's course within it. Not a word is said of Chatham's basic political views, of his attitude toward the inevitable struggle with France, of his intellectual development. Yet much could have been done. The Newcastle papers in the British Museum—over three hundred bulky volumes of correspondence alone—and the Hardwicke papers in the same depository have never been studied carefully by English historians, and as a result considerable idle conjecture has been rampant when positive assurance is available. Similarly the Pringle or Chatham MSS. in the London Public Record office could have been used to advantage. They contain, for instance, a highly valuable account of books purchased by Chatham in the years 1753 to 1755. Among them were various works on America, including Cadwallader Colden's invaluable account of the New York Indians. The list shows how Chatham was spending his leisure moments, so that when his hour came he was fitted for the task of directing the armies which were to secure the predominance of Anglo-Saxon civilization in North America. Then, we have very imperfect records of Chatham's speeches, most unfortunately so because his highly trained eloquence was his most effective weapon. In all probability Horace Walpole's rough notes and disjointed fragments could in some instances be pieced together by the reports of the parliamentary debates which the French Ambassadors were wont to send to Paris, and which are now fully accessible in the Archives des Affaires Etrangères.

It is thus to a great extent an oft-told tale that Rosebery gives us, but one narrated in his own inimitable manner. In the eyes of most, whatever faults in scholarship there be will disappear in the brilliant light of the book's literary quality. Though his style is apparently somewhat patterned on that of Macaulay, of whom he is an avowed admirer, it has distinct individuality. Fluent and graceful, and always distinguished, its even course is at intervals relieved by picturesque expressions, occasionally startling in their vividness, and by sharp contrasts, here and there perhaps too violent. A keen sense for the most expressive adjective combined with a gift of epigrammatic expression give life and vigor to its pages. Occasionally the author's love for startling epithets leads him to exaggerated phrases. "That strange cockatrice brood of Pitts" does scant justice to the family. Nor is it quite fair to even so servile a place-hunter as Bubb Dodington to call him "the most avid and unabashed of political harlots." A master of denunciation, Rosebery's most effective epithets range from gentle irony to mordant sarcasm. His great gifts of expression are rarely used in appreciation. Not only is he too much of a critic to overlook the inevitable imperfections, but in addition there is about him a note of supercilious condescension and a lack of charity that make him chary of praise. Thus, the strikingly vivid sketches of Chatham's contemporaries—Walpole, George Grenville, Carteret, Henry Fox, Newcastle—which by themselves would give enduring value to the volume, are marred by an undue stress on the failings of these men. They are written somewhat in the spirit of Horace Walpole, the malicious chronicler of his day; not in that of the calm philosophic observer, taking the frailty of human nature for granted. On the other hand, his estimate of Chatham—and this is the principal thing—is eminently judicious and temperate.

> The path of the statesman rarely skirts the heights; it is rough, rugged, sometimes squalid, as are most of the roads of life. * * * All careers have their blots. The best and happiest are those in which blemishes are obscured by high achievement. That was supremely the case with Pitt. This upward ascent was much like other ascents, neither better nor worse. * * * It is preposterous to depict Pitt as an angel of light. * * * But yet, judged by the standard of his day, the only proper standard to apply, and indeed of the standard of any day, he must be held even in his darkest hours not to have compromised his historical future.

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*LORD CHATHAM: His Early Life and Connections. By Lord Rosebery. Harper & Bros. $3.

ROOSEVELT IN CARICATURE

(Continued from page 733)

observe that the public image of Roosevelt which these cartoons reflect is not in the least like the public image of our day. The young legislative reformer, the opponent of Blaine, the Mayoralty candidate, the Police Commissioner, the Civil Service Commissioner, was, so far as the picture record shows, an entirely different man from the one our public prints now advertise to us so lavishly.

Our own Roosevelt was born with the Spanish-American war. At that point, with the rough-riders uniform as a hint, the caricaturists discarded the previous conception of an already pretty well-known national figure, and made a brand-new Roosevelt for public circulation. That Roosevelt has been circulating ever since, the same, though he has taken on grimmer and ever grimmer aspects, and attained colossal proportions not dreamed of in the beginning. The hat, the serried teeth, the spectacles, have gradually overwhelmed the rest of the picture; but the image of 1898 is in all essentials the image of 1910. The pictures of the two periods betray, nevertheless, a vast change in the state of the artist's personal feelings toward his subject. It is as if a mere freak had developed into the pride of the menagerie, and the artist who drew him, however hostile, worked lovingly, with keen professional delight, in developing the pictorial possibilities of a prize exhibit.

In addition to Dr. Shaw's volume of selected cartoons, there is to be noticed also a book of cartoons by McCutcheon.* These belong wholly to the post-Spanish War series, and thus reflect the Roosevelt of the imperial period. A large number of the cartoons deal with the famous African hunt, the two-dollars-a-word magazine rate, and the picturesque possibilities of the recent European tour of royal visits. Mr. McCutcheon is apt to show you the frock-coated presidential Roosevelt, not the rough-rider, except where the scenery demands the outdoor kit; but the spirit that informs the rough-rider is seen struggling with the conventional garb, and thus the impression of volcanic energy is, if anything, even more vividly conveyed. Some of the best of Mr. McCutcheon's pictures represent Mr. Roosevelt on his presidential progresses, on bear hunts, or in various tremendous phases of the popular specialty of trust-busting.

Mr. Raymond Gros is another who has made a notable collection of the little excursions of the comic spirit of which Col. Roosevelt has been the inspiration during the last eight or nine years. For his book "T. R. in Cartoon"* he has got together four hundred or more caricatures of Roosevelt made during his presidency or since he started upon his African trip. They have been gathered from almost all quarters of the globe. American cartoonists to the number of seventy-eight contribute drawings that have been published in our own newspapers, while Japan and Sweden, Holland and Argentina, Australia and Switzerland, Chile and Spain, Cuba and Denmark, and half a dozen other countries bring their offerings to the revel of humor over the teeth and the big stick. It is interesting to note how, as the Rooseveltian idea travels from one to another of these countries, its appearance changes until it becomes scarcely recognizable as our own Roosevelt, and takes on the physical characteristics of the country to which the artist belongs.

Mr. Wallace Irwin's comic versification of the same material, called the "Teddysee," * is a contribution to the rude and unsparing picture of the ex-President which the cartoons combine to supply. Mr. Irwin's performance is not, on the whole, as successful as might have been expected in view of the possibilities of the subject and the cleverness and facility of the author; but the little book does not lack excellent burlesque lines and effects—as, for instance, where Teddysses (Mr. Roosevelt) bids a fond farewell to Penelope (Mr. Taft) and sings:

These last instructions take from me:
Shun Nelson A., Sereno P.,
And uncular Joe Josephus C.,
When they are making eyes at thee,
  A-wishing for to wed.
Our little son Giffordius
  In trust with thee I leave.
He is a nature-loving cus,
  And oft for me he'll grieve.
And if some Monied Interest
  Molests my Gifford P.,
Ah, press him tightly to thy breast,
  And think, oh, think of me!

Pleasant also is the invocation upon the occasion of the return from royal sport in Africa and Europe.

Muses, lend me an earthquake
To rattle the big blue dome,
Or a dynamite bomb,
Or a fierce tom-tom
Or a bugle-call,
Or Niagara's Fall,
Full justice to do
To the hullabaloo
When Teddy came marching home.

The task of producing a satisfactory history of Mr. Roosevelt in cartoon would appear on the face of the exhibits to be much more easily accomplished than that of doing the same thing in rhyme.

"ADVENTURES IN FRIENDSHIP"

THE famous epitaph, "She was so pleasant," might be paraphrased into a motto for that form of literature which we may term the confidential essay. When an author sits down with us in genial slippered ease and opens up his mind, it seems as ungracious to wax critical of his discourse and to thrust our fingers through its thin places as to subject to a like process any unguarded chat of a trusting friend. When we part company with Mr. David Grayson, after sharing his "Adventures in Friendship" (Doubleday, $1.20) it is with a warm handclasp, and the hope that he will soon again invite us to a like comradeship. The chapters are of unequal interest, as people themselves are, but the tendency of them all is to broaden our sympathies, to warm our hearts, to give us a practical faith in human brotherhood. It is a good and wholesome book, one to "make a sunshine in a shady place"—even a heart grown tired and solitary.

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LITERARY NOTES FROM BOSTON

Fifty Books Announced by a Single House—Plans of Other Publishers

BOSTON, Dec. 30.—Houghton, Mifflin Co., having seen their holiday shelves cleared in more than one spot—among them that in which stood the special limited edition of Mr. De Wolfe Howe's "Boston Common"—immediately prepare a list of nearly fifty books to appear before May 25, beginning with a baker's dozen in February. A few of these thirteen had been heralded, for instance, Mr. Royal Cortissoz's "John La Farge," and Mrs. Wiggin's "Robinetta," which is to have a colored frontispiece by A. G. Learned. Their companions will be John A. Gade's "Cathedrals of Spain," Frank W. Hackett's "Reminiscences of the Geneva Tribunal," Charles A. Eastman's "The Soul of the Indian," "A Study of Greatness," by J. N. Larned; R. R. Bowker's "Copyright: Its History and Development"; "Public Ownership of Telephones in Europe," by A. N. Holcomb, and three other studies of subjects on which everybody wishes to possess—or at least to profess—an opinion; "Socialism," by Oscar D. Skelton; "Industrial Accidents and Their Compensation," by Gilbert L. Campbell, and "The Standard of Living Among Industrial People of America," by Frank Hatch Streightoff.

The fiction, more fortunately named than sometimes happens, thus far includes Miss Mary Johnston's "The Long Roll," with colored pictures by N. C. Wyeth; Mr. Gardner Teall's "The Contessa's Sister"; "Tarantella," by Edith Macvane; "Queed," by Sydnor Harrison; "The End of a Song," by Jeannette L. Marks, and "The Story of a Very Little Person," by Mary Heaton Vorse. Add to these "Wells Brothers," Andy Adams's boys' story of young cattle kings, and "The Indian Book," by W. I. Hopkins.

Mr. John Muir has illustrated a bit of autobiography, entitled "My First Summer in the Sierras," with his own sketches; Mr. Dallas Lore Sharp has written "The Face of the Fields," and in May Mr. Ellery H. Clark's "Reminiscences of an Athlete" will come to discourage boys from fulfilling their heart's desire to study hard at home all Summer. In travel, besides the "Cathedrals of Spain," "An Ideal Italian Tour," "Across South America," and a study of Palestine are the chief books.

"H. B. Stowe: The Story of Her Life," by C. E. and Lyman Beecher Stowe, will probably contain some things that are new, as not many of the novelist's contemporaries remain to object to publicity. Mr. H. C. Merwin's "Bret Harte," with an account of the California pioneers, you announced on the 17th. Dr. W. E. Griffis's "China's Story" comes as America begins to be conscious how deeply the China of the present has been stirred by her internal reforms. For the essay lover May reserves two gifts: Prof. Munsterberg's "Educational Unrest" and Prof. George H. Palmer's "Problem of Freedom."

Little, Brown & Co. will immediately begin to issue the Modern Criminal Science series, the result of some forty years of systematized labor in Europe and in small American fields, by jurists, men of science, physicians, police officials, college faculties and university officials, and unnumbered other earnest students and investigators. Some months ago it was announced that the American Institute of Criminal Law and Criminology had undertaken to translate the most important modern works on criminal science, and, directed by a committee appointed by the President of the Institute, Prof. John H. Wigmore of Northwestern University, it is now able to announce "Criminal Psychology" by Hans Gross, "Modern Theories of Criminality" by C. Bernardo de Quiros of Madrid, "Crime: its Causes and Remedies" by the late Cesare Lombroso, and "Criminal Sociology" by Enrico Ferri of the Roman bar, with introduction by Prof. Charles A. Elwood of Missouri. The remaining four of the first nine volumes are "The Individualization of Punishment" by Prof. Raymond Saleilles of the University of Paris; "Penal Philosophy" by M. Gabriel Tarde, a Picardy magistrate and Professor in the College of France; "Criminality" and "Economic Conditions" by Dr. W. A. Bonger of the University of Amsterdam, "Criminology" by Raffaelle Garofalo, late President of the Naples Court of Appeals; and "Crime and its Repression" by Gustave Aschaffenburg of the Academy of Practical Medicine at Cologne. This undertaking is a world movement to show the community that criminal science is a larger thing than criminal law. No philanthropist can neglect these books without forfeiting his name: they are addressed to him as much as to the lawyer and the physician.

Since the appearance last October of William Carleton's magazine story, "One Way Out," the tale of a "middle-class New Englander who emigrated to America," it has been almost absurd, considering the general wastefulness and lack of thrift, to listen to the high approval with which this lay sermon with appended parable was received. On Jan. 21, Small, Maynard & Co. will publish the whole book of which only a few chapters appeared in the magazine version, and the guidebooks will be ready for the emigrant. Is it possible that the cities of the United States will be shaken in action, as they were shaken in thought by "Looking Backward"? Whatsoever may come, there is no use in throwing cold water on the new converts; they will regard the resultant steam as a providential supply of power for their new motors of independence, commonsense and reasonableness.

Mr. Badger has published his first calendar—a series of thirteen large panels by A. B. Le Boutillier, printed in vermillion and black with a saint's portrait for each month, each day being designated by at least one saint and all the holidays and fast days being marked.

STEPHENSON BROWNE.

VIEWS OF READERS

John Burroughs's "Waiting" Again

New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

A correspondent in the last issue of THE SATURDAY REVIEW OF BOOKS misses "by a mile" or more the point that I tried to make on the impertinent habit of "improving" and changing other people's poems. It is proffered as an excuse for doing this that the stanza removed to make the poem better is not a good one, or is unequal to the whole poem, in the poem "Waiting." If this critical opinion has any force as a fact, it has none whatever as an argument. For, who is really the rightful writer of a poem—the one who writes it or some super-officious, self-appointed subsequent arbiter?

The writer "wonders" if I know that in one of Mr. Burroughs's later books he himself allowed the poem to stand with the cut-out stanza absent. Of course I know that, and more, too, about this author. I had the honor of knowing him before the public did, and before he had written his first book; and the honor and pleasure also of writing for the old Scribner's Magazine, edited by Dr. J. G. Holland, the first sketch of Mr. Burroughs as a literary man and author ever given to the public.

His modesty and kindness in reference to what he writes is, indeed, unexampled. I am not sure but that he would "omit" one-half of a proposed book to please a friend. But we (embracing the whole public) are anxious to retain all that he has ever publicly put forth, without the marring of "meddlers."

JOEL BENTON.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Dec. 24.

Dr. Bagby's Writings

New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

A reader of Mr. Carter Irving's recent review of Dr. George W. Bagby's work, published by the Scribners, might well take the impression that this was the first and only publication in book form of Dr. Bagby's writings; particularly from the statement that "most of what he wrote was contributed to newspapers and magazines, and much of that is lost." I have the "Selections from the Miscellaneous Writings of Dr. George W. Bagby," in two volumes, published in 1884. And as to Dr. Bagby's "almost entirely local fame," one conversant with the demands of the reading public might inform Mr. Carter that, for quite a number of years past, there has been a constant inquiry for Dr. Bagby's writings, for which the booksellers asked $12, when a copy could be obtained. A leading Western book house has been asking by circular for one of Dr. Bagby's early separate publications for many months past. I am of the opinion that Dr. Bagby's writings are more widely read than Mr. Carter imagines, and that his fame is wider spread than to Virginia, or, over the South.

T. H. WHITTY.

Richmond, Va.

[Books that fetch a fancy price when procurable at all, or that have to be advertised for, can hardly be regarded as popular.—THE EDITOR.]

The Sensitiveness of "Mediums"

New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

It appears from your issue of Nov. 26 that Dr. Amy E. Tanner, assisted by Dr. G. Stanley Hall, President of Clark University, has written a book principally to announce their great discovery that a medium is a sensitive and reflects the thought of her sitters. If Drs. Tanner and Hall had taken the trouble to read up a little on the subject, they might have been saved the mistake of giving out as a discovery what has been long known to every intelligent spiritualist. In "The Other World and This," Augusta W. Fletcher, M. D., (1893,) they might have found this sttaement:

> Trance mediums, more than any other, are the victims of the embodied and the disembodied. If the medium is subject to the influence of a spirit, how much more likely is he to be affected by the character of those around him. Strong minds in the body may take control of his brain, instead of spirit intelligences. Such persons must be of a highly sensitive order, and cannot come under the same line of human criticism and judgment as is applied to those of everyday life.

No doubt the records of spiritualism contain much more to the same effect.

Brooklyn, Dec. 21. J. VINCENT.

Plays in Book Form

New York Times Saturday Review of Books:

It is a matter for congratulation that at least one literary journal is turning its attention to plays in book form by giving "The Nigger" a long review. The American book critic has long enough neglected his duty in coöperating with the publishers in bringing out plays worth while, and creating a taste for the reading of well-written plays. The French, German and Scandinavian playwrights can thank the broadminded and far-seeing critics for the fact that plays are published and read as freely as novels.

OLE BANG.

New York, Dec. 24.

QUERIES AND ANSWERS FROM READERS

Sketch of Judge Francis Miles Finch, Jurist and Poet—Enoch Arnold Bennett, the English Novelist and His Works—Bevil Higgons, an English Historian and Poet—Agnes Strickland's "Lives of the Queens of England"

COMMUNICATIONS intended for this column should be written on one side of the paper only. They must contain the name and address of the writer, though, if preferred by the inquirer, initials only will be printed. While the endeavor will be made to answer all queries of interest in the order in which they are received, this cannot always be accomplished.

J. M. L.—Will you kindly inform me who Francis Miles Finch was? How many books or poems has he written?

Francis Miles Finch, jurist and poet, was born at Ithaca, N. Y., on June 9, 1827, and was graduated at Yale in 1849. He received his legal education at Ithaca, and practiced law there for many years. He was Internal Revenue Collector for the Twenty-sixth District, New York, 1869-73, and Associate Judge of the New York Court of Appeals, 1880-96. He resigned that office to become Director and Dean of the Law School of Cornell University. He was one of the organizers of that institution, and was for years a member and Secretary of its Board of Trustees. In 1899 he was elected to the Presidency of the New York State Bar Association. His best known songs are "The Blue and the Gray" and the "Smoking Song." The latter was written in 1848, while he was a student at Yale, and was first printed in 1849 in Vol. XIV of the Yale Literary Magazine. "The Blue and the Gray" was first printed in The Atlantic Monthly in September, 1867. His numerous poems and songs appeared in various song books, magazines, and newspapers. From time to time his friends sought to have them put into more permanent form. A short while before his death, which occurred on July 11, 1907, he consented to make a selection of his verses and to prepare a short preface to them. These, with a preliminary word by Andrew D. White, were published in 1909 by Henry Holt & Co. of this city, under the title of "The Blue and the Gray and Other Verses." Besides "The Blue and the Gray" this volume contains the following, in the order named: "Taghkanic" (1860;) "Smoking Song," "The Oriole," (1870;) "An Argument," (1868;) "Nathan Hale," "Two Lakes of the Wilderness," (1868;) "Stray Thoughts," (1848;) "Aurora Bay," "Coming, Boys!" "Alice," "Inaugural Ode" (Air: "Canadian Boat Song";) "Ezra Cornell, 1874"; "The Pearl Diver," "The Four Columns," "Six Years Old," "Thanks," "My Little Soldier," (1873;) "The Chimes," "The Miser," "Storm—The King," "Forbid Them Not," "Song of the Engine," "In the Left Flank," "St. Michael's Bells," "Gettysburg," "The Bronze Liberty," "Her Explanation," "April," "My Creed," "General Orders," (1867;) "The People to Their Leaders (after election for President, 1876";) "The Guest Book," "Engine No. 658," "That Breakfast, (as told by one of Dewey's gunners";) "Where My Wife Sleeps," "The Homecoming of the Oregon," "October," "Cuba—Cuba!" "Garibaldi," "The Song and the Singer, (Ashtabula, 1876";) "School Children," "Sun-Spots," "Number Fourteen," "The Blinding Leaves," "The Coming Poet," and "Twilight, 1849-1899," which was read at the fiftieth anniversary of the graduation of the Class of 1849 from Yale College.

M. L. DE L.—I am deeply interested in "The Old Wives' Tale," by Arnold Bennett, and am very anxious to learn more of the author, what other books he has written, etc. I shall be very grateful for any information you can give me.

Enoch Arnold Bennett was born in North Staffordshire, England, May 27, 1867, and is married. He was educated at Newcastle Middle School. He abandoned the law in 1893 to become assistant editor of Woman, succeeding to the editorship in 1896. This position he resigned in 1900 to devote himself exclusively to literature. His address is Villa des Nefliers, Avon-Fontainebleau, France. Among his principal publications, besides "Old Wives' Tales," are the following: "A Man from the North," 1898; "Fame and Fiction," (essays,) 1901; "The Grand Babylon Hotel," "Anna of the Five Towns," 1902; "The Truth About an Author," "Leonora," 1903; "A Great Man," 1904; "Sacred and Profane Love," 1905; "Whom God Hath Joined," 1906; "The Grim Smile of the Five Towns," 1907, and "Buried Alive." He has also written the plays "Cupid and Common Sense," 1908, and "What the Public Wants," 1909. His latest work is "Clayhanger," published at $1.50 by E. P. Dutton & Co. It is announced as the first of a trilogy of novels dealing with the "Five Towns."

WARWICK JAMES PRICE.—Can you throw any light for me on "B. Higgens," who is quoted by Allibone as author of the couplet:

Such is the use and noble end of friendship
To bear a part in every storm of life.

If possible, I should like to ascertain the date both of his birth and death.

Also, can you advise me if Mr. Volney Streamer is living, and at what address he may be found?

Bevil Higgons, not Higgens, historian and poet, was born at Kezo, in 1670, died in 1735. His family was in warm sympathy with the exiled Stuarts, and he and his two brothers were suspected, in 1695, of knowledge of the conspiracy against the life of William III. Bevil was, in consequence, imprisoned for a short time. His most important work is "A Short View of the English History," which was published in 1723. In "Examen Poeticum," being the Third Part of Dryden's "Miscellany," 1693, were inserted several poems by Higgons. He is the author of "The Generous Conqueror," a tragedy, which seeks to illustrate the right divine and impeccability of James II. He composed the epilogue for George Granville's "Heroick Love," and the prologue for the same author's "Jew of Venice."

Volney Streamer has been librarian of The Players, 16 Gramercy Park, New York, since 1905. That is his present address.

DANIEL B. VERMILYE.—What is the value of a well-preserved set of "Lives of the Queens of England," by Agnes Strickland, and also "The Naturalist's Library," in good condition, about twenty-five volumes, on mammalia, ichthyology, etc., with colored plates, published 1835-38, which I suppose is a first edition?

The following prices have been paid at auction for various editions of Agnes Strickland's "Lives of the Queens of England": London, 1840-48, twelve volumes, 8vo, from $6 to $42.50; London, 1844-48, twelve volumes, 8vo, from $8.75 to $37.50; London, 1851-52, eight volumes, 8vo, from $11.50 to $48; London, 1853, eight volumes, 8vo, from $15 to $85; London, 1854, eight volumes, 8vo, from $5.25 to $9.60; London, 1852-59, eight volumes, 8vo, from $8.75 to $16.25.

We presume that our correspondent means Sir William Jardine's "Naturalist's Library." The first edition, forty volumes, 12mo, was published in Edinburgh, 1833-43. It brought $68 at the Gladstone sale in London in 1894. In this country it realized $14 at the Peacock sale, $32 at the Lighthipe sale, $36 at the Alexander sale, $45 at Bangs's sale in 1899, and $26 at the Doyle sale.

Answers from Readers

G. GILMORE.—The poem asked for by Margaret Cowan, in THE BOOK REVIEW of Oct. 29, is by Henry Lyall Speed, and is as follows:

I remember you in years gone by—
  A little child, so fair;
The innocent, the sparkling eye,
  The light that lingered there.

Oft on my knee you'd sit, and lean
  Your head upon my breast;
'Twas then, alas, I dreamt a dream—
  Of hope—of life—of rest.

I saw you in a woman's sphere,
  With heart and soul and form;
That vision ever lingers here,
  A loving heart still warm.

It lingers still, but you are grown
  From child to maidenhood;
I cannot call you now my own,
  Nor show the love I would.

The heart that beats, the soul that breathes,
  Another mate desires;
For this, my love, my life recedes,
  My very soul expires.

Expires like the sun that set
  To live again awhile;
I live another life and death
  Each time I see your smile.

T. F. BENNETT.—I am very glad to be able to contribute the verses, "Isle of Beauty," asked for by G. D. H. in a recent issue of THE SATURDAY REVIEW OF BOOKS. My sister found them in our old song book—and which call up very sweet memories:

ISLE OF BEAUTY.

Shades of evening close not o'er us,
  Leave our lonely bark awhile;
Morn also will not restore us
  Yonder dim and distant isle.
Still my fancy can discover
  Sunny spots where friends may dwell;
Darker shadows round us hover,
  Isle of Beauty, fare thee well.

'Tis the hour when happy faces
  Smile around the taper's light;
Who will fill our vacant places,
  Who will sing our songs to-night;
Thro' the mist that floats above us
  Faintly sounds the Vesper bell,
Like a voice from one who loves us
  Breathing fondly, Fare thee well.

When the waves are round us breaking,
  As I pace the deck alone,
And my eye in vain is seeking
  Some green leaf to rest upon,
What would I not give to wander
  Where my old companions dwell?
Absence makes the heart grow fonder—
  Isle of Beauty, fare thee well.

R. FLEMING.—Referring to the communication of "S. B. Y." in your issue of Oct. 15, will write there are several poems relating to "The Owl." Tennyson in his first volume published in 1830 had a song entitled "The Owl," which may still be found in any good edition of his poems. Probably the poem your correspondent has in mind is that of Bryan W. Procter, the "Barry Cornwall" of literature. It reads:

THE OWL.

In the hollow tree, in the old gray tower,
  The spectral owl doth dwell;
Dull, hated, despised in the sunshine hour,
  But at dusk he's abroad and well.
Not a bird of the forest e'er mates with him;
  All mock him outright by day;
But at night, when the woods grow still and dim
  The boldest will shrink away.
    O when the night falls, and roosts the fowl,
    Then, then, is the reign of the horned owl.

And the owl hath a bride, who is fond and bold,
  And loveth the wood's deep gloom;
And, with eyes like the shine of the moonstone cold,
  She awaiteth her ghastly groom;
Not a feather she moves, not a carol she sings,
  As she waits in her tree so still;
But when her heart heareth his flapping wings
  She hoots out her welcome shrill.
    O when the moon shines and dogs do howl,
    Then, then, is the joy of the horned owl.

Mourn not for the owl, nor his gloomy plight;
  The owl hath his share of good;
If a prisoner he be in the broad daylight
  He is lord in the dark greenwood.
Nor lonely the bird, nor his ghastly mate,
  They are each unto each a pride;
Thrice fonder, perhaps, since a strange, dark fate
  Hath rent them from all beside.
    So when the night falls, and dogs do howl,
    Sing ho! for the reign of the horned owl.
      We know not alway
      Who are kings by day,
  But the king of the night is the bold brown owl.

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NEW YORK LITERARY NOTES

The Jewish Race, the Marriage Problem, the Woman Question and the Salvation Army

MR. MAURICE FISHBERG, of the New York Academy of Sciences, will contribute in January to Messrs. Charles Scribner's Sons, Contemporary Science Series, "The Jews: A Study of Race Environment." "This volume," he explains in his preface, "is an attempt to present the results of anthropological, demographic, pathological, and sociological investigations of the Jews. • • • This inquiry into the race traits of the Jews could not be carried out by a study of these people in any one country, because we find at the outset that they present significant differences depending greatly on their birthplace, social and political conditions, and, in general, the environment in which they find themselves. Their anthropological characteristics could be best studied in New York City, where exist a million Jews from Europe, Asia and Africa; and we have taken advantage of the material thus offered by obtaining anthropometric measurements of about three hundred Jews in this city." Mr. Fishberg advances the view that ultimately the distinctions between Jews and Christians in Europe and America will be obliterated.

In the same series will appear "The Evolution of Marriage," by M. Ch. Letourneau, General Secretary to the Anthropological Society of Paris, in which a historical survey is given of the various forms of marriage in all parts of the world. The author declares that his "first and chief consideration is to assist in the foundation of a new science—ethnographical sociology."

"The Pianoforte and Its Music," by H. E. Krehbiel, will be published in January by the Scribners as the fifth volume in The Music Lover's Library, and is illustrated with portraits and cuts explaining the mechanical principles of the pianoforte.

To follow Prof. R. M. Wenley's "Kant and His Philosophical Revolution," the twenty-third volume in The World's Epoch-Makers Series, Messrs. Charles Scribner's Sons have in preparation, under the editorial direction of Mr. Oliphant Smeaton, "The Two Bacons and Experimental Science," by the Rev. W. J. Couper; "Lessing and the New Humanism," by the Rev. A. P. Davidson; and "Calvin and the Reformed Theology," by the Rev. Dr. Salmond.

The same house will issue in January Prof. Henry Fairfield Osborn's address, "Huxley and Education," at Columbia University, at the opening of the present college year.

Messrs. Duffield & Co. are the publishers of "Ancient English Christmas Carols," reviewed in our last issue.

Besides the important new book, "Woman and Labor," by Mrs. Olive Schreiner, announced elsewhere in this issue, Messrs. Frederick A. Stokes Company will publish this spring "Woman and Marriage," by Mrs. Margaret Stephens, a work aiming "to help women, and incidentally men, to that understanding of themselves which is necessary to healthy parenthood and the bearing of strong, healthy children."

One of the novels promised by Messrs. Frederick A. Stokes Co. is "The Vow," by Mr. Paul Trent. This is the story of a captain of finance who fulfills a vow, made in a moment of extreme emotion, to live according to the teachings of Christ. Late in the spring there will be a book of travel, "A Tenderfoot with Peary." The author, Mr. George Borup, went as the photographer of the last Peary expedition and returned with the famous Arctic explorer's third supporting party. The book is profusely illustrated and is said to give the humor incidental to the discovery of the North Pole.

Dr. Frederick A. Braun, in a volume that Messrs. Henry Holt & Co. have in press, has undertaken to show that Goethe exerted a powerful influence on Margaret Fuller in the formation of her religious belief and general conception of life. There is a good deal also about the interesting personality of this remarkable woman.

This house has just concluded arrangements with Mr. W. J. Henderson to issue for him in February "Some Forerunners of Italian Opera," in which the roots of modern operatic music are traced back to the revival of the opera in Europe in the Middle Ages, showing that many pieces, heretofore regarded as plays, were, in fact, rudimentary lyric dramas. A new edition is promised of Mr. Clayton Hamilton's "The Theory of the Theatre."

Messrs. Harper & Brothers have issued new editions this week of Mrs. Bosher's "Mary Cary," Mr. Day's "Ramrodders," and Mrs. Stuart's "Story of Babette." "A Bibliography of Mark Twain," by Mr. Merle Johnson, has just been published.

Early this spring The Macmillan Co. will publish "The Purchasing Power of Money," by Prof. Irving Fisher of Yale, discussing the increase of prices between 1896 and 1909. The author finds five principal factors upon which the purchasing power of money rests—the amount of money in circulation, the amount of bank deposits subject to check, the velocity of circulation of money, the velocity of deposits subject to check, and the volume of trade or the amount of goods exchanged for money and checks. Prof. Fisher has had the assistance of the United States Monetary Commission.

"A Paradise in Portugal," by Mr. Mark Sale, the record of a long visit, will be published in the spring by Baker & Taylor Co. Mingled with philosophy and matters of a personal nature are descriptions of Portuguese housekeeping and travel. The same house will issue a new metrical translation in two volumes of Homer's "Iliad," by Mr. Arthur G. Lewis. Also a new Lawrenceville story, "The Tennessee Shad," by Mr. Owen Johnson, continuing the doings of "The Varmint," etc., and three juveniles, "Dan McLean's Adventures" among the pirates of the Mississippi, by Mr. Frederick W. Brown; "The Blue Goose Chase," a boy's story of adventure with a camera, by Mr. Herbert K. Job, and "Malory's King Arthur and His Knights," retaining the phrases and idioms of the original, by Mr. Henry N. Lathrop, illustrated by Mr. Reginald Birch.

Mr. H. Rider Haggard, in compliance with a request from General Booth, has written an account of the social work of the Salvation Army in England which Messrs. Longmans, Green & Co. are publishing this week. "Regeneration" describes, as a result of the author's personal observations, Salvation Army shelters, training and maternity houses and hospitals, midnight rescue and anti-suicide work, etc. The book is, in a way, a continuation of Mr. Haggard's "The Poor and the Land," published five years ago, describing the Salvation Army colonies in Hadleigh, England, and in California, Colorado, and Ohio.

This house is publishing "The Love and Wisdom of God," by the Right Rev. Edward King, formerly Bishop of Lincoln; "Prayer and Practice: A Book for Lent," by the Rev. E. E. Holmes; "The Prayer Before the Passion," by the Rev. James S. Stone, and "The Passion in the Spiritual Life," by the Rev. Jesse Brett.

Late in the spring Messrs. Doubleday, Page & Co. will publish a novel by Miss Ellen Glasgow. "The Miller of Old Church" is laid among the people whom Miss Glasgow knows how to describe so well, and has for two of its principal characters the contrasting types of the "contained, upbuilding man and his idler rival, swayed by impulse and appetite." There will also be another book by M. Maurice Leblanc, "813," which starts with a series of murders, committed in broad daylight in a fashionable European hotel, in which Lupin and Louis de Malreich are actors, and involving a priceless bundle of state papers given by Prince Bismarck to a German Duke. "The Green Curve," by Ole Lukoie, is a volume of stories of war and the makers of war, which has already attracted attention in England.

To the Garden Library will be added "Vines and How to Grow Them," by Mr. William McCollom; "Chrysanthemums, and How to Grow Them," by I. M. Powell, and "Garden Planning," by W. S. Rogers. "What England Can Teach Us About Gardening" is described as the first attempt to check the literal copying of old-world gardens, and to lay the foundations of an American style of gardening, by Mr. Wilhelm Miller, editor of The Garden Magazine.

Mr. Waldemar Kaempffert, managing editor of The Scientific American, has written a book on aviation which Messrs. Dodd, Mead & Co. will publish in the spring. "The New Art of Flying" answers the question "why flying machines fly" and furnishes the unscientific reader with accurate information as to many of the terms, problems, etc., involved in aeronautics. There are fifty illustrations.

This house will also publish "The Artistic Side of Photography," by Mr. A. J. Anderson. This takes up the practical discussion of such subjects as composition, the secret of exposure, the perspective of the lens, portraiture, etc., and is illustrated by examples from the work of A. L. Coburn, Baron A. de Meyer, Robert Demachy, A. Steiglitz and others. Mr. W. H. Koebel's "Argentina, Past and Present," is promised for the near future. This great South American republic has for its capital the fourth largest city of the Western Hemisphere, and offers remarkable possibilities for the cultivation of wheat, corn and cattle.

A new magazine, to be published semimonthly in New York, has just been announced. The editorial management of The National Post will be in the hands of Mr. E. E. Garrison, Mr. David G. Evans and Mr. Samuel Merwin, formerly with Success, Mr Nathan A. Smythe and Mr. Amos R. E. Pinchot, a brother of the ex-Chief Forester.

THE JANUARY MAGAZINES

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PHILADELPHIA BOOK NEWS

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 30.—With the holiday retail demands out of the way the Philadelphia publishers are beginning to arrange their announcements for the coming year, or at least for the publications of the early Spring. The J. B. Lippincott Company will pay especial attention to new fiction, one of the features of their list being a novel of the West by Caroline Lockhart, known hitherto only as a contributor of short stories to the magazines. Miss Lockhart is a true daughter of the West, her father being a large ranch owner in Wyoming, and she has had much experience in the saddle and among the people who figure in her new tale. She was educated in the East, and is expected here in a few days, to confer with her publishers and to visit friends in Trenton. The new book will bear the odd title, "Me-Smith."

In February the Lippincotts expect to issue the eighth volume in their Education series, edited by Dr. Martin G. Brumbaugh, Superintendent of the Philadelphia Public Schools. "Annals of Educational Progress During the Year 1910" is the work of John Palmer Garber, Ph.D., one of the associate superintendents of schools in this city. It is the view both of the editor and author that the educational developments of 1910 surpass in significance those of any preceding year, for the reason that "the conviction is growing that education is a vastly more important social function than people have heretofore realized." Dr. Garber has sought to record the dominant current forces in educational procedure, interpreting the meaning of the events he reports.

Dr. William Edgar Geil, of Doylestown, whose study of the Great Wall of China was embodied in book form a year ago, has extended his research to the "Capitals of China," and a descriptive volume bearing this title and fully illustrated is to be brought out by the Lippincott Co. early in the Spring. The same house has in preparation "A Short History of the Navy," by Capt. George R. Clark and others.

The Lippincott Spring fiction list will include, in addition to "Me-Smith," a new detective story by Carolyn Wells entitled "The Gold Bag"; "Out of Russia," a story of adventure, by Crittenden Marriott; "Dawn of the Morning," by Mrs. Grace Livingston Hill Lutz of Swarthmore, and "The Royal Pawn of Venice," by Francese L. Turnbull. There is also promise of a new story by John Reed Scott, and possibly one by Will Leverinton Comfort, whose "Routledge Rides Alone" has just gone into a seventh edition.

The Rev. Henry Clay Mable, who recently resigned the Secretaryship of the American Baptist Foreign Missionary Society, and who possesses an intimate knowledge of foreign missionary work, has just issued through the American Baptist Publication Society an important book entitled "The Task Worth While; or, The Divine Philosophy of Missions," made up in large part of lectures delivered at various theological seminaries.

A limited, large-paper edition of ex-Mayor Charles F. Warwick's "Napoleon," brought out by George W. Jacobs & Co., includes colored illustrations, reproductions from original drawings and rare prints belonging to William J. Latta of this city, whose collection of Napoleoniana is reputed to be one of the largest and finest in the country. A majority of the pictures in this work have never before been reproduced.

ROSTAND'S "CHANTECLER"

IT is inevitable that the interpretations of any great work of art will be almost as many and as varied as the temperaments of those who study it. Indeed, one of its very claims to greatness lies in this fact, that minds of differing quality can see in it such divergent meanings. And so it is to be expected that M. Rostand's latest play will carry a message of different color and content to each of his critics. It is not a matter of much consequence however much they may differ in their interpretations, nor whether or not they set forth the thing that the author really meant, or thought that he meant. For any author who produces work that is worthy of preservation puts into it more meanings than he has any idea of when he is writing it. And each individual reader or listener will find in it the meaning that is of most consequence to him, regardless of how others may see its significance.

But other people's interpretations are always interesting, and so Marco F. Liberma's graphic account and sympathetically critical analysis of Rostand's play. "The Story of Chantecler" (Moffat, Yard & Co., 75 cents), will doubtless find many readers. Its first few pages are given up to a history of the play itself, telling how it came to be written and recounting the difficulties which were surmounted in preparing for its presentation. Then follows an analysis of the story of the play, through which the writer, who is Professor of Romance Languages in Cincinnati University, interwinds constant exposition of its symbolism. He does not always make it quite plain whether he finds the basis for his interpretation in Rostand's explanations, or in his own conception of the meaning of the lines. Nevertheless, what he has to say of it is sometimes brilliant and always interesting. The Hen Pheasant is at once a warning against and a whack at modern feminism. The need of picturesque costume as a setting for poetic drama was one of the reasons which moved Rostand to give his satirical play its barnyard expression. The third act (the Guinea Fowl's reception day) is the culmination of the play's satire of modern life—"The very theme of 'Chantecler' had been chosen because it could lead up to it,"—and Mr. Liberma fears that its exceeding bitterness will mar the permanent success of the drama.